

In compliance with the provisions of Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 596/2014 of 16 April 2014 on Market Abuse and Article 228 of the Securities Market Act, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 4/2015, of 23 October, and its complementary regulations, NH Hotel Group, S.A. (hereinafter, “**NH Hotel Group**” or the “**Company**”) hereby notifies the National Securities Market Commission (*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*) the following

## RELEVANT EVENT

The Board of Director held today has approved the Public Periodical Information relating to the third quarter 2019. This information has been duly sent to the Spanish Stock Market Commission through CIFRADOC/CNMV.

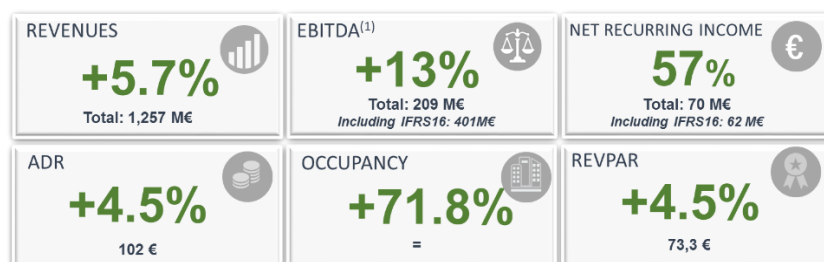
The Company encloses Press Release, Presentation and Note of Results for analyst and investors, as well as conference call dial in for the conference regarding the results of the Company.

Madrid, 11 November 2019

Carlos Ulecia Palacios  
General Counsel

- NH Hotel Group's 9M19 results -

## NH HOTEL GROUP CONFIRMS THE GUIDANCE ANNOUNCED AT THE START OF THE YEAR DRIVEN BY A SOUND OPERATING PERFORMANCE AND A SOLID FINANCIAL POSITION



Revenue excludes the impact of IFRS 16 to facilitate the comparison, unless expressly stated to the contrary

### - 9M19 results -

- **Total Group revenue increased by 5.7% to €1.26 billion, shaped by a strong performance across the main European markets, particularly in Spain**
- **Revenue per available room (RevPAR) registered growth of 4.5%, driven entirely by growth in the average daily rate (ADR), to €102.3, without affecting occupancy, which was flat year on year**
- **EBITDA<sup>1</sup> was €23.3 million higher at €208.7 million (€401 million – reported number - including the application of the IFRS 16 standard) thanks to business momentum and cost control**
- **The Group's recurring net profit increased by €25.5 million in 9M19 to €70 million, due to lower finance costs, in addition to the positive evolution of the hotel business**
- **Factoring in non-recurring items, the Group reported a net profit of €66 million; the year-on-year comparison is affected mainly by the absence of the significant gains reported in the first nine months of 2018 (-€45 million)**
- **The Company ended September with a low level of net debt (€190 million) and solid cash position of €268 million, despite capex of €130 million and the payment of €59 million of dividends during the reporting period**
- **The Company's positive earnings performance so far this year puts it in a position to reiterate its guidance<sup>(2)</sup> for record EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> of €285 million and recurring net profit of close to €100M in full year 2019**

(1) Recurring EBITDA before the reversal of provisions for onerous contracts and gains from asset sales

(2) Excludes the impact of IFRS 16, IAS 29 and the integration of Minor Hotels' establishments in Portugal

**- Strategic initiatives with Minor International -**

- **Having formally integrated the operation of the hotels of Minor Hotels and NH Hotel Group in Portugal, the combined Portuguese portfolio currently stands at 17 establishments, positioning it as a leading player and consolidating its strong positioning at the upper end of the market**
- **Framed by the joint strategy being pursued with Minor Hotels, at the end of October NH Hotel Group announced an agreement for the operation, under a lease regime, of its first hotel in Ireland, The Marker Hotel, which will be rebranded under the Anantara Hotels, Resorts & Spas luxury brand in the coming months**

**Madrid, 11 November 2019** - Today, NH Hotel Group presented its results for the first nine months of 2019, a set of earnings which continues to evidence the strength of the Group's business and financial model and enables it to reiterate its guidance for record results in 2019.

Ramón Aragonés, CEO of NH Hotel Group, said that *“the strong momentum in the urban hotel segment in the main European capitals so far this year enables us to confirm the earnings guidance provided at the start of the year. Meanwhile, we look to the immediate future from a position of financial strength, thanks to our low level of debt.”* He went on to add that, *“our joint plans with Minor Hotels are progressing as anticipated, as is evident in the recent start-up of operation of Minor Hotels' Portuguese hotels by NH Hotel Group and the introduction of the Anantara Hotels, Resorts & Spas brand in Spain earlier this year and in Ireland in the near future”*.

**- 9M19 results -**

Group revenue increased by 5.7% to €1.26 billion in the first nine months of 2019. Spain was once again the fastest-growing market in Europe, registering like-for-like revenue growth of 9.5%, underpinned by strong performances in Madrid, Barcelona and secondary cities. The revenue trend was also positive in Italy (+3.8%) and Benelux (+1.4%), with the Central European countries flatter, as a result of a more favourable trade fair line-up in Germany in 9M18.

Topline growth was underpinned by growth of 4.5% in RevPAR, key business metric in the hotel business. The growth in that metric is entirely attributable to growth in the ADR, to €102.3, the occupancy rate having held stable at 71.8%.

The combination of revenue growth and cost control provided a fresh catalyst for recurring EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup>, which registered year-on-year growth of 13% to €209 million (a reported €401 million including the application of the IFRS 16 standard). That growth implies an increase of €23 million from 9M18 and margin expansion of one percentage point.

The reduction in finance costs, coupled with the strong underlying business dynamics, drove recurring net profit €25.5 million higher to €70 million (€62 million including the impact of IFRS 16). Factoring in non-recurring results leaves reported net profit of €66 million, down €27.6 million year-on-year, due mainly to higher gains on asset sales in the first nine months of 2018 (-€45 million).

NH HOTEL GROUP P&L ACCOUNT					
( <i>€ million</i> )	9M 2019 Reported	9M 2019 ex IFRS 16	9M 2018 Reported	Var. 9M ex IFRS16	
	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	%
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	1,257.4	1,257.4	1,190.0	67.4	5.7%
<b>GROSS OPERATING PROFIT</b>	469.5	469.5	433.7	35.8	8.3%
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	400.5	208.7	185.3	23.3	12.6%
<b>NET RECURRING INCOME</b>	<b>61.9</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>57.2%</b>
Non recurring activity	4.0	4.0	48.9	(45.0)	(91.9%)
<b>NET INCOME including Non-Recurring</b>	65.9	74.0	93.5	(19.5)	(20.9%)

The Group ended September with net debt of €190 million, thanks to strong cash flow generation. At the September close, the Group had €268 million of cash, despite incurring €130 million of capex and paying out €59 million in dividends (€0.15 per share against 2018 profits, paid on 14 June 2019) during the period.

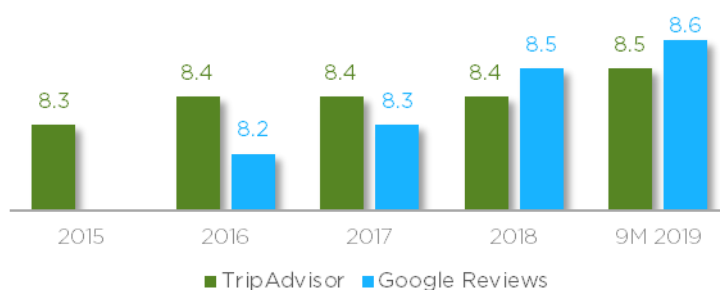
These strong results, across the board, enable the Group to reiterate all of the guidance provided to the market at the start of the year, namely for recurring EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> of €285 million and recurring net profit of around €100 million (both objectives excluding the impact of IFRS 16, IAS 29 and the positive contribution of Minor Hotels' establishments in Portugal) in full year 2019.

(1)Recurring EBITDA before the reversal of provisions for onerous contracts and gains from asset

### - Portfolio developments -

At the September close, NH Hotel Group was operating 371 hotels and 57,602 rooms. In addition to the hotels added in Portugal under the scope of the integration agreement with Minor Hotels, the Company opened 11 new hotels (in Andorra, Germany, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Chile and Mexico) in 9M19. The weight of the NH Collection brand within the overall portfolio continues to increase and currently stands at 22%. The Company continues to upgrade the quality of its asset portfolio: during the reporting period it carried out refurbishment work at 27 hotels (six in Spain; six in Italy; six in Central Europe; three in Benelux; one in France; four in Latin America; and one in the USA). NH Hotel Group measures the perceived quality of its hotel guests constantly, using a number of independent sources of feedback, which have been evidencing a continuous improvement in guest ratings year after year.

The trend in guest feedback:



### - Strategic initiatives with Minor International -

Framed by the joint strategy being pursued with Minor Hotels, at the end of October, NH Hotel Group announced an agreement for the operation, under a lease regime, of its first hotel in Ireland, The Marker, which will be rebranded under Minor Hotel's luxury Anantara Hotels, Resorts & Spas brand in the coming months. That transaction is further evidence of the progress being made to integrate the two entities. The hotel in Dublin will be the third Anantara in Europe to be operated by NH Hotel Group following integration of the Anantara Vilamoura Algarve Resort in Portugal and the recent inauguration of Anantara Villa Padierna Palace in Marbella, Spain.

Meanwhile, the integration of the operation of the two groups' hotels in Portugal was made official in June, configuring a combined portfolio of 17 establishments and delivering a leadership role in this market, underpinned by strong positioning in the premium segment.

In parallel, Minor Hotels and NH Hotel Group continue to work to extract economies of scale, cross-sell to their respective customer bases and develop their flagship brands in their respective geographies.

## APPENDIX

### Hotel business performance by market in 9M19

*Ratios: like-for-like hotel data + hotels under refurbishment*

**Spain.** Revenue in the Company's home market increased by 9.5% year-on-year to €324.8 million, driven by excellent performances in Madrid and Barcelona. The Madrid hotels registered RevPAR growth of 13.1%, thanks to a stronger event and meeting line-up, while the Barcelona establishments sustained RevPAR growth of 16.8%, showcasing a solid recovery.

**Italy.** Revenue in this country increased by 3.8% to €225.3 million, underpinned by RevPAR growth of 3.1%, in turn shaped by stronger prices and occupancy. The main cities performed well, with RevPAR climbing 1.6% in Rome and 1.2% in Milan, where momentum is improving as the year unfolds.

**Benelux.** Revenue in this region was 1.4% higher at €267.1 million, thanks to a strong performance in Brussels (RevPAR: 10.9%) and a significant improvement at the congress-oriented hotels in The Netherlands. The Amsterdam market was also strong, with RevPAR growth of 2.0%.

**Central Europe.** Revenue in this region (€276.4 million) were flat due to a weak trade fair line-up in the third quarter, the refurbishment of a hotel in Munich and growth in supply in Frankfurt. Nevertheless, RevPAR increased by 0.9%. Hamburg and the German cities posted a strong performance in terms of RevPAR (+3.6% and +1.8%, respectively), while Austria posted significant growth of 9.4%.

**America.** Revenue in this region increased by 5% in current values to €88 million, partially due to the accounting impact of standard IAS 29 for hyperinflation in Argentina since the third quarter of 2018. By countries: Mexico posted topline growth of 5% (current values); Argentina reported growth despite including the effect of hyperinflation and the significant currency devaluation; and in Colombia and Chile, revenue decreased by 7.8% (current values), affected by currency weakness.

### About NH Hotel Group

NH Hotel Group is a consolidated multinational player and a benchmark urban hotel operator in Europe and the Americas, where it runs more than 370 hotels. In 2019, the Company is working with Minor Hotels on integrating all of its hotel trademarks under a single corporate umbrella brand with a presence in over 50 countries worldwide. A portfolio of over 500 hotels has been articulated around eight brands - NH Hotels, NH Collection, nhow, Tivoli, Anantara, Avani, Elewana and Oaks - to forge a broad and diverse range of hotel propositions in touch with the needs and desires of today's world travellers.

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Communication Department  
Press release

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# 9M 2019 RESULTS PRESENTATION

11<sup>th</sup> of November 2019



**NH** | HOTEL GROUP PART OF **MINOR**  
HOTELS





# Message from the CEO

*“Dear Shareholders,*

*I am delighted to present another **solid set of results. The Group's operating trend and business improvement continues in 9M 2019** with a combination of sound **revenue growth of +5.7%**, RevPAR evolution entirely through prices and cost control measures leading to margin improvements.*

***At constant exchange rate, revenue grew +6.3%. Strong growth in Europe of +3.5%** with an excellent performance in Spain (+9.2%).*

***9M EBITDA, excluding IFRS 16 accounting impacts for comparison purposes, reached €208.7m (+€23.3m; +12.6%).** Including IFRS 16, reported EBITDA reached €400.5m. **Sustained business improvement together with lower financial costs has allowed to increased Reported Net Recurring income by +€17m vs reported 9M 2018** reaching €62m and despite IFRS 16 impacting -€8m. Total Net Income (including non recurring activity) amounted €66m, down from €93m posted in 9M 2018 reflecting the lower contribution of non-recurring activity (-€45m).*

***Strong cash flow generation allows to preserve a low Net Financial Debt (-€190m) with a solid cash position of €268m** as of 30 September 2019, despite capex investments (-€130m) and dividend payment (-€59m) in the period.*

*NH has started to operate 3 Tivoli hotels in Lisbon under a long-term sustainable lease agreement. The rest of the Tivoli portfolio is operated under a management contract. This transaction proves the **alignment of interests and represents the first milestone of the integration with Minor.** Additionally, the **first Anantara urban hotel will be launched in Dublin** with The Marker hotel, being the third Anantara in Europe.*

*To conclude, the solid results published together with the fourth quarter visibility allow us to **confirm our initial guidance<sup>(1)</sup> for the year.**”*

Ramón Aragonés  
CEO, NH Hotel Group

Note: IFRS 16 and Hyperinflation (IAS 29) accounting impacts included in business performance figures unless stated

<sup>(1)</sup>Excluding IFRS 16, IAS 29 accounting impacts and Tivoli integration

- **9M: Revenue growth of +5.7% reaching €1,257m (+€67m)**
  - Revenue Like for Like (“LFL”) growth of +4.1% (+4.8% exc. FX)
    - Solid growth in Europe of +3.5% with an outstanding performance in Spain (+9.2%)
  - RevPAR: +4.5% through ADR which grew (+4.5%; €102)
- **Q3: Revenue growth of +7.8% reaching €436m (+€31m)**
  - Integration of Tivoli contributed with €12m
  - Revenue Like for Like growth of +3.4% (+1.6% exc. FX) with strong evolution in Spain (+9.0%) and Benelux (+2.7%)
  - RevPAR: +3.0%, ADR grew (+4.0%; €101) and Occupancy -0.9% due to calendar of events in Germany
- **9M Recurring EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> of €209m (+€23m; +13%) with a margin improvement of +1.0 p.p.**
  - Sound 35% EBITDA conversion rate
  - Reported EBITDA of €401m
- **Significant Reported Net Recurring Income growth in 9M reaching €62m (+€17m),** due to the business improvement, lower financial costs and despite IFRS 16 net impact of -€8m
- **Reported Total Net Income reached €66m**
  - -€28m down vs. 9M 2018 reflecting the lower contribution (-€45m) of non-recurring activity
- **Strong Financial metrics:**
  - Net financial debt reached -€190m with a solid cash position (€268m) as of 30 Sept. 2019
  - Long term RCF available undrawn €250m
- **Dividend:**
  - AGM approval in May 2019 of a gross dividend of €0.15 (€59m) per outstanding share for 2018 financial year paid in June 2019
- **Financial targets 2019 confirmed** (excluding IFRS 16, IAS 29 accounting impacts and Tivoli Integration):
  - €285m EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> and c.€100m Net Recurring Income

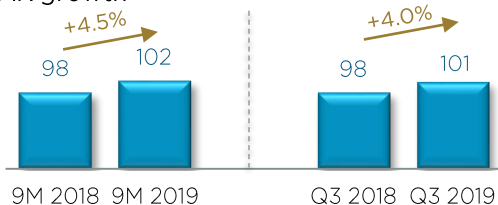
Note: IFRS 16 and Hyperinflation (IAS 29) accounting impacts included in business performance figures unless stated

<sup>(1)</sup>Recurring EBITDA before onerous reversal and capital gains from asset disposals excludes IFRS 16 impacts for comparison purposes

# Key financial metrics

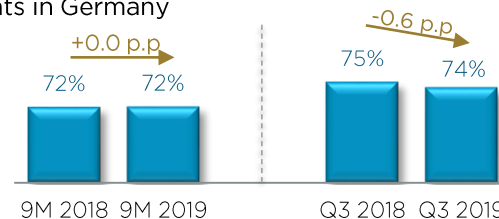
## ADR (€)

- 9M: +4.5% price increase (+€4.3) reaching €102 contributing with 100% of RevPAR growth. Remarkable growth in Spain (+10.6%)
- Q3: +4.0% price increase (+€3.9) contributing with 100% of RevPAR growth



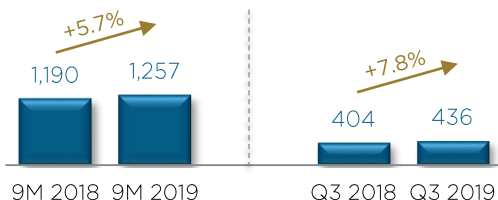
## Occupancy (%)

- 9M: stable activity at 72%. Strong demand growth in Spain (+1.3%) boosted by Barcelona recovery and strong evolution in Madrid
- Q3: activity -0.9% reaching 74% mainly due to calendar of events in Germany



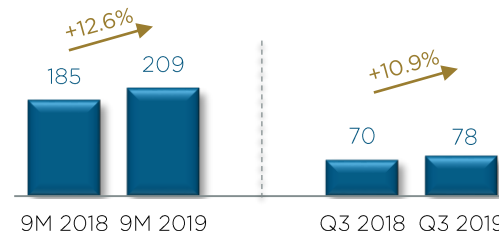
## Revenues (€m)

- 9M: +€67m revenue growth (+5.7%) with an outstanding growth in Spain
- Q3: +€31m (+7.8%). Strong performance of Spain and solid growth in Benelux. Tivoli integration contributed with +€12m (+3.8% growth excluding Tivoli)



## Recurring EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> (€m)

- 9M: +€23m (+12.6%) with a 35% revenue conversion rate reaching €209m and a margin of 16.6% (+1.0 p.p.)
- Q3: +€8m (+10.9%) with a 17.9% margin (+0.5 p.p.). Tivoli integration contributed with +€4.2m



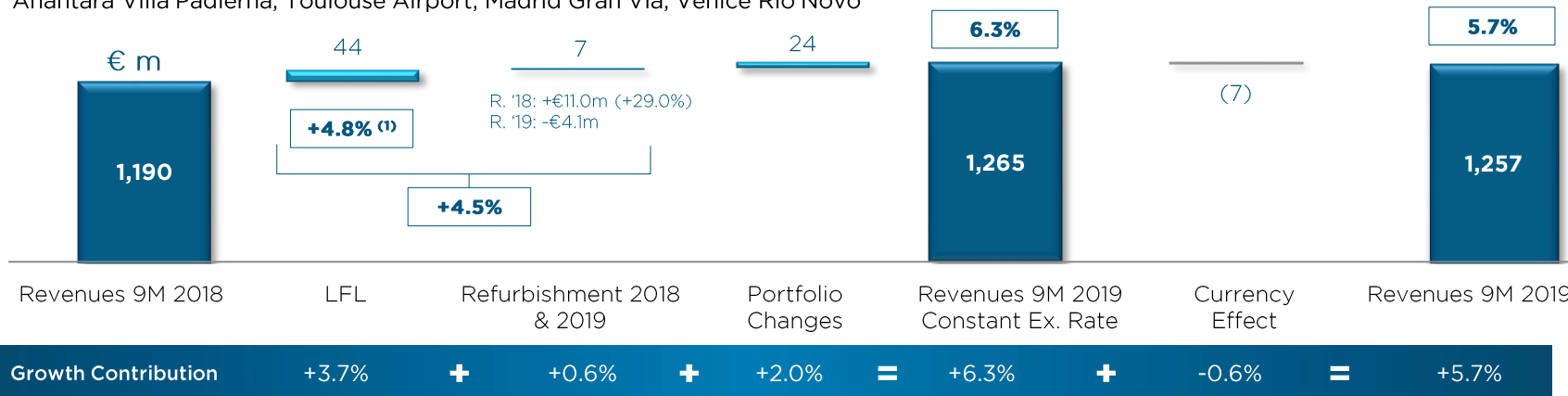
<sup>(1)</sup> Recurring EBITDA before onerous reversal and capital gains from asset disposals excludes IFRS 16 impacts for comparison purposes

