



### Cash in the media

#### Relevant news

#### **Championing the Choice for Cash.**

Accepting cash and providing access to it, through an in-store ATM, can attract and retain customers.

An study conducted by Cardtronics in partnership with Scansion found that 80% of consumers use some of the cash dispensed from an ATM to buy goods in those stores. The same study showed that when an ATM is present, shopper spending triples in convenience stores and doubles in drug stores.

Source: Cardtronics & Scansion

# Mexico. The prohibition to pay with cash in transportation apps has been declared invalid by the Supreme Court.

This decision is a key precedent for Uber and other companies seeking to reach millions of Mexicans who do not have a credit card.

In a country where more than 60 percent of the population lacks a bank account, cash payments are a business imperative for Uber, analysts say.

Source: Reuters

# Southeast Asia. Cash is saving electronic commerce.

According to the white paper "State of e-Commerce in South East Asia 2017", published by iPrice, cash is an important part of online payment options in Southeast Asia.

The lack of infrastructures and the low penetration of credit cards in the region means that merchants are offering cash on delivery as an payment solution.

Source: iPrice

# Sweden. Central Bank to take concrete measures to ensure that cash does not disappear as a means of payment.

The Riksbank believes it is important for banks not only to provide deposit facilities to businesses but to also offer deposit services to individual citizens.

This is a service that consumers can reasonably expect of credit institutions. There must also be symmetry between withdrawal and deposit facilities.

Source: The Riksbank

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# Highlights of the period

#### **Main themes**

1

**Macro environment** 

- "Cash in circulation", our main driver, continues to grow
- Strong currency depreciation still not offset by inflation
- Argentina classified as hyperinflationary country (IAS 21 & 29)

2

Resilient business model

- Local growth accelerating to 11.6%
- EBIT margin improvement in local terms in most of the countries.
- Consolidated EBIT margin mainly impacted by forex and IAS 21 & 29

3

New products evolution

- 11.5% of total sales (growth > 40% ex-forex)
- Strong growth in retail automation, AVOS and ATMs

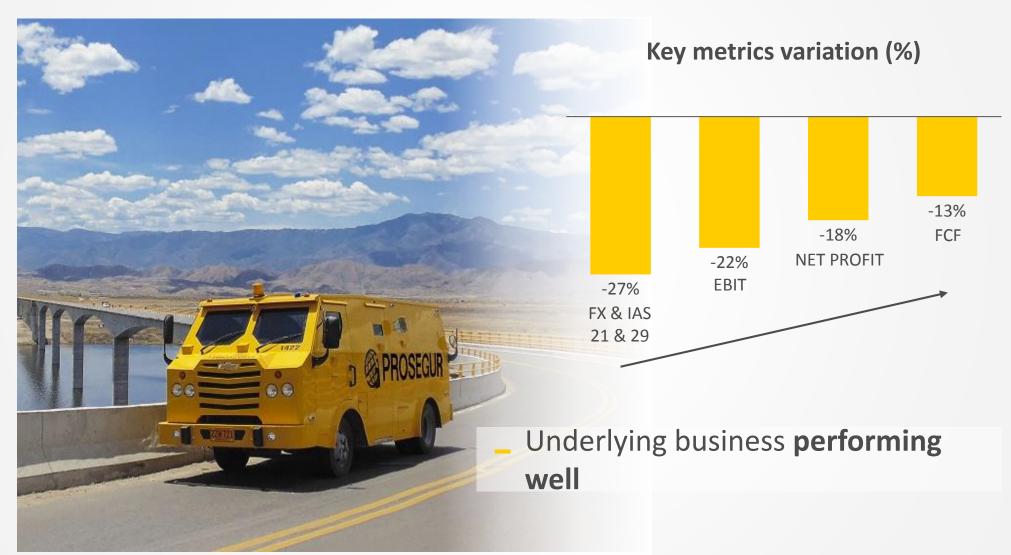
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Solid free cash flow generation

- Accumulated Free Cash Flow of 120 M€
- Higher weight of client-oriented capex within the total amount of investment

