

OUTLOOK

19th FEBRUARY LONDON 2014/16

> **2014-2016 Strategic Pillars** Ignacio S. Galán, Chairman and CEO





The Global Scenario

Strategic Pillars

Projections 2014-2016

Conclusion





Moderate growth trend in the medium- and long-term, driven by economic recovery

Demand	Europe: slight growth supported by UK USA: growth in line with macro and industrial recovery Brazil and Mexico: growth in line with GDP
CO2 prices	Slight increase due to the implementation of backloading, EU 2030 reduction targets and improvements in CO2 market
Commodities prices	Forecasts remain stable for oil and coal Expected reduction of gap between gas prices in USA and Europe
Energy prices	UK: slight increase due to reserve margin reduction and introduction of carbon price floor Spain: normalisation due to macro recovery and higher thermal gap





Fulfilling current energy policy objectives will imply a great investment effort...

Electricity sector investment needs (2012-2035)



Transmission and distribution networks Interconnections Renewable capacity Back-up capacity (CCGTs) Efficiency measures Energy storage Smart grids

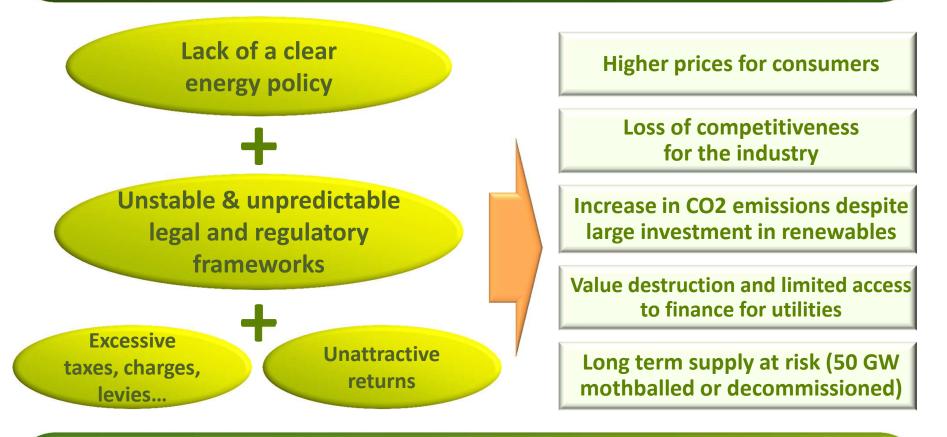
... which requires predictable and stable regulatory frameworks as is the case in US and Latam countries where we are present

Source: International Energy Agency, World Energy Outlook 2012, New policies Scenario





But regulatory uncertainty in some European Member States...



... has hindered the fulfilment of energy policy objectives





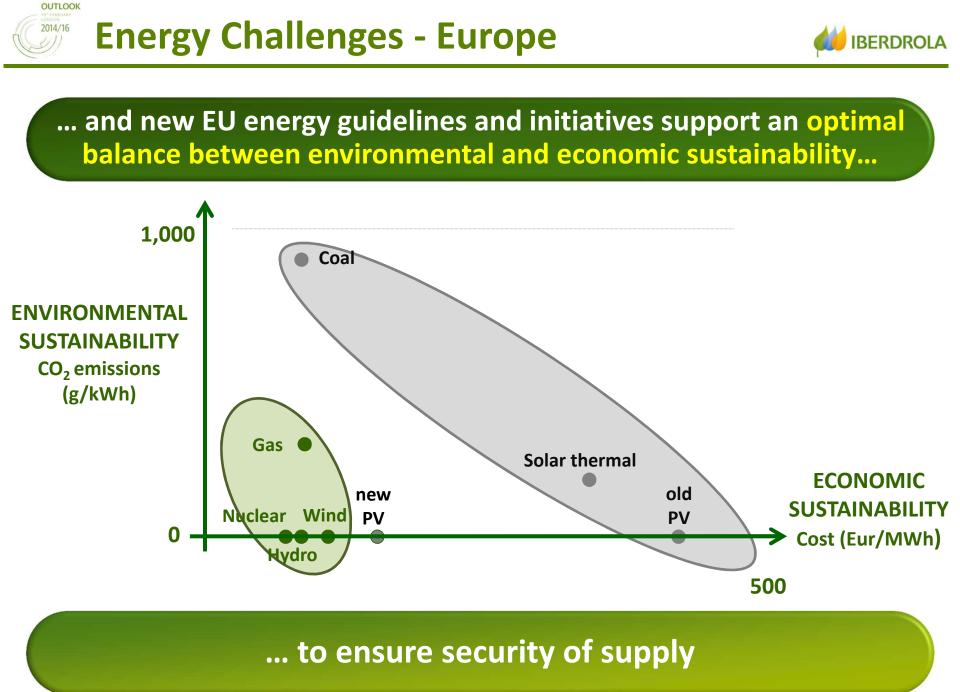
Some European Member States are beginning to understand the problem and fostering a change in trend...