# Solid revenue performance continues in 9M 2019

- Total Revenue growth of +5.7% reaching €1,257m (+€67m) despite 2019 reforms (-€4m opportunity costs) and the negative currency effect (-€7m). +6.3% revenue growth at constant exchange rate**
- Revenue Like for Like (“LFL”): +4.8% with constant FX (+4.1% reported):
  - Strong growth in Europe of +3.5% with an excellent performance in Spain (+9.2%). Solid growth in Benelux (+2.7%), Italy (+1.6%) while Central Europe is flat (-0.2%)
- Including the refurbished hotels, LFL&R grew +4.5% with constant FX (+3.8% reported)
  - 2018 refurbished hotels increased revenues by +€11.0m (+29.0%)
  - 2019 opportunity costs for renovations (-€4.1m): mainly from 3 hotels (Naples, Amsterdam and Munich)
- Perimeter changes contributed with +€24m: mainly from Tivoli portfolio integration (+€12.3m), Anantara Villa Padierna, Toulouse Airport, Madrid Gran Vía, Venice Rio Novo

Revenue Split	Var. 9M 2019
Available Rooms	+0.9%
RevPAR	+4.5%
Room Revenue	+5.8%
Other Revenue	+3.7%
<b>Total Hotel Revenue</b>	<b>+5.2%</b>
Non Hotel Revenue*	+€5.5m
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>+5.7%</b>

\* Other + Capex Payroll Capitalization



<sup>(1)</sup> On its 2019 own base. With real exchange rate growth is +4.1%

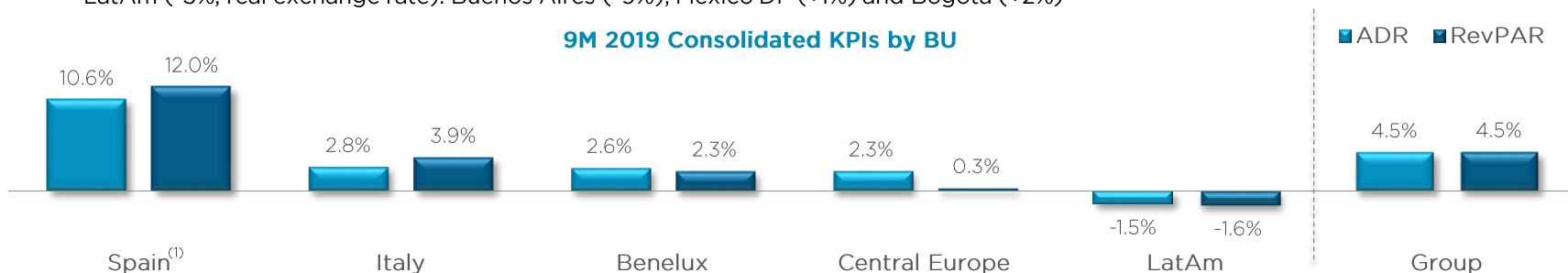
# RevPAR growth fully supported by ADR

## ▪ +4.5% RevPAR increase in 9M 2019 through ADR

- All regions reported positive RevPAR and ADR performance except LatAm with outstanding RevPAR growth in Spain (+12.0%)
- ADR: +4.5% price increases (+€4.3) reaching €102.0. Remarkable growth in Spain (+10.6%) and solid evolution in Italy (+2.8%), Benelux (+2.6%) and Central Europe (+2.3%)
- Occupancy: stable activity at 71.8%. Higher demand growth in Spain (+1.3%; +1.0 p.p.) boosted by the recovery in Barcelona and strong performance of Madrid and Italy (+1.1%; +0.8 p.p.)

## ▪ LFL (excluding reforms) RevPAR grew +3.6% in 9M 2019

- Spain (+11%): Recovery continued in Barcelona (+17%; occupancy +7% and ADR +9%) and excellent performance of Madrid (+13%, 67% through ADR) with a strong calendar of events. Solid performance of secondary cities (+5%)
- Italy (+1%): Good performance of Rome (+2%) and Milan (+1%) recovering the drag from Q1 negative trade fair calendar
- Benelux (+3%): Recovery continued in Brussels (+11%; 65% through ADR). Good performance of Amsterdam (+2%) and congress centres hotels (+5%)
- Central Europe (+1%): Good performance of Hamburg (+4%), German secondary cities (+2%) and Austria (+9%) and negative evolution in Frankfurt (-9%) affected mainly by the higher supply and a negative trade fair calendar
- LatAm (-3%; real exchange rate): Buenos Aires (-9%), Mexico DF (+1%) and Bogota (+2%)



<sup>(1)</sup>Includes France and Portugal. Spain ADR +8.9% and RevPAR +11.0%

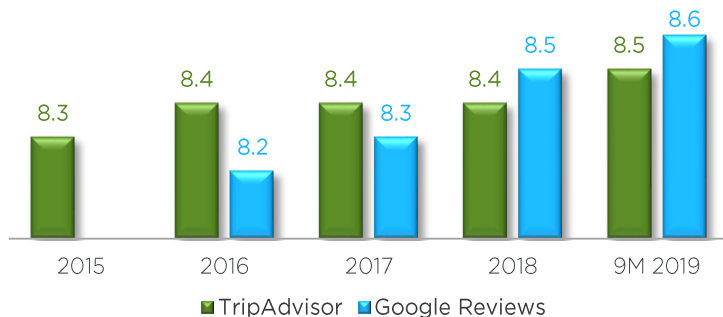
# Focus on market share and quality

- Relative RevPAR underperformance of -0.3 p.p. in top cities vs. competitors with higher occupancy (+1.6 p.p.) and a lower relative ADR (-1.9 p.p.)

9M 2019	ADR % var.		"Relative" ADR	"Rel." Occupancy	"Rel." RevPAR
	NH	Comp. Set	Var.	Var.	Var.
Spain	8.3%	9.9%	-1.6 p.p.	2.0 p.p.	0.5 p.p.
Italy	0.6%	3.6%	-3.1 p.p.	0.5 p.p.	-2.5 p.p.
Benelux	1.9%	2.5%	-0.6 p.p.	1.3 p.p.	0.7 p.p.
Central Europe	-0.9%	2.2%	-3.1 p.p.	1.9 p.p.	-1.2 p.p.
<b>Total NH</b>	<b>2.7%</b>	<b>4.6%</b>	<b>-1.9 p.p.</b>	<b>1.6 p.p.</b>	<b>-0.3 p.p.</b>

Source: STR / MKG Competitive Set Average Growth

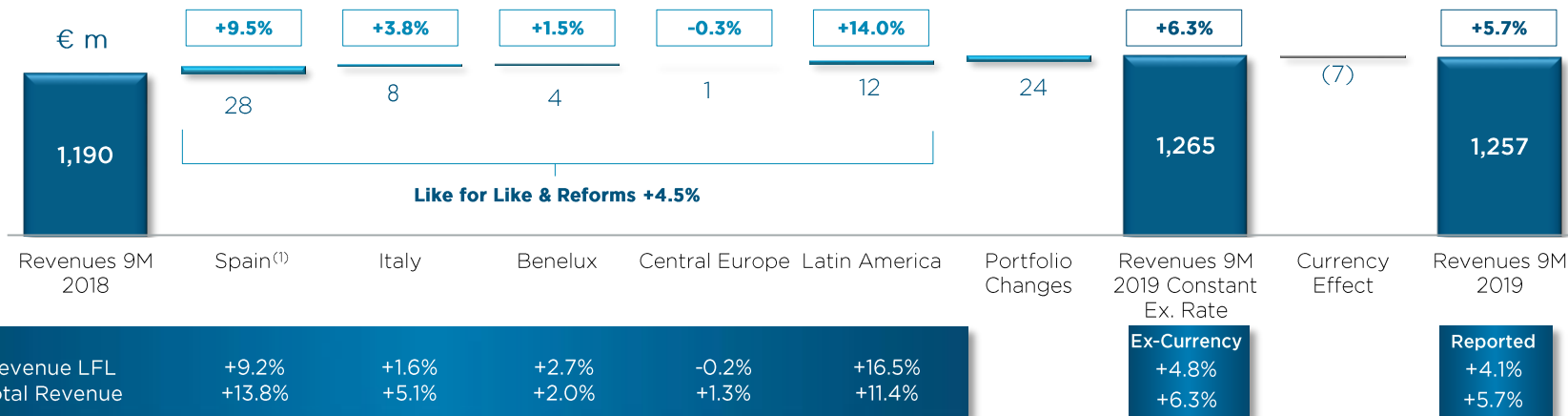
## Focus on quality



- Good performance in Spain with a relative RevPAR of +0.5 p.p. mainly explained by higher relative occupancy with strong performance of secondary cities. In Madrid, the higher relative occupancy does not compensate the lower ADR growth
- Italy: -2.5 p.p. relative RevPAR explained by the extraordinary performance in 9M 2018 (+7.1 p.p.) with relevant events in Milan and strong evolution of Rome
- Solid result in Benelux with a relative RevPAR of +0.7 p.p. with strong evolution of Amsterdam
- Central Europe: -1.2 p.p. relative RevPAR variation with higher occupancy and mixed performance among main cities
- Performance by city:**
  - Madrid:** Relative RevPAR -0.7 p.p.; Occupancy +3.3 p.p.
  - Barcelona:** Relative RevPAR -0.5 p.p.; Occupancy +0.1 p.p.
  - Amsterdam:** Relative RevPAR +1.6 p.p.; ADR +0.4 p.p.
  - Berlin:** Relative RevPAR +0.1 p.p.; Occupancy +2.3 p.p.
  - Frankfurt:** Relative RevPAR -1.2 p.p.; ADR -3.2 p.p.
  - Rome:** Relative RevPAR +1.5 p.p.; ADR -3.1 p.p.
- NH Hotel Group has focused its efforts on measuring quality using new sources of information and surveys with an important increase of both the volume of reviews and evaluations received

# Revenue performance by markets

- Spain:** +9.2% LFL growth explained by the continued recovery in Barcelona (+15.5%) and outstanding evolution of Madrid (+10.3%). Secondary cities grew +4.8%. Total Revenue grew +13.8% with the Tivoli portfolio integration and Anantara Villa Padierna
- Italy:** +1.6% growth in LFL with a good evolution of Milan (+1.4%) recovering the drag from Q1 negative trade fair calendar while Rome stood flat with lower business groups in Q3. Including refurbished hotels revenue grew +3.8%. Total revenue +5.1% boosted by the opening of 1 hotel in Venice
- Benelux:** +2.7% LFL with a sustained recovery in Brussels (+9.3%) and congress centres hotels (+7.2%). Amsterdam (+0.7%) evolution affected by lower business groups. Including refurbished hotels (net loss of -€2.9m mainly from a hotel in Amsterdam) and perimeter changes total revenue evolution grew +2.0%
- Central Europe:** -0.2% LFL growth affected by the negative fair calendar in Q3 being German secondary cities (+1.0%). Frankfurt (-10.6%) also affected by higher supply. Including refurbished hotels (net loss of -€0.8m mainly from a hotel in Munich) and perimeter changes (4 hotels opened and 3 closed) total revenue grew +1.3%
- LatAm:** +14.0% growth in LFL&R with constant exchange rate (+5.0% reported). By regions, Mexico revenues stood flat at constant exchange rate and including the positive currency evolution (+5%) reported revenues increased +5%. Argentina revenues grew +56% in local currency mainly explained by an increase in prices through hyperinflation. Reported figure is +17% including hyperinflation and currency depreciation. Hoteles Royal revenue decreased -3% in local currency and including the currency evolution (-5%) reported figure fell -8%



<sup>(1)</sup>Includes France and Portugal

# 9M EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> increased +13% and margin reached 16.6%

€ million	9M 2019	IFRS 16	9M 2019	9M 2018	VAR. ex IFRS 16	
	Reported	Adj.	ex IFRS 16	Reported	€m.	%
	€m.	€m.	€m.	€m.		
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>1,257.4</b>	-	<b>1,257.4</b>	<b>1,190.0</b>	<b>67.4</b>	<b>5.7%</b>
Staff Cost	(422.7)	-	(422.7)	(400.1)	(22.6)	5.7%
Operating expenses	(365.2)	-	(365.2)	(356.1)	(9.0)	2.5%
<b>GROSS OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>469.5</b>	-	<b>469.5</b>	<b>433.7</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>8.3%</b>
Lease payments and property taxes	(69.0)	(191.8)	(260.9)	(248.4)	(12.5)	5.0%
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>400.5</b>	<b>(191.8)</b>	<b>208.7</b>	<b>185.3</b>	<b>23.3</b>	<b>12.6%</b>

## Cost control in 9M 2019

- Payroll cost** increased +5.7% (56% explained by the increase of CLA agreements and the rest by perimeter changes) and **Operating Expenses** +2.5%. Impact of perimeter changes (openings and closings) and refurbished hotels explain 59% of the increase of total operating costs
- Improvement in **GOP** of +€35.8m (+8.3%). GOP margin improved by +0.9 p.p. due to a sound conversion rate of 53%
- Adjusted lease payments and property taxes of €260.9m increased -€12.5m (+5.0%). Perimeter changes explain 41% of the increase
- Excluding IFRS 16, Recurring EBITDA before onerous in 9M 2019 reached €208.7m (+€23.3m; +12.6%)** with a 35% conversion rate from incremental revenue to EBITDA. EBITDA margin reached 16.6% (+1.0 p.p.)



Note: IFRS 16 and Hyperinflation (IAS 29) accounting impacts included in business performance figures unless stated

<sup>(1)</sup> Recurring EBITDA before onerous reversal and capital gains from asset disposals excludes IFRS 16 impacts for comparison purposes



# Significant improvement in Net Recurring Income

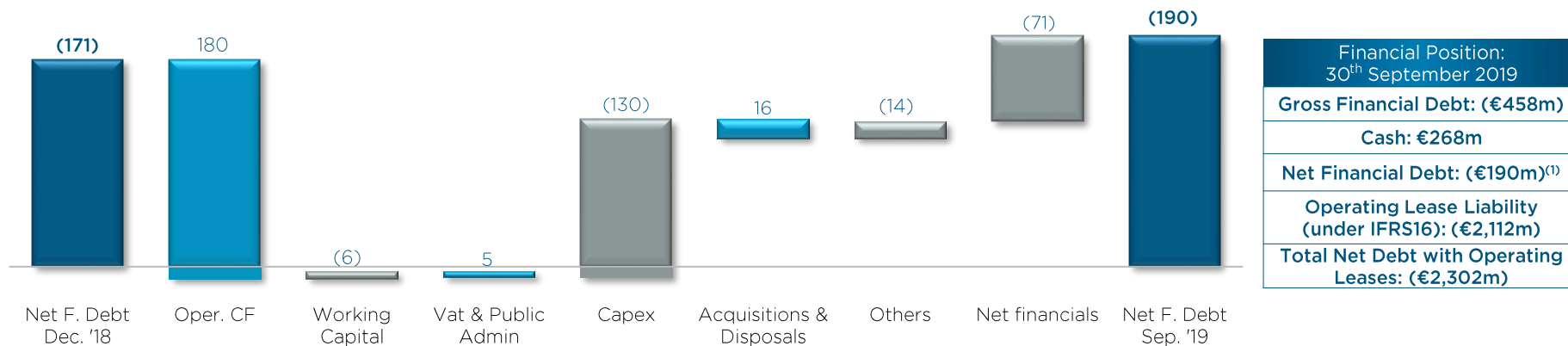
€ million	9M 2019 Reported €m.	IFRS 16 Adj. €m.	9M 2019 ex IFRS 16 €m.	9M 2018 Reported €m.	VAR. ex IFRS 16 €m. %.	
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>400.5</b>	<b>(191.8)</b>	<b>208.7</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>185.3</b>	<b>23.3</b>	<b>12.6%</b>
Margin % of Revenues	31.9%	-	16.6%	15.6%	-	1.0p.p.
Onerous contract reversal provision	-	1.2	1.2	1.9	(0.6)	-33.1%
<b>EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS</b>	<b>400.5</b>	<b>(190.6)</b>	<b>209.9</b>	<b>187.2</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>12.1%</b>
Depreciation	(222.0)	134.5	(87.5)	(83.1)	(4.4)	5.3%
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>178.5</b>	<b>(56.1)</b>	<b>122.4</b>	<b>104.1</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>17.5%</b>
Net Interest expense	(84.6)	67.3	(17.3)	(25.4)	8.1	31.8%
Income from minority equity interest	0.0	-	0.0	(0.3)	0.3	N/A
<b>EBT</b>	<b>93.9</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>105.1</b>	<b>78.4</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>33.9%</b>
Corporate income tax	(29.5)	(3.2)	(32.7)	(30.8)	(1.8)	6.0%
<b>NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITIES</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>72.4</b>	<b>47.6</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>52.0%</b>
Minorities interests	(2.4)	-	(2.4)	(3.1)	0.7	21.9%
<b>NET RECURRING INCOME</b>	<b>61.9</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>57.2%</b>
Non Recurring EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	6.6	-	6.6	101.5	(94.9)	-93.5%
Other Non Recurring items <sup>(2)</sup>	(2.6)	-	(2.6)	(52.5)	49.9	95.0%
<b>NET INCOME INCLUDING NON-RECURRING</b>	<b>65.9</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>(19.5)</b>	<b>-20.9%</b>

- Excluding IFRS 16, Recurring EBITDA before onerous reached €208.7m (+€23.3m; +12.6%).** Reported EBITDA amounted €400.5m with IFRS 16
- Depreciation:** increase of -€4.4m due to the impact of repositioning capex. Applying IFRS 16, reported figure reached €222.0m
- Financial Expenses:** decrease of +€8.1m mainly explained by the early redemption of the Convertible Bond in June 2018 and the partial early redemption of 2023 Bond of €43.2m in Q4 2018. With IFRS 16, reported figure is -€84.6m
- Taxes:** Corporate Income Tax of -€29.5m, +€1.3m lower than 9M 2018 due to the lower adjustment for non-deductible financial expenses and deferred taxes arisen from IFRS 16 (+€3.2m) that compensate the better EBT performance
- Reported Net Recurring Income:** improvement of +€17.4m vs. 9M 2018 reported figure reaching €61.9m due to the business improvement, lower financial costs and despite IFRS 16 net impact of -€8.0m and IAS 29 -€1.9m
- Non Recurring Items:** reached €4.0m mainly due to net capital gains from asset rotation but significantly lower than in 9M 2018
- Reported Total Net Income reached €65.9m,** -€27.6m lower than in 9M 2018 reported due to the lower contribution (-€45m) of non-recurring activity