# Resilience

### Severe currency headwinds mitigated along our financial magnitudes



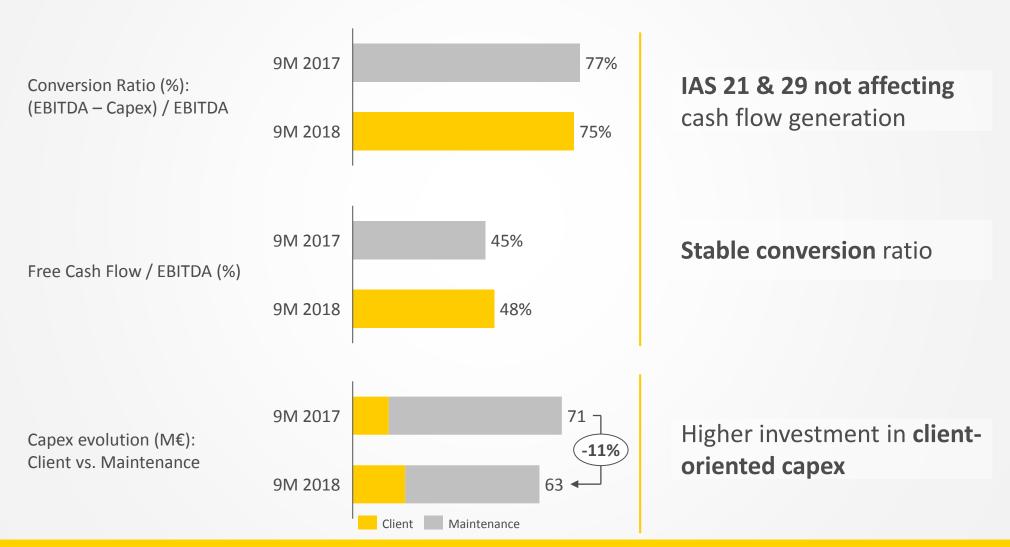
# **New products**

### New services gaining weight within our business mix



### **Free Cash Flow**

### Free Cash Flow generation of 120 M€



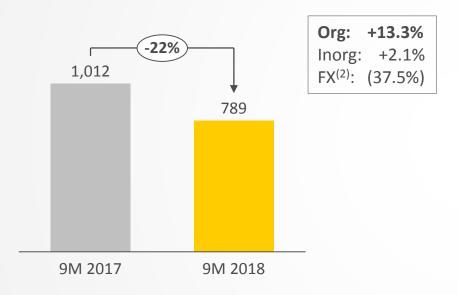
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# **Regional overview**

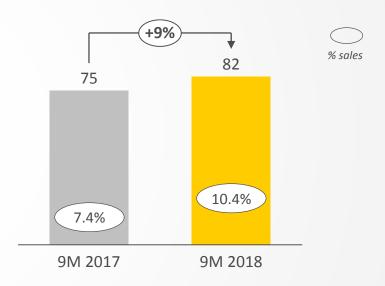
### LatAm [65% sales](1)

#### Sales (M€)



- Comparison vs. previous year affected by one-offs in 2017
- Higher contribution from inorganic growth (Central America)
- In addition of IAS 21 & 29, currency depreciation continues in all geographies

#### **New Products (M€)**

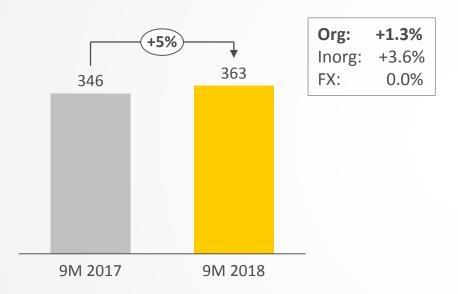


Retail automation, ATMs and valuable cargo

# **Regional overview**

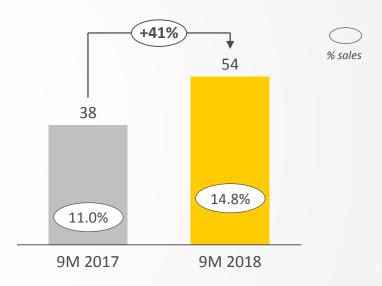
### Europa [30% sales]

#### Sales (M€)



- Organic growth improvement despite France
- M&A complementing our organic growth

