

IDENTIFYING DATA OF THE ISSUER		
End date of the reference year:	31/12/2021	
Tax ID:	A-82473018	
Company name: RENTA 4 BANCO, S.A.		
Registered office: PS. DE LA HABANA N.74 (MADRID)		



A. OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

A.1. Complete the following table on the share capital and voting rights attributed, including, if applicable, those corresponding to shares with loyalty voting rights, as of the closing date of the fiscal year:

Indicate whether the Company's articles of association contain a provision for double loyalty voting:

[] Yes [√] No

Date of last change	Share capital (€)	Number of shares	Number of voting rights
27/09/2011	18,311,941.35	40,693,203	40,693,203

Indicate whether different types of shares exist with different associated rights:

[] Yes [√] No

A.2. List the direct and indirect owners of significant shares as of the closing date of the financial year, including the directors who have a significant stake:

Name or company name of the	% of voting rights at	tached to the shares	% of voting rights instru	through financial ments	Total % of voting
shareholder	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect	rights
MS. MARIA BEATRIZ LOPEZ PERERA	0.00	5.04	0.00	0.00	5.04
MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	6.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.88
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	0.00	5.59	0.00	0.00	5.59
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	0.21	5.57	0.00	0.00	5.77
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	29.84	9.70	0.00	0.00	39.54

The position of the MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA is reported in this section because in 2019 the company resigned as a director, but continues to be a shareholder of the company.

Mr. Óscar Balcells Curt controls the companies MOBEL LINEA S.L., and MUEBLES Y ASIENTOS DE OFICINA S.L., and the latter, in turn, controls the other two companies that hold voting rights: LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L., and 98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.



Details of the indirect stake:

Name or company name of the indirect holder	Name or company name of the direct holder	% of voting rights attached to the shares	% of voting rights through financial instruments	Total % of voting rights
MS. MARIA BEATRIZ LOPEZ PERERA	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	5.04	0.00	5.04
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	5.59	0.00	5.59
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	2.31	0.00	2.31
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	0.00	0.57
MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	2.69	0.00	2.69
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	4.16	0.00	4.16
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SURIKOMI S.A	3.11	0.00	3.11
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	MS. MATILDE ESTADES SECO	2.43	0.00	2.43

Indicate the most significant movements in the shareholder structure during the year:

Most significant movements

(i) It is clarified that although Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta owns 25% of the shares of the Managers Portfolio 2020, all of the voting rights of this company are held by Mr. Juan Luis López.

(ii) It is indicated that Santander Asset Management, S.A., SGIIC acquires, through Santander Small Caps España, FI, 3% of the voting rights attributed to the shares on 23/12/2021.



A.3. List, regardless of the percentage, the stake at year-end of the members of the Board of Directors who are the owners voting rights attributed to shares of the Company or through financial instruments, excluding the Board Members identified in section A.2 above:

Name or company name of the director	% of votil attached to		% of voting rights through financial instruments		Total % of voting rights	% of voting rights that may be transferred through financial instruments	
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect		Direct	Indirect
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	0.42	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	1.40	2.64	0.00	0.00	4.04	0.00	0.00
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00
MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS-ZUÑIGA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	0.32	0.91	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00

total % of voting rights owned by members of the Board of Directors	6.61
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Details of the indirect stake:

Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the direct holder	% of voting rights attached to the shares	% of voting rights through financial instruments	Total % of voting rights	% of voting rights that may be transferred through financial instruments
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	IGE-6, S.L	0.64	0.00	0.64	0.00
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	FUNDACION GONZALEZ ENCISO	1.11	0.00	1.11	0.00
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	KURSAAL 2000, S.L.	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011, S.A.	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.91
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2020 S.A.	0.85	0.00	0.85	0.00

Mr Eduardo Chacón López has been included as the indirect owner of a percentage that makes up 0.001% of voting rights attached to the shares, but the real percentage cannot be included in the table above because the system only allows two decimal places.

With regard to Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo (indirect stake) and Mr Juan Luis López García (direct stake), we have reported their positions in CFDs on the Renta 4 Banco security for the purposes of consistency of the information entered into the CNMV records. Nevertheless this position in CFDs does and will not grant its holder any voting rights on the Renta 4 Banco security as the CFDs are a synthetic financial instrument that is always settled by differences (not deliverable).

