

## **HECHO RELEVANTE**

De conformidad con lo previsto en el artículo 17 del Reglamento (UE) n° 596/2014 sobre abuso de mercado y en el artículo 228 del texto refundido de la Ley del Mercado de Valores, aprobado por el Real Decreto Legislativo 4/2015, de 23 de octubre, y disposiciones concordantes, **eDreams ODIGEO** (la “**Sociedad**”) informa de la publicación de la **presentación financiera** que se adjunta a continuación y que contiene información relevante respecto a los resultados del ejercicio finalizado a 31 de marzo de 2018.

En Luxemburgo, a 27 de junio de 2018

**eDreams ODIGEO**

# Full Year Results

Fiscal Year 2018 FY Results, ending March 31<sup>st</sup> 2018

June 27<sup>th</sup> 2018

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# Full Year Results Highlights

- Full Year Results Highlights
- Financial Analysis
- Strategy Update (Part 1)
- KPIs
- Strategy Update & Outlook (Part 2)
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## RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS



**Increased guidance achieved for FY18: Bookings, Revenue Margin and Adjusted EBITDA**



**14 Consecutive quarters meeting or exceeding guidance**



**Change in revenue model and diversification on track**

Positive results visible on KPIs



**Strong cash flow and working capital performance**

In Q4 we had €107mn of working capital inflow, and finished the year in +€7Mn vs an outflow of €96Mn in 9M FY2018. Cash at the end of the period stood at €171.5 Mn (+20% y-on-y)



**Significant improvement in deleveraging the business**

Net leverage Ratio reduced from 2.7x to 2.1x in the past 12 months

## SOLID RESULTS, results above initial and raised guidance

### Bookings

In thousands



**Guidance**

> 11.7Mn

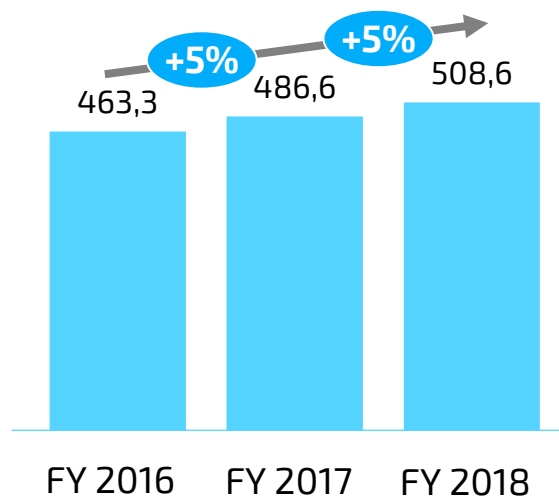


%

Adjusted for the sale of Corporate Travel and Packaged Tours businesses

### Revenue Margin

In € million

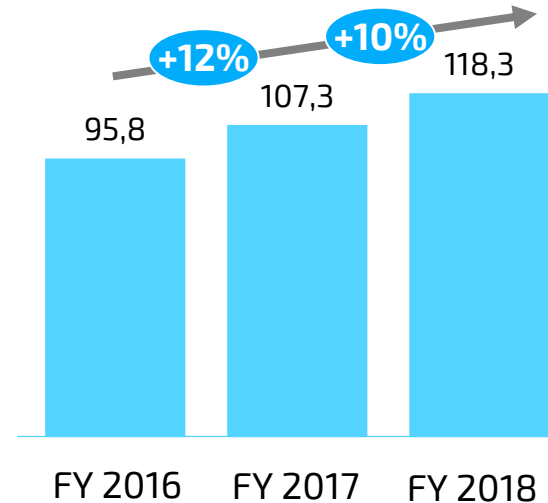


**Guidance**

> €487Mn

### Adjusted EBITDA

In € million



**Initial guidance**

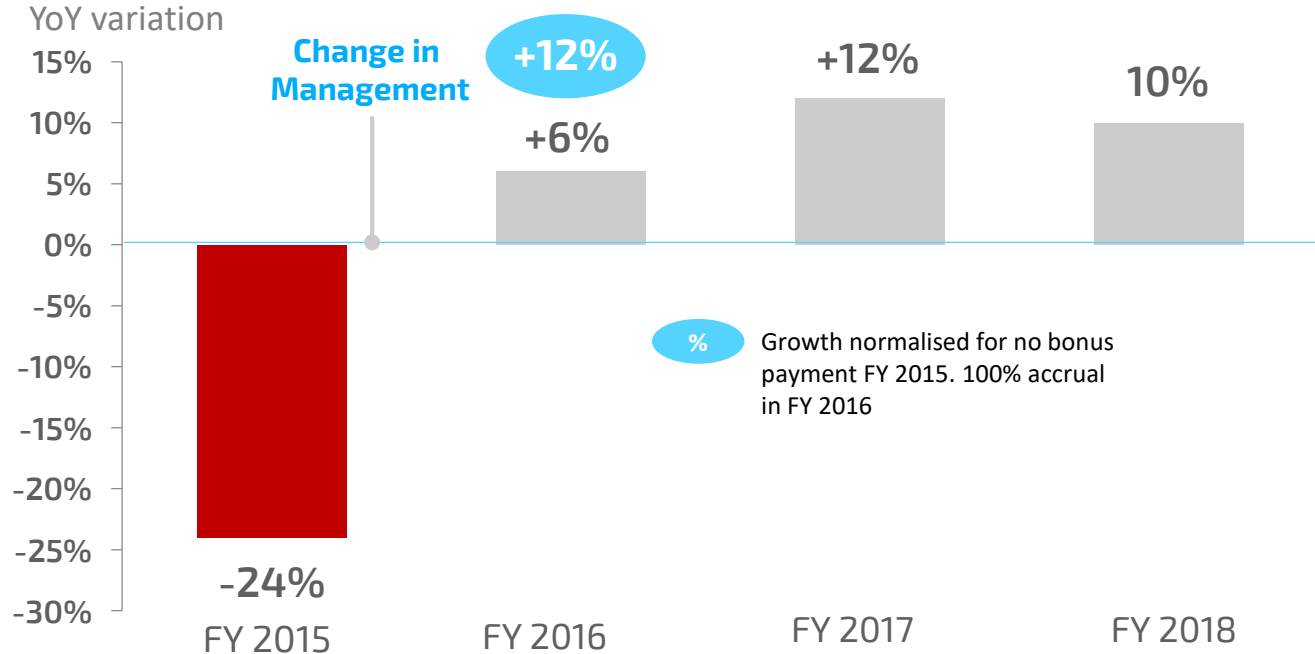
€113-117Mn

**Raised guidance**

€116-120Mn

# STRATEGY DELIVERING GOOD GROWTH IN ADJUSTED EBITDA

## Adjusted EBITDA evolution



**CAGR 15-18**

**+7%**

Bookings

**+5%**

Revenue Margin

**+9%**

Adjusted EBITDA

Note normalised for no bonus payment: In the year ended March 2015 we paid zero bonus to staff while in the year ended March 2016 we accrued at 100% (€5.2 million). If we normalise for the different level of bonus

payment, which has been provisioned and accrued each quarter, our implied adjusted EBITDA growth is higher.

Source: Consolidated financial statements, audited (\*) Definitions of Non-GAAP measures on page 50-52

# Financial Analysis

- Full Year Results Highlights
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## INCOME STATEMENT

(In € million)

	FY 2018	Var. 18 vs 17	FY 2017	Var. 17 vs 16	FY 2016
<b>Revenue margin</b>	<b>508.6</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>486.6</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>463.3</b>
Variable costs	(311.2)	4%	(298.9)	0%	(297.5)
Fixed costs	(79.1)	(2)%	(80.3)	15%	(69.9)
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>118.3</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>107.3</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>95.8</b>
Non recurring items	(21.0)	126%	(9.3)	(11)%	(10.5)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>97.3</b>	<b>(1)%</b>	<b>98.0</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>85.3</b>
D&A incl. impairment & results on assets disposals	(25.5)	21%	(21.1)	15%	(18.4)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>71.8</b>	<b>(7)%</b>	<b>76.9</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>67.0</b>
Financial loss	(44.7)	(26)%	(60.6)	31%	(46.1)
Income tax	(7.3)	25%	(5.9)	(31)%	(8.4)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>(16)%</b>	<b>12.4</b>
<b>Adjusted net income</b>	<b>32.3</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>57%</b>	<b>20.1</b>

Source: Consolidated financial statements, audited

(\*) Definitions of Non-GAAP measures on page 50-52

## Key highlights FY 2018

- **Revenue margin** up 5%
- **Variable Costs** grew 4%, driven by increase in bookings and combined with the variable cost per booking increase of 3% because of higher call center and fraud costs in FY 18 vs the same period last year.
- **Fixed Costs** decreased due to lower net IT costs and lower external fees, and they remained stable since Q4 of FY17, and 21% below on a per booking basis in Q4 FY18 vs the same period of last year.
- **Non recurring** items increased by €11.7 million, mainly due to the cost related to the social plan in France and Italy.
- **Financial loss** was lower than FY17 due to the extraordinary interest expense linked to the refinancing which was booked last year.
- **Income Tax** expense increased mainly due to an increase in Current Income Tax due to higher profits than last fiscal year. This was mitigated by a Deferred Income Tax income in connection with the GoVoyages brand that has crystallized because of the internal reorganization of the Group. Deferred tax was also impacted by the change in the US tax legislation approved in December 2017.