FROM a model in which political decisions negatively affected consumers, industry and utilities

TO a model balancing both

affordability and environmental targets

- Clean up tariffs of charges not related to energy supply
- Auction mechanisms instead of feed-in tariffs for renewables
- Limits on investment in non-mature renewables
- Capacity payments
- CO₂ backloading and global emissions targets up to 2030
- Rational regulation for distributed generation



Source: Company estimates based on remuneration perceived in 2012 by technology in Spain





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Maintaining our strategic pillars...

Balanced risk profile

 More than 80% of investments in regulated businesses
 Increasing geographic diversification

Operational efficiency

 Costs flat for existing businesses
 Headcount reduction to around 27.000 employees

Financial strength

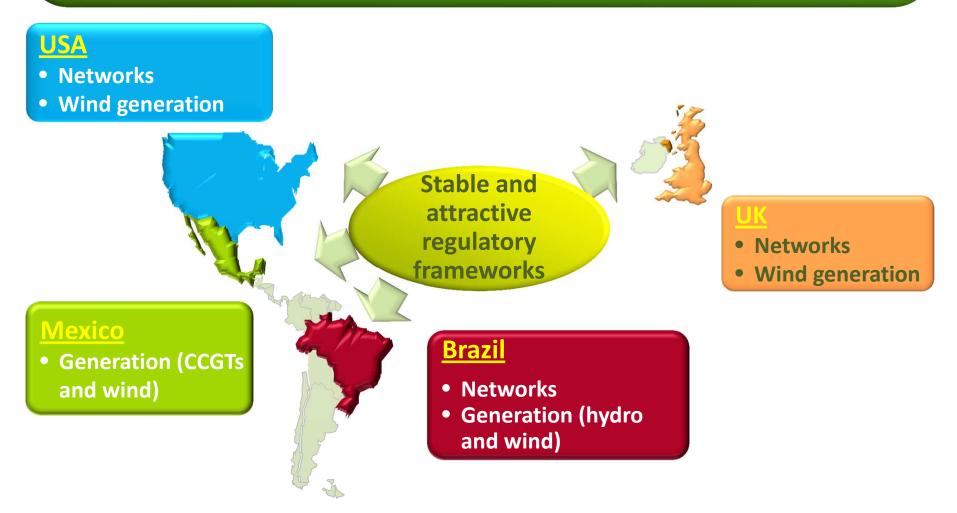
Net Debt reduction to Eur 25 bn improving financial ratios • Portfolio management

... to provide a shareholder remuneration floor of Eur 0.27 per share, with potential growth in line with Net Profit



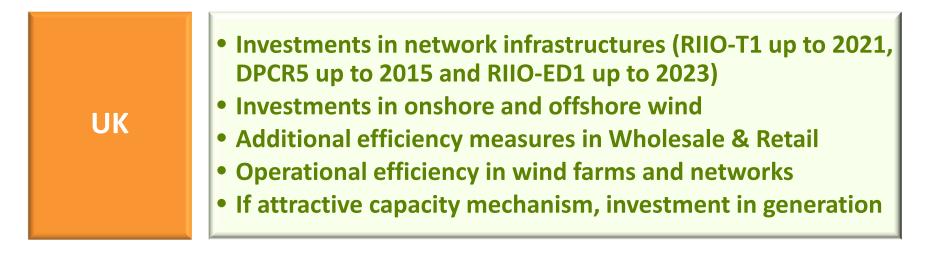


Focus in countries with opportunities to boost growth and with stable and attractive frameworks