Detail the total percentage of voting rights represented on the Board:

% of total voting rights represented on the Board of Directors	0.00

A.4. Indicate, as applicable, any family, commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between owners of significant stakes, insofar as these are known by the company, unless they are insignificant or arise from ordinary trading or exchange activities, except for those reported in section A.6:

Name or company name of the related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
No data		



A.5. Indicate, as applicable, any commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between owners of significant stakes, and the company and/or its group, unless they are insignificant or arise from ordinary trading or exchange activities:

Name or company name of the related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
No data		

A.6. Describe the relationships, unless insignificant for both parties, between the significant shareholders, or represented shareholders, on the Board and the directors, or their representatives, when the administrators are a legal entity.

Explain, where appropriate, how the significant shareholders are represented. In particular, specify any directors who have been appointed to represent significant shareholders, those whose appointment was promoted by significant shareholders, or those who were related to significant shareholders and/or entities in their group, indicating the nature of such relationship. In particular, indicate, where appropriate, the existence, identity and position of Board members or directors' representatives of the listed company who are also members of the management body, or their representatives, in companies with a significant stake in the listed company o in companies of the group of such significant shareholders:

Name or company name of the director or representative, related	Name or company name of the significant related shareholder	Company name of the significant shareholder's group company	Description of the relationship/position
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	CHAIRMAN - CEO
FUNDACION OBRA SOCIAL DE LA ABOGACIA ESPAÑOLA	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SIGNIFICANT SHAREHOLDER ON RENTA 4 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

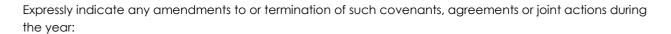
A.7.	Indicate whether the company has been notified of any shareholders' agreements pursuant to Articles 530
	and 531 of the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law. If so, provide a brief description and list the
	shareholders that are party to the agreement:

[]	Yes
[1	No

Indicate whether the company is aware of the existence of any joint actions among its shareholders. Give a brief description as applicable:

[]	Yes
[√]	No





None.	-	

A.8. Indicate whether any individual or legal entities currently exercise control or could exercise control over the company pursuant to Article 5 of the Securities Market Law. If so, identify:

[√]	Yes
[]	No

Name or company name
JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO

The direct and indirect stake in the share capital is 39.546%

A.9. Complete the following tables on the company's treasury shares:

At the end of the fiscal year:

Number of direct shares	Number of indirect shares(*)	Total % out of share capital
72,590		0.18

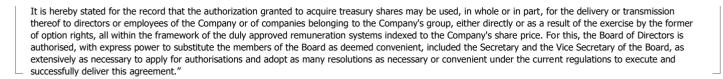
(*) Through:

Name or company name of the direct holder of the stake	Number of direct shares
No data	

A.10. Give details of the applicable conditions and current timeline for the general meeting to authorise the Board of Directors to issue, buy back or transfer treasury shares:

On 27 April 2018, the General Meeting of Shareholders adopted the following resolution: "The Board of Directors is authorised, with express power of substitution – even if this could lead to self-hiring or despite opposing interest – to carry out the derivative acquisition of the Company's treasury shares, directly or indirectly through the Company's group entities, and as deemed convenient in the light of the circumstances, subject to Article 146 and the following articles in the revised text of the Corporate Act and other applicable regulations. The minimum acquisition price or consideration will be equal to the nominal value of the treasury shares acquired, and the maximum acquisition price or consideration will be equal to the share purchased in an official secondary market on the date of acquisition. At no time may the par value of the shares directly or indirectly purchased, added to those already held by the Company and its subsidiaries, exceed 10% of the subscribed share capital or the maximum amount that may be established by law. The types of purchase may include sale and purchase, swap, donation, allocation or payment in kind or any other type of transaction for consideration according to the circumstances. This authorisation is granted for a period of five years.





A 11	Estimated	floating	capital.
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	%
Estimated floating capital	39.41

A.12.	Give details of any restrictions (statutory, legal or otherwise) on the transfer of securities and/or voting rights. In
	particular, detail the existence of any kinds of restrictions that could hinder the company takeover through
	the purchase of its shares in the market, as well as any prior authorisation or communication rules that, with
	regard to the purchase or transfer of financial instruments in the company, would be applicable under the
	industry regulations.