<sup>(1)</sup>Includes gross capital gains from asset rotation

<sup>(2)</sup>Includes taxes from asset rotation

# Cash Flow Evolution

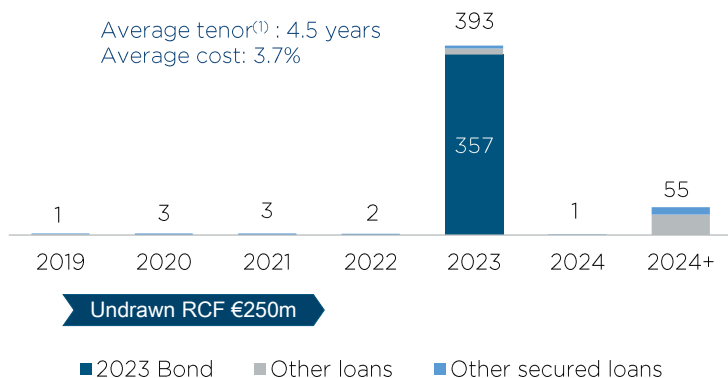


- **(+) Operating Cash Flow:** +€180.3m, including -€14.2m of credit card expenses and corporate income tax paid of -€35.2m
- **(-) Working Capital:** mainly explained by a lower overdue recovery from previous year due to optimized overdue levels, and some one-off effects related to certain projects on supply chain processes
- **(-) Capex payments:** -€130.3m paid during 9M 2019
- **(+) Acquisitions & Disposals:** +€15.6m from NH Málaga II disposal in Q1 +€16.0m, JV China +€1.9m, Tivoli net contributions -€4.7m and +€2.4m from deferred payments of operations of previous years
- **(-) Other:** mainly severance payments and legal provisions
- **(-) Net Financials & Dividends:** -€70.7m, including -€11.4m net interest expense, -€58.2m net ordinary dividend paid in June 14<sup>th</sup> and -€1.2m minority dividend

(1) NFD excluding accounting adjustments for arrangement expenses €11.7m, accrued interest -€7.2m and IFRS 9 adjustment €7.3m. Including these accounting adjustments, the Adj. NFD would be (-€179m) at 30<sup>th</sup> Sep. 2019 and (-€153m) at 31<sup>st</sup> Dec. 2018

# Strong deleverage achieved

## Debt Maturity Profile 30 September 2019: Gross debt (€458m)



### Liquidity:

- Cash at bank: **€268m**
- Available credit lines: **€304m**, of which €250m is a Long Term RCF (maturity in September 2021)

## Rating

Rating	NH	2023 Bond	Outlook
Fitch	B+	BB	Stable
Moody's	B1	Ba3	Stable

## Fitch Ratings

- On 26<sup>th</sup> March 2019 Fitch revised the Outlook on NH Hotel Group's Long-Term Issuer Default Rating (IDR) to Stable from Positive and **affirmed the IDR at 'B+'** following the acquisition by Minor International of a 94.1% stake in NH Hotel Group
- Bond rating affirmed at BB

## MOODY'S

- On May 11<sup>th</sup> 2018, Moody's **upgraded the corporate family rating of NH Hotel Group to 'B1' from 'B2'** and changed the outlook from positive to stable
- Moody's confirmed the ratings and outlook on May 31<sup>st</sup> 2019

<sup>(1)</sup> Excluding subordinated debt (2024+)

# IFRS 16: Impact of new accounting standard from 01/01/2019

- The application of IFRS 16 started on January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2019 and establishes the recognition of operating leases as an asset for the right of use and a financial liability. An amortization expense of the asset is recorded separately from the interest expense of the lease liability
- NH has adopted the Modified Retrospective method, recording in the equity reserves the difference between Asset & Liability
- Impacts on Balance Sheet and P&L (without considering additions, cancellations or modifications of contracts that may occur after that date):

Impact on Balance Sheet 30/09/2019 (€ million)	
<b>Right of Use</b>	<b>1,741.3</b>
<b>Deferred tax</b>	<b>96.7</b>
Other assets <sup>(1)</sup>	(19.1)
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>1,818.9</b>
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>(266.7)</b>
<b>Operational leases liability</b>	<b>2,112.4</b>
Other liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>	(26.8)
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>1,818.9</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Elimination of linearization accounts

<sup>(2)</sup> Elimination of onerous provision (€6m) and linearization accounts

Impact in P&L in 9M 2019 (€ million)	9M 2019 ex IFRS 16	IFRS 16 Adj.	9M 2019 Reported
Lease payments and property taxes	(260.9)	191.8	(69.0)
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>208.7</b>	<b>191.8</b>	<b>400.5</b>
Onerous contract reversal provision	1.2	(1.2)	-
Depreciation	(87.5)	(134.5)	(222.0)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>122.4</b>	<b>56.1</b>	<b>178.5</b>
Interest expense	(17.3)	(67.3)	(84.6)
Corporate income tax	(32.7)	3.2	(29.5)
<b>NET RECURRING INCOME</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>(8.0)</b>	<b>61.9</b>

- No cash impact, leverage capacity or debt financial covenant

## Lease contract in Lisbon 3 hotels

- Minor has signed an agreement with Invesco Real Estate to sell 3 hotels and simultaneously NH will sign a long term sustainable lease contract with Invesco Real Estate starting end of July
- Counterpart: Invesco Real Estate
- Tenure: 20 years with rights of extension for NH totaling 40 additional years
- Variable lease with minimum guaranteed
- Sustainable long term contract:
  - Fixed rent coverage 1.9x <sup>(1)</sup>
  - Basket of Losses to limit downside
- NH is responsible for property tax and ordinary maintenance capex

## Management contract in Portugal 9 hotels

- Counterpart: Minor
- Tenure: Initial period of 2 years
- Base Fee on Revenues + Incentive Fee on Operating Profit

EBITDA Contribution YTD Sept. 2019: €4.8m

<sup>(1)</sup> EBITDAR / Fixed Rent + Property Tax

# Annex

- Q3 Revenue:
  - Per Perimeter
  - Per B.U.
- Q3 RevPAR
- Q3 P&L

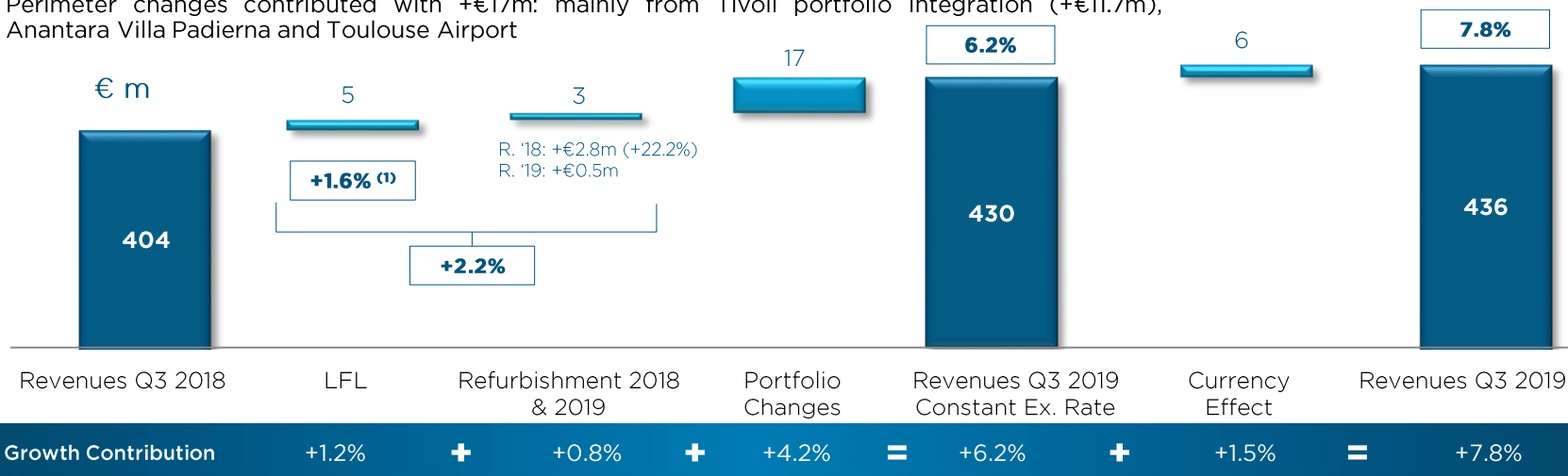


# Solid revenue performance continues in Q3 2019

- Total Revenue growth of +7.8% reaching €436m (+€31m) including changes of perimeter (+€17m) and the positive currency effect (+€6m, mainly explained by IAS 29 from Q3 2018). Excluding IAS 29 and Tivoli integration, revenue would have grown +€15m or +3.8%**
  - Revenue Like for Like (“LFL”): +1.6% with constant FX (+3.4% reported):
    - +2.0% growth in Europe with a strong performance in Spain (+9.0%). Good evolution in Benelux (+2.7%) and Italy (+1.5%). Central Europe (-5.2%) negatively affected by fair calendar
  - Including the refurbished hotels, LFL&R grew +2.2% with constant FX (+3.7% reported)
    - 2018 refurbished hotels increased revenues by +€2.8m (+22.2%)
    - 2019 refurbished perimeter includes the opportunity cost of renovations of the quarter (-€2.6m)
  - Perimeter changes contributed with +€17m: mainly from Tivoli portfolio integration (+€11.7m), Anantara Villa Padierna and Toulouse Airport

Revenue Split	Var. Q3 2019
Available Rooms	+2.4%
RevPAR	+3.0%
Room Revenue	+7.1%
Other Revenue	+8.9%
<b>Total Hotel Revenue</b>	<b>+7.6%</b>
Non Hotel Revenue*	+€0.9m
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>+7.8%</b>

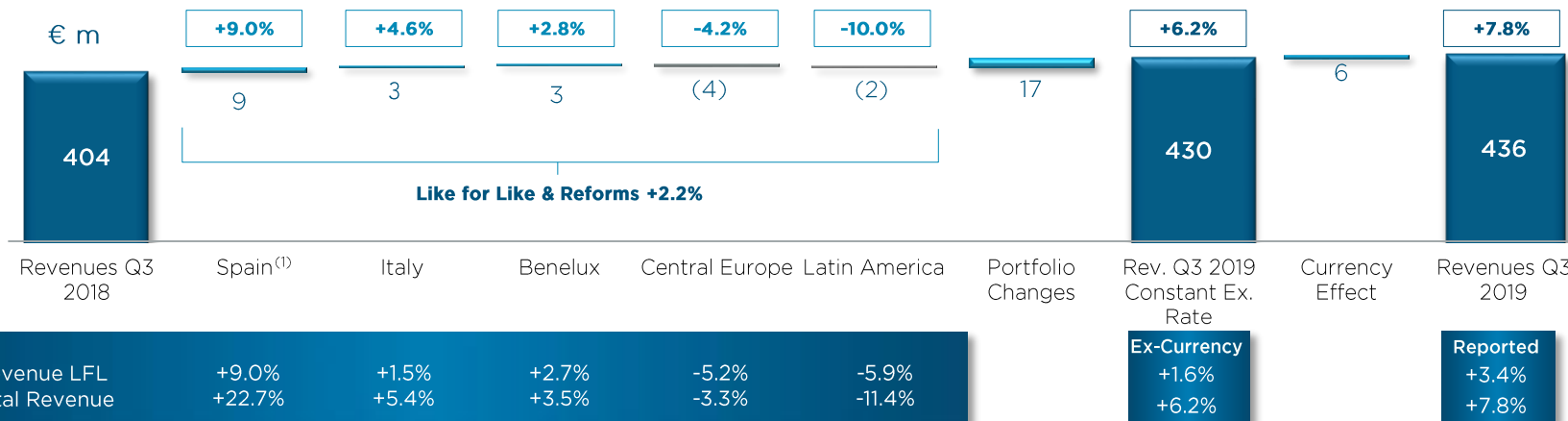
\* Other + Capex Payroll Capitalization



(1) On its 2019 own base. With real exchange rate growth is +3.4%

# Revenue performance by markets

- Spain:** +9.0% LFL growth with the continued recovery in Barcelona (+16.6%) and strong performance of Madrid (+11.9%). Secondary cities grew +3.3%. Total Revenue grew +22.7% boosted by new openings (Tivoli integration, Toulouse, La Coruña and Marbella)
- Italy:** +1.5% growth in LFL with a better fair calendar in Milan (+2.9%) while Rome fell (-2.8%) due to lower groups demand and impacting non-room revenues. Including the refurbished perimeter (Rome and Palermo), LFL&R grew +4.6%. Total revenue +5.4% with the opening of 1 hotel in Venice and 1 in Rome
- Benelux:** +2.7% LFL with outstanding performance in Brussels (+11.5%) and congress centers hotels (+13.1%) with higher number of corporate events while Amsterdam (-2.8%) with lower group events affecting other hotel revenues. Including changes of perimeter total revenue grew +3.5%
- Central Europe:** -5.2% LFL decrease due to the negative trade fair calendar in Munich (-23.5%) and Frankfurt (-18.5%) also affected by an increase of supply. Secondary cities fell -0.7%. Including refurbished hotels and perimeter changes total revenue decreased -3.3%
- LatAm:** -10.0% growth in LFL&R with constant exchange rate (+15.3% reported), being distorted by the application of IAS 29 in Q3 18. By regions, Mexico revenues grew +5% at constant exchange rate and including the positive currency evolution (+2%) reported revenues increased +8%. In Argentina the revenue evolution in Q3 is heavily impacted by the hyperinflation IAS 29 accounting rule since Q3 18. In Q3 19, the currency devaluation has been higher than the accumulated hyperinflation of the year. Hoteles Royal revenue decreased -1% in local currency and including the currency evolution (-10%) reported figure fell -10%



<sup>(1)</sup>Includes France and Portugal



# RevPAR growth fully supported by ADR

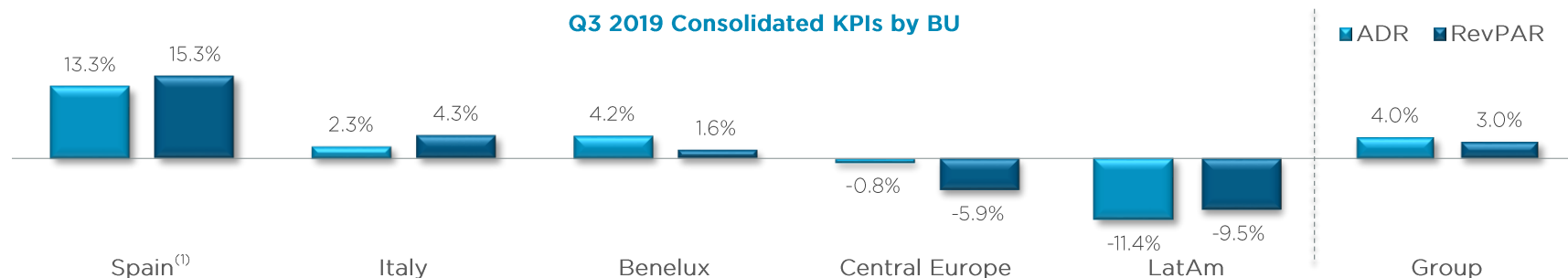
## ▪ +3.0% RevPAR increase in Q3 2019 through ADR

- All regions reported positive RevPAR and ADR trend except Central Europe (negative trade fair calendar) and LatAm. Outstanding RevPAR growth in Spain (+15.3%) and Italy (+4.3%)
- ADR: +4.0% price increases (+€3.9) reaching €101.5. Remarkable growth in Spain (+13.3%) and Benelux (+4.2%)
- Occupancy: -0.9% reaching 74.1% due to calendar of events in Germany. Higher demand growth in LatAm (+2.1%; +1.3 p.p.), Italy (+2.0%; +1.5 p.p.) and Spain (+1.7%; +1.3 p.p.),

## ▪ LFL (excluding reforms) RevPAR grew +0.6% in Q3 2019

- Spain (+11%): Recovery continued in Barcelona (+18%, 66% through ADR) with a relevant congress in the quarter and strong performance of Madrid (+15%, both occupancy and ADR) with a favourable fair calendar
- Italy (flat): Good evolution of Milan (+4%) with positive trade fair calendar in Q3 and Rome (-2%) due to lower business groups demand
- Benelux (+1%): Recovery continued in Brussels (+15%, 100% through ADR) joined with relevant events. Congress centres hotels (+4%) while Amsterdam fell (-2%) due to lower business groups events
- Central Europe (-6%): Negative trade fair calendar in the quarter. Frankfurt (-16%) also affected by an increase of supply
- LatAm (-12%; real exchange rate): Buenos Aires (-39%), Mexico DF (+7%, higher occupancy and ADR) and Bogota (-6%)

Q3 2019 Consolidated KPIs by BU



<sup>(1)</sup> Includes France and Portugal. Spain ADR +8.7% and RevPAR +11.1%

# Significant improvement in Net Recurring Income

€ million	Q3 2019 Reported €m.	IFRS 16 Adj. €m.	Q3 2019 ex IFRS 16 €m.	Q3 2018 Reported €m.	VAR. ex IFRS 16 €m. %.	
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>435.9</b>	-	<b>435.9</b>	<b>404.5</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>7.8%</b> <sup>1</sup>
Staff Cost	(143.8)	-	(143.8)	(132.8)	(11.0)	8.3%
Operating expenses	(124.2)	-	(124.2)	(118.4)	(5.8)	4.9%
<b>GROSS OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>167.9</b>	-	<b>167.9</b>	<b>153.2</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>9.6%</b>
Lease payments and property taxes	(24.2)	(65.6)	<b>(89.8)</b> <sup>3</sup>	(82.9)	(7.0)	8.4%
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>143.6</b>	<b>(65.6)</b>	<b>78.1</b>	<b>70.4</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>10.9%</b>
Margin % of Revenues	33.0%	-	17.9%	17.4%	-	0.5 p.p. <sup>4</sup>
Onerous contract reversal provision	-	0.4	0.4	0.6	(0.2)	-27.2%
<b>EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS</b>	<b>143.6</b>	<b>(65.2)</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>70.9</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>10.6%</b>
Depreciation	(77.2)	46.1	(31.1)	(28.5)	<b>(2.5)</b> <sup>5</sup>	8.9%
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>(19.0)</b>	<b>47.4</b>	<b>42.4</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>11.7%</b>
Net Interest expense	(27.8)	22.0	(5.9)	(5.1)	<b>(0.7)</b> <sup>6</sup>	14.5%
Income from minority equity interest	0.0	-	0.0	(0.2)	0.2	N/A
<b>EBT</b>	<b>38.6</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>41.6</b>	<b>37.1</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>12.0%</b>
Corporate income tax	(12.2)	(0.7)	(12.9)	(13.9)	1.0	-7.2%
<b>NET INCOME BEFORE MINORITIES</b>	<b>26.4</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>23.6%</b>
Minorities interests	(0.6)	-	(0.6)	(1.6)	1.0	-61.9%
<b>NET RECURRING INCOME</b>	<b>(25.8)</b> <sup>7</sup>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>30.0%</b>
Non Recurring EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3	-	0.3	15.1	(14.8)	-98.3%
Other Non Recurring items <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	(7.5)	7.5	99.3%
<b>NET INCOME INCLUDING NON-RECURRING</b>	<b>(26.0)</b> <sup>8</sup>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>	<b>-3.1%</b>

- Revenue** grew +7.8% reaching €435.9m (+€31.4m). Excluding Tivoli integration (+€11.7m) and IAS 29 revenue would have grown +€15m or +3.8%
- GOP:** growth of +€14.7m due to the integration of Tivoli (+€6.2m). Payroll cost increased +8.3% (40% explained by the increase of CLA agreements and the rest by perimeter changes) and Operating Expenses +4.9%.
- Adjusted lease payments and property taxes** of €89.8m increased -€7.0m (+8.4%) mainly explained by Tivoli and perimeter changes (63% of the increase)
- Excluding IFRS 16, Recurring EBITDA before onerous reached €78.1m (+€7.7m; +10.9%).** Excluding Tivoli (+€4.2m) and IAS 29 accounting impact, EBITDA would have grown +€2.4m. Reported EBITDA €143.6m with IFRS 16
- Depreciation:** increase of -€2.5m due to repositioning capex. Applying IFRS 16, reported figure reached €77.2m
- Net Financial Expenses:** rise of -€0.7m due to FX variations (-€1.1m) higher than the savings from the partial early redemption of 2023 Bond of €43.2m in Q4 2018 (+€0.6m). With IFRS 16, reported figure is €27.8m
- Reported Net Recurring Income:** improvement of +€4.3m vs. Q3 2018 reported figure reaching €25.8m due to the business improvement, Tivoli integration, lower impact of IAS 29 and despite IFRS 16 (-€2.2m)
- Reported Total Net Income reached €26.0m, -€3.1m lower than in Q3 2018** due to the lower contribution (-€7m) of non-recurring activity