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(In € million)	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>118.3</b>	<b>107.3</b>	<b>95.8</b>
Non recurring items	(21.0)	(9.3)	(10.5)
Non cash items	11.3	1.3	4.1
Change in WC	7.6	42.2	(2.6)
Income tax paid	(8.1)	(7.4)	(4.8)
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>	<b>108.2</b>	<b>134.1</b>	<b>82.0</b>
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>	<b>(28.9)</b>	<b>(29.5)</b>	<b>(30.5)</b>
<b>Cash flow before financing</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>104.6</b>	<b>51.5</b>
Repurchase of 2018 Notes	-	(29.1)	-
Other debt issuance/ (repayment)	(10.9)	(1.9)	(0.4)
Bond call premium, consent fees and other refinancing flows	-	(21.7)	(0.3)
Financial expenses (net)	(40.4)	(40.9)	(40.3)
<b>Cash flow from financing</b>	<b>(51.3)</b>	<b>(93.6)</b>	<b>(41.1)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>10.4</b>
<b>Cash (net of overdrafts)</b>	<b>171.5</b>	<b>143.5</b>	<b>132.0</b>

## Key highlights FY 2018

In FY 2018, main YoY evolutions reflect:

- **Cash flow from operations decreased by €25.9 million:**
  - The inflow of €7.6 million in the current year is mainly due to a better performance in the last quarter of FY18, partially offset by the impact of Easter holidays which fell this year in March compared to April in 2017. In FY17, the higher changes in working capital were due to the impact of the Easter holidays, which fell in March in 2016, as well as working capital optimization.
  - Increase in non-recurring items
- Offset by:
  - Better performance of the business, which generated an increase in Adjusted EBITDA by €11.0 million.
- **Cash outflow from investing activities decreased by €0.6 million:**
  - Cash inflows in FY18, relating to proceeds from the disposal of financial deposits that were no longer required.
- **Cash flow used in financing decreased by €42.3 million:**
  - Lower cash flow used in financing mainly due to the absence in FY18 of one-off expenses incurred in FY17, relating to :
    - The repurchase and cancellation of €30.0 million of the 2018 Notes for an aggregate amount of €29.1 million in April 2016
    - The expenses in an amount of €10.3 million relating to the issuance of the 2021 Notes in October 2016, and
    - €8.9 million call cost premium paid in relation to the redemption in full of the 2018 Notes and 2019 Notes in October 2016

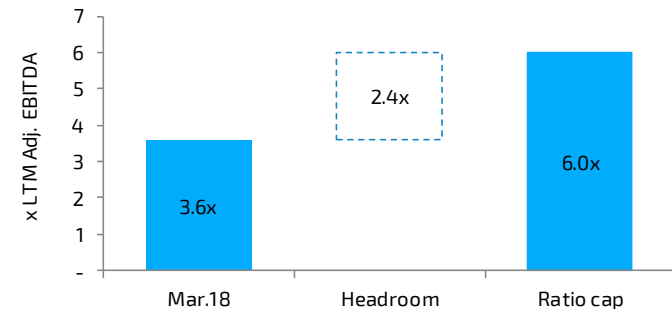
## Debt

- **Gross Leverage ratio was down to 3.6 in March 2018 vs 4.0 in March 2017**, which gives us ample headroom vs our covenant ratio.
- Due to higher adjusted Ebitda and strong cash flow generation in FY 2018, **Net leverage ratio was down from 2.7x in March 2017 to 2.1x in March 2018**
- SS RCF €157 million
- **We prepaid €10 million of the outstanding 2021 bonds**, reducing the principal amount from €435 to €425 million

NOTES: Covenant figures unaudited

(\*) Definitions of Non-GAAP measures on page 50-52

### Gross Leverage Ratio (\*) (Total Gross Financial Debt / LTM Adjusted EBITDA)



### Debt Details

	Principal (€ Million)	Rating	Maturity
Corporate Family Rating		Moody's: B2 S&P: B Outlook: Stable	
2021 Notes	425	Moody's: B3 S&P: B	01/08/21

# Strategy Update (Part 1)

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# Our market continues to be a good market from a macro perspective

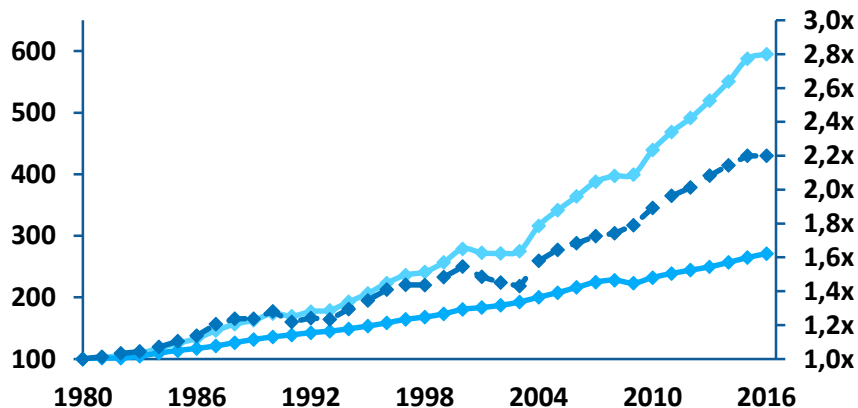
## Macro Perspective

### Improved macro environment creates an attractive environment for OTAs...

#### Passenger traffic growth vs GDP growth

Percent

Passenger traffic growth    World GDP growth    Travel/GDP Ratio



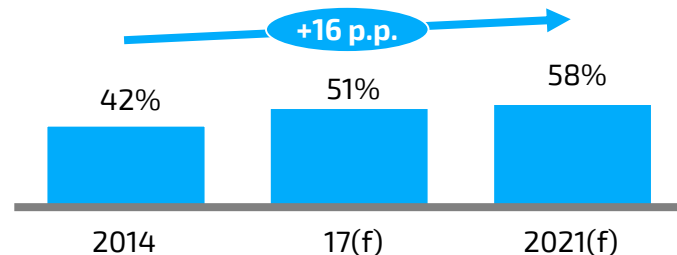
Flight sector has outgrown GDP growth by **2.0x** over the past decade and this multiplier continues to increase

### ...as well as greater continuous shift from offline to online travel

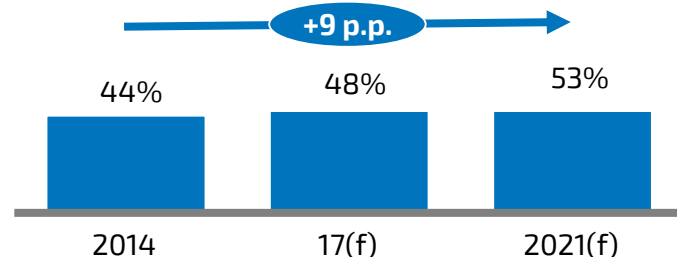
#### Online travel penetration

Percent

Europe



US



# We are a leading player in Europe, unrivalled scale

Scale advantage

## European flight revenue

Estimated, latest FY (€m)



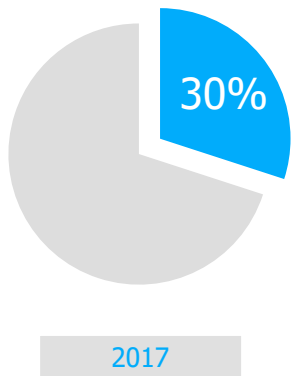
<sup>1</sup> Including acquisition of eTravel SA

SOURCE: Industry Research; Amadeus MIDT data

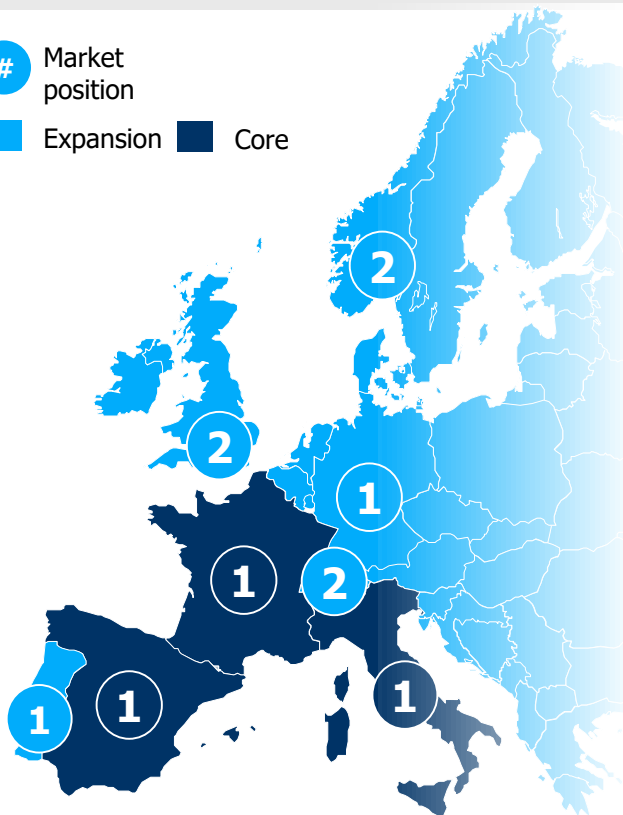
# eDreams ODIGEO is the leader in the European online leisure travel market

Scale advantage

## European OTA flight market share



# Market position  
Expansion Core



#1

eDreams ODIGEO: the leading flights retailer in Europe

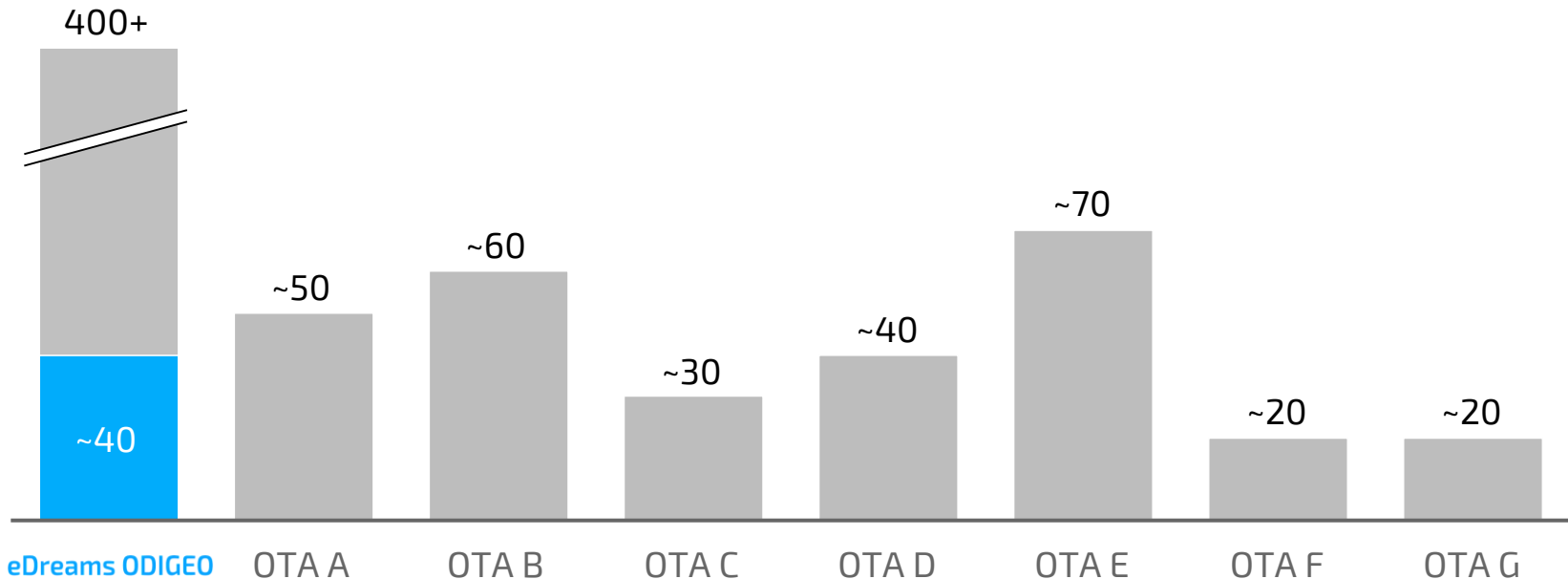
This scale means we are best placed to serve the mobile travel customer