[√]	Yes
[]	No

Description of the restrictions

Renta 4 Banco, S.A., as a credit institution, is subject to Article 17 of the Spanish Law 10/2014, of 26 June on the organisation, supervision and solvency of credit institutions and its development regulations, including Royal Decree 84/2015 of 13 February that develops said law and Circular 5/2010 of 28 September issued by the Bank of Spain. In this regard, when a person (natural or legal, alone or jointly with other persons) decides to purchase (directly or indirectly) a significant stake in a credit institution such that they acquire a percentage of voting rights or owned share capital equal to or above 20, 30 or 50% or if by virtue of the acquisition such person will gain control of the credit institution as described in Article 42 of the Code of Commerce, such person will be required to the Bank of Spain of this beforehand and will need prior authorisation for the acquisition/transmission their stake in the share capital of the credit institution

A.13.	Indicate whether the general meeting has resolved to adopt neutralisation measures to address a
	takeover bid by virtue of the provisions of Law 6/2007.

[]	Yes
[\[1 \]	No

If applicable, explain the measures approved and the terms under which these restrictions may be non-enforceable:

A.14. Indicate whether the company has issued securities not traded in a regulated market of the European Union.

[]	Yes
[√]	No



Where applicable, state the various classes of shares, and the rights and obligations attached to each class:

B. SHAREHOLDERS MEETING

B.1.	Indicate and state, if any, the differences with respect to the minimums stipulated in the Spanish Limited Liability
	Companies Law (LSC) with regard to the quorum required for the constitution of the general meeting:

[]	Yes
[√]	No

- B.2. Indicate and, as applicable, describe any differences between the company's system of adopting corporate resolutions and the framework established in the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law (LSC):
 - [] Yes [√] No
- B.3. Indicate the rules governing amendments to the company's bylaws. In particular, indicate the majorities required to amend the bylaws and, if applicable, the rules for protecting shareholders' rights when the bylaws are amended.

Pursuant to Article 21 of the Company Bylaws ("Bylaws"), "any amendments to the Company Bylaws, will require, on first call, the attendance of shareholders, in person or represented, with at least fifty percent (50%) of the subscribed capital with voting rights and, on second call, the attendance of twenty-five percent (25%) of such capital", foreseeing, for the valid adoption of the corresponding resolution, that when on second call the meeting is attended by shareholders who make up twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the subscribed capital with voting rights but less than fifty percent (50%), the resolutions will only be validly adopted with the vote in favour of two thirds of the share capital, present or represented at the General Meeting.

Similar provisions are included in Article 12 of the Regulations of the General Meeting of Shareholders (the "General Meeting Regulations"), in its Article 25.3.c), which provides that the amendment of the Bylaws should be put to vote to the shareholders separately to allow the shareholders to exercise their voting preferences individually, and this should apply to all other matters that are materially independent, including amendments to the Bylaws. Finally, Article 26 of the Regulations of the General Shareholders' Meeting establishes that, in order to agree on any modification of the Bylaws, if the capital present or represented exceeds fifty percent (50%), it shall be sufficient for the resolution to be adopted by absolute majority, requiring the favourable vote of two thirds of the capital present or represented at the General Shareholders' Meeting when, at second call, shareholders representing twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the subscribed capital with voting rights are present without reaching fifty percent (50%).

B.4. Indicate the attendance figures for the general meetings held during the year and those of the two previous fiscal years:

	Attendance information					
Date of General Meeting	% of attendance	% in represented	1 %	% remote voting		
Date of General Meeting	in person		Electronic votin	g Other	Total	
27/04/2018	42.81	28.12	0.00	0.00	70.93	
Of which Floating Capital	1.58	9.89	0.00	0.00	11.47	
29/04/2019	48.13	19.61	0.00	0.00	67.74	
Of which Floating Capital	1.72	6.40	0.00	0.00	8.12	
27/04/2020	33.06	7.83	0.00	31.13	72.02	