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# SALES AND RESULTS

## Third Quarter 2019

11<sup>th</sup> November 2019



**NH** | HOTEL GROUP PART OF **MINOR**  
HOTELS



## 9M 2019 Sales and Results

Madrid, 11<sup>th</sup> November 2019

### 9M 2019 Main Financial Aspects <sup>(1)</sup>

- **Revenue growth of +5.7%** (+6.3% at constant exchange rates) **reaching €1,257m** (+€67m) in the first nine months of the year, despite 2019 refurbishments (-€4m opportunity cost) and the negative currency impact (-€7m).
  - **In like-for-like (“LFL”) terms**, excluding refurbishments and perimeter changes, **revenue grew +4.1% (+4.8% at constant exchange rates)**:
    - Strong performance in **Europe with +3.5% growth**. Outstanding growth in Spain (+9.2%). Benelux (+2.7%), Italy (+1.6%) and Central Europe (-0.2%) flat.
  - **Q3: revenue grew by +7.8%** (+6.2% at constant exchange rates) **reaching €436m** (+€31m), including the positive currency effect (+€6m) and the integration of Tivoli (+€12m). Excluding IAS 29 and Tivoli integration, revenue would have grown +€15m or +3.8%. With regard to the LFL growth reported of +3.4% (+1.6% at constant exchange rates), is noteworthy the excellent performance of Spain (+9.0%) and the solid growth of Benelux (+2.7%) and Italy (+1.5%), while Central Europe (-5.2%) was affected by a negative trade fair calendar.
- **RevPAR was up +4.5% in the first nine months of the year with higher ADR** (+4.5%; +€4.3), **which accounted for the entire increase in RevPAR with an occupancy rate that remained stable** at 71.8%. RevPAR and ADR grew in all regions, except for Latin America, with strong RevPAR performance in Spain (+12.0%), explained by the recovery of Barcelona and the excellent performance of Madrid and secondary cities.
  - Relative RevPAR underperformance of -0.3 p.p. in top cities, with higher RevPAR in Spain and Benelux.
  - **Q3:** RevPAR grew by +3.0% entirely through prices (ADR +4.0%), with an occupancy rate that fell by -0.9% to 74.1% as a result of the trade fair calendar in Germany. RevPAR and ADR grew in all markets, except for Central Europe and Latin America, most notably the growth of RevPAR in Spain (+9.9%) and Italy (+3.1%).
- Revenue growth together with cost control enabled to close the first nine months of the year with **recurring EBITDA growth<sup>(2)</sup> of +13% reaching €209m, excluding the accounting impact of IFRS 16**, meaning an **increase of +€23m and a margin improvement of +1.0 p.p.** The conversion rate of the increase in revenue to EBITDA is 35%. Including the impact of IFRS 16, reported EBITDA amounts to €401m.
  - **Q3:** +10.9% EBITDA growth, which represents an increase of +€8m to €78m and an improvement in the margin of +0.5 p.p. to 17.9%. Excluding Tivoli integration (+€4.2m) and IAS 29 accounting impact, EBITDA would have grown +€2.4m.
- **Significant increase in Reported Net Recurring Income in the first nine months of the year of +€17m vs. the same period of 2018, reaching €62m** due to business improvement and lower financial expenses, despite the net impact of IFRS 16 of -€8m.
- **Reported Total Net Income of €66m**, -€28m lower than the reported first nine months of 2018. The comparison is affected by the lower contribution (-€45m) of non-recurring activity.
- **The solid cash flow generation** in the first nine months allowed to **maintain a low level of net financial debt (-€190m)** together with a **solid cash position of €268m** at the end of September 2019, despite Capex investments (-€130m) and the dividend payment (-€59m) in the period.
- **Dividend approved:** The gross dividend approved at the AGM in May 2019 for the financial year 2018, equal to **€0.15 gross per share** in circulation, was paid in June, **implying a payment of €59m.**

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### 2019 Targets (excluding IFRS 16, IAS 29 accounting impacts and Tivoli integration)

- Confirmation of the **EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> target of €285m and a recurring net profit of close to €100m at 31<sup>st</sup> December 2019.**

(1) IFRS 16 and Hyperinflation (IAS 29) accounting impacts included in business performance figures unless stated

(2) Recurring EBITDA before onerous reversal and capital gains from asset disposals excludes IFRS 16 impacts for comparison purposes

### IFRS 16: Impact of new accounting standard from 1<sup>st</sup> January 2019

- IFRS 16 establishes the recognition on the balance sheet of operating leases, being added a financial liability equal to the present value of the fixed lease commitments and an asset for the right of use the underlying asset. Therefore, the interest expense of the liability is recorded separately from the depreciation expense of the right-of-use asset.
- The Group has applied the retrospective modified method, calculating the asset at the start date of each contract and the liability at the transition date. The difference between the two items is recorded as an adjustment in the consolidated reserves on the opening balance sheet.

Impact on Balance Sheet 30/09/2019 (€ million)	
Right of Use	1,741.3
Deferred tax	96.7
Other assets <sup>(1)</sup>	(19.1)
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>1,818.9</b>
Total Equity	(266.7)
Operational leases liability	2,112.4
Other liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>	(26.8)
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>1,818.9</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Elimination of linearization accounts

<sup>(2)</sup> Elimination of onerous provision (€6m) and linearization accounts

Impact in P&L in 9M 2019 (€ million)	9M 2019 ex IFRS 16	IFRS 16 Adj.	9M 2019 Reported
Lease payments and property taxes	(260.9)	191.8	(69.0)
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>208.7</b>	<b>191.8</b>	<b>400.5</b>
Onerous contract reversal provision	1.2	(1.2)	-
Depreciation	(87.5)	(134.5)	(222.0)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>122.4</b>	<b>56.1</b>	<b>178.5</b>
Interest expense	(17.3)	(67.3)	(84.6)
Corporate income tax	(32.7)	3.2	(29.5)
<b>NET RECURRING INCOME</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>(8.0)</b>	<b>61.9</b>

- No cash impact, leverage capacity or debt financial covenants.

### Strategic initiatives with Minor

- NH and Minor have signed an agreement by which NH will operate Minor hotels in Portugal. The operational transfer of Minor's Tivoli portfolio to NH shows an alignment of interests and represents the first milestone of the integration (in effect Q2 and Q3):
  - NH will operate 3 hotels in Lisbon under a sustainable long-term lease agreement with the new owner (Invesco Real Estate).
  - The rest of the portfolio (10 hotels in Portugal) will be operated under a management agreement with Minor.
  - This agreement had contributed up to September €4.8m of EBITDA for NH.
- Additionally, the first Anantara urban hotel will be launched in Dublin with The Marker hotel, being the third Anantara in Europe.

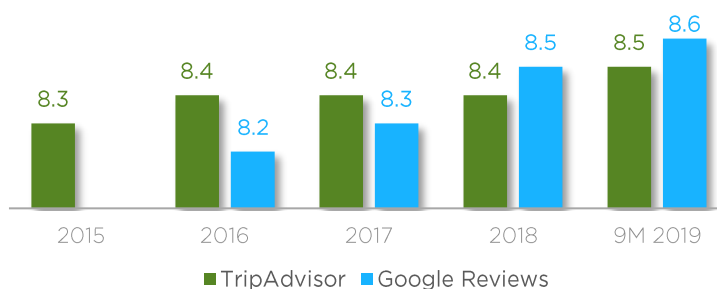
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- The Group continues working with Minor for the implementation of economies of scale with a broader customer base, and exploring development paths for all its brands in various geographical areas.

### Other Highlights

- **Repositioning Plan:** In the first nine months of 2019 the following hotels are affected by refurbishments: NH Plaza de Armas, NH Luz Huelva, NH Logroño Herencia Rioja, NHC Madrid Paseo del Prado, NH Sants Barcelona, NH Imperial Playa, NH Lyon Airport and NH New York Jolly Madison Towers in the BU of Spain. NH Bologna de la Gare, NH Napoli Panorama, NH Palermo, NH Roma Villa Carpegna, NHC Roma Giustiniano and NH Milano Touring in Italy. NHC Amsterdam Flower Market, NH Brussels Airport and NH Luxembourg in Benelux and NHC Berlin Mitte Friedrichstrasse, NHC Berlin Mitte am Checkpoint Charlie, NH Hamburg Altona, NH Koln Altstadt, NHC Munchen Bavaria and NH Vienna Airport in Central Europe and NH Buenos Aires Crillón, NHC Buenos Aires Jousten, NH Mexico City Centro Histórico and NH Ciudad de Santiago in Latinamerica. The opportunity cost, as lower revenues due to the refurbishments was -€4,1m compared with the first nine months of 2018 mainly due to the refurbishments of hotels in Naples, Amsterdam and Munich.
- **Brand:** NH had 371 hotels and 57,602 rooms as of 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019, out of which 83 hotels and 12,716 rooms are NH Collection (22% of the portfolio), showing their potential both in prices (+46% higher price; ADR NH Collection €132 vs ADR NH €90) and quality (with improvements also in non-refurbished hotels). NH Hotel Group focuses on quality measurement using new sources of information and surveys, thus significantly increasing both the volume of reviews and the evaluations received.



- **Pricing & Revenue Management:** Relative RevPAR underperformance of -0.3 p.p. in top cities vs. competitors with higher occupancy (+1.6 p.p.) and lower ADR (-1.9 p.p.):
  - Good performance in Spain with a relative RevPAR of +0.5 p.p., mainly explained by higher relative occupancy with strong performance of secondary cities. In Madrid, the higher relative occupancy does not offset the lower ADR growth.
  - Italy: -2.5 p.p. Relative RevPAR explained by the extraordinary performance in 9M 2018 (+7.1 p.p.) with relevant events in Milan and strong evolution of Rome.
  - Solid result in Benelux with a +0.7 p.p. increase in relative RevPAR with strong evolution in Amsterdam.
  - Central Europe: -1.2 p.p. change in relative RevPAR with higher occupancy and mixed performance among main cities.

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9M 2019	ADR % var.		Relative" ADR	"Relative" Occupancy	RevPAR % var.		"Relative" RevPAR
	NH	Compset	Var.	Var.	NH	NH	Compset
<b>Total NH</b>	<b>2.7%</b>	<b>4.6%</b>	<b>-1.9 p.p.</b>	<b>1.6 p.p.</b>	<b>4.9%</b>	<b>5.1%</b>	<b>-0.3 p.p.</b>
<b>Spain</b>	8.3%	9.9%	-1.6 p.p.	2.0 p.p.	13.1%	12.6%	0.5 p.p.
<b>Italy</b>	0.6%	3.6%	-3.1 p.p.	0.5 p.p.	1.3%	3.8%	-2.5 p.p.
<b>Benelux</b>	1.9%	2.5%	-0.6 p.p.	1.3 p.p.	3.3%	2.6%	0.7 p.p.
<b>Central Europe</b>	-0.9%	2.2%	-3.1 p.p.	1.9 p.p.	0.3%	1.5%	-1.2 p.p.

➤ **New Agreements of the period:**

- In the first nine months of 2019 the Company signed 9 hotels, 5 lease agreements (1 Anantara in Marbella, 3 NH Collection in La Coruña, Roma and Verona and 1 NHOW in Hamburg), 4 management agreements (1 NH Collection in Porto, 2 NH in Andorra and Aguascalientes), with a total of 830 rooms. In addition, following the agreement reached with Minor, the integration of Tivoli in Portugal began, 3 under lease agreements, 9 under management agreements and 1 franchise with the Tivoli, Avani and Anantara brands, with a total of 2,452 rooms (operating in Q2 and Q3).



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Q3 RevPAR Evolution:

**Note:** The “Like for Like plus Refurbishments” (LFL&R) criteria includes hotels renovated in 2018 and 2019

NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR Q3 2019/2018											
	AVERAGE ROOMS		OCCUPANCY %			ADR			REVPAR		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	% Var	2019	2018	% Var	2019	2018	% Var
<b>Spain &amp; Others LFL &amp; R <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>11,172</b>	<b>11,052</b>	<b>76.0%</b>	<b>74.9%</b>	<b>1.5%</b>	<b>100.8</b>	<b>93.1</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>9.9%</b>
B.U. Spain Consolidated <sup>(1)</sup>	12,407	11,585	76.2%	74.9%	1.7%	105.7	93.3	13.3%	80.6	69.9	15.3%
<b>Italy LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>7,217</b>	<b>7,181</b>	<b>74.0%</b>	<b>72.9%</b>	<b>1.4%</b>	<b>124.8</b>	<b>122.9</b>	<b>1.6%</b>	<b>92.3</b>	<b>89.6</b>	<b>3.1%</b>
B.U. Italy Consolidated	7,389	7,325	74.1%	72.7%	2.0%	126.4	123.6	2.3%	93.7	89.8	4.3%
<b>Benelux LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>8,410</b>	<b>8,395</b>	<b>76.2%</b>	<b>78.0%</b>	<b>-2.4%</b>	<b>113.3</b>	<b>109.2</b>	<b>3.7%</b>	<b>86.3</b>	<b>85.2</b>	<b>1.3%</b>
B.U. Benelux Consolidated	8,988	8,914	75.5%	77.5%	-2.5%	112.5	108.0	4.2%	84.9	83.6	1.6%
<b>Central Europe LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>11,607</b>	<b>11,462</b>	<b>76.7%</b>	<b>79.7%</b>	<b>-3.8%</b>	<b>88.6</b>	<b>89.9</b>	<b>-1.5%</b>	<b>67.9</b>	<b>71.6</b>	<b>-5.2%</b>
B.U. Central Europe Consolidated	12,406	12,056	75.8%	79.9%	-5.2%	88.7	89.4	-0.8%	67.2	71.4	-5.9%
<b>Total Europe LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>38,406</b>	<b>38,090</b>	<b>75.9%</b>	<b>76.7%</b>	<b>-1.0%</b>	<b>104.2</b>	<b>101.0</b>	<b>3.2%</b>	<b>79.1</b>	<b>77.5</b>	<b>2.1%</b>
Total Europe Consolidated	41,190	39,880	75.6%	76.6%	-1.3%	105.7	100.6	5.0%	79.9	77.1	3.6%
<b>Latinamerica LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>5,083</b>	<b>5,080</b>	<b>63.2%</b>	<b>62.5%</b>	<b>1.0%</b>	<b>62.8</b>	<b>72.8</b>	<b>-13.7%</b>	<b>39.7</b>	<b>45.5</b>	<b>-12.8%</b>
B.U. Latinamerica Consolidated	5,355	5,566	62.7%	61.4%	2.1%	62.7	70.7	-11.4%	39.3	43.5	-9.5%
<b>NH Hotels LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>43,489</b>	<b>43,170</b>	<b>74.4%</b>	<b>75.0%</b>	<b>-0.8%</b>	<b>100.1</b>	<b>98.3</b>	<b>1.9%</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>73.7</b>	<b>1.0%</b>
Total NH Consolidated	46,545	45,446	74.1%	74.7%	-0.9%	101.5	97.6	4.0%	75.2	73.0	3.0%

(1) Includes France and Portugal

- **Increase in RevPAR of +3.0% in Q3, 100% of it through prices** (ADR: +4.0%; +€3.9) with an **occupancy rate** that fell by -0.9% to 74.1% as a result of the trade fair calendar in Germany. RevPAR and ADR growth in all regions, except for Central Europe and Latin America, highlighting the growth of RevPAR in Spain (+15.3%) and Italy (+4.3%).
- Remarkable **RevPAR growth** in:
  - **Spain:** Excluding perimeter changes, RevPAR grew +9.9% as a result of higher prices and higher activity. Noteworthy is the recovery of Barcelona (+18%; an improvement in both occupancy and in ADR) with an important congress in Q3, and the excellent performance of Madrid (+15%; due to occupancy and ADR) with a favourable trade fair calendar.
  - **Italy:** +4.3%, with prices that grew +2.3% and higher activity (+2.0%). Good performance of Milan (+4%), with a positive trade fair calendar, while Rome (-2%) fell due to the lower demand of business groups.
  - **Benelux:** +1.6%, with growth in Brussels of +15% (100% through ADR) with relevant events. Good performance of conference hotels (+4%), while Amsterdam (-2%) fell as a result of lower business groups events during the quarter.
  - **Central Europe:** -5.9%, with lower prices (-0.8%) and less occupancy (-5.2%). The trade fair calendar had a negative impact on the quarter. Frankfurt (-16%) was also affected by the increase in hotel supply.
  - **LatAm:** -9.5% with a -11.4% drop in ADR and an increase in occupancy (+2.1%). Buenos Aires (-39%), Mexico City (+7% due to occupancy and ADR) and Bogota (-6%).
- With regard to the Group’s **level of activity** in the third quarter, occupancy dropped by -0.9% to 74.1% as a result of the trade fair calendar in Germany. Growth in LatAm (+2.1%), Italy (+2.0%) and Spain (+1.7%) was noteworthy.

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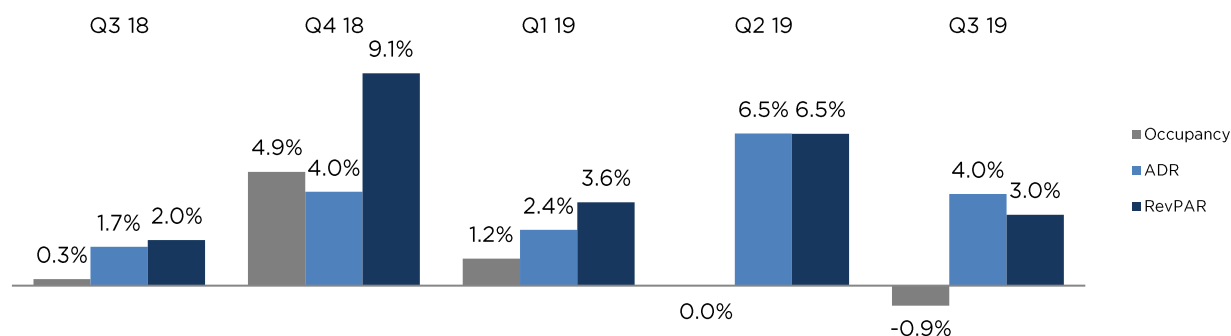
### 9M RevPAR evolution:

- **RevPAR rose by +4.5%** in the first nine months, with a **100% contribution through prices** (ADR +4.5%; +€4.3) and **occupancy** that remained stable at 71.8%. RevPAR and ADR growth in all markets, except for LatAm, highlighting the growth of RevPAR in Spain (+12.0%).

NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR 9M 2019/2018

	AVERAGE ROOMS		OCCUPANCY %			ADR			REVPAR		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	% Var	2019	2018	% Var	2019	2018	% Var
<b>Spain &amp; Others LFL &amp; R <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>11,167</b>	<b>11,025</b>	<b>75.6%</b>	<b>74.6%</b>	<b>1.3%</b>	<b>101.0</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>76.4</b>	<b>69.8</b>	<b>9.4%</b>
B.U. Spain Consolidated <sup>(1)</sup>	11,966	11,604	75.3%	74.3%	1.3%	103.3	93.4	10.6%	77.8	69.4	12.0%
<b>Italy LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>7,139</b>	<b>7,152</b>	<b>71.4%</b>	<b>70.8%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>123.2</b>	<b>120.5</b>	<b>2.2%</b>	<b>88.0</b>	<b>85.3</b>	<b>3.1%</b>
B.U. Italy Consolidated	7,292	7,235	71.4%	70.7%	1.1%	124.2	120.8	2.8%	88.7	85.4	3.9%
<b>Benelux LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>8,314</b>	<b>8,394</b>	<b>73.0%</b>	<b>73.2%</b>	<b>-0.2%</b>	<b>114.0</b>	<b>111.7</b>	<b>2.1%</b>	<b>83.3</b>	<b>81.7</b>	<b>1.9%</b>
B.U. Benelux Consolidated	8,853	8,896	72.6%	72.9%	-0.4%	113.8	110.9	2.6%	82.7	80.8	2.3%
<b>Central Europe LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>11,511</b>	<b>11,559</b>	<b>73.8%</b>	<b>74.3%</b>	<b>-0.7%</b>	<b>90.8</b>	<b>89.4</b>	<b>1.5%</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>0.9%</b>
B.U. Central Europe Consolidated	12,268	12,061	73.0%	74.4%	-1.9%	90.8	88.8	2.3%	66.3	66.1	0.3%
<b>Total Europe LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>38,131</b>	<b>38,130</b>	<b>73.7%</b>	<b>73.5%</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>104.7</b>	<b>101.1</b>	<b>3.6%</b>	<b>77.2</b>	<b>74.3</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
Total Europe Consolidated	40,380	39,797	73.3%	73.4%	-0.1%	105.5	100.7	4.8%	77.3	73.9	4.7%
<b>Latinamerica LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>5,083</b>	<b>5,080</b>	<b>61.2%</b>	<b>62.0%</b>	<b>-1.1%</b>	<b>71.0</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>-3.1%</b>	<b>43.5</b>	<b>45.4</b>	<b>-4.2%</b>
B.U. Latinamerica Consolidated	5,354	5,538	60.6%	60.7%	-0.2%	70.4	71.4	-1.5%	42.6	43.3	-1.6%
<b>NH Hotels LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>43,214</b>	<b>43,210</b>	<b>72.3%</b>	<b>72.1%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>	<b>101.4</b>	<b>98.3</b>	<b>3.1%</b>	<b>73.3</b>	<b>70.9</b>	<b>3.3%</b>
Total NH Consolidated	45,733	45,335	71.8%	71.8%	0.0%	102.0	97.7	4.5%	73.3	70.1	4.5%

### Evolution of Consolidated Ratios by quarter:



Consolidated Ratios	Occupancy					ADR					RevPAR				
	Q3 18	Q4 18	Q1 19	Q2 19	Q3 19	Q3 18	Q4 18	Q1 19	Q2 19	Q3 19	Q3 18	Q4 18	Q1 19	Q2 19	Q3 19
Spain <sup>(1)</sup>	-1.6%	7.4%	2.5%	0.0%	1.7%	-3.8%	5.1%	4.7%	12.5%	13.3%	-5.3%	12.9%	7.3%	12.5%	15.3%
Italy	0.6%	2.1%	0.1%	1.6%	2.0%	2.9%	3.0%	0.3%	4.5%	2.3%	3.5%	5.2%	0.4%	6.2%	4.3%
Benelux	3.2%	3.3%	0.9%	0.8%	-2.5%	2.5%	2.6%	0.1%	2.9%	4.2%	5.7%	6.0%	1.0%	3.7%	1.6%
Central Europe	1.0%	4.1%	1.4%	-1.5%	-5.2%	5.7%	4.6%	3.3%	4.6%	-0.8%	6.7%	8.8%	4.7%	3.0%	-5.9%
TOTAL EUROPE	0.6%	4.5%	1.4%	0.0%	-1.3%	1.8%	4.1%	2.2%	6.5%	5.0%	2.4%	8.7%	3.7%	6.5%	3.6%
Latin America real exc. rate	-2.2%	8.2%	-1.3%	-1.4%	2.1%	-1.1%	5.2%	2.4%	5.1%	-11.4%	-3.1%	13.8%	1.1%	3.6%	-9.5%
<b>NH HOTEL GROUP</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>4.9%</b>	<b>1.2%</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>-0.9%</b>	<b>1.7%</b>	<b>4.0%</b>	<b>2.4%</b>	<b>6.5%</b>	<b>4.0%</b>	<b>2.0%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>3.6%</b>	<b>6.5%</b>	<b>3.0%</b>

(1) Includes France and Portugal

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RECURRING HOTEL ACTIVITY *								
(€ million)	2019 Q3	2018 Q3	DIFF. 19/18	%DIFF.	2019 9M	2018 9M	DIFF. 19/18	%DIFF.
SPAIN <sup>(1)</sup>	106.6	97.8	8.8	9.0%	324.8	296.7	28.1	9.5%
ITALY	78.2	74.7	3.4	4.6%	225.3	217.1	8.1	3.8%
BENELUX	94.0	91.5	2.5	2.8%	267.1	263.4	3.7	1.4%
CENTRAL EUROPE	93.7	97.6	(3.9)	(4.0%)	276.4	276.9	(0.6)	(0.2%)
AMERICA	27.2	23.6	3.6	15.3%	88.2	84.0	4.2	5.0%
<b>TOTAL RECURRING REVENUE LFL&amp;R</b>	<b>399.6</b>	<b>385.2</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>3.7%</b>	<b>1,181.8</b>	<b>1,138.1</b>	<b>43.7</b>	<b>3.8%</b>
<b>OPENINGS, CLOSINGS &amp; OTHERS</b>	<b>36.3</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>17.0</b>	<b>87.7%</b>	<b>75.6</b>	<b>51.9</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>45.8%</b>
<b>RECURRING REVENUES</b>	<b>435.9</b>	<b>404.5</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>7.8%</b>	<b>1,257.4</b>	<b>1,190.0</b>	<b>67.4</b>	<b>5.7%</b>
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%				
SPAIN <sup>(1)</sup>	66.1	62.7	3.3	5.3%	200.2	189.0	11.1	5.9%
ITALY	44.9	44.6	0.3	0.7%	130.9	130.8	0.1	0.1%
BENELUX	56.6	56.2	0.4	0.8%	169.1	166.5	2.6	1.6%
CENTRAL EUROPE	59.8	60.5	(0.8)	(1.3%)	179.7	179.5	0.2	0.1%
AMERICA	19.1	16.2	2.9	17.9%	61.7	59.8	1.9	3.2%
<b>RECURRING OPEX LFL&amp;R</b>	<b>246.5</b>	<b>240.3</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>2.6%</b>	<b>741.5</b>	<b>725.5</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>2.2%</b>
<b>OPENINGS, CLOSINGS &amp; OTHERS</b>	<b>21.5</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>95.7%</b>	<b>46.4</b>	<b>30.7</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>51.0%</b>
<b>RECURRING OPERATING EXPENSES <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>268.0</b>	<b>251.3</b>	<b>16.7</b>	<b>6.7%</b>	<b>787.9</b>	<b>756.2</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>4.2%</b>
SPAIN <sup>(1)</sup>	40.5	35.0	5.4	15.5%	124.7	107.7	17.0	15.8%
ITALY	33.2	30.1	3.1	10.4%	94.4	86.4	8.0	9.3%
BENELUX	37.4	35.3	2.1	6.0%	98.1	96.9	1.2	1.2%
CENTRAL EUROPE	33.9	37.1	(3.2)	(8.5%)	96.7	97.5	(0.8)	(0.8%)
AMERICA	8.1	7.4	0.7	9.6%	26.5	24.2	2.3	9.5%
<b>RECURRING GOP LFL&amp;R</b>	<b>153.1</b>	<b>144.9</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>5.7%</b>	<b>440.3</b>	<b>412.6</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>6.7%</b>
<b>OPENINGS, CLOSINGS &amp; OTHERS</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>77.2%</b>	<b>29.3</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>38.3%</b>
<b>RECURRING GOP</b>	<b>167.9</b>	<b>153.2</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>9.6%</b>	<b>469.5</b>	<b>433.7</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>8.3%</b>
SPAIN <sup>(1)</sup>	22.8	22.6	0.2	1.1%	71.2	67.8	3.4	5.0%
ITALY	14.5	12.5	1.9	15.3%	41.5	38.2	3.3	8.7%
BENELUX	14.8	15.2	(0.4)	(2.3%)	44.5	44.7	(0.1)	(0.3%)
CENTRAL EUROPE	26.1	25.4	0.7	2.9%	77.7	76.9	0.8	1.0%
AMERICA	2.8	2.7	0.0	0.5%	8.3	8.3	0.0	0.5%
<b>RECURRING LEASES&amp;PT LFL&amp;R</b>	<b>81.1</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>3.3%</b>	<b>243.2</b>	<b>235.9</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>3.1%</b>
<b>OPENINGS, CLOSINGS &amp; OTHERS</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>101.4%</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>41.3%</b>
<b>RECURRING RENTS AND PROPERTY TAXES <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>89.8</b>	<b>82.9</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>8.4%</b>	<b>260.9</b>	<b>248.4</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>5.0%</b>
SPAIN <sup>(1)</sup>	17.6	12.4	5.2	41.7%	53.5	39.8	13.6	34.3%
ITALY	18.8	17.6	1.2	6.8%	52.8	48.1	4.7	9.8%
BENELUX	22.5	20.1	2.5	12.3%	53.5	52.2	1.3	2.5%
CENTRAL EUROPE	7.8	11.7	(3.9)	(33.4%)	19.0	20.6	(1.5)	(7.5%)
AMERICA	5.4	4.7	0.7	14.9%	18.2	15.9	2.2	14.1%
<b>RECURRING EBITDA LFL&amp;R</b>	<b>72.0</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8.5%</b>	<b>197.0</b>	<b>176.6</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>11.5%</b>
<b>OPENINGS, CLOSINGS &amp; OTHERS</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>50.8%</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>33.9%</b>
<b>RECURRING EBITDA EX. ONEROUS PROVISION <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>78.1</b>	<b>70.4</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>10.9%</b>	<b>208.7</b>	<b>185.3</b>	<b>23.3</b>	<b>12.6%</b>

<sup>(\*)</sup> IFRS 16 not included in business performance figures

<sup>(1)</sup> France and Portugal hotels are included in the Business Unit of Spain

<sup>(2)</sup> For the allocation of central costs, the distribution criterion used is the LFL GOP level of each business unit

<sup>(3)</sup> Rents and Recurring EBITDA exclude IFRS 16 accounting impact for comparison purposes. Both in Q3 and 9M, in the Rents line a reclassification has taken place between LFL&R perimeter and Openings, Closings & Others, not impacting total figures

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### Recurring Results by Business Unit (LFL&R basis) (\*)

#### Spain B.U. (1):

- Q3: RevPAR was up +9.9% in Q3, with an increase in prices of +8.3%, highlighting the good evolution of Barcelona, Madrid and secondary cities. Revenue grew by +9.0%.
- 9M: RevPAR rose by +9.4% due to the recovery of Barcelona (+16.8%; occupancy +6.8% and ADR +9.4%) and the excellent performance of Madrid (+13.1%; 67% through prices) due to the positive calendar of congresses and events. ADR rose +8.0% and occupancy by +1.3%.
  - Revenue grew by +9.5% due to the recovery of Barcelona (+15.5%) and the excellent performance of Madrid, which grew by +10.3% as a result of the abovementioned events. Secondary cities grew by +4.8%.
  - Operating expenses grew by +5.9% (-€11.1m), mainly explained by the increase in the minimum salary close to 10% and the CLA agreements that account for 50% of the increase, as well as the refurbished hotels and the increase in occupancy (+1.5%).
  - GOP reached €124.7m, up +15.8% (+€17.0m), and rents rose by +€3.4m (+5.0%).
  - EBITDA for the first nine months grew by +34.3% (+€13.6m) reaching €53.5m with a margin that increased by +3.0 p.p. to 16.5%.

(1) Includes France and Portugal

#### Italy B.U.:

- Q3: RevPAR growth of +3.1% in the quarter with an increase of +1.6% in prices and +1.4% in occupancy. Good evolution of Milan (+3.8%) as a result of the better trade fair calendar, while Rome (-2.2%) was affected by the lower demand of business groups. Revenue grew by +4.6%.
- 9M: RevPAR grew by +3.1% in the first nine months with the ADR up by +2.2% and occupancy by +0.9%. Good performance in LFL RevPAR in Rome (+1.6%), while Milan (+1.2%) recovered from the negative performance of the worse trade fair calendar of Q1.
  - Revenue growth of +3.8% (excluding refurbished hotels +1.6%). With regard to the main cities, Milan grew by +1.4%, recovering the loss of the first quarter, and Rome remained flat due to the lower demand of groups affecting other revenues.
  - Operating expenses remained flat and GOP grew by +9.3% (+€8.0m) to €94.4m.
  - Rents increased by +€3.3m (+8.7%), which is mainly explained by the refurbishments of a hotel in Rome and another in Milan in 2018.
  - EBITDA for the first nine months of the year improved by +9.8% (+€4.7m) to €52.8m with a margin that grew +1.3 p.p. to 23.5%.

#### Benelux B.U.:

- Q3: RevPAR growth of +1.3% in Q3 with an increase of +3.7% in prices and -2.4% in occupancy explained by secondary cities. Revenue grew by +2.8%.
- 9M: RevPAR growth of +1.9% with prices up +2.1% and occupancy remaining practically stable (-0.2%). It should be highlighted the LFL RevPAR growth in Brussels (+10.9%, 65% through prices) and Amsterdam (+2.0%). Conference hotels (+5.2%) have recovered from the negative performance of Q1 as a result of higher corporate events.

(\*) IFRS 16 not included in business performance figures

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- Revenue grew by +1.4%, driven by the good performance of Brussels (+9.3%) and conference hotels (+7.2%). Amsterdam grew by +0.7%, affected by the lower demand of groups with an impact also in other non-room revenues. Excluding the business loss due to the refurbishment of a hotel in Amsterdam (-€2.9m), comparable revenue grew by +2.7%.
- Operating expenses increased by +1.6% in the first nine months and GOP increased by +1.2% (+€1.2m), impacted by the increase in salaries related to the CLA agreements.
- EBITDA in the first nine months improved by 2.5% (+€1.3m) to €53.5m.

### Central Europe B.U.:

- Q3: RevPAR fell by -5.2% in the third quarter with a drop in prices of -1.5% and with lower occupancy (-3.8%) as a result of a negative trade fair calendar. Revenue fell by -4.0% in the quarter.
- 9M: RevPAR growth of +0.9% in the first nine months with ADR up by +1.5% and occupancy down by -0.7%. Good performance in Hamburg (+3.6%), secondary cities (+1.8%) and Austria (+9.4%). Frankfurt (-8.5%) was affected by the higher supply in the city and by the weaker trade fair calendar.
  - Revenue remained virtually stable (-0.2%) and was affected by the negative trade fair calendar in the third quarter and the refurbishment of a hotel in Munich. Frankfurt's revenue (-10.6%) also affected by the new supply.
  - Operating expenses remained stable in the first nine months of the year. GOP fell by -0.8% (+€0.8m) to €96.7m.
  - The increase in rents of +1.0% caused EBITDA for the first nine months to drop by 7.5% to €19.0m.

### Americas B.U. <sup>(2)</sup>:

- Q3: RevPAR dropped by -12.8% in the third quarter, with prices dropping by -13.7% with occupancy 1.0% higher. At constant exchange rates the growth of the BU's LFL&R revenue is -10.0% in the quarter and at real exchange rates revenue rose by +15.3% (distorted performance due to the application of IAS 29 in Q3 2018).
- 9M: RevPAR fell by -4.2% in the first nine months, with prices dropping by -3.1% and occupancy by -1.1%:
  - By regions, revenue for Mexico remained flat in local currency. At real exchange rate, revenue grew by +5.3% including the positive currency evolution (+5%).
  - In Argentina, revenue grew +55.7% at constant exchange rates, mainly due to an increase in average prices due to hyperinflation. Reported revenues increased by +17.5% including the effects of hyperinflation and the strong currency depreciation.
  - At Hoteles Royal, revenue dropped by -2.9% in local currency and taking into account the -5% devaluation of the currency, revenue dropped by -7.8%.

(2) Includes IAS 29 impact in Argentina

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**Consolidated Income Statement 9M**

NH HOTEL GROUP P&L ACCOUNT						
(€ million)	9M 2019 Reported	IFRS 16 Adj.	9M 2019 ex IFRS 16	9M 2018 Reported	Var. 9M ex IFRS16	
	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	%
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>1,257.4</b>	-	<b>1,257.4</b>	<b>1,190.0</b>	<b>67.4</b>	<b>5.7%</b>
Staff Cost	(422.7)	-	(422.7)	(400.1)	(22.6)	5.7%
Operating expenses	(365.2)	-	(365.2)	(356.1)	(9.0)	2.5%
<b>GROSS OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>469.5</b>	-	<b>469.5</b>	<b>433.7</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>8.3%</b>
Lease payments and property taxes	(69.0)	(191.8)	(260.9)	(248.4)	(12.5)	5.0%
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>400.5</b>	<b>(191.8)</b>	<b>208.7</b>	<b>185.3</b>	<b>23.3</b>	<b>12.6%</b>
Margin % of Revenues	31.9%	-	16.6%	15.6%	-	1.0 p.p.
Onerous contract reversal provision	-	1.2	1.2	1.9	(0.6)	(33.1%)
<b>EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS</b>	<b>400.5</b>	<b>(190.6)</b>	<b>209.9</b>	<b>187.2</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>12.1%</b>
Depreciation	(222.0)	134.5	(87.5)	(83.1)	(4.4)	5.3%
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>178.5</b>	<b>(56.1)</b>	<b>122.4</b>	<b>104.1</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>17.5%</b>
Net Interest expense	(84.6)	67.3	(17.3)	(25.4)	8.1	31.8%
Income from minority equity interests	0.0	-	0.0	(0.3)	0.3	N/A
<b>EBT</b>	<b>93.9</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>105.1</b>	<b>78.4</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>33.9%</b>
Corporate income tax	(29.5)	(3.2)	(32.7)	(30.8)	(1.8)	6.0%
<b>NET INCOME before minorities</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>72.4</b>	<b>47.6</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>52.0%</b>
Minority interests	(2.4)	-	(2.4)	(3.1)	0.7	21.9%
<b>NET RECURRING INCOME</b>	<b>61.9</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>57.2%</b>
Non Recurring EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	6.6	-	6.6	101.5	(94.9)	(93.5%)
Other Non Recurring items <sup>(2)</sup>	(2.6)	-	(2.6)	(52.5)	49.9	95.0%
<b>NET INCOME including Non-Recurring</b>	<b>65.9</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>(19.5)</b>	<b>(20.9%)</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes gross capital gains from asset rotation

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes taxes from asset rotation

**9M 2019 Comments <sup>(1)</sup>:**

- **Revenue growth of +5.7%** (+6.3% at constant exchange rates) **reaching €1,257m** (+€67m) in the first nine months of the year, despite the 2019 refurbishments (-€4m opportunity cost) and the negative currency impact (-€7m).
  - In like-for-like (“LFL”) terms, not including refurbishments and perimeter changes, revenue was up +4.1% (+4.8% at constant exchange rates) with solid performance in Europe (+3.5%). Outstanding growth in Spain (+9.2%). Benelux (+2.7%), Italy (+1.6%) and Central Europe (-0.2%) flat.
  - Perimeter changes contributed with +€24m mainly from the integration of the Tivoli portfolio (+€12m) and the openings of Anantara Villa Padierna, the Toulouse Airport, Madrid Gran Vía and Rio Novo in Venice.