Scale advantage

Mobile developer capability comparison, European OTAs

FTE

- IT
- Dedicated mobile



SOURCE: Company Information



# Our scale is balanced by a high level of agility to execute on ideas rapidly and cost efficient

Scale advantage



50 agile teams

of top development talent



6,177

Features released in last year<sup>1</sup>



1,100

Users participating in testing monthly



15 minutes

Best case delivery time from development to code live



A/B tests

+330% A/B tests y.o.y. and therefore better insights

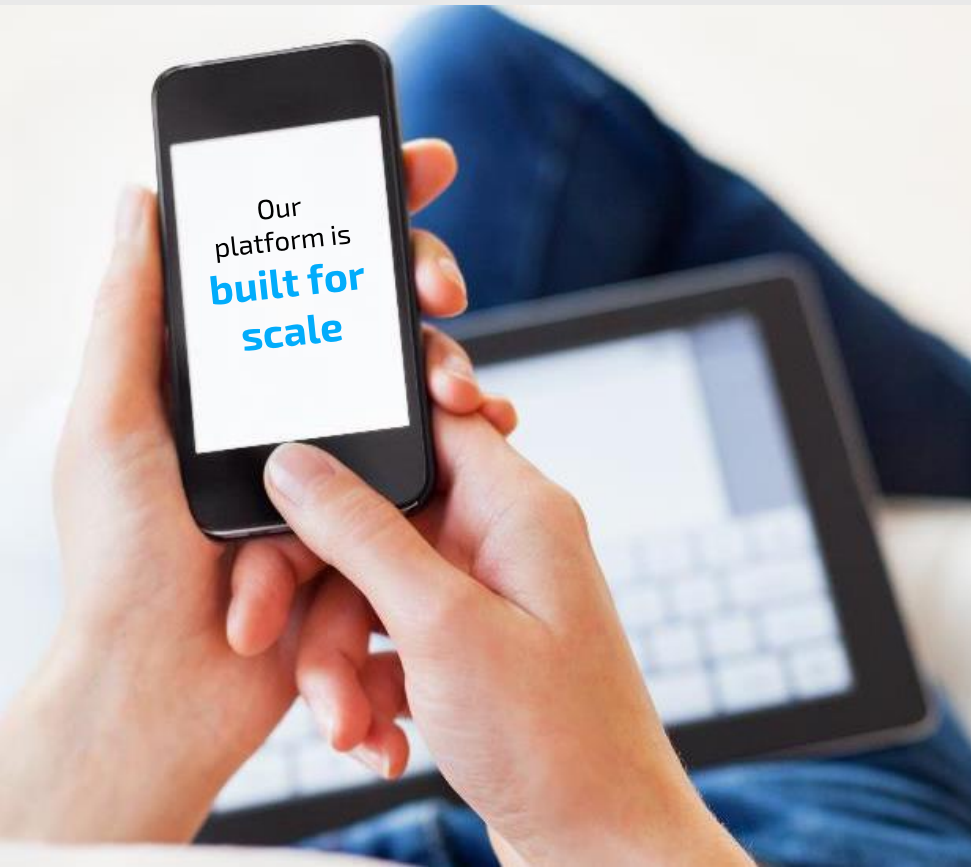
(1) FY 2018

SOURCE: Company Information



Overall our technology has significant scale and allows us to offer customers the best experience

Scale  
advantage



**1 billion**  
monthly searches

**120,000**  
peak searches per second

**80 million** supplier  
searches per day

**> 530** airlines

**7 billion**  
pricing calculations per hour

**35**  
SEM bids per second

SOURCE: Company Information

We have market-leading customer service

Best service



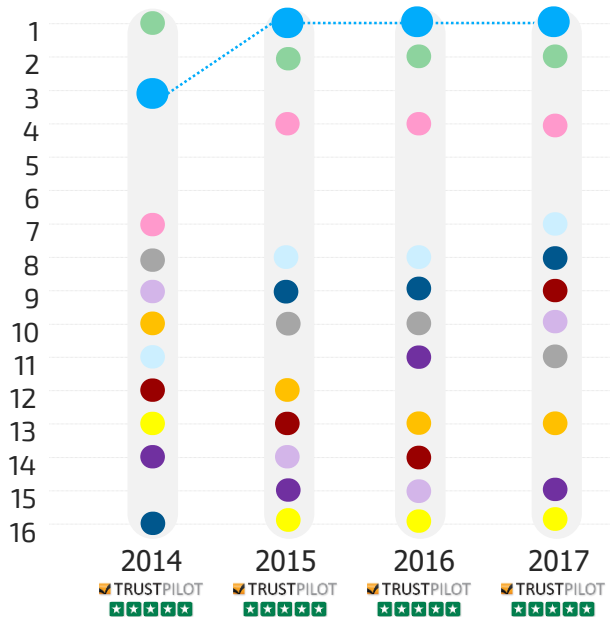
Award-winning customer service



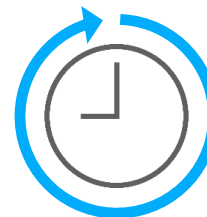
Customer service recognized as better than competition

Trustpilot score ranking

- eDreams ODIGEO
- Ebookers
- Lastminute
- AirFrance
- easyJet
- Expedia
- Ryanair
- Lufthansa
- Alitalia
- BA
- Vueling



24/7 round the clock customer service



Airline 1	06:00 - 20:00 <sup>1</sup>
Airline 2	06:00 - 19:00 <sup>1</sup>
Airline 3	08:00 - 20:00
Airline 4	09:00 - 18:00 <sup>1</sup>
Airline 5	08:00 - 20:00 <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Reduced or no weekend service

SOURCE: Trustpilot, average scores France, Italy, Spain, Germany & UK

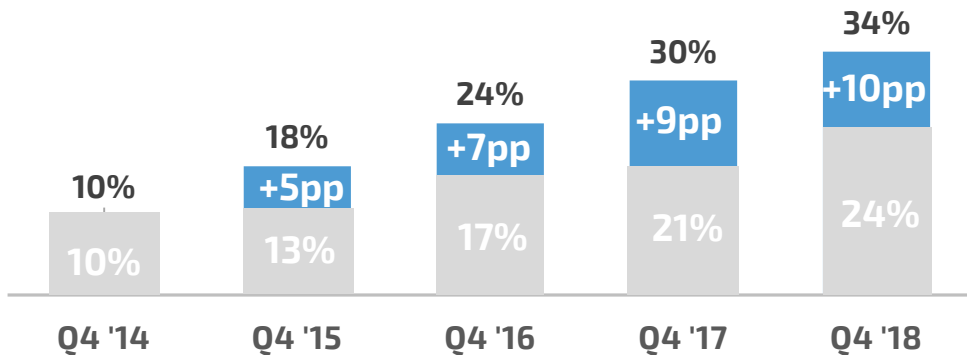
# Mobile is gaining share progressively in the market and we are better positioned than anybody else in that market

## Mobile bookings continue to grow

### Mobile bookings for flights

%

Industry Average



- 87% of total industry growth from 2017-2020 will come from mobile
- Continue to accelerate, making mobile our largest source of traffic in FY19
- 34% of flight bookings via mobile in Q4 FY18 (vs. 24% for rest of industry)

## Mobile First approach with the leading mobile app

### iOS App Review with Rating

Number of Stars

Company Name	iOS App Rating
eDreams	4.4
Booking.com	4.4
GoEuro	3.5
Lufthansa	3.3
easyJet	3.2
Ryanair	3.0
Expedia	2.8
Vueling	2.4
Air France/KLM	2.3
BA	1.4
Iberia	1.2

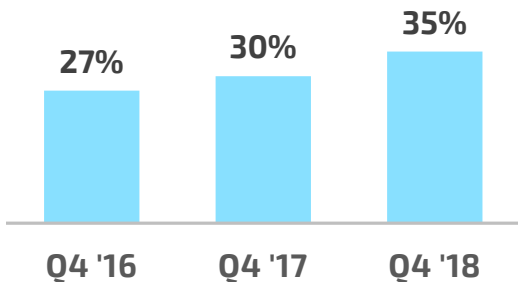
- "Mobile First" approach with the leading mobile app (1st of OTAs) as per score from users who write a review on the app store

# KPIs

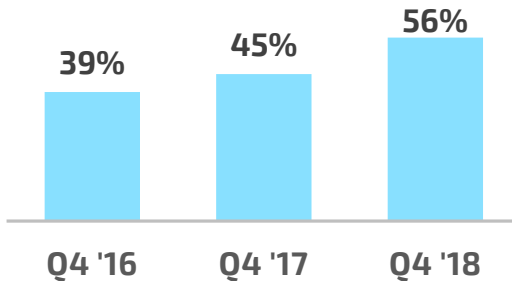
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We are successfully executing on our strategy, as evidenced by progress on our 5 KPIs

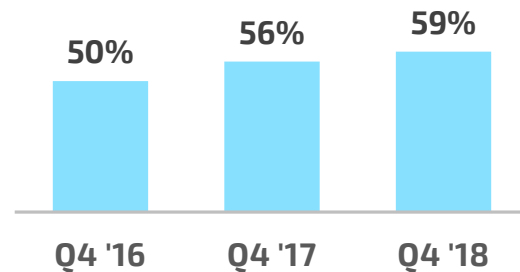
Revenue diversification ratio



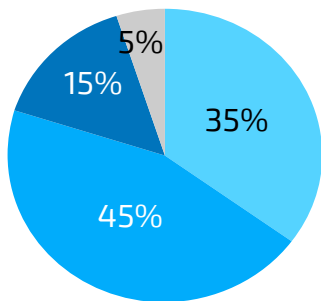
Product diversification ratio



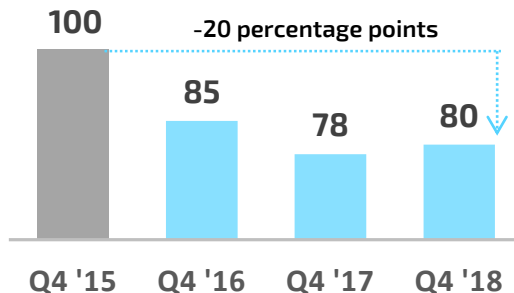
Customer repeat booking rate; Annualised view