#### **New Products (M€)**

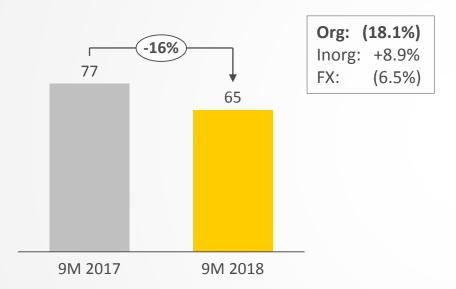


AVOS and retail automation

# **Regional overview**

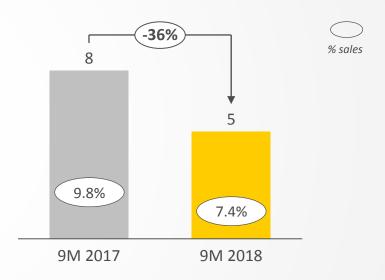
### AOA [5% sales]

### Sales (M€)



- Gradual recovery of volume in Australia since the beginning of the year
- M&A contribution from the **Philippines**
- Strong currency depreciation

#### **New Products (M€)**



Decrease in ATM services

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# Hyperinflationary accounting

### Argentina declared hyperinflationary country during the third quarter

#### Context

- Argentina's cumulative inflation > 100% during the last three years
- IAS 21 & 29 retroactive application since **01/18**

# 2018 Reporting Impact<sup>(1)</sup>

#### **BALANCE**

- Restatement of non-monetary assets and liabilities (formerly at historical cost)
- P&L
- Restatement of income statement captions
- Higher D&A as a consequence of the restatement of BS items
- "Euro" conversion at the **end of the period exhange rate** (previously at the average exchange rate)

# Cash Flow Impact

Hyperinflationary accounting DOES NOT AFFECT cash generation

#### Profit and loss account(1)

Million Euros		9M 2017	9M 2018	% VAR
Sales		1,436	1,217	-15.2%
EBITDA		305	250	-18.1%
	Margin	21.3%	20.5%	
Depreciation		(38)	(40)	4.7%
EBITA		267	210	-21.4%
	Margin	18.6%	17.3%	
Amortization of intangibles		(12)	(12)	-3.3%
EBIT		255	198	-22.3%
	Margin	17.8%	16.3%	
Financial result		3	14	353.3%
EBT		258	212	-17.9%
	Margin	18.0%	17.4%	
Taxes		(88)	(72)	-18.5%
	Tax rate	34.1%	33.9%	
Net Profit from continuing operations		170	140	-17.5%
	Margin	11.8%	11.5%	
Net Consolidated Profit		170	140	-17.6%
	Margin	11.8%	11.5%	

Local growth mitigating currency effect and the application of IAS 21 & 29

Translational risk with no impact in the underlying business

Consolidated EBIT mainly margin impacted by forex and IAS 21 & 29

Positive financial result

<sup>(1) 2018</sup> figures according to IAS 21 & 29 (hyperinflation accounting). 2017 business figures exclude the impact of the intercompany transactions between P. Cash and PCS associated to the IPO restructuring process in 2017. For reconciliation purposes between accounting and business figures please refer to the Annex at the end of this presentation.



#### Cash Flow<sup>(1)</sup>

on Euros 9M 2017		9M 2018
EBITDA	305	250
Provisions and other non-cash items	12	41
Income tax	(99)	(87)
Acquisition of PP&E	(71)	(63)
Changes in working capital	(10)	(21)
Free Cash Flow	138	120
% Conversion <sup>(2)</sup>	77% 75%	
Interest payments	(12)	(7)
Payments for acquisitions of subsidiaries	(43)	(37)
Trademark sale	85	-
Real Estate sale	52	-
Brazilian Security business sale	-	18
Dividend payment	-	(66)
Total Net Cash Flow	220	27
Net financial position at the BoP (December)	(611)	(424)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash	220	27
Exchange rate	(12)	(43)
et financial position at the EoP (September) (404)		(440)

Higher investments in client-oriented capex (~ 30%)

Calendar effect impacting our working capital

**Lower interest** payments

M&A payments during Q3

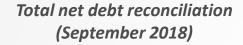
**Dividend cash-out** (second, third fourth instalments of 2017 amount)

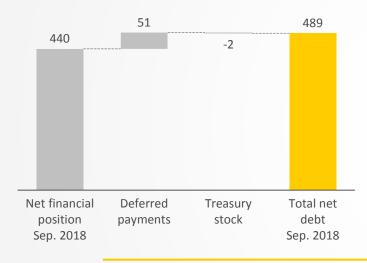
(1) 2018 figures according to IAS 21 & 29 (hyperinflation accounting); (2) Conversion ratio: (EBITDA - Capex) / EBITDA