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- **Cost evolution:**
  - **Staff costs** rose by +5.7% (-€22.6m), out of which 56% of the increase is explained by the comparable perimeter due to the increase in the collective labour agreements in Spain, Germany and Benelux. The rest is explained by the perimeter changes (Tivoli integration, openings and closings) and refurbished hotels.
  - **Other direct operating expenses** grew by +2.5% (-€9.0m). The impact of the perimeter changes and at a lower extent the refurbished hotels practically explain the entire increase.
- **Improvement of +€35.8m (+8.3%) at GOP level.** The margin on revenues improved by +0.9 p.p. in the first nine months with a conversion ratio of 53% from incremental revenue.
- **Leases and property taxes**, excluding the accounting impact of IFRS 16, reached €260.9m, up by -€12.5m (+5.0%). Perimeter changes explain 41% of the increase. The reported figure including IFRS 16 is €69.0m.
- Revenue growth together with cost control enabled to close the first nine months of the year with a **Recurrent EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup> growth, excluding the accounting impact of IFRS 16, of +12.6% reaching €208.7m**, meaning an **increase of +€23.3m and an improvement in the margin of +1.0 p.p.** The conversion rate of the increase in revenue to EBITDA is 35%. Including the impact of IFRS 16, reported EBITDA amounts to €400.5m.
- **Depreciation:** increase of -€4.4m due to the impact of the repositioning investments. Including the accounting impact of IFRS 16, the reported figure is €222.0m.
- **Net Financial expenses:** the +€8.1m improvement is mainly due to debt interest savings, explained by the early redemption of the convertible bond in June 2018 and by the partial early repayment of the 2023 bond amounting to €43.2m in Q4 2018. Including the impact of IFRS 16, the reported figure is -€84.6m.
- **Corporate Income Tax of -€29.5m**, +€1.3 lower than in 9M 2018 due to the lower adjustment for non-deductible financial expenses and deferred taxes arisen from IFRS 16 (+€3.2m), which offsets the better EBT performance.
- **Significant increase in reported Net Recurring Income in the first nine months of the year of +€17.4m with regard to 9M 2018, reaching €61.9m** due to business improvements and lower financial expenses, despite the net impact of IFRS 16 (-€8.0m).
- **Reported Total Net Income of €65.9m**, -€27.6m lower than the first nine months of 2018. The comparison is affected by the lower contribution (-€45m) of non-recurring activity.

(1) IFRS 16 and Hyperinflation (IAS 29) accounting impacts included in business performance figures unless stated

(2) Recurring EBITDA before onerous reversal and capital gains from asset disposals excludes IFRS 16 impacts for comparison purposes

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**Consolidated Income Statement Q3**

<b>NH HOTEL GROUP P&amp;L ACCOUNT</b>						
<i>(€ million)</i>	<b>Q3 2019 Reported</b>	<b>IFRS 16 Adj.</b>	<b>Q3 2019 ex IFRS 16</b>	<b>Q3 2018 Reported</b>	<b>Var. Q3 ex IFRS16</b>	
	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	€ m.	%
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>435.9</b>	-	<b>435.9</b>	<b>404.5</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>7.8%</b>
Staff Cost	(143.8)	-	(143.8)	(132.8)	(11.0)	8.3%
Operating expenses	(124.2)	-	(124.2)	(118.4)	(5.8)	4.9%
<b>GROSS OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>167.9</b>	-	<b>167.9</b>	<b>153.2</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>9.6%</b>
Lease payments and property taxes	(24.2)	(65.6)	(89.8)	(82.9)	(7.0)	8.4%
<b>EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>143.6</b>	<b>(65.6)</b>	<b>78.1</b>	<b>70.4</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>10.9%</b>
Margin % of Revenues	33.0%	-	17.9%	17.4%	-	0.5 p.p.
Onerous contract reversal provision	-	0.4	0.4	0.6	(0.2)	(27.2%)
<b>EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS</b>	<b>143.6</b>	<b>(65.2)</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>70.9</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>10.6%</b>
Depreciation	(77.2)	46.1	(31.1)	(28.5)	(2.5)	8.9%
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>(19.0)</b>	<b>47.4</b>	<b>42.4</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>11.7%</b>
Net Interest expense	(27.8)	22.0	(5.9)	(5.1)	(0.7)	14.5%
Income from minority equity interests	0.0	-	0.0	(0.2)	0.2	N/A
<b>EBT</b>	<b>38.6</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>41.6</b>	<b>37.1</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>12.0%</b>
Corporate income tax	(12.2)	(0.7)	(12.9)	(13.9)	1.0	(7.2%)
<b>NET INCOME before minorities</b>	<b>26.4</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>23.6%</b>
Minority interests	(0.6)	-	(0.6)	(1.6)	1.0	(61.9%)
<b>NET RECURRING INCOME</b>	<b>25.8</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>30.0%</b>
Non Recurring EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3	-	0.3	15.1	(14.8)	(98.3%)
Other Non Recurring items <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	(7.5)	7.5	99.3%
<b>NET INCOME including Non-Recurring</b>	<b>26.0</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>	<b>(3.1%)</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes gross capital gains from asset rotation

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes taxes from asset rotation

**Q3 2019 Comments <sup>(1)</sup>:**

- **Revenue grew by +7.8%** (+6.2% at constant exchange rates) **reaching €436m** (+€31m), including the positive currency impact (+€6m). Excluding IAS 29 and Tivoli integration, revenue would have grown +€15m or +3.8%.
  - With regard to the LFL growth reported of +3.4% (+1.6% at constant exchange rates), is noteworthy the excellent performance of Spain (+9.0%) and the solid growth of Benelux (+2.7%) and Italy (+1.5%) while Central Europe (-5.2%) was affected by a negative trade fair calendar.
  - Perimeter changes contributed with +€17m mainly from the integration of the Tivoli portfolio (+€12m) and the openings of Anantara Villa Padierna and the Toulouse Airport.



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- **Cost evolution:**
  - **Staff costs** rose by +8.3% (-€11.0m), with 40% of the increase explained by the comparable perimeter due to the increase in the collective labour agreements. The rest of the increase is explained by Tivoli integration, other openings and, to a lesser extent, the 2018 refurbishments.
  - **Other direct operating expenses** grew by +4.9% (-€5.8m). The impact of Tivoli integration and other openings practically explains all of the increase.
- **GOP** growth of +€14.7m due to the integration of Tivoli (+€6.2m) and despite CLA payroll increases in Spain, Germany and Benelux.
- **Leases and property taxes**, excluding the impact of IFRS 16, reached €89.8m, up by -€7.0m (+8.4%) due to the integration of Tivoli and perimeter changes (63% of the increase).
- Cost control allowed recurring **EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup> growth of +10.9% to €78.1m** to be reported, which represents an increase of €7.7m with a **margin of 17.9%** (+0.5 p.p.). Excluding Tivoli (+€4.2m) and IAS 29 accounting impact, EBITDA would have grown +€2.4m. Including the impact of IFRS 16, reported EBITDA amounts to €143.6m.
- **Depreciation:** increase of -€2.5m due to the impact of the repositioning investments. Including the accounting impact of IFRS 16, the reported figure is €77.2m.
- **Net Financial expenses:** the increase of -€0.7m is explained mainly by exchange differences (-€1.1m) that were greater than the savings in financial expenses as a result of the early partial repayment of the 2023 bond in the amount of €43.2m in Q4 2018 (+€0.6m). Including the impact of IFRS 16, the reported figure is €27.8m.
- **Reported Net Recurring Income improved by €4.3m on that reported in Q3 2018**, reaching €25.8m due to the business improvement, Tivoli integration, lower impact of IAS 29 and despite IFRS 16 net impact (-€2.2m).
- **Reported Total Net Income reported reached €26.0m** in the third quarter, -€3.1m less than the same period of 2018 due to the lower contribution (-€7m) of non-recurring activity.

(1) IFRS 16 and Hyperinflation (IAS 29) accounting impacts included in business performance figures unless stated

(2) Recurring EBITDA before onerous reversal and capital gains from asset disposals excludes IFRS 16 impacts for comparison purposes

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### Financial Debt and Liquidity

As of 30/09/2019 Data in Euro million	Maximum Available	Availability	Drawn	Repayment schedule								
				2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Rest
<b>Senior Credit Facilities</b>												
Senior Secured Notes due 2023	356.9	-	356.9	-	-	-	-	356.9	-	-	-	-
Senior Secured RCF due in 2021	250.0	250.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total debt secured by the same Collateral</b>	<b>606.9</b>	<b>250.0</b>	<b>356.9</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>356.9</b>	-	-	-	-
Other Secured loans <sup>(1)</sup>	29.6	-	29.6	0.7	2.6	2.5	2.1	6.0	1.3	0.9	0.7	12.8
<b>Total secured debt</b>	<b>636.5</b>	<b>250.0</b>	<b>386.5</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>362.9</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>12.8</b>
Unsecured loans <sup>(2)</sup>	47.5	15.6	31.9	0.1	0.94	0.2	0.2	30.5	-	-	-	-
Unsecured credit lines	53.5	53.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	40.0	-	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0
<b>Total unsecured debt</b>	<b>141.0</b>	<b>69.1</b>	<b>71.9</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>30.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>40.0</b>
<b>Total Gross Debt</b>	<b>777.5</b>	<b>319.1</b>	<b>458.4</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>393.4</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>52.8</b>
Cash and cash equivalents <sup>(3)</sup>			(268.0)									
<b>Net debt</b>			<b>190.4</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>393.4</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>52.8</b>
Arranging expenses			(11.7)	(0.7)	(3.0)	(2.9)	(2.5)	(2.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.4)
Accrued interests			7.2	7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IFRS 9 <sup>(4)</sup>			(7.3)	(0.3)	(1.4)	(1.6)	(1.7)	(1.5)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.4)
<b>Total adjusted net debt</b>			<b>178.6</b>									

<sup>(1)</sup> Bilateral mortgage loans.

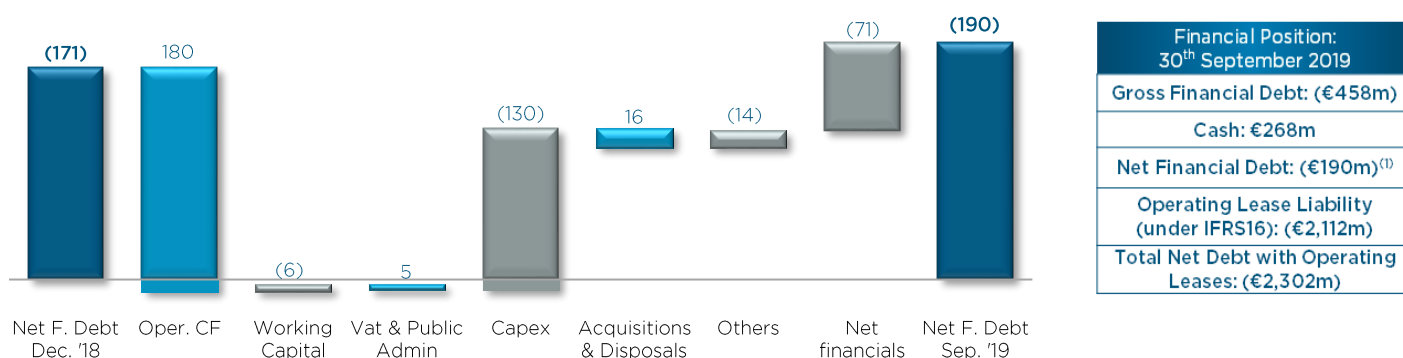
<sup>(2)</sup> Includes debt instruments with scheduled amortizations. The undrawn amount is related to NY capex loan with drawdown period up to 25/07/2020.

<sup>(3)</sup> Does not include treasury stock shares. As of 30/09/19 the group had 374.549 treasury stock shares with 1.6M€ market value as of 30 Sep. 2019 (€4,376/share)

<sup>(4)</sup> IFRS 9 - The new IFRS 9 related to the accounting treatment of financial assets and liabilities with implementation on 1 January 2018. The application of the new accounting rule as a result of improved terms and conditions of the 2017 refinancing, compared to former conditions, results in a n impact on NH Hotel Group (accounted within reserves, according to the rule) of less debt for €8.6m as of 1 January 2018 (€7.3m as of 30 September 2019 due to financial expense accounted in the year and the positive impact of the refinancing of a mortgage loan in Chile with better terms and conditions than before).

- **The solid cash flow generation** in the first nine months allowed to **maintain a low level of net financial debt (-€190m)** together with a **solid cash position of €268m** at the end of September 2019, despite Capex investments (-€130m) and the dividend payment (-€59m) in the period.
- At 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019, the Company had €268m of cash and available credit lines of €304m, of which €250m relate to the syndicated credit line maturing on 29 September 2021.

### 9M 2019 Net Financial Debt Evolution



- (1) Net Financial Debt excluding accounting adjustments for arrangement expenses €11.7m, accrued interest -€7.2m and IFRS 9 adjustment €7.3m. Including these accounting adjustments, the adjusted net financial debt would be (-€179m) at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019 vs. (-€153m) at 31<sup>st</sup> December 2018.

## 9M 2019 Sales and Results

Madrid, 11<sup>th</sup> November 2019

Cash flow generation in the first nine months of the year:

- (+) Operating cash flow: +€180.3m, including -€14.2m of credit card expenses and taxes paid of -€35.2m.
- (-) Working capital: Mainly explained by a lower overdue recovery from previous year due to optimized overdue levels, and some one-off effects related to certain projects on supply chain processes.
- (-) Capex payments: -€130.3m in the first nine months of the year.
- (+) Acquisitions and disposals: +€15,6m from NH Málaga II disposal (+€16.0m, net of VAT of -€3.4m), +€1.9m from the China JV closing, -€4.7m from the net investment made to operate Tivoli hotels and +€2.4m from deferred payments of previous years.
- (-) Others: Mainly severance payments and legal provisions.
- (-) Net financials and dividends: -€70.7m including -€11.4m net interest expense, -€58.2 net ordinary dividend paid in June 14<sup>th</sup> and -€1.2m minority dividend.

# Appendix

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## 9M 2019 Sales and Results

Madrid, 11<sup>th</sup> November 2019

**Appendix I:** In accordance with the Directives published by the ESMA in relation to Alternative Performance Measures (APMs), below it has been defined and reconciled the APMs used by the Group within the Results Publication of 9 months of 2019.

In addition, the abridged consolidated financial statements as at 30 September 2019 are shown below which include the effects of the application of IAS 29 "Financial information in hyperinflation economies " that concern the incorporation of the consolidated financial statements of the business unit of Argentina; and IFRS 16, new accounting standard for leases:

**NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT 30 SEPTIEMBRE 2019 AND 31 DECEMBER 2018**  
(Thousand Euros)

	30.09.2019	31.12.2018 (*)		30.09.2019	31.12.2018 (*)
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS:</b>			<b>EQUITY:</b>		
Goodwill	108,428	109,432	Share capital	784,361	784,361
Assets for rights of use	1,741,282	-	Reserves of the parent company	778,500	681,068
Intangible assets	103,750	110,569	Reserves of fully consolidated companies	(338,753)	(44,723)
Real estate investment	2,989	-	Reserves of companies consolidated using the equity method	(23,935)	(23,436)
Property, plant and equipment	1,697,221	1,637,718	Exchange differences	(66,109)	(60,854)
Investments accounted for using the equity method	7,501	8,971	Treasury shares and shareholdings	(1,637)	(2,530)
Non-current financial investments -	46,493	54,126	Consolidated profit for the period	65,914	117,785
<i>Loans and accounts receivable not available for trading</i>	35,902	42,598	<b>Equity attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company</b>	<b>1,198,341</b>	<b>1,451,671</b>
<i>Other non-current financial investments</i>	10,591	11,528	Non-controlling interests	51,354	52,351
Deferred tax assets	234,457	138,724	<b>Total equity</b>	<b>1,249,695</b>	<b>1,504,022</b>
Other non-current assets	-	13,427			
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>3,942,121</b>	<b>2,072,967</b>	<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	345,009	342,485
			Debt instruments and other marketable securities	94,966	71,473
			Debts with credit institutions	1,874,568	-
			Liabilities for operating leases	1,599	1,762
			Other financial liabilities	35,026	47,296
			Other non-current liabilities	34,394	51,178
			Provisions for contingencies and charges	181,049	177,478
			Deferred tax liabilities	<b>2,566,611</b>	<b>691,672</b>
			<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>			<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>	2,662	2,456
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	44,531	55,974	Liabilities associated with non-current assets classified as held for sale	3,290	73
Inventories	10,729	10,435	Debt instruments and other marketable securities	3,285	4,881
Trade receivables	126,265	106,601	Debts with credit institutions	237,798	-
Non-trade receivables -	44,867	38,195	Liabilities for operating leases	77	710
<i>Tax receivables</i>	28,224	19,451	Other financial liabilities	270,191	252,704
<i>Other non-trade debtors</i>	16,643	18,744	Trade and other payables	305	-
Account receivable with related entities	3,986	978	Tax payables	67,192	59,453
Cash and cash equivalents	267,959	265,869	Provisions for contingencies and charges	799	2,713
Other current assets	8,286	12,109	Other current liabilities	46,839	44,444
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>506,623</b>	<b>490,161</b>	<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>632,438</b>	<b>367,434</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>4,448,744</b>	<b>2,563,128</b>	<b>NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES</b>	<b>4,448,744</b>	<b>2,563,128</b>

Note: For comparison purpose, it should be considered that Financial Statement at September 30, 2019 includes the application of NIIF 16, not considered at December 31, 2018, due to first application was January 1, 2019, and the application of NIC 29, considered in the third quarter of the year 2018 for the first time.

(\*) According to the Relevant Event published on May 6, 2019, it has been included a reclassification in Equity at December 31, 2018 (between Consolidated profit for the period and Reserves of fully consolidated companies, amounting to 19.4M€; of which 16.2M€ are assigned to the Parent Company and 3.2M€ to non-controlling interests) as consequence of applying IAS 29.

9M 2019 Sales and Results

Madrid, 11<sup>th</sup> November 2019

**NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT AT 2019 AND 2018**  
(Thousands of euros)

	30/09/2019	30/09/2018
Revenues	1,249,510	1,183,818
Other operating income	7,924	4,267
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	2,591	89,389
Procurements	(55,564)	(54,419)
Staff costs	(329,585)	(311,770)
Depreciation and amortisation charges	(224,014)	(85,579)
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	1,442	3,311
Other operating expenses	(454,810)	(623,452)
<i>Variation in the provision for onerous contracts</i>	-	1,855
<i>Other operating expenses</i>	(454,810)	(625,307)
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other	5	(1,281)
Profit (Loss) from entities valued through the equity method	12	(265)
Financial income	1,446	2,678
Change in fair value of financial instruments	156	-
Financial expenses	(99,971)	(43,621)
Result	(50)	605
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	(424)	2,514
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>	<b>98,668</b>	<b>166,195</b>
Income tax	(29,719)	(68,794)
<b>PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD - CONTINUING</b>	<b>68,949</b>	<b>97,401</b>
<i>Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax</i>	(620)	(828)
<b>PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<b>68,329</b>	<b>96,573</b>
Exchange differences	(5,279)	3,678
<b>Income and expenses recognised directly in equity</b>	<b>(5,279)</b>	<b>3,678</b>
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT</b>	<b>63,050</b>	<b>100,251</b>
Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to:		
<i>Parent Company Shareholders</i>	65,914	93,482
<i>Non-controlling interests</i>	2,415	3,091
<i>Non-controlling interests in discontinued operations</i>		
Comprehensive Profit / (Loss) attributable to:		
<i>Parent Company Shareholders</i>	60,659	111,049
<i>Non-controlling interests</i>	2,391	3,234

Note: For comparison purpose, it should be considered that Financial Statement at September 30, 2019 includes the application of NIIF 16, not considered at December 31, 2018, due to first application was January 1, 2019, and the application of NIC 29, considered in the third quarter of the year 2018 for the first time.

For comparison purpose, IAS 29 reclassification has been included at 30 September 2018 between Financial expenses and Equity by 13M€ (16M€ at December of 2018, according to the Relevant Event published on May 6, 2019) see Balance Note.

**NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 AND 31 DECEMBER 2018**

(Thousands of euros)

	Equity attributed to the Parent Company						Non-controlling interest	Total Equity
	Own Funds							
	Share Capital	Issue premium and reserves	Treasury shares and shareholdings	Profit for the year attributable to the Parent Company	Other equity instruments	Valuation adjustments		
<b>Ending Balance at 31/12/2018</b>	<b>784,361</b>	<b>612,909</b>	<b>(2,530)</b>	<b>117,785</b>	-	<b>(60,854)</b>	<b>52,351</b>	<b>1,504,022</b>
Accounting correction (*)	-	16,212	-	(16,212)	-	-	-	-
<b>Ending Balance at 31/12/2018</b>	<b>784,361</b>	<b>629,121</b>	<b>(2,530)</b>	<b>101,573</b>	-	<b>(60,854)</b>	<b>52,351</b>	<b>1,504,022</b>
Adjustment for changes in accounting policies (IFRS 16)	-	(256,745)	-	-	-	-	(1,477)	(258,222)
<b>Adjusted balance at 31/12/2018</b>	<b>784,361</b>	<b>372,376</b>	<b>(2,530)</b>	<b>101,573</b>	-	<b>(60,854)</b>	<b>50,874</b>	<b>1,245,800</b>
Net profit (loss) for 2019	-	-	-	65,914	-	-	2,415	68,329
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	(5,255)	(24)	(5,279)
<b>Total recognised income / (expense)</b>	-	-	-	<b>65,914</b>	-	<b>(5,255)</b>	<b>2,391</b>	<b>63,050</b>
<b>Transactions with shareholders or owners</b>	-	<b>(60,998)</b>	<b>970</b>	-	-	-	<b>(1,323)</b>	<b>(61,351)</b>
Distribution of dividends	-	(58,771)	-	-	-	-	(1,323)	(60,094)
Remuneration Scheme in shares	-	(2,227)	970	-	-	-	-	(1,257)
<b>Other changes in equity</b>	-	<b>104,434</b>	<b>(77)</b>	<b>(101,573)</b>	-	-	<b>(588)</b>	<b>2,196</b>
Transfers between equity items	-	101,573	-	(101,573)	-	-	-	-
Application NIC 29	-	2,391	-	-	-	-	(588)	1,803
Other changes	-	470	(77)	-	-	-	-	393
<b>Ending balance at 30/09/2019</b>	<b>784,361</b>	<b>415,812</b>	<b>(1,637)</b>	<b>65,914</b>	-	<b>(66,109)</b>	<b>51,354</b>	<b>1,249,695</b>

Note: For comparison purpose, it should be considered that Financial Statement at September 30, 2019 includes the application of NIIF 16, not considered at December 31, 2018, due to first application was January 1, 2019, and the application of NIC 29, considered in the third quarter of the year 2018 for the first time.

(\*) According to the Relevant Event published on May 6, 2019, it has been included a reclassification in Equity at December 31, 2018 (between Consolidated profit for the period and Reserves of fully consolidated companies, amounting to 19.4M€; of which 16.2M€ are assigned to the Parent Company and 3.2M€ to non-controlling interests) as consequence of applying IAS 29.

	Equity attributed to the Parent Company						Non-controlling interest	Total Equity
	Own Funds							
	Share Capital	Issue premium and reserves	Treasury shares and shareholdings	Profit for the year attributable to the Parent Company	Other equity instruments	Valuation adjustments		
<b>Ending Balance at 31/12/2017</b>	<b>700,544</b>	<b>542,033</b>	<b>(39,250)</b>	<b>35,489</b>	<b>27,230</b>	<b>(157,542)</b>	<b>43,472</b>	<b>1,151,976</b>
Adjustment for changes in accounting policies (IFRS 9)	-	8,571	-	-	-	-	-	8,571
Application IAS 29	-	(50,724)	-	-	-	96,862	7,093	53,231
<b>Adjusted balance at 31/12/2017</b>	<b>700,544</b>	<b>499,880</b>	<b>(39,250)</b>	<b>35,489</b>	<b>27,230</b>	<b>(60,680)</b>	<b>50,565</b>	<b>1,213,778</b>
Net profit (loss) for 2018	-	-	-	117,785	-	-	6,722	124,507
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	(174)	(2,013)	(2,187)
<b>Total recognised income / (expense)</b>	-	-	-	<b>117,785</b>	-	<b>(174)</b>	<b>4,709</b>	<b>122,320</b>
<b>Transactions with shareholders or owners</b>	<b>83,817</b>	<b>118,049</b>	<b>36,720</b>	-	(27,230)	-	<b>(2,375)</b>	<b>208,981</b>
Distribution of dividends	-	(39,158)	-	-	-	-	(729)	(39,887)
Convertible Bonds	83,817	156,022	35,691	-	(27,230)	-	-	248,300
Remuneration Scheme in shares	-	1,185	1,029	-	-	-	-	2,214
<b>Other changes in equity</b>	-	<b>(5,020)</b>	-	<b>(35,489)</b>	-	-	<b>(548)</b>	<b>(41,057)</b>
Transfers between equity items	-	35,489	-	(35,489)	-	-	-	-
Application IAS 29	-	(43,199)	-	-	-	-	(548)	(43,747)
Other changes	-	2,690	-	-	-	-	-	2,690
<b>Ending balance at 31/12/2018</b>	<b>784,361</b>	<b>612,909</b>	<b>(2,530)</b>	<b>117,785</b>	-	<b>(60,854)</b>	<b>52,351</b>	<b>1,504,022</b>

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**NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED  
30 SEPTEMBER 2019 AND 2018**  
(Thousands of euros)

	30.09.2019	30.09.2018
<b>1. ACTIVIDADES DE EXPLOTACIÓN</b>		
<b>Resultado consolidado antes de impuestos y operaciones interrumpidas:</b>	<b>98,668</b>	<b>166,195</b>
<b>Ajustes al resultado:</b>		
Amortizaciones de activos materiales e inmateriales (+)	224,014	84,769
(Beneficios)/Pérdidas por deterioro de activos (neto) (+/-)	(1,442)	(3,311)
Dotaciones a provisiones (neto) (+/-)	-	(1,855)
Ganancias/Pérdidas por venta de activo material e intangible (+/-)	(2,591)	(91,462)
Ganancias/Pérdidas de inversiones valoradas por el método de la participación (+/-)	(12)	62
Ingresos financieros (-)	(1,446)	(2,693)
Variación de valor razonable en instrumentos financieros	(156)	-
Gastos financieros y variación de valor razonable en instrumentos financieros (+)	99,972	43,843
Resultado por exposición a hiperinflación (IAS 29)	50	-
Diferencias netas de cambio (Ingresos / Gastos)	424	(3,660)
Resultado por enajenación de inversiones financieras	(5)	1,281
Otras partidas no monetarias (+/-)	284	10,249
<b>Resultado ajustado</b>	<b>417,760</b>	<b>203,418</b>
Variación neta en los activos / pasivos:		
(Aumento)/Disminución de existencias	117	(86)
(Aumento)/Disminución de deudores comerciales y otras cuentas por cobrar	(21,160)	(5,313)
(Aumento)/Disminución de otros activos corrientes	9,624	50
Aumento/(Disminución) de acreedores comerciales	13,355	16,611
Aumento/(Disminución) de otros pasivos corrientes	(1,643)	6,918
Aumento/(Disminución) de provisiones para riesgos y gastos	(13,079)	(2,203)
(Aumento)/Disminución Activos no corrientes	209	484
Aumento/(Disminución) Pasivos no corrientes	(58)	1,681
Impuestos sobre las ganancias pagados	(35,231)	(42,401)
<b>Total flujos de efectivo netos de las actividades de explotación (I)</b>	<b>369,894</b>	<b>179,159</b>
<b>2. ACTIVIDADES DE INVERSIÓN</b>		
<b>Ingresos financieros</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>231</b>
<b>Inversiones (-):</b>		
Empresas del grupo, negocios conjuntos y asociadas	-	(1,000)
Activos materiales, intangibles e inversiones inmobiliarias	(137,464)	(83,466)
Inversiones financieras no corrientes	-	(671)
	<b>(137,464)</b>	<b>(85,137)</b>
<b>Desinversiones (+):</b>		
Empresas del grupo, negocios conjuntos y asociadas	1,903	85
Activos materiales, intangibles e inversiones inmobiliarias	18,436	20,843
Activos no corrientes mantenidos para la venta	-	154,168
	<b>20,339</b>	<b>175,096</b>
<b>Total flujos de efectivo netos de las actividades de inversión (II)</b>	<b>(116,919)</b>	<b>90,190</b>
<b>3. ACTIVIDADES DE FINANCIACIÓN</b>		
<b>Dividendos pagados (-)</b>	<b>(59,448)</b>	<b>(39,765)</b>
<b>Intereses pagados por deudas (-)</b>	<b>(25,627)</b>	<b>(29,695)</b>
Intereses pagados por medios de pago	(14,203)	(12,594)
Intereses pagados por financiación y otros	(11,424)	(17,101)
<b>Variaciones en (+/-):</b>		
<b>Instrumentos de pasivo:</b>		
- Obligaciones y otros valores negociables +	-	-
- Obligaciones y otros valores negociables -	-	(1,700)
- Deudas con entidades de crédito (+)	23,875	6,340
- Deudas con entidades de crédito (-)	(3,014)	(10,157)
- Pasivo por arrendamiento (-)	(188,533)	-
- Otros pasivos financieros (+/-)	(640)	(1,405)
<b>Total flujos de efectivo netos de las actividades de financiación (III)</b>	<b>(253,387)</b>	<b>(76,382)</b>
<b>4. AUMENTO/ DISMINUCIÓN BRUTA DEL EFECTIVO O EQUIVALENTES (I+II+III)</b>	<b>(412)</b>	<b>192,967</b>
<b>5. Efecto de las variaciones de los tipos de cambio en el efectivo o equivalentes (IV)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>181</b>
<b>6. Efecto de las variaciones al perímetro de consolidación (V)</b>	<b>2,500</b>	<b>(96)</b>
<b>7. AUMENTO/ DISMINUCIÓN NETA DEL EFECTIVO O EQUIVALENTES (I+II+III+IV+V)</b>	<b>2,090</b>	<b>193,052</b>
<b>8. Efectivo o equivalentes al comienzo del ejercicio</b>	<b>265,869</b>	<b>80,249</b>
<b>9. Efectivo o equivalentes al final del ejercicio</b>	<b>267,959</b>	<b>273,301</b>

Note: For comparison purpose, it should be considered that Financial Statement at September 30, 2019 includes the application of NIIF 16, not considered at December 31, 2018, due to first application was January 1, 2019, and the application of NIC 29, considered in the third quarter of the year 2018 for the first time.



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**A) Definitions**

**EBITDA (excl. IFRS 16):** Result before tax of continuing operations and before: net result from the disposal of non-current assets, depreciation, net loss from asset impairment, the result on disposal of financial investments, the result of entities valued by the equity method, financial income, change in the fair value of financial instruments, financing costs (except for credit card costs, which are considered to be operating cost) and net exchange differences. This APM is used to measure the purely operating results of the Group.

**RevPAR:** The result of multiplying the average daily price for a specific period by the occupancy in that period. This APM is used for comparison of average income per hotel room with other companies in the sector.

**Average Daily Rate (ADR):** The ratio of total room revenue for a specific period divided by the rooms sold in that specific period. This APM is used to compare average hotel room prices with those of other companies in the sector.

**LFL&R (Like for like with refurbishments):** We define LFL with refurbishments as the group of fully operated hotels in a 24-month period plus the refurbishments made in the last two years. It excludes those hotels that have just been opened or closed and that have therefore not been fully operational for 24 months. This APM is used to analyse operating results for the year in a manner comparable with those of previous periods excluding the impact of hotel refurbishments.

Below it has been provided a breakdown of the “Total Revenues” line split into “LFL and refurbishments” and “Openings, closings and other effects” to illustrate the above explanation:

		9M 2019	9M 2018
		M Eur.	M Eur.
<b>Total revenues</b>	A+B	<b>1,257.4</b>	<b>1.190.0</b>
Total recurring revenue LFL & Refurbishment	A	1,181.8	1.138.1
Openings, closing & others	B	75.6	51.9

It has been provided a reconciliation for the “Total Revenues” line in Point II for the period of 9 months ended 30 September 2019.

**Net Financial Debt (excl. IFRS 16):** Gross financial debt less cash and other equivalent liquid assets, excluding accounting adjustments for the portion of the convertible bond treated as equity, arrangement expenses and accrued interest. Gross financial debt includes both non-current liabilities and current obligations for bonds and other negotiable securities and debt to lending institutions.

**Capex:** Investments made on assets for improvement and development that have meant a cash outflow during the year. Obtained from the investments in fixed and intangible assets and property investments shown on the statement of cash flows on the consolidated financial statements.

**GOP (Gross operating profit):** The gross operating profit obtained from EBITDA plus costs of leases and property taxes, as follows:

**Conversion Rate:** This measures the proportion of revenue that has been transferred to EBITDA. It is calculated by dividing the change in EBITDA by the change in total revenue.

**B) Reconciliation of the APM to the most directly reconcilable item, subtotal or total in the financial statements:**

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The following significant APMs are contained in the Earnings Report of 9 months of 2019:

**I. ADR and RevPAR**

Earnings Report of 9 months of 2019 details the cumulative evolution of RevPAR and ADR in the following tables:

NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR 9M 2019/2018											
	AVERAGE ROOMS		OCCUPANCY %			ADR			REVPAR		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	% Var	2019	2018	% Var	2019	2018	% Var
<b>Spain &amp; Others LFL &amp; R <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>11,167</b>	<b>11,025</b>	<b>75.6%</b>	<b>74.6%</b>	<b>1.3%</b>	<b>101.0</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>76.4</b>	<b>69.8</b>	<b>9.4%</b>
B.U. Spain Consolidated <sup>(1)</sup>	11,966	11,604	75.3%	74.3%	1.3%	103.3	93.4	10.6%	77.8	69.4	12.0%
<b>Italy LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>7,139</b>	<b>7,152</b>	<b>71.4%</b>	<b>70.8%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>123.2</b>	<b>120.5</b>	<b>2.2%</b>	<b>88.0</b>	<b>85.3</b>	<b>3.1%</b>
B.U. Italy Consolidated	7,292	7,235	71.4%	70.7%	1.1%	124.2	120.8	2.8%	88.7	85.4	3.9%
<b>Benelux LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>8,314</b>	<b>8,394</b>	<b>73.0%</b>	<b>73.2%</b>	<b>-0.2%</b>	<b>114.0</b>	<b>111.7</b>	<b>2.1%</b>	<b>83.3</b>	<b>81.7</b>	<b>1.9%</b>
B.U. Benelux Consolidated	8,853	8,896	72.6%	72.9%	-0.4%	113.8	110.9	2.6%	82.7	80.8	2.3%
<b>Central Europe LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>11,511</b>	<b>11,559</b>	<b>73.8%</b>	<b>74.3%</b>	<b>-0.7%</b>	<b>90.8</b>	<b>89.4</b>	<b>1.5%</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>0.9%</b>
B.U. Central Europe Consolidated	12,268	12,061	73.0%	74.4%	-1.9%	90.8	88.8	2.3%	66.3	66.1	0.3%
<b>Total Europe LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>38,131</b>	<b>38,130</b>	<b>73.7%</b>	<b>73.5%</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>104.7</b>	<b>101.1</b>	<b>3.6%</b>	<b>77.2</b>	<b>74.3</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
Total Europe Consolidated	40,380	39,797	73.3%	73.4%	-0.1%	105.5	100.7	4.8%	77.3	73.9	4.7%
<b>Latinamerica LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>5,083</b>	<b>5,080</b>	<b>61.2%</b>	<b>62.0%</b>	<b>-1.1%</b>	<b>71.0</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>-3.1%</b>	<b>43.5</b>	<b>45.4</b>	<b>-4.2%</b>
B.U. Latinamerica Consolidated	5,354	5,538	60.6%	60.7%	-0.2%	70.4	71.4	-1.5%	42.6	43.3	-1.6%
<b>NH Hotels LFL &amp; R</b>	<b>43,214</b>	<b>43,210</b>	<b>72.3%</b>	<b>72.1%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>	<b>101.4</b>	<b>98.3</b>	<b>3.1%</b>	<b>73.3</b>	<b>70.9</b>	<b>3.3%</b>
Total NH Consolidated	45,733	45,335	71.8%	71.8%	0.0%	102.0	97.7	4.5%	73.3	70.1	4.5%

Below it is explained how the aforementioned data has been calculated:

	9M 2019	9M 2018
	€ Thousand	€ Thousand
<b>A</b> Room revenues	901,096	851,052
Other revenues	348,414	332,766
<b>Revenues according to profit &amp; loss statement</b>	<b>1,249,510</b>	<b>1,183,818</b>
<b>B</b> Thousand of room nights	8,831	8,712
<b>A / B = C</b> <b>ADR</b>	<b>102.0</b>	<b>97.7</b>
<b>D</b> Occupancy	71.8%	71.8%
<b>C x D</b> <b>RevPAR</b>	<b>73.3</b>	<b>70.1</b>

**II. INCOME STATEMENT 9 MONTHS OF 2019 AND 2018**

The Earnings Report of 9 months of breaks down the table entitled “Recurring hotel activity” obtained from the “Consolidated Income Statement” appearing in the same Earnings Report.

Below it has been provided a conciliation between the consolidated income statement and the abridged consolidated comprehensive income statements:

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### 9 months 2019

	Income Statements	Reclassification according to the Financial Statements	Financial expenses for means of payment	Oursourcing	Assets Disposal	Scrapping and non recurring depreciation	Claims, severance payments and other non recurring	P&L according to the Financial Statements	
APM Total revenues	1,257.4	(1,257.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Revenues	-	1,245.9	-	-	3.6	-	-	1,249.5	Revenues
Other operating income	-	7.9	-	-	-	-	-	7.9	Other operating income
<b>APM TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>1,257.4</b>	<b>(3.5)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,257.4</b>	
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	-	1.0	-	-	2.8	(1.2)	-	2.6	Net gains on disposal of non-current assets
APM Staff Cost	(422.7)	-	-	94.0	-	-	(0.9)	(329.6)	Staff costs
APM Operating expenses	(365.2)	(11.0)	14.2	(94.0)	0.5	-	0.7	(454.8)	Other operating expenses
Procurements	-	(55.6)	-	-	-	-	-	(55.6)	Procurements
<b>APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>469.5</b>	<b>(69.0)</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.2)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>420.1</b>	
APM Lease payments and property taxes	(69.0)	69.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	
lease payments and property taxes nr									
<b>APM EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>400.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.2)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>420.1</b>	
APM Onerous contract reversal provision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Variation in the provision for onerous contracts
<b>APM EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS</b>	<b>400.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.2)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>420.1</b>	
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	-	1.9	-	-	-	(0.6)	-	1.4	Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment
APM Depreciation	(222.0)	(2.0)	-	-	-	-	-	(224.0)	Depreciation and amortisation charges
<b>APM EBIT</b>	<b>178.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.8)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>197.5</b>	
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other
APM Interest expense	(84.6)	(1.2)	(14.2)	-	-	-	-	(100.0)	Finance costs
Finance Income	-	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	Finance income
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	Change in fair value of financial instruments
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	-	(0.4)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.4)	Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))
APM Income from minority equity interests	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using the equity method
<b>APM EBT</b>	<b>93.9</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.8)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>98.7</b>	<b>Profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations</b>
APM Corporate Income Tax	(29.5)	(0.2)	-	-	-	-	-	(29.7)	Income tax
<b>APM Net Income before minorities</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.8)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>68.9</b>	<b>Profit for the financial year - continuing</b>
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax	-	(0.6)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.6)	Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax
<b>APM NET INCOME before minorities</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>(0.8)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.8)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>68.3</b>	<b>Profit for the financial year - continuing</b>
APM Minority interests	(2.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.4)	Non-controlling interests
<b>APM Net Recurring Income</b>	<b>61.9</b>	<b>(0.8)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(1.8)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>65.9</b>	<b>Profits for the year attributable to Parent Company Shareholders</b>
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	6.6	-	-	-	(6.8)	-	0.2	-	
APM Other Non Recurring items	(2.6)	0.8	-	-	-	1.8	-	-	
<b>APM NET INCOME including Non-Recurring</b>	<b>65.9</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>65.9</b>	<b>Profits for the year attributable to Parent Company Shareholders</b>