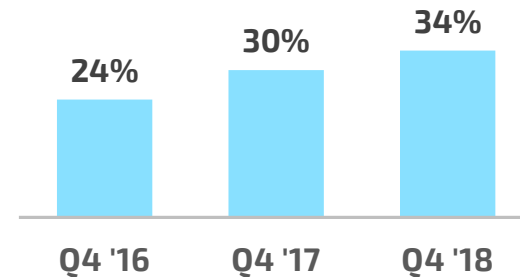
Revenue split



Acquisition cost per booking Index



Mobile as share of flight bookings



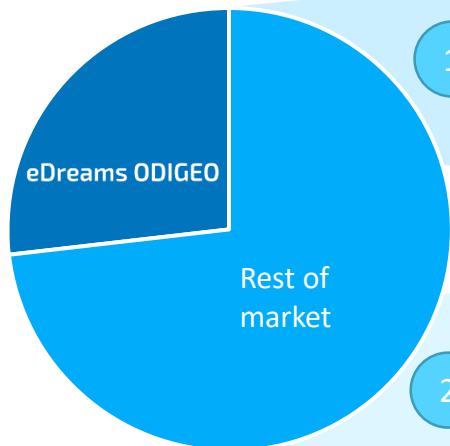
- Diversification revenue
- Classic Supplier revenue
- Classic customer revenue
- Advertising & Meta

(\*) Definitions of Non-GAAP measures on page 50-52

# Strategy Update and Outlook (Part 2)

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# Why we see value in the change in the revenue model and diversification? Because we are responding to evolving customer needs and preferences



1

**Clear and transparent pricing**

**36%** see transparency as a key decision factor

**53%** abandon booking upon seeing final price

2

**Access to a wide range of products and services with ease**

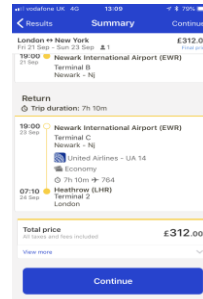
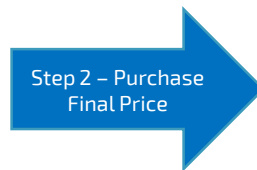
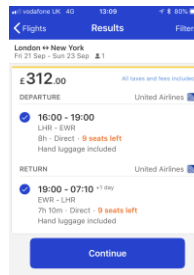
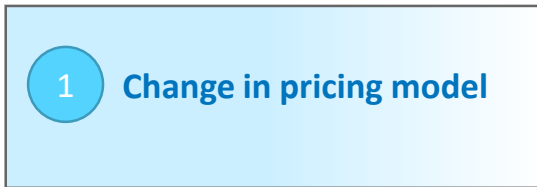
**65%** want to buy on a single online platform

**2.4x** increased spend at 'one-stop shop'

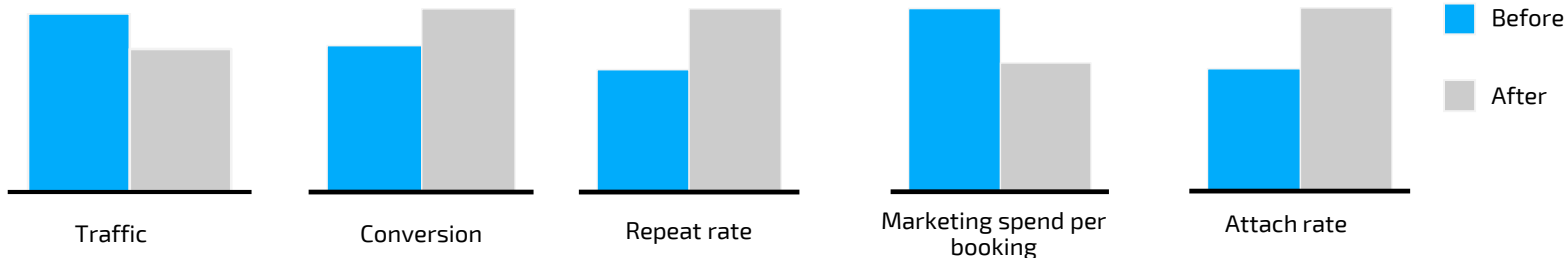


# Step 1 of the transformation, the shift in the revenue via change in the way we price? How this impacts P&L initially and overtime?

What it means?



P&L Impacts



**Decrease in traffic** as some customers are less attracted by higher first displayed flight price

**Increase in conversion** as increasingly savvy customers appreciate transparency

**Uplift in repeat rate** as transparency and access to wide range of products increase loyalty – we are already seeing evidence of this in our pilot tests

**Reduction in marketing spend per booking** as more customers come direct to us thanks to increasing loyalty

**Increase in attach rate** as customers increasingly use us as a “one-stop shop”, taking advantage of our breadth and depth of inventory and innovative features

Our results are a mixture of our countries/markets, each of which are in 1 of 3 phases in our change of the revenue model.

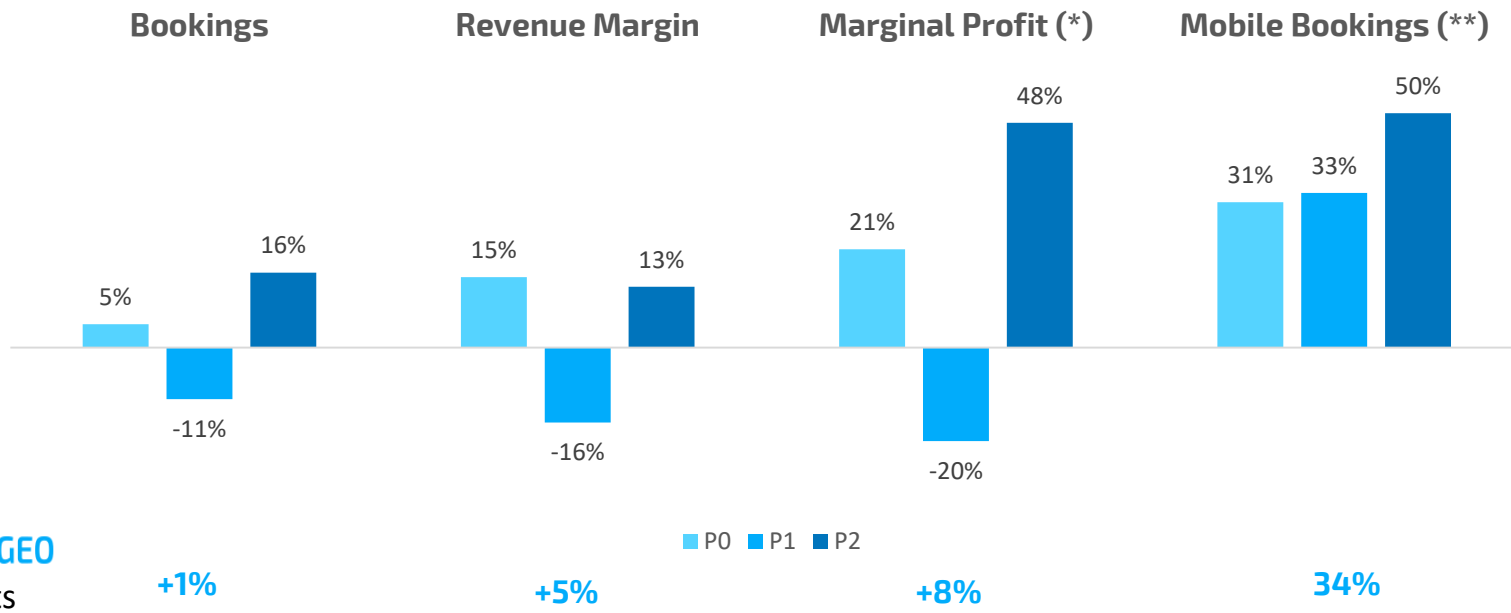
What it means for countries to be in Phase 0, 1 or 2 of the shift in the revenue model

<b>Effects</b>	<b>Phase 0</b> Old price display	<b>Phase 1</b> New price display First 12 Months	<b>Phase 2</b> New price display 1 year after
Bookings	<b>Natural Growth</b>	<b>Negative</b>	<b>Positive</b>
Revenue Margin	<b>Natural Growth</b>	<b>Negative</b>	<b>Positive</b>
Adjusted EBITDA	<b>Natural Growth</b>	<b>Negative</b>	<b>Positive</b>

# Our results are a blend of phase 0, 1, and 2 with Phase 2 showing very good results

## FY 2018

Year on Year Change



(\*) Marginal profit = revenue margin – variable costs

(\*\*) Mobile share over total bookings

Note: Figures extracted from management records, not from accounting data

# Changes in Price Display towards more price transparency improved customer experience leading to higher customer satisfaction

When moved towards more transparent Pricing Display...

... contacts per bookings related to price consistency declined...

% contacts mentioning "Different price seen than charged"

Source: Internal data from Customer Services

- Contacts categorized under "Different price displayed than charged" by customer support **dropped 69%** after moving to Transparent Price Display

... detractors complained less about pricing issues...

% Detractors complaining about 'Consistent prices'

Source: IPSOS study Q4FY18

- Price consistency was the Top reason why customers complained about eDO. Now it is no longer within the Top 3 reasons after moving to transparency (**dropping 57%** in relative importance)

...and NPS significantly increased...

Net Promoter Score (NPS)  
(Indexed)

Source: IPSOS study Q4FY18

- NPS **increased x2.5 times** when changing our Price Display towards Price Transparency

...consequently improving Customer Satisfaction

C-SAT scores  
(Indexed)

Source: Internal data from Customer Services

- Customers showed a satisfaction level almost **7 times higher** when moved to transparent Price Display

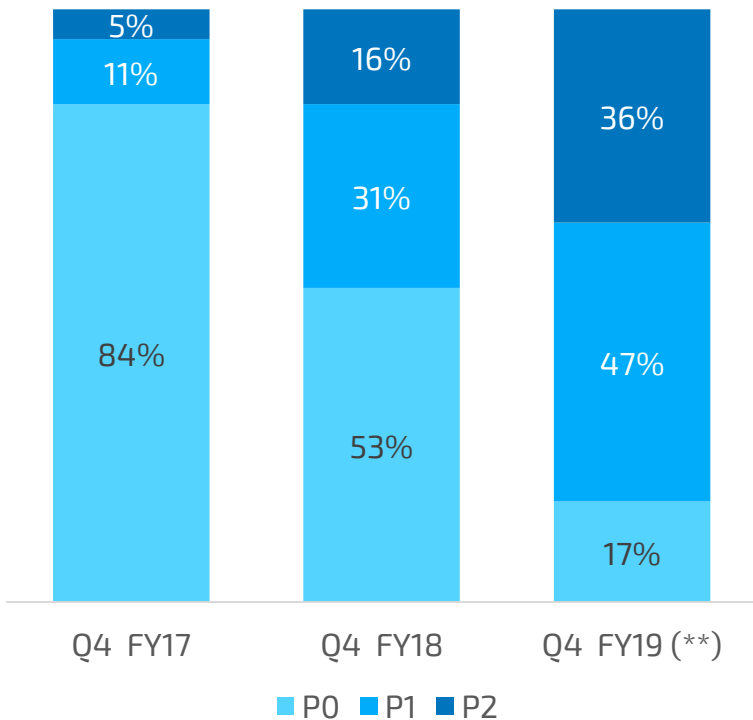
Note: NPS=Promoters less Detractors ; Promoters=9,10; Detractors=0 to 6; Passive=7,8

Question: Considering your complete experience with our company, how likely would you be to recommend our products to a friend or colleague?