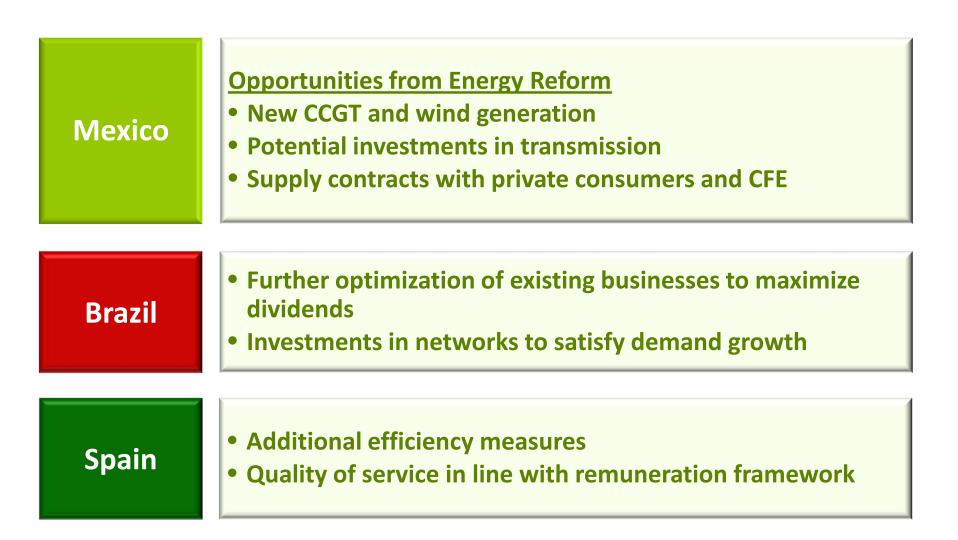




US	 Investments in network infrastructures with a defined regulatory framework If PTCs extension, investments in renewables Further optimization of the corporate structure
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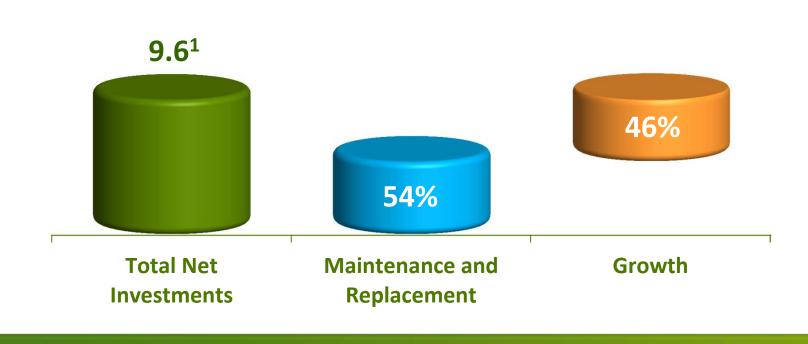


Eur bn





2014-2016 Investments



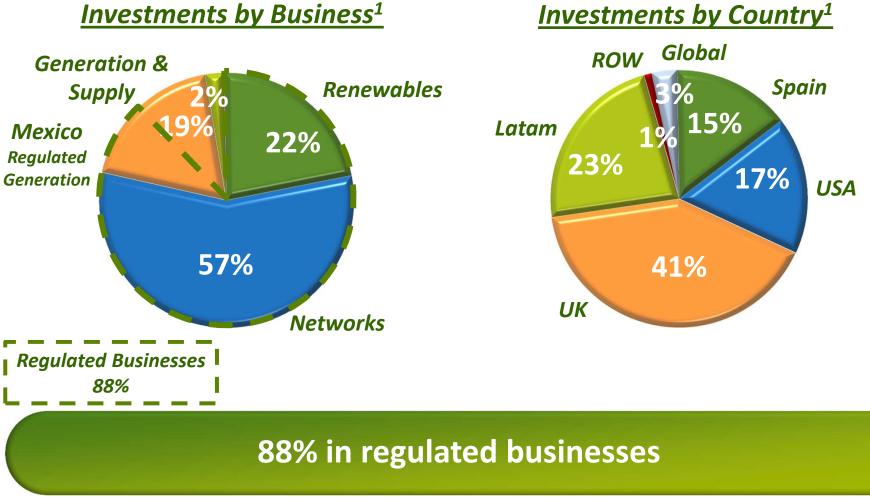
... with Eur 4.4 bn focused on growth

1. Net of grants and not including capitalised costs





Investments focused in businesses and countries with predictable and stable regulation



^{1.} Including investments in Neoenergia projects which are not consolidated under IFRS 11







Networks	 USA: HV line in Maine (MPRP) UK: RIIO-T1, DPCR5, RIIO-ED1, Western HVDC, smart meters Brazil: increasing demand and new connections Spain: smart meters
Renewables	 Offshore wind - West of Duddon Sands in UK + new projects Onshore wind - UK, USA, Mexico and Brazil
Generation	 3 CCGTs in construction in Mexico (Norte III, Baja California, Monterrey enlargements) 3 hydro plants in construction in Brazil (Belo Monte, Teles Pires, Baixo Iguaçu)¹

Potential additional investment opportunities beyond 2016





Personnel and External Services Expenses remain flat...