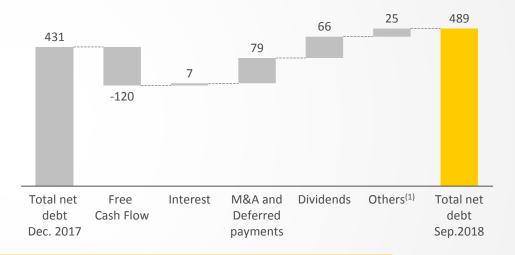
#### **Total net debt**

Million Furos





# Total net debt variation (December 2017 vs September 2018)



Average Cost of Debt

2.06%

Rating S&P

BBB

Outlook stable (October 2018)

Net debt / EBITDA LTM<sup>(2)</sup>

1.3x

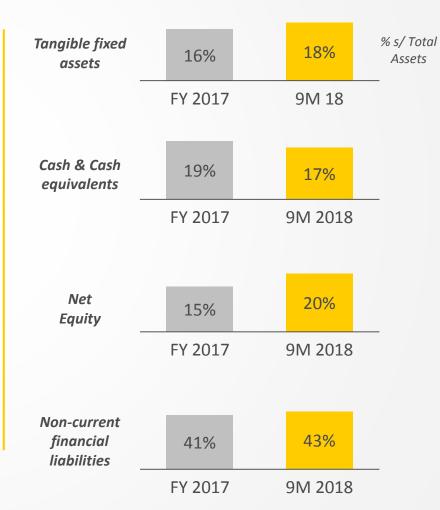
(1) Mainly Includes fx rate impact and the sale of the Brazilian security business; (2) 2018 figures according to IAS 21 & 29 (hyperinflation accounting)



### Balance sheet(1)

Million Euros	FY 2017	9M 2018
Non-current assets	830	859
Tangible fixed assets	279	295
Intangible assets	478	498
Others	72	66
Current assets	877	738
Inventories	6	15
Trade receivables and others	508	458
Cash and cash equivalents	318	264
Non-current assets held for sale	46	1
TOTAL ASSETS	1,707	1,598
Net Equity	264	317
Non-current liabilities	851	833
Financial liabilities	697	695
Other non-current liabilities	154	139
Current liabilities	592	466
Financial liabilities	78	61
Other liabilities	488	386
Liabilities held for sale	27	0
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,707	1,598

#### Main Balance Sheet captions keep improving:



<sup>(1) 2018</sup> figures according to IAS 21 & 29 (hyperinflation accounting).



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## **Final remarks**



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## **Annex**

### Income statement reconciliation 9M 2018<sup>(1)</sup>

			<u>Trac</u>	<u>demark</u>	<u>Real</u>	<u>Estate</u>		e Restruc. Others		
Million Euros	9M 2017 accounting	9M 2018 accounting	9M 2017 not assign.	9M 2018 not assign.	9M 2017 not assign.	9M 2018 not assign.	9M 2017 not assign.	9M 2018 not assign.	9M 2017 business	9M 2018 business
Sales	1,436	1,217	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,436	1,217
EBITDA	390	250	-85	-	+0	-	-	-	305	250
Margin	27.2%	20.5%							21.3%	20.5%
Depreciation	(38)	(40)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(38)	(40)
EBITA	352	210	-85	-	+0	-	-	-	267	210
Margin	24.5%	17.3%							18.6%	17.3%
Amortization of intangibles	(12)	(12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12)	(12)
EBIT	340	198	-85	-	+0	-	-	-	255	198
Margin	23.7%	16.3%							17.8%	16.3%
Financial result	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	14
EBT	343	212	-85	-	+0	-	/-	-	258	212
Margin	23.9%	17.4%							18.0%	17.4%
Taxes	(97)	(72)	+9	-	-	-	-	-	(88)	(72)
Tax rate	28.3%	33.9%							34.1%	33.9%
Net profit from continuing operations	246	140	-76	-	+0	-	-	-	170	140
Margin	17.1%	11.5%							11.8%	11.5%

<sup>(1) 2018</sup> figures according to IAS 21 & 29 (hyperinflation accounting). 2017 business figures exclude the impact of the intercompany transactions between P. Cash and PCS associated to the IPO restructuring process in 2017. Among them we highlight the sale of certain Licensed Trademarks, the sale of real estate assets in Argentina and the sale of the Security Business of Brazil.



# Legal advice

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