In FY 2019 we plan to invest in the acceleration of the shift in the revenue model

**Evolution of Q1 FY17 Bookings breakdown (\*)**

% over total



**Acceleration of the shift in the revenue model (\*\*)**

**62%**

On average pushed into P1+P2 in FY19

**1.5x**

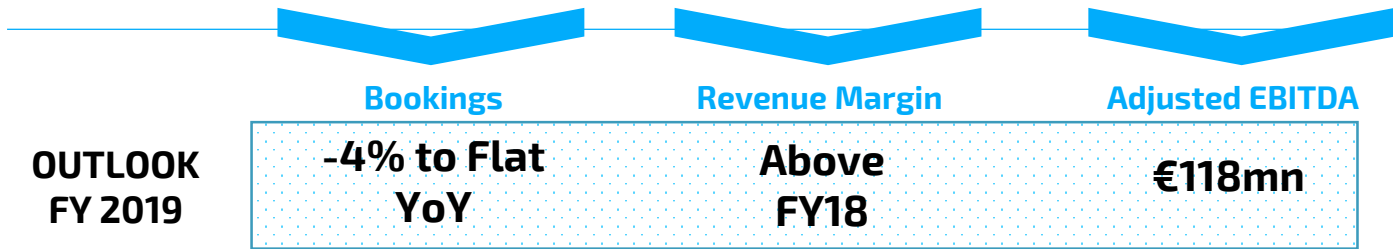
More on average vs FY18

(\*) % of bookings change vs Q1 FY17, which is when we implemented the change to the new price display in our first market

(\*\*) Based on actual bookings of FY18 and estimates of FY19 bookings

# As a result of the acceleration in the shift in the revenue model, we expect flat EBITDA

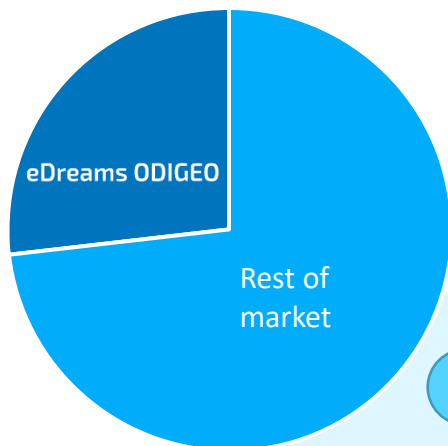
% Change	% Push to P1+P2 (Bookings)	Bookings	Revenue Margin	Adjusted EBITDA
FY 2017	16%	+9 %	+5 %	+12 %
FY 2018	31%	+1 %	+5 %	+10 %



Reflecting the investments in the shift in the revenue model, we expect markedly soft revenue margin growth and a reduction in bookings and adjusted EBITDA in the first half of the fiscal year, and improvement in the second half of the fiscal year.

In addition we reiterate FY 2020 outlook of €130-145Mn in adjusted EBITDA

## Step 2 of the transformation, revenue diversification and why we see value on doing it?



2

Access to a wide range of products and services with ease

65% want to buy on a single online platform

2.4x increased spend at 'one-stop shop'

## We have an ambitious plan to expand the business through additional revenue sources

### eDreams is well placed to achieve our ambition

Our ambition is to be a **one stop shop** and provide our customers with a **great and global travel booking experience**



eDreams is the **European leader in flights**, generating significant flight traffic and booking volumes as the base for additional products



As people tend to book flight before other travel products, we are **well placed to sell additional products and services**



Flight tickets increasingly fragmented and eDreams is **leveraging leading capabilities to offer additional products to customers**



We have **strong travel brands** and strong advocacy: and customers are willing to extend this trust into additional purchases



We have the **customer insight and capabilities to develop products that are right for our customers**



eDreams has the **scale to invest in developing the relationships, products and systems to support this**, unlike most of our competitors



## REVENUE DIVERSIFICATION – Capture growth on some fast growing markets

### Flight ancillaries market



**80b€**

Gross sales in 2017

**+22%**

Versus 2016

SOURCE: IdeaWorks Company

### Dynamic packages market



**110b€**

Gross sales in 2017

**Double Digit Growth**

Versus 2016

SOURCE: Company Information

We focus on growing Dynamic Packages as well as some key Flight ancillary products



Dynamic packages



Bags ancillaries



Seats ancillaries



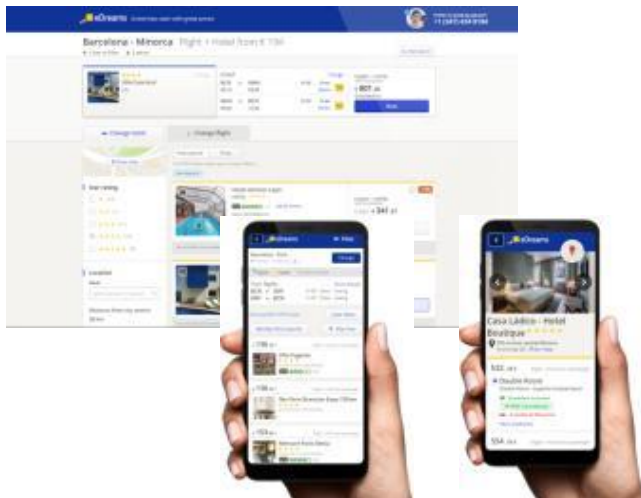
Car rentals

## Dynamic packages: Case study

### Dynamic Packages: Evolution to date and our competitive advantage

#### What we have achieved to date

- DP grew 10x faster than flight bookings in FY2018
- Over 100% growth in bookings from DP intermediate page during FY2018
- Launched DP on Mobile (launched Q2FY18)
- Attachment rate increased by more than 50% from March 2017 to March 2018
- Revenue margin up 24% in FY 2018
  - +12% increase RM per/bkg<sup>1</sup>
  - +109% in DP Telesales<sup>1</sup>



#### Initiatives in place to achieve growth

##### Access

- DP available in the app
- Important increase in telesales as a percentage of total DP sales
- Improve DP conversion on mobile and desktop

##### Supply

- Increase sourcing DP hotel bookings from own portfolio (leading to increased supplier commissions)

##### Targeting

- Improve our sort engine capabilities to increase DP conversion and average hotels commissions

##### Pricing

- Initiate use of machine learning results to optimize pricing

(1) YTD March FY18

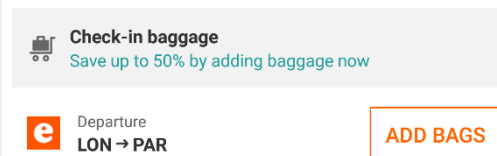
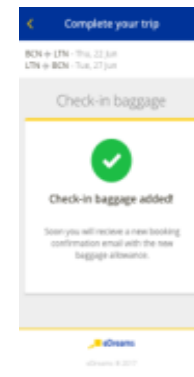
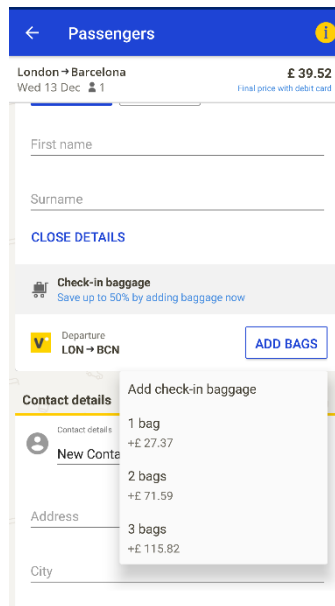
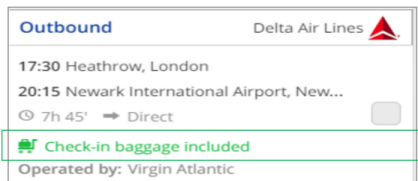
SOURCE: Company Information

# Flight Ancillaries: Bags case study

## Bags: Evolution to date and our competitive advantage

### What we have achieved to date

- Now have added +70% more bags development capacity since September
- With our new resources, we tripled the number of A/B tests in the second half of the year
- Advanced machine learning model built and deployed to optimise personalisation

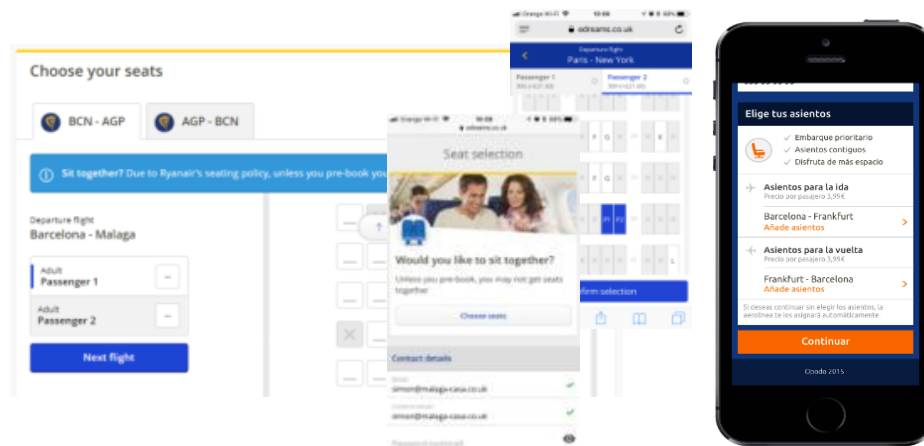


## Flight Ancillaries: Seats case study

### Seats: Evolution to date and our competitive advantage

#### What we have achieved to date

- Over 80% Growth in attachment rate in H2
- Created a full team of developers dedicated to seats
- Over 50 usability A/B tests launched, increasingly focused on customer experience
- Seat selection coverage now optimised through ongoing discussions with GDS and airlines.