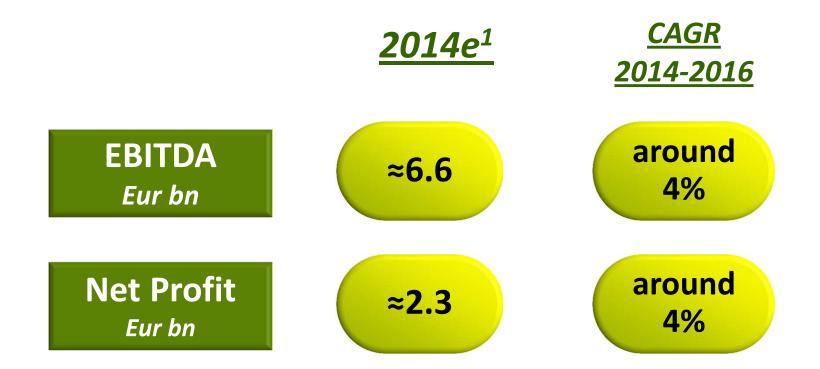


... contributing to efficiency improvements





After the impact of fiscal & regulatory modifications in Spain, 2014 is an earning floor



Growth potential from 2015 onwards

1. IFRS 11 applied





Net Debt reduction of Eur 1.8 Bn to Eur 25 Bn...

Operating Cash Flow (FFO) exceeding investments across all businesses

Investments of Eur 9.6 Bn

Divestments of Eur 500 M (in addition to the Eur 2 Bn Plan announced)

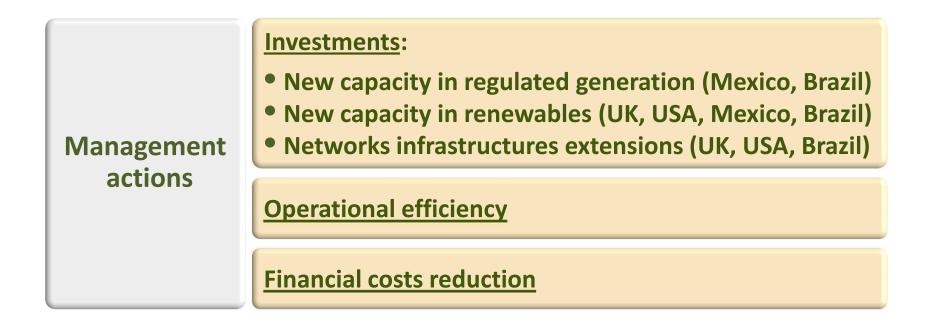
Portfolio management

... and improving financial ratios: leverage ≈40%, Net Debt/EBITDA<3.5 and FFO/Net Debt >22%





Growth drivers in 2014-2016

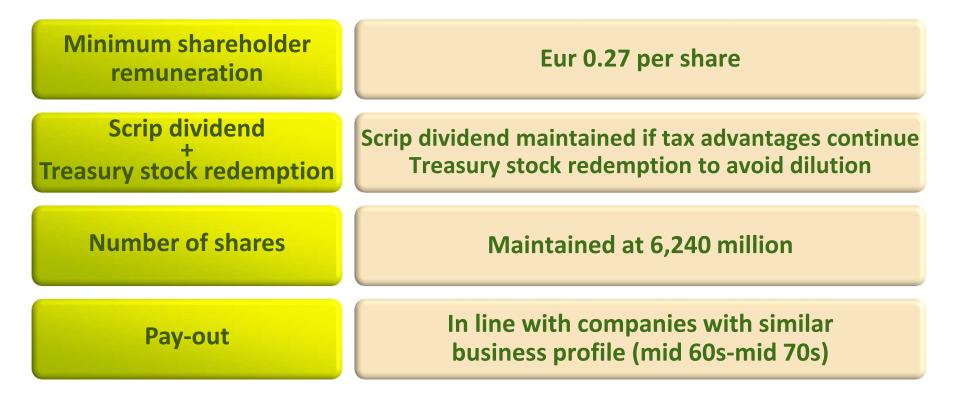


Potential additional growth in EBITDA could come from Improvements in market conditions and energy prices





Sustainability of shareholder remuneration policy is a priority



Compatible with solid financial ratios





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A business model that responds to the global energy environment

International diversification

Presence in countries with adequate regulatory frameworks and in countries where regulation begins to improve

Balanced business profile with focus in regulated activities

High quality of assets

Increasing financial strength

Proven Management track record

With a strong commitment to sustainable shareholder remuneration





2014 is a floor, after which diversification will provide sustainable growth



Shareholder remuneration floor of Eur 0.27 per share





Our model will allow us to boost growth beyond 2016...

Projects undertaken in 2014-2016 will provide higher contribution to results

Additional investments in stable and attractive businesses and countries

Further efficiency measures: Structure optimisation and additional headcount reduction

Portfolio management to explore new opportunities for growth

... to increase shareholder remuneration in line with results