	Attendance information				
Date of General Meeting	% of attendance	% in represented	% remot	% remote voting	
Date of General Meeting	in person		Electronic voting	g Other	Total
Of which Floating Capital	0.04	2.64	0.00	12.89	15.57
26/10/2020	33.48	16.78	0.00	24.59	74.85
Of which Floating Capital	0.04	7.79	0.00	12.04	19.87
26/03/2021	0.00	1,46	0.00	66.56	68.02
Of which Floating Capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.03	6.03

	whicheve	er reason, were not adopted by the shareholders:
	[]	Yes
	[√]	No
B.6.		whether the bylaws contain any restrictions with respect to a minimum number of shares required to eneral meetings or to vote remotely:
	[]	Yes
	[√]	No

B.5. Specify if there have been any items on the agenda at the General Meetings held during the year that, for

- B.7. Indicate if there is a rule establishing that certain decisions, other than those established by Law, that involve the purchase, disposal, contribution to another company of key assets or other similar corporate operations, should be put to vote at the General Meeting of Shareholders:
 - [] Yes [√] No
- B.8. Indicate the address and mode of accessing corporate governance content on the company's website, as well as other information on general meetings which must be made available to shareholders on the Company website:

Corporate website: https://www.renta4banco.com/es/

Information on corporate governance and other information on the general meetings can be found on the website in the "Corporate Governance" section, located at the top of the corporate website. This section contains all the corporate information on the subject in accordance with current legislation.



C. STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY'S GOVERNING BODY

C.1. Board of Directors

C.1.1 The maximum and minimum number of directors stipulated in the Company Bylaws and the number stipulated by the General Meeting:

Maximum number of directors	15
Minimum number of directors	5
Number of directors stipulated by the General	
Meeting	

C.1.2 Fill in the following table with the Board members' particulars:

Name or company name of the director	Representative	Category of the director	Position on the Board	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Appointment procedure
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA		Independent	INDEPENDENT LEAD DIRECTOR	28/04/2015	29/04/2019	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO		Independent	DIRECTOR	28/04/2017	26/03/2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO		Executive	CHAIRMAN	20/08/1999	26/03/2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	28/04/2017	26/03/2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ		Other External	VICE-PRESIDENT	20/08/2000	26/03/2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO		Independent	DIRECTOR	29/04/2019	29/04/2019	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS



Name or company name of the director	Representative	Category of the director	Position on the Board	Date of first appointment	Date of last appointment	Appointment procedure
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA		Executive	CEO	27/09/2011	26/03/2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ		Executive	DIRECTOR	26/05/2000	26/03/2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO		Executive	DIRECTOR	20/08/1999	26/03/2021	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
FUNDACION OBRA SOCIAL DE LA ABOGACIA ESPAÑOLA	MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	Proprietary	DIRECTOR	27/11/2012	27/04/2018	RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA		Independent	DIRECTOR	30/11/2021	30/11/2021	CO-OPTATION
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA		Independent	DIRECTOR	28/10/2021	28/10/2021	CO-OPTATION

Total number of directors	12
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Indicate any resignations from the Board of Directors during the reporting period, whether due to resignation or by resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting:

Name or company name of the director	Category of the director when they left	Date of last appointment	Date of departure	Special committees the director was a member of	Indicate whether the director left before the end of their office
MRS SARAH MARIE HARMON	Independent	20/04/2020	25/05/2021	Member of the Audit and Control Committee and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.	YES



Name or company name of the director	Category of the director when they left	Date of last appointment	Date of departure	Specialised committees of which they were a member	Indicate whether the director left before the end of their office
MR PEDRO FERRERAS DIEZ	Other External	28/04/2017	19/11/2021	No	YES

C.1.3 Complete the following tables on board members and their respective categories:

	EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Name or company name of the director	Position in the company organisation chart	Profile	
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	CHAIRMAN	Mr Ureta has a degree in Law-Economy (Lawyer specialising in Economics) by Deusto University. As State Attorney (1980 examination), he worked for the Ministry of Economy and Treasury (1980 -1984). He has been a Stockbroker of the Madrid Stock Exchange since 1986 (number 1 in his year). Mr Ureta was the Chairman of the Instituto Español de Analistas Financieros from 2010 to 2016 and of the Fundación de Estudios Financieros from 2010 to 2016. Between 1996 and 2003 he was a member of the Board of Directors of the Servicio de Compensación y Liquidación de Valores (Iberclear) and was the chairman of such service in 2002. He was also a member of the Board of Directors and the Standing Committee of the Sociedad Rectora de la Bolsa de Madrid from 1989 until 2019. Mr Ureta is also a member of the Board of Directors of Bolsas y Mercados Españoles (BME) from 2002 to 2006, and from 2018 to 2020, member of the Board of Directors of Indra Sistemas (1998- 2007) Spanish leading company in information technology; and member of the Advisory Board of Lucent Technologies in Spain (1996 and 2001). He is currently a member of the Board of Directors of Saint Croix Holding Immobilier, Socimi, S.A. In addition to being the author of numerous publications specializing in legal and financial matters, Mr. Ureta is a consultant to several Spanish and foreign business groups.	
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CEO	Mr. López García holds a degree in Economics and Business Administration from the Complutense University of Madrid. From 1980 to 1986, he worked as a financial analyst at BANIF. After this period, he moved to Banco Hispano Urquijo in London (Risk Department) for 10 months. In 1987 he joined Urquijo Gestión de Patrimonios as a portfolio manager and manager of Collective Investment Institutions. Subsequently (1988 -1991) he worked as a portfolio manager at GESBANZANO, SGIIC (Banco Zaragozano Group), and subsequently developed his activity as an independent professional advising institutions, especially in the non-for-profit sector (1991-1997).	



	EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Position in the company organisation chart	Profile		
		In 1997 he joined Renta 4 where he was appointed as General Manager in March 2004. From 2006 until 2007 he was Chairman of Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP S.A. Until March 2011 he was Chairman and CEO of Renta 4 Gestora, SGIIC, S.A. and General Manager of Renta 4 Servicios de Inversión, S.A. where he has taken on different functions. At present, Mr Juan Luis López is a member of the Board of Directors of Renta 4 Pensiones SGFP, S.A. and Renta 4 Banco, S.A. and has also been CEO of the latter since January 2015.		
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	GENERAL MANAGER	Mr Sánchez-Quiñones has a degree in Business Management and Administration by ICADE and a Master's degree in Tax and Economic Studies by CECO. He was in charge of the management (and attendance) of all courses and seminars organised by Aula Financiera & Fiscal from 1991 to 2004. Since 2012, Mr. Sánchez-Quiñones has been General Manager at Renta 4 Banco, being the head of the areas of Business, Markets, Asset Management, Online Intermediation, Corporate Finance, Research, Marketing and Private Banking. From 2006 to 2012, he held the position of General Manager at Renta 4 S.V., being the head of the areas of Business, Markets, Asset Management, Online Intermediation, Corporate Finance, Research, Marketing and Private Equity Management. Since 2000, he has been Director at Renta 4 Servicios de Inversión (Holding), where he had a significant degree of involvement in the company's IPO (2007). In 1991 he founded (and was the Administrator of) Aula Financiera & Fiscal, S.L. a company specialising in training professionals from the Private Banking and Equity Management sector in tax and financial matters, most of them inspectors from the General Tax Department. Between 2004-2006 he was Chairman of Renta 4 S.G.I.I.C., S.A. and General Manager at Renta 4 S.V. In 1996 (until 2000) he was Assistant Manager of the Chairman of Renta 4 S.V. and had previously worked as Manager of the analysis department, Operator of the table of derivates and international contracting and Analyst of the Corporate Finance department. Besides being the coauthor of many publications and taking part in different work teams (e.g. CNMV or BME), is a member, among other organisations, of the Economic Advisors Group, the Spanish Institute of Financial Analysts, and a regular speaker at courses and seminars organized by different institutions (e.g. the Economics and Financial Policy Committee of the CEOE). Since April 2019 he is also a Director of KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT SGEIC, S.A.		
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	REGIONAL DIRECTOR	After training as a lawyer, his career has been linked to the business world, taking on management roles and being part of governing bodies in different companies, mainly within the financial and real-estate market.		



	EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Name or company name of the director	Position in the company organisation chart	Profile In this field, he joined Manglo, S.A. as Sales Manager in 1982 where he supervised the Finances and HR Department. Mr González was then appointed	
		Director from 1985 until 1996. He was also Sole Administrator at Miralpáramo, S.L. He joined Renta 4 in 1991 as Regional Manager at Renta 4 SV in Valladolid and Regional Manager at Renta 4 SV in Castilla y León. He is currently Manager at Renta 4 Valladolid; Regional Manager at Renta 4 Castilla y León; Director of Renta 4 Banco; Director of Renta 4 S.V., S.A; Chairman of the Board of Directors of Auditórium Privatum S.L; and CEO of I.G.E-6,S.L. Furthermore, Mr González Enciso is a financial advisor and trustee of several non-profit foundations and associations, and member of the Social Board at the University of Valladolid. He is currently Manager at Renta 4 in Valladolid; Regional Manager at Renta 4 in Castilla y León and Chairman of Renta 4 Banco, SA:	
Total number o	f executive directors	4	
% out of the	total of the board	33.33	

	EXTERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS			
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder they represent or who has proposed their appointment	Profile		
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS , S.A.	Mr Chacón has a degree in Business and Economics Sciences by the University of Extremadura (1995) having studied the first two years at the University of Valladolid and has a degree in Business Senior Management by the San Telmo Business School, Seville (1997). He also attended a course on Senior Management, PAD (2008) by the Extremadura Business School of which he is founder and owner. Since 1995 he has been CEO of a group of family businesses from Extremadura that specialise in managing different services: street cleaning, maintenance, upkeep and cleaning of property, car parks and signposting, with a workforce of about eight hundred people, of which an approximate ten percent is disabled. He has been a member of the Business Advisory Board of Extremadura Mutua Fremap since 1997, and is also Director of Sociedad Cacereña de Parking, S.L.		



	EXTERNAL PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS		
Name or company name of the director	Name or company name of the significant shareholder they represent or who has proposed their appointment	Profile	
		He was a member of the Governing Body of Caja Rural of Almendralejo, a credit cooperative society, from December 2013 to April 2017. He has also taken other courses on different subjects including Environment, Urban Waste Management and Treatment, trained to transport goods by road and other courses on Family business management, Leadership skills and Technical analysis of financial markets. He regularly attends high-level training courses and is especially interested in matters related to business strategy, team management, family businesses and the parallelism between the management of the sports world and the business world.	
FUNDACION OBRA SOCIAL DE LA ABOGACIA ESPAÑOLA	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	Mr Navas Lanchas (natural person representing the Foundation) has a degree in Economic Sciences (1986) and Insurance Actuary (1986) by the Complutense University. He has also taken several courses on the Liquidation of Insurance Companies in UNESPA (July 1991); insurance and reinsurance in general and other specific courses on life insurance and pension funds; and Internal Control and solvency II of insurance companies. Basic skills in office software, Internet, email and actuary calculation software (ACTUS). Since 2013, he has been the General Manager of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía, having acted as Assistant General Manager the previous year. From 2006 to 2012 Mr Navas was Deputy General Manager of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía (since 2008 Deputy General Manager of the Financial Area of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía in charge of the departments of Financial Investments, Real-estate investments, Accountancy and Actuary Department; and from 2006 to 2008, Deputy General Manager coordinating all the departments in Mutualidad). He was also the Head of the Technical Actuary Department of Mutualidad General de la Abogacía (1991-2006). Previously Mr Navas had worked at Ernst Young as an auditor (insurance and finance sector, 1990-1991) and at Espacontrol Deloitte where he also worked as an auditor (1987-1990).	