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**9 months 2018**

(IFRS 16 not considered due to first application was January 1, 2019)

	Income Statements	Reclassification according to the Financial Statements	Financial expenses for means of payment	Oursourcing	Assets Disposal	Scrapping and non recurring depreciation	Claims, severance payments and other non recurring	P&L according to the Financial Statements	
APM Total revenues	1,190.0	(1,190.0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Revenues	-	1,182.1	-	-	1.7	-	0.0	1,183.8	Revenues
Other operating income	-	4.3	-	-	-	-	-	4.3	Other operating income
<b>APM TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>1,190.0</b>	<b>(3.6)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1,188.1</b>	
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	-	-	-	-	101.8	(12.5)	-	89.4	Net gains on disposal of non-current assets
APM Staff Cost	(400.1)	0.3	-	89.5	-	-	(1.5)	(311.8)	Staff costs
APM Operating expenses	(356.1)	(190.6)	12.4	(89.5)	-	-	(1.5)	(625.3)	Other operating expenses
Procurements	-	(54.4)	-	-	-	-	-	(54.4)	Procurements
<b>APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>433.7</b>	<b>(248.4)</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>103.6</b>	<b>(12.5)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>286.0</b>	
APM Lease payments and property taxes	(248.4)	248.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
lease payments and property taxes nr									
<b>APMEBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS</b>	<b>185.3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>103.6</b>	<b>(12.5)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>286.0</b>	
APM Onerous contract reversal provision	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9	Variation in the provision for onerous contracts
<b>APMEBITDA AFTER ONEROUS</b>	<b>187.2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>103.6</b>	<b>(12.5)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>287.8</b>	
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.0	-	3.3	Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment
APM Depreciation	(83.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(85.6)	Depreciation and amortisation charges
<b>APMEBIT</b>	<b>104.1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>104.3</b>	<b>(12.4)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>205.6</b>	
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other	-	(1.3)	-	-	-	-	-	(1.3)	Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other
APM Interest expense	(25.4)	(5.2)	(12.4)	-	-	-	-	(43.0)	Finance costs
Finance Income	-	2.7	-	-	-	-	-	2.7	Finance income
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Change in fair value of financial instruments
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	-	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))
APM Income from minority equity interests	(0.3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.3)	Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using the equity method
<b>APMEBT</b>	<b>78.4</b>	<b>(1.3)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>104.3</b>	<b>(12.4)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>166.2</b>	<b>Profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations</b>
APM Corporate Income Tax	(30.8)	(0.4)	-	-	(37.6)	-	-	(68.8)	Income tax
<b>APM Net Income before minorities</b>	<b>47.6</b>	<b>(1.7)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>66.8</b>	<b>(12.4)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>97.4</b>	<b>Profit for the financial year - continuing</b>
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax	-	(0.8)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.8)	Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax
<b>APM NET INCOME before minorities</b>	<b>47.6</b>	<b>(2.5)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>66.8</b>	<b>(12.4)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>96.6</b>	<b>Profit for the financial year - continuing</b>
APM Minority interests	(3.1)	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	(3.1)	Non-controlling interests
<b>APM Net Recurring Income</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>(2.5)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>66.8</b>	<b>(12.4)</b>	<b>(2.9)</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>Profits for the year attributable to Parent Company Shareholders</b>
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	101.5	-	-	-	(104.4)	-	2.9		
APM Other Non Recurring items	(52.5)	2.5	-	-	37.6	12.4	-		
<b>APM NET INCOME including Non-Recurring</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>Profits for the year attributable to Parent Company Shareholders</b>

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**III. DEBT AND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 AND 31 DECEMBER 2018**

**III.1 Debt presented in the earnings report of 9 months of 2019.**

As of 30/09/2019 Data in Euro million	Maximum Available	Availability	Drawn	Maturities					
				Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Remainder
<b>Mortgage loans</b>	<b>29,617</b>		<b>29,617</b>	<b>2,681</b>	<b>2,489</b>	<b>2,312</b>	<b>6,251</b>	<b>1,316</b>	<b>14,569</b>
Fixed rate	24,834		24,834	1,332	1,451	1,477	5,633	689	14,251
Variable rate	4,782		4,782	1,348	1,037	835	617	627	317
<b>Subordinated loans</b>	<b>40,000</b>		<b>40,000</b>						<b>40,000</b>
Variable rate	40,000		40,000						40,000
<b>Senior secured notes</b>	<b>250,000</b>	<b>250,000</b>							
Fixed rate	250,000	250,000							
<b>Unsecured loans</b>	<b>356,850</b>		<b>356,850</b>					<b>356,850</b>	
Variable rate	356,850		356,850					356,850	
<b>Secured RCF</b>	<b>47,504</b>	<b>15,613</b>	<b>31,891</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>30,471</b>	<b>55</b>	
Variable rate	47,504	15,613	31,891	1,015	183	166	30,471	55	
<b>Credit lines</b>	<b>53,500</b>	<b>53,500</b>	-	-					
Variable rate	53,500	53,500	-	-					
<b>Borrowing at 30/09/2019</b>	<b>777,471</b>	<b>319,113</b>	<b>458,357</b>	<b>3,696</b>	<b>2,671</b>	<b>2,479</b>	<b>36,721</b>	<b>358,222</b>	<b>54,569</b>
Arrangement expenses	(11,701)		a (11,701)	(2,958)	(3,079)	(2,450)	(2,615)	(62)	(537)
IFRS 9	7,195		b 7,195	7,195					
Accrued interests	(7,301)		c (7,301)	(1,358)	(1,511)	(1,681)	(1,874)	(139)	(738)
<b>Adjusted total debt at 30/09/2019</b>	<b>765,663</b>	<b>319,113</b>	<b>446,550</b>	<b>6,575</b>	<b>(1,919)</b>	<b>(1,652)</b>	<b>32,233</b>	<b>358,020</b>	<b>53,294</b>
<b>Adjusted total debt at 31/12/2018</b>	<b>769,271</b>	<b>350,359</b>	<b>418,912</b>	<b>4,954</b>	<b>(1,504)</b>	<b>(1,928)</b>			<b>417,390</b>

**III.2 Statement of cash flows included in the earnings report of 9 months of 2019.**

Net financial debt as at 30 September 2019 and 31 December 2018 has been obtained from the consolidated balance sheet at 30 September 2019 and from the consolidated financial statements for 31 December 2018 and is as follows:

	30/09/2019	31/12/2018 (1)	VAR.
<i>Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements</i>	345,009	342,485	
<i>Bank borrowings according to financial statements</i>	94,966	71,473	
<b><i>Bank borrowings and debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements</i></b>	<b>439,975</b>	<b>413,958</b>	
<i>Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements</i>	3,290	73	
<i>Bank borrowings according to financial statements</i>	3,285	4,881	
<b><i>Bank borrowings and debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements</i></b>	<b>6,575</b>	<b>4,954</b>	
<b>Total Bank borrowings and debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements</b>	<b>446,550</b>	<b>418,912</b>	
<i>Arrangement expenses</i>	a 11,701	13,517	
<i>IFRS 9</i>	b (7,195)	8,237	
<i>Borrowing costs</i>	c 7,301	(4,091)	
<b>APM Gross debt</b>	<b>458,357</b>	<b>436,575</b>	
<i>Cash and cash equivalents according to financial statements</i>	(267,959)	(265,869)	
<b>APM Net Debt</b> B	<b>190,398</b> A	<b>170,706</b>	<b>19,692</b>
<i>Liabilities for operating leases (Current and non current)</i>	2,112,366	0	
<b>APM Net with Debt IFRS 16</b>	<b>2,302,764</b>	<b>170,706</b>	<b>2,132,058</b>

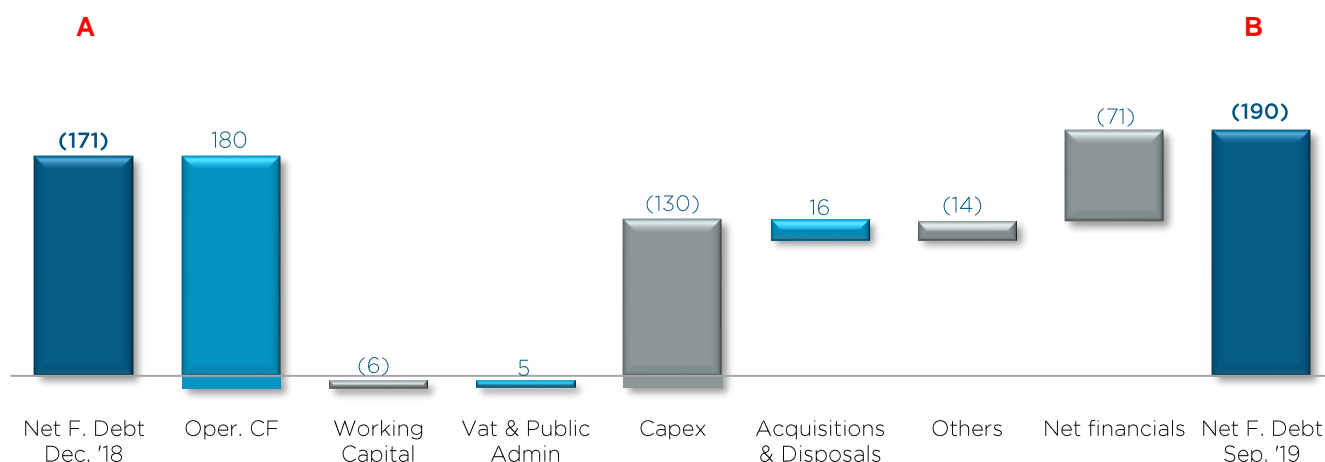
(1) Not included the application of IFRS 16; Not considered at December 31, 2018 due to first application was January 1, 2019.

The following chart reconciles the change in net financial debt shown in the earnings report of 9 months of 2019:

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**Evolution of Net Financial Debt 9M 2019**



To do so, it has been taken each heading from the statement of cash flows in the financial statements as at 30 September 2019 and shown the grouping:

	Oper. CF	Working capital	VAT & Public Admin	Capex	Acquisitions & Disposals	Others	Net Financials	IFRS 16	Total
<b>Total</b>	(180.3)	5.9	(4.9)	130.3	(15.6)	13.8	70.7	-	19.7
<b>Total</b>	180.3	(5.9)	4.9	(130.3)	15.6	(13.8)	(70.7)	-	(19.7)
Adjusted profit (loss)		229.8							229.8
Income tax paid	(35.2)								(35.2)
Financial expenses for means of payments	(14.2)								(14.2)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		0.1							0.1
(Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other accounts receivable		(21.1)							(21.1)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade payables		15.1							15.1
(Increase)/Decrease in VAT & public Administration			4.9						4.9
Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property				(130.3)					(130.3)
Change in the scope of consolidation					-				-
Group companies, joint ventures and associates					(2.8)				(2.8)
Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property					18.4				18.4
(Increase)/Decrease in current assets		(1.5)							(1.5)
(Increase)/Decrease in provision for contingencies and expenses		(13.1)							(13.1)
- Other financial liabilities (+/-)		(0.6)							(0.6)
Increase/(Decrease) in other non current assets and liabilities and others		2.4							2.4
Interests paid in debts and other interests (without means of payments)							(11.4)		(11.4)
Dividends paid							(59.4)		(59.4)
Finance Income							0.2		0.2

All of the aforementioned information has been obtained from the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows from 30 September 2019 which we include at the beginning of this appendix.

The aforementioned APMs have been defined and used from the standpoint of analysing the management of the business and the sector; the measures arising from the financial statements can be interpreted and are directly comparable to those of other groups in the sector and, therefore, APMs are not more relevant than the financial statements themselves. The earnings report, which includes the aforementioned APMs, is published at the end of each quarter to provide periodic information on the business' evolution and management to investors and analysts. In addition, half-yearly and annual financial statements are published complying with the filing requirements established in the applicable accounting regulations.

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Madrid, 11<sup>th</sup> November 2019

**Appendix II: Portfolio changes & Current portfolio**

**New Agreements, Openings and Exits**

**Hotels signed from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019**

City / Country	Contract	# Rooms	Opening
La Coruña / Spain	Leased	92	2019
Marbella / Spain	Leased	132	2019
Rome / Italy	Leased	42	2019
Aguascalientes / Mexico	Management	105	2021
Andorra la Vella / Andorra	Management	60	2019
Lisbon / Portugal*	Leased	119	2019
Lisbon / Portugal*	Leased	285	2019
Lisbon / Portugal*	Leased	279	2019
Vilamoura / Portugal	Management	280	2019
Carvoeiro / Portugal	Management	248	2019
Coimbra / Portugal	Management	100	2019
Lagos / Portugal	Management	296	2019
Portimao / Portugal	Management	196	2019
Vilamoura / Portugal	Management	383	2019
Sintra / Portugal	Management	30	2019
Sintra / Portugal	Management	77	2019
Vilamoura / Portugal	Management	103	2019
Evora / Portugal	Franchised	56	2019
Verona / Italy	Leased	70	2020
Hamburg / Germany	Leased	136	2021
Porto / Portugal	Management	150	2022
Malaga / Spain	Management	43	2019
<b>TOTAL SIGNED HOTELS</b>		<b>3,282</b>	

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**Hotels opened from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019**

Hotels	City / Country	Contract	# Rooms
NH Mannheim	Mannheim / Germany	Leased	225
NH Collection Valencia Colón	Valencia / Spain	Management	47
NH Collection Mérida Paseo Montejo	Mérida / Mexico	Leased	120
Anantara Villa Padierna Palace Benahavís Marbella Resort	Marbella / Spain	Leased	132
NH Collection Santiago Casacostanera	Santiago / Chile	Management	85
NH Leipzig Zentrum	Leipzig / Germany	Leased	197
NH Collection A Coruña Finisterre	La Coruña / Spain	Leased	92
NH Porto Jardim	Oporto / Portugal	Management	79
AVANI Avenida Liberdade Lisbon	Lisbon / Portugal	Leased	119
Tivoli Avenida Liberdade Lisbon	Lisbon / Portugal	Leased	285
Tivoli Oriente Lisbon	Lisbon / Portugal	Leased	279
Anantara Vilamoura Algarve Resort	Vilamoura / Portugal	Management	280
Tivoli Carvoeiro Algarve Resort	Carvoeiro / Portugal	Management	248
Tivoli Coimbra	Coimbra / Portugal	Management	100
Tivoli Lagos Algarve Resort	Lagos / Portugal	Management	296
Tivoli Marina Portimão Algarve Resort	Portimao / Portugal	Management	196
Tivoli Marina Vilamoura Algarve Resort	Vilamoura / Portugal	Management	383
Tivoli Palácio de Seteais	Sintra / Portugal	Management	30
Tivoli Sintra	Sintra / Portugal	Management	77
The Residences at Victoria Algarve	Vilamoura / Portugal	Management	103
Tivoli Évora Ecoresort	Evora / Portugal	Franchised	56
NH Collection Roma Fori Imperiali	Rome / Italy	Leased	42
NH Andorra la Vella	Andorra la Vella / Andorra	Management	60
NH Collection Antwerp Centre	Antwerp / Belgium	Leased	180
<b>TOTAL OPENINGS</b>			<b>3,711</b>

**Hotels exiting from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019**

Hotels	City / Country	Month	Contract	# Rooms
NH Bogotá Metrotel Royal	Bogota / Colombia	January	Leased	336
NH Berlin Treptow	Berlin / Germany	April	Leased	126
NH Deggendorf	Deggendorf / Germany	September	Leased	125
<b>TOTAL EXITS</b>				<b>587</b>



**HOTELS OPENED BY COUNTRY AT 30<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER 2019**

Business Unit	Country	TOTAL		Leased			Owned		Management		Franchised	
		Hotels	Rooms	Call Option	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
BU Benelux	Belgium	14	2,314		6	1,197	8	1,117				
	Luxembourg	1	148				1	148				
	South Africa	1	198		1	198						
	The Netherlands	35	6,782	2	20	3,362	14	2,969	1	451		
	United Kingdom	1	121		1	121						
<b>BU Benelux</b>		<b>52</b>	<b>9,563</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>4,878</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>4,234</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>451</b>		
BU Central Europe	Austria	7	1,340	1	7	1,340						
	Czech Republic	3	581						3	581		
	Germany	57	10,463	3	52	9,463	5	1,000				
	Hungary	1	160		1	160						
	Poland	1	93								1	93
	Romania	2	159		1	83			1	76		
	Slovakia	1	117						1	117		
	Switzerland	3	382		2	260					1	122
<b>BU Central Europe</b>		<b>75</b>	<b>13,295</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>11,306</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>774</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>215</b>
BU Italy	Italy	52	7,934	1	36	5,573	13	1,872	3	489		
<b>BU Italy</b>		<b>52</b>	<b>7,934</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>5,573</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1,872</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>489</b>		
BU Spain	Andorra	1	60						1	60		
	Spain	106	12,806		74	9,057	13	1,977	14	1,380	5	392
	Portugal	17	2,809		5	854			11	1,899	1	56
	France	5	871		4	721			1	150		
	USA	1	242				1	242				
<b>BU Spain</b>		<b>130</b>	<b>16,788</b>		<b>83</b>	<b>10,632</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2,219</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>3,489</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>448</b>
BU America	Argentina	15	2,144				12	1,524	3	620		
	Brasil	1	180		1	180						
	Colombia	13	1,355		13	1,355						
	Cuba	2	251						2	251		
	Chile	5	583				4	498	1	85		
	Dominican Republic	6	2,503						6	2,503		
	Ecuador	1	124		1	124						
	Haiti	1	72						1	72		
	Mexico	17	2,674		6	853	4	685	7	1,136		
	Uruguay	1	136				1	136				
<b>BU America</b>		<b>62</b>	<b>10,022</b>		<b>21</b>	<b>2,512</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>2,843</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>4,667</b>		
<b>TOTAL OPEN</b>		<b>371</b>	<b>57,602</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>34,901</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>12,168</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>9,870</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>663</b>

### SIGNED PROJECTS AS OF 30<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER 2019

After the latest negotiations and cancellation of signed projects, the following hotels and rooms are still to be opened:

Business Unit	Country	TOTAL		Leased		Management	
		Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
BU Benelux	The Netherlands	1	650	1	650		
	United Kingdom	1	190			1	190
<b>BU Benelux</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>190</b>
BU Central Europe	Germany	5	1,289	5	1,289		
<b>BU Central Europe</b>		<b>5</b>	<b>1,289</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1,289</b>		
BU Italy	Italy	4	497	3	355	1	142
<b>BU Italy</b>		<b>4</b>	<b>497</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>142</b>
BU Spain	Spain	2	107	1	64	1	43
	Portugal	1	150			1	150
<b>BU Spain</b>		<b>3</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>193</b>
BU America	Chile	2	281			2	281
	Mexico	5	629	2	260	3	369
	Panama	1	83			1	83
	Peru	2	429			2	429
<b>BU America</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>1,422</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1,162</b>
<b>TOTAL SIGNED</b>		<b>24</b>	<b>4,305</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2,618</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1,687</b>

Details of committed investment for the hotels indicated above by year of execution:

	2019	2020	2021
Expected Investment (€ millions)	10.7	14.6	2.3

**nH** | HOTEL GROUP PART OF **MINOR**  
HOTELS



## 2019 Q3 Results Presentation Conference Call

Tuesday 12<sup>th</sup> of November 2019, 12.00 (CET)

NH Hotel Group invites you to take part in a conference call to discuss its results presentation:

**Speakers**     **Mr. Ramón Aragonés (CEO) and  
Ms. Beatriz Puente (CFO)**

**Date**             **12/11/2019**

**Time**             **12.00 (CET)**

**TELEPHONE NUMBER & PIN CODE FOR THE CONFERENCE**  
Participant's access - 10 minutes before the conference starts

SPAIN

**+34 91 114 01 01**  
**PIN CODE: 62928135#**

### PLAYBACK

Telephone number for the playback:     **+34 91 038 74 91**  
Conference reference:                     **418884169#**