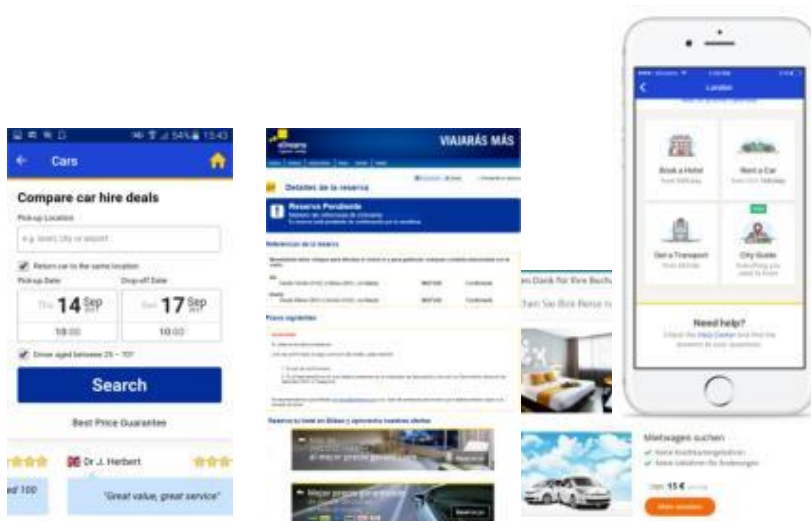


# Cars case study

## Cars: Evolution to date and our competitive advantage

### What we have achieved to date

- Delivering **double-digit growth** 3 years in succession
- Tripling of performance** in our Cars contact strategy through CRM, in less than 9 months



### Initiatives in place to achieve growth in plan

- Access**
  - Testing in-flight funnel
  - Landing page focus to increase acquisition
  - Confirmation page cross-sell – continuous iteration
- Targeting**
  - CRM segmentation push
  - Pricing
- Capability improvements**
  - Continued meta price testing

In summary, positive revenue diversification reflected on KPIs and revenue growth rates on both ancillaries products and dynamic packages

Results are visible on our KIPs and results over the past 3 years

% Change year-on-year except for ratios	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	Q4 FY18
1 Flight Ancillaries	+18%	+31%	+49%	+73%
2 Dynamic Packages	+18%	+13%	+24%	+47%
3 Other Vacation Products (*)	+11%	+13%	+20%	+20%
4 Revenue diversification ratio	27%	30%	35%	35%
5 Product diversification ratio	39%	45%	56%	56%

...with future growth coming from Flight Ancillaries and DP

	Next steps
1 Flight Ancillaries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increase coverage, portfolio of airlines and number of ancillary products available</li> <li>Launch post-booking</li> </ul>
2 Dynamic Packages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Grow DP conversion in mobile and in apps</li> <li>Increase number of destinations and average trip duration</li> </ul>
3 Other Vacation Products	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Launch cars in flight funnel</li> <li>Develop cross-sell opportunities from the homepage and flights page</li> </ul>

In summary...

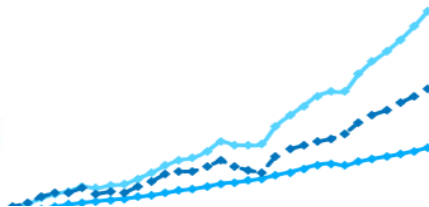
World-class product and technology



Customer value



Growing market



Industry structure



Mobile leader



Scale



Market leadership



Investment



Results

# eDreams ODIGEO



# Appendix

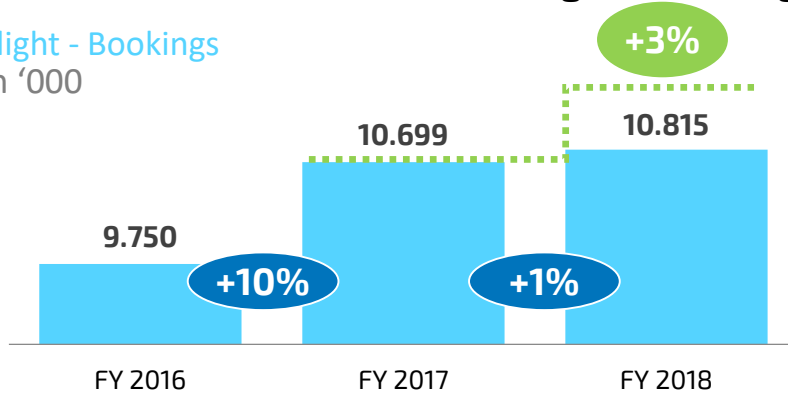
- Full Year Results Highlights
- Financial Analysis
- Strategy Update (Part 1)
- KPIs
- Strategy Update & Outlook (Part 2)
- Appendix

## FLIGHT AND NON-FLIGHT BOOKINGS

### Revenue diversification drives growth in Flight Business

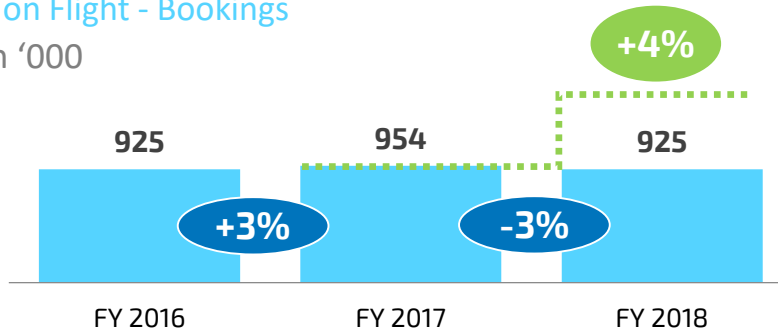
#### Flight - Bookings

In '000



#### Non Flight - Bookings

In '000



Source: Consolidated financial statements, audited



Adjusted for one-offs growth rate, corporate travel and packaged tours businesses

#### Flight

- As guided to the market, 12M result was driven by:
  - Accelerated investment in the evolution in the change of our revenue model, and transition to mobile
  - Sale of the corporate travel and packaged tours businesses.
  - Comparison against solid performance in 12M of FY17
- Adjusting for the sale of these businesses, bookings grew by 3% in 12M FY 2018
- We continue to make investments on our business to build scale, become more agile, improve business model, and create better customer experience

#### Non-Flight

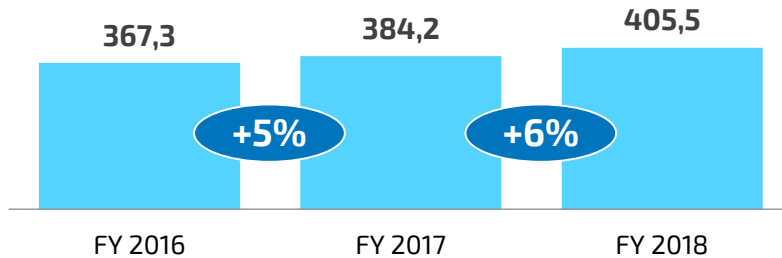
- Non-flight performance in line with the implementation of strategic initiatives and FY 2018 guidance.
- As guided to the market, 12M result was driven by:
  - Sale of the corporate travel and packaged tours businesses.
  - Investment in the change of our revenue model, and the transition to mobile
- Adjusting for the sale of these businesses, bookings would have grown by 4% in the 12M FY 2018.
- Decrease in bookings was also driven by non-strategic products such as the traditional packaged tours as well as the trains business. Strategic business like dynamic packages are performing positively

## FLIGHT AND NON-FLIGHT REVENUE MARGIN

### Revenue diversification drives growth in Flight and Non-Flight Business

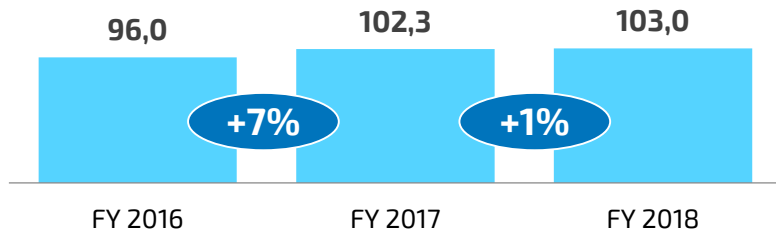
#### Flight – Revenue Margin

In € million



#### Non Flight – Revenue Margin

In € million



#### Flight

- In 12M FY 2018, revenue margin performance driven by:
  - Bookings, already explained in previous slide.
  - Improvements of 4% in revenue margin per booking due to improved operating performance, revised terms with our suppliers leveraging our scale, and starting to deliver on revenue diversification strategy
  - Partly offset by:
    - Longer-term investment in customer value, the shift in our revenue model, which includes increased price transparency display in some countries.

#### Non-Flight

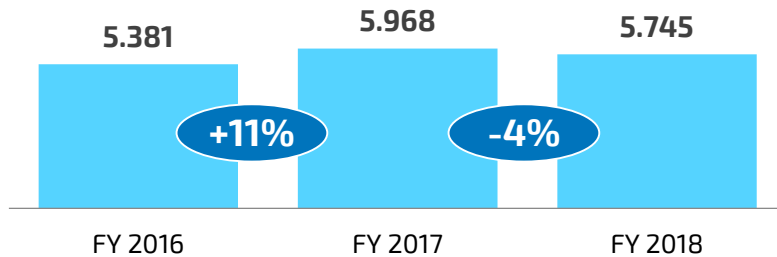
- In 12M FY 2018, non-flight revenue margin growth driven by the revenue diversification strategy:
  - Bookings, already explained in previous slide.
  - An increase of 4% in revenue margin per booking, mostly driven by strong improvements on our dynamic packages revenue margin (up 24%), overall product and operational improvements and revised terms with our providers, already explained.

## CORE AND EXPANSION BOOKINGS

### Revenue diversification drives growth in the Expansion Markets

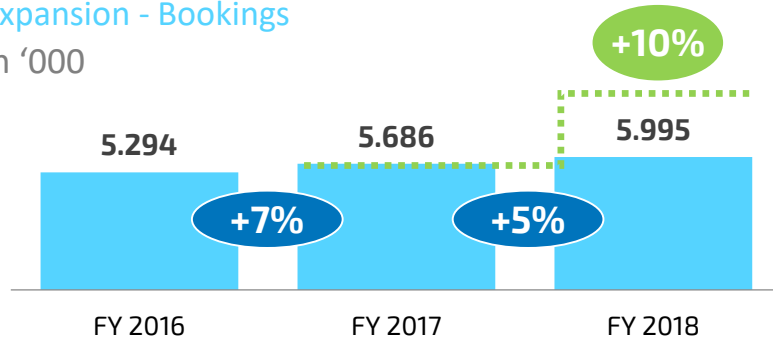
#### Core- Bookings

In '000



#### Expansion - Bookings

In '000



Source: Consolidated financial statements, audited



Adjusted for one-offs growth rate, corporate travel and packaged tours businesses

#### Core

- In 12M FY 2018, strategic initiatives on track and delivering the desired result, as guided to the market at our full year and 9M results presentation; bookings decrease as a result of accelerated investment in the evolution in the change of our revenue model, and transition to mobile
- We continue to make investments in our business to build scale, become more agile, improve business model, and create better customer experience

#### Expansion

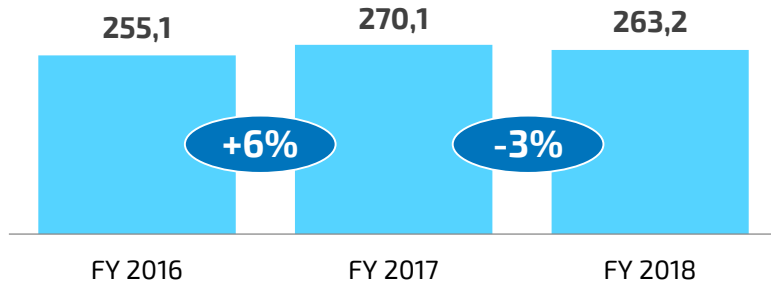
- In 12M FY 2018, growth continues as strategic initiatives are paying off, growth in bookings performance driven by investments made on our business and revenue diversification
- Adjusting for the sale of the Corporate Travel business, bookings grew by 10% in 12M FY 2018

## CORE AND EXPANSION REVENUE MARGIN

### Positive growth in our Core and Expansion markets

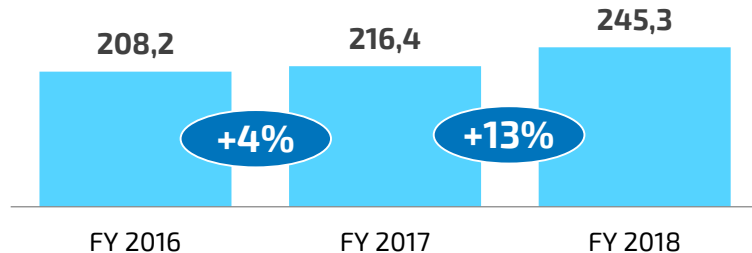
#### Core – Revenue Margin

In € million



#### Expansion – Revenue Margin

In € million



#### Core

- In 12M FY 2018, revenue margin performance driven by:
  - Bookings, already explained in previous slide.
  - Improvements of 1% 12M FY 2018 in revenue margin per booking was due to results from operational execution and leveraging scale, and more favourable terms in a number of contracts with the Company's suppliers.

#### Expansion

- In 12M FY 2018, growth continues due to investments made in our business, which are delivering the expected results, and revenue diversification. Revenue margin performance driven by:
  - Bookings
  - Improvements in revenue margin per booking of 8% in 12M FY 2018.

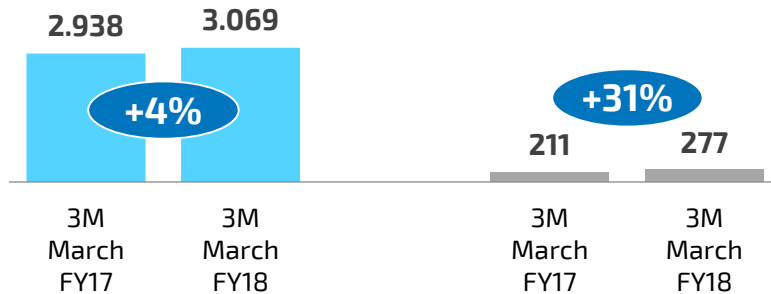
## Q4 FY 2018 - FLIGHT AND NON-FLIGHT



### Strategic initiatives on track and delivering results

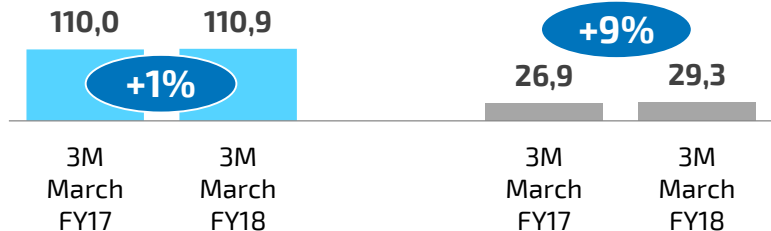
#### Bookings

In '000



#### Revenue Margin

In € million



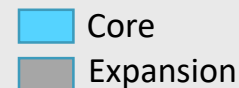
#### Flight

- Progress in strategic initiatives has boosted our performance and positioned us well for longer term growth
- Revenue margin driven by bookings and a reduction of 3% on revenue Margin per Booking for flight products, as a result of longer-term investment in customer value, the shift in our revenue model, which includes increased price transparency display in some countries.
- This negative impact was partially offset by the positive impact from our revenue diversification strategy, which included flight related ancillaries, which delivered very strong results (up 73%).

#### Non-Flight

- Non-flights bookings and revenue margin results in Q4 FY 2018 driven by the strong performance on our dynamic packages and hotel business, as well as solid growth rates in car rentals, as growth rates no longer affected as a result of the sale of the packaged tours and corporate travel businesses in Q3 FY 2017.

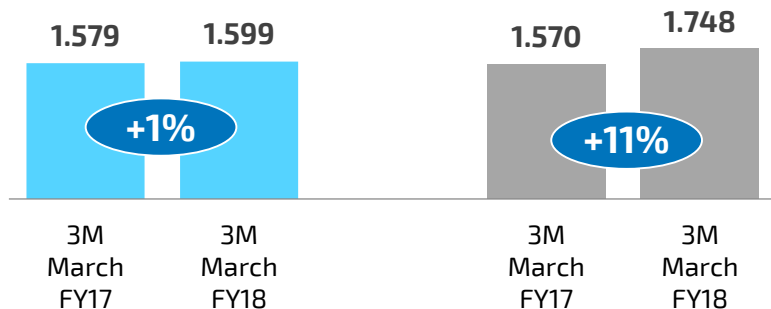
## Q4 FY 2018 – CORE AND EXPANSION



### Solid Performance in Core and Expansion Markets

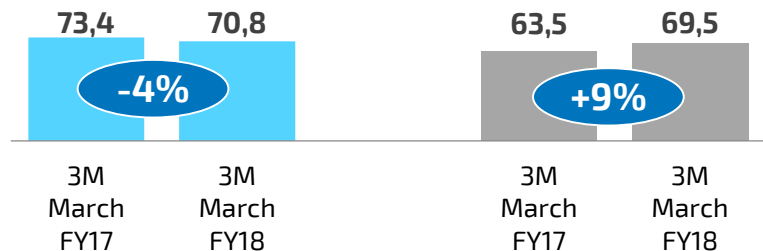
#### Bookings

In '000



#### Revenue Margin

In € million



#### Core

- Strategic initiatives on track and delivering results, bookings performance driven by:
  - Our diversification strategy
  - Investments made on our business to build scale, become more agile, improve business model, and create better customer experience
- We continue to make investments in our business to build scale, become more agile, improve business model, and create better customer experience, which lead to a reduction of 5% in revenue margin per booking.

#### Expansion

- Expansion markets experienced strong growth rates in bookings, driven by investments made in our business and revenue diversification.
- Revenue margin performance was driven by bookings and a 2% reduction in revenue margin per booking due to the investments made on our business.

# QUARTERLY INCOME & CASH FLOW STATEMENT

## Income Statement

(In € million)	3M Mar FY17	3M Mar FY18	Var.
<b>Revenue margin</b>	<b>136.9</b>	<b>140.2</b>	<b>2%</b>
Variable costs	(84.4)	(93.1)	10%
Fixed costs	(21.1)	(17.6)	(16)%
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>31.5</b>	<b>29.6</b>	<b>(6)%</b>
Non recurring items	(2.4)	(3.0)	25%
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>29.1</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>(9)%</b>
D&A incl. impairment & results on assets disposals	(6.6)	(7.3)	10%
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>(14)%</b>
Financial loss	(9.3)	(12.4)	33%
Income tax	0.3	(10.5)	n.a.
<b>Net income</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>(3.6)</b>	<b>n.a.</b>
<b>Adjusted net income</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>(59)%</b>

## Cash Flow Statement

(In € million)	3M Mar FY17	3M Mar FY18
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>31.5</b>	<b>29.6</b>
Non recurring items	(2.4)	(3.0)
Non cash items	1.8	(1.9)
Change in WC	63.2	107.0
Income tax paid	(1.4)	(2.7)
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>	<b>92.6</b>	<b>129.0</b>
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>	<b>(15.6)</b>	<b>(7.6)</b>
<b>Cash flow before financing</b>	<b>77.1</b>	<b>121.4</b>
Shares issuance	1.0	0.0
Consent fee on change in covenant	-	-
Repurchase of 2018 Notes	-	-
Other debt issuance/ (repayment)	(0.2)	(5.3)
Financial expenses (net)	(12.1)	(19.4)
<b>Cash flow from financing</b>	<b>(11.3)</b>	<b>(24.8)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash</b>	<b>65.8</b>	<b>96.6</b>
<b>Cash (net of overdrafts)</b>	<b>143.5</b>	<b>171.5</b>



# Product diversification – New Formula - Increasing ability to add value to customers, booking with more attachments



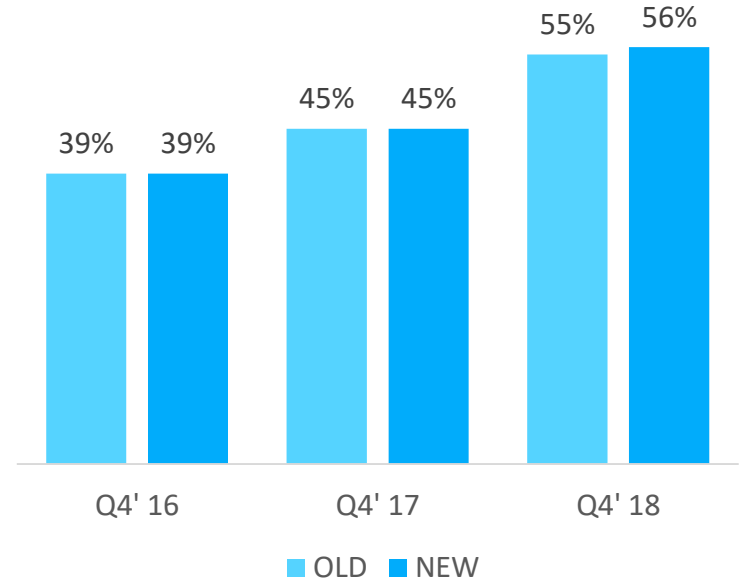
## Product Diversification Ratio (PDR)

NEW - Bookings with a Ground Transportation +  
 NEW - Bookings with a Guarantee Product +  
 NEW – Bookings with Flight Fare Families<sup>(1)</sup> +  
 Bookings with a Insurance +  
 Bookings with Seat +  
 Bookings with Bag +  
 Bookings with Service Options +  
 Bookings with DP +  
 Bookings with Car +  
 Bookings with Hotel +

$$\text{PDR} = \frac{\text{---}}{\text{\# Total Bookings}}$$

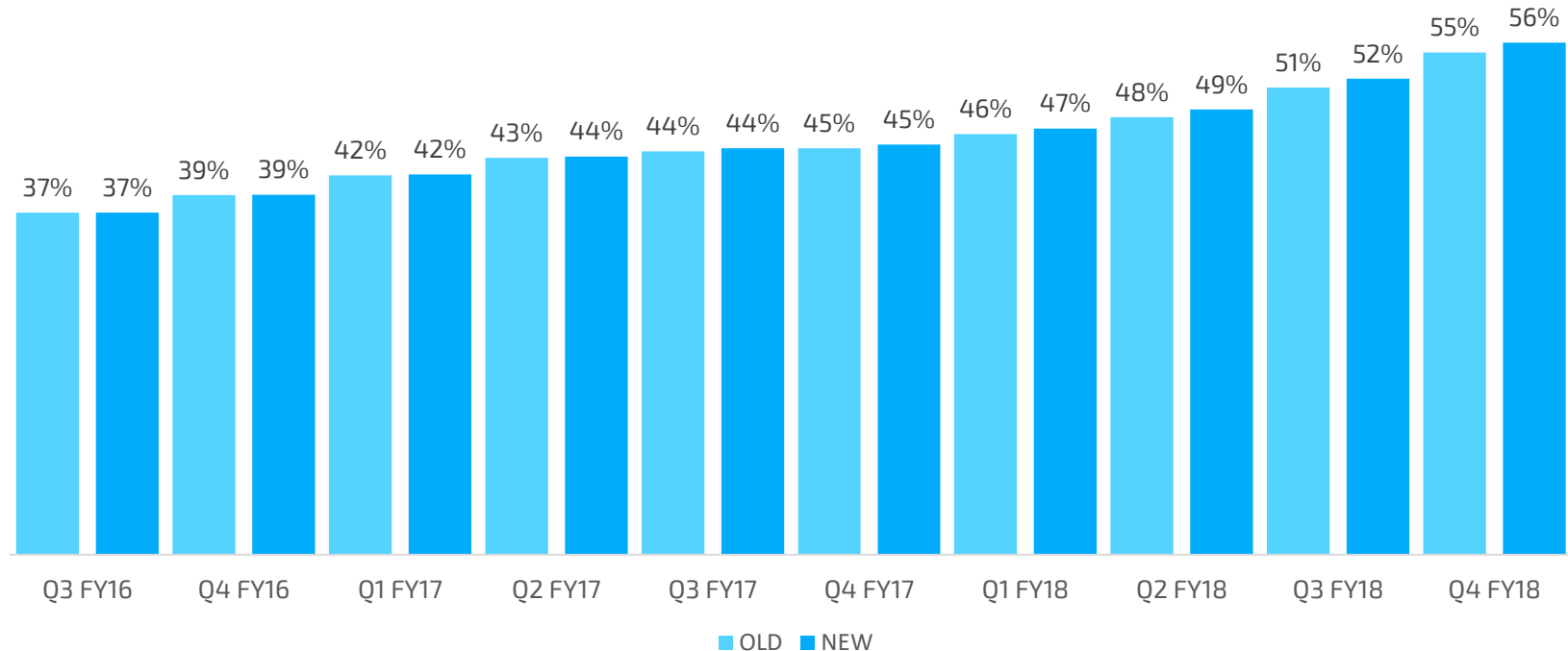
(1) Fare upgrade to include multiple services (Seat choice, premium seat, priority security, lounge access, etc.)

## Product diversification ratio



## New Product Diversification Ratio (back up)

Differences only visible in FY18 when new products were launched, in FY18 the delta between old and new formula is only 1 percentage point or less



# Glossary of Definitions

## Non-reconcilable to GAAP measures

- ▶ **"Acquisition Cost per Booking Index"** refers to the most relevant marketing expenses incurred to acquire new customers (encompassing Paid search, Metasearch and Affiliates), divided by the total number of Bookings. For any given period, the ratio is expressed as an index 100, in which 100 is the value of Acquisition Cost per Booking for the 3 months ended on December 2015. The acquisition cost per booking index provides to the reader a view of the trend of one of the main variable cost (marketing cost) of the business.
- ▶ **"Gross Bookings"** refers to the total amount paid by our customers for travel products and services booked through or with us (including the part that is passed on to, or transacted by, the travel supplier), including taxes, service fees and other charges and excluding VAT. Gross Bookings include the gross value of transactions booked under both agency and principal models as well as transactions made under white label arrangements and transactions where we act as a "pure" intermediary whereby we serve as a click-through and pass the reservations made by the customer to the relevant travel supplier. Gross Bookings provide to the reader a view about the economic value of the services that the Group mediates.

## Reconcilable to GAAP measure

- ▶ **"Adjusted EBITDA"** means operating profit/loss before depreciation and amortization, impairment and profit/(loss) on disposals of non-current assets, certain share-based compensation, restructuring expenses and other income and expense items which are considered by management to not be reflective of our ongoing operations. Adjusted EBITDA provides to the reader a better view about the ongoing EBITDA generated by the Group.
- ▶ **"Adjusted Net Income"** means our IFRS net income less certain share-based compensation, restructuring expenses and other income and expense items which are considered by management to not be reflective of our ongoing operations. Adjusted Net Income provides to the reader a better view about the ongoing results generated by the Group.
- ▶ **"Revenue Diversification Ratio"** is a ratio representing the amount of Diversification Revenue earned in a twelve-month period as a percentage of our total revenue. Our management believes that the presentation of the Revenue Diversification Ratio measure may be useful to readers to help understand the results of our revenue diversification strategy.
- ▶ **"EBIT"** means operating profit/loss. This measure, although it is not specifically defined in IFRS, is generally used in the financial markets and is intended to facilitate analysis and comparability.
- ▶ **"EBITDA"** means operating profit/loss before depreciation and amortization, impairment and profit/loss on disposals of non-current assets. This measure, although it is not specifically defined in IFRS, is generally used in the financial markets and is intended to facilitate analysis and comparability.
- ▶ **"(Free) Cash Flow before financing"** means cash flow from operating activities plus cash flow from investing activities.
- ▶ **"Gross Financial Debt"** means total financial liabilities considering financing cost capitalized plus accrued interests and overdraft. It includes both non-current and current financial liabilities. This measure offers to the reader a global view of the Financial Debt without considering the payment terms.
- ▶ **"Gross Leverage Ratio"** means the total amount of outstanding Gross Financial Debt on a consolidated basis divided by "Adjusted EBITDA". This measure offers to the reader a view about the capacity of the Group to generate enough resources to repay the Gross Financial Debt.
- ▶ **"Net Financial Debt"** means "Gross Financial Debt" less "cash and cash equivalents". This measure offers to the reader a global view of the Financial Debt without considering the payment terms and reduced by the effects of the available cash and cash equivalents to face these future payments.
- ▶ **"Net Leverage Ratio"** means the total amount of outstanding Net Financial Debt on a consolidated basis divided by "Adjusted EBITDA". This measure offers to the reader a view about the capacity of the Group to generate enough resources to repay the Gross Financial Debt, also considering the available cash in the Group.
- ▶ **"Net Income"** means Consolidated profit/loss for the year.
- ▶ **"Revenue Margin"** means our IFRS revenue less cost of supplies. Our management uses Revenue Margin to provide a measure of our revenue after reflecting the deduction of amounts we pay to our suppliers in connection with the revenue recognition criteria used for products sold under the principal model (gross value basis). Accordingly, Revenue Margin provides a comparable revenue measure for products, whether sold under the agency or principal model.

# Glossary of Definitions

## Other Defined Terms

- ▶ **“Bookings”** refers to the number of transactions under the agency model and the principal model as well as transactions made under white label arrangements. One Booking can encompass one or more products and one or more passengers.
- ▶ **Product Diversification Ratio (%)** is a ratio expressed on a percentage basis and calculated by dividing the number of flight ancillary products and non-flight products linked to a Booking (such as insurance, additional check-in luggage, reserved seats, certain additional service options, Dynamic Packages and car rental) by the total number of Bookings for a given period.
- ▶ **Customer Repeat Booking Rate (%)** refers to the ratio, expressed on a percentage basis, of Bookings made in a quarter by customers who made a prior Booking in the 12 months prior to that quarter divided by the total number of Bookings. The ratio is annualized, multiplying by four and by the ratio of the quarter over the average of last 4 quarters, to eliminate seasonality effects
- ▶ **“Core Markets” and “Core Segment”** refers to our operations in France, Spain and Italy.
- ▶ **“Expansion Markets”** and **“Expansion segment”** refers to our operations in Germany, the United Kingdom and the other countries in which we operate, including, among others, the Nordics and countries outside Europe.
- ▶ **“Flight Business”** refers to our operations relating to the supply of flight mediation services.
- ▶ **“Fixed Costs”** includes IT expenses net of capitalization write-off, personnel expenses which are not Variable Costs, external fees, building rentals and other expenses of fixed nature. Our management believes the presentation of Fixed Costs may be useful to readers to help understand our cost structure and the magnitude of certain costs we have the ability to reduce in response to changes affecting the number of transactions processed.
- ▶ **“Fixed Costs per Booking”** means fixed costs divided by the number of bookings. See definitions of "Fixed costs" and "Bookings".
- ▶ **“Non-flight Business”** refers to our operations relating to the supply of non-flight mediation services, as well as other non-travel activities such as advertising on our websites, incentives we receive from payment processors, charges on toll calls and Liligo's metasearch activity.
- ▶ **“Non-recurring Items”** refers to share-based compensation, restructuring expenses and other income and expense items which are considered by management to not be reflective of our ongoing operations.
- ▶ **“Variable Costs”** includes all expenses which depend on the number of transactions processed. These include acquisition costs, merchant costs and other costs of a variable nature, as well as personnel costs related to call centers as well as corporate sales personnel. Our management believes the presentation of Variable Costs may be useful to readers to help understand our cost structure and the magnitude of certain costs. We have the ability to reduce certain costs in response to changes affecting the number of transactions processed.
- ▶ **“Customer Relationship Management (CRM)”** represents the set of activities that will encourage our customers to repeat business with us: visit our site again and make another booking. To be successful we need to understand our customers' behaviours and needs: we collect, analyse and use data to make each of those interactions with customers as personalised and relevant as possible.

# Glossary of Definitions

## Other defined terms

- ▶ **Classic Customer Revenue** represents customer revenue other than Diversification Revenues earned through flight service fees, cancellation and modification fees, tax refunds and mobile application revenue. Our management believes that the presentation of the Classic Customer Revenues measure may be useful to readers to help understand the results of our revenue diversification strategy.
- ▶ **Classic Supplier Revenue** represents supplier revenue earned through GDS incentives for Bookings mediated by us through GDSs and incentives received from payment service providers. Our management believes that the presentation of the Classic Supplier Revenues measure may be useful to readers to help understand the results of our revenue diversification strategy.
- ▶ **Diversification Revenue** represents revenue other than Classic Customer Revenue, Classic Supplier Revenues or Advertising and Metasearch Revenue, earned through vacation products (including car rentals, hotels and Dynamic Packages), flight ancillaries (including reserved seats, additional check-in luggage, travel insurance and additional service options), travel insurance, as well as certain commissions, over-commissions and incentives directly received from airlines. Our management believes that the presentation of the Diversification Revenues measure may be useful to readers to help understand the results of our revenue diversification strategy.
- ▶ **Advertising and Metasearch Revenue** represents revenue from other ancillary sources, such as advertising on our websites and revenue from our metasearch activities. Our management believes that the presentation of the Advertising and Metasearch Revenue measure may be useful to readers to help understand the results of our revenue diversification strategy.