Total number of proprietary directors	2
% out of the total of the board	16.67



	EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS		
Name or company name of the director	Profile		
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	Mr Rubio has held different positions of responsibility during his professional career. In particular, he started his career working at the headquarters of Marks & Spencer in London. Then between 1975 and 1982 he was General Secretary and Secretary to the Board of Directors as well as Manager of the Legal Consultancy department for a group of family-run companies in the building, property development, housing, mining and electrical supply sector. In 1982 he founded the law firm 'Mateu de Ros, Ramón y Cajal & Rubio', today known as 'Ramón y Cajal Abogados', where he remained until 1994 where he mainly developed international business, participating in various transactions of Spanish companies public offering in London, introducing foreign investors to Spanish listed companies, organising presentations of the Spanish Chamber of Commerce in London, and advising different listed companies, among others, 'BNP Securities', 'Ask Securities' and 'Map Securities', all from London. He has been a director at entities such as 'Mediterranean Fund' managed by 'Lombard Odier y Cia.' and Secretary of the Board of Directors at 'Ascorp, S.A.' a listed company of the 'Grupo Cooperativo Mondragón', and has held various other positions as Director in other companies dedicated to strategic management, real estate services as well as from within the health sector. From 1995 to 1998, he was Managing Director of the 'Previasa' insurance group. From 1998 to 2014 he was Executive Vice President and Managing Director of 'Grupo Hospitalario Quirón'. In June 2012, for the statutory period of one year, he was appointed President of the 'Instituto para el Desarrollo e Integración de la Sanidad' (IDIS), and in July 2012 and until 2014, Executive Vice President and Chief Executive Officer of 'USP Hospitales'. He currently holds the position of Executive Vice President at 'Philyra, S.A.'. Mr. Rubio holds a Law Degree from the Complutense University of Madrid (1974) and completed his training with various disciplines in Political Science from the		
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	She finished her degree in Business Sciences by the Autónoma University of Madrid in 1997 and her MBA by the Instituto de Empresa in 1998. In 1999 she became exports manager in charge of the European market and of opening new markets, meeting new trade partners and attending international fairs for Perfumería GAL, S.A. From 1999 until 2001 she was external consultant at DPB Consultores and was the Financial Head of the NGO-German Agro Action (Luanda, Angola) from 2003 to 2004. In 2011 (to date) she was appointed Chairwoman of the JUSTE Group which is a Spanish industrial group with family capital and over 90 years' experience in research, development, manufacturing and selling pharmaceutical and chemical-pharmaceutical products.		
MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	Ms. Aznar Cornejo holds a degree in Economics and Business Administration from the Abad Oliba University of Barcelona (specializing in Business Economics). Since 2005 Ms. Gemma has held the position of General Manager at Mary Kay Cosmetics Spain, where she has mainly developed management functions through different departments (Finance, Marketing, Sales, Operations and HR), as well as multiple strategies, including: commercial, marketing, internal, cost control and analysis of variables. From the end of 1998 to the end of 2004, he held the position of Senior Analyst in Corporate Banking in the Risk Division of Banco Santander, S.A., where he carried out, among others functions, the financial and operational analysis for large corporations in different sectors. Previously (May 1996 to September 1998) he was a Corporate Banking analyst at Banco Central Hispano in London, where he developed financial and economic analysis functions for multinational groups, and served as a liaison with the client to understand their needs.		



	EXTERNAL INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS				
Name or company name of the director	Profile				
	In addition to speaking Spanish, English and Catalan, Mrs. Aznar has taken various courses and programmes that complement her main training, including the 'International Business' course (City of London Polytechnic), the 'Techniques and Analysis of Stock Market Transactions' course (Barcelona Stock Exchange and Abad Oliba), and the 'Advance Management Programme' (AMP) (ESADE).				
MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	She holds a degree in Mathematics with a major in Statistics at the Complutense University of Madrid. From 1988 to 1989 she worked as a consultant at Accenture, from 1991 to 1993 she was a senior consultant at A.KEARNEY, in 1993 she became a member of the Chairman's Office and Strategic Planning at Banco Santander, in 1995 she was Director of Customer Service at Vodafone and from 1999 to 2021 Founder, main shareholder and President of Grupo Unisono. She received the 2016 FEDEPE Best Businesswoman award, and the 2008 IWEC Award (International Women's Entrepreneurial Challenge, www.iwecawards.com) in New York. She received recognition by the Chambers of Commerce of Barcelona, New York, New Delhi and Johannesburg for women's entrepreneurial work. Member of IESE's National Students' Committee, since 2007, Honorary Master's Degree from the European Business School, 2012. She appeared in the study of "El Mundo": the 500 most powerful women in Spain 2018, among the most influential in the World of technology, Silver Medal of Merit for sport 2005, by Castilla-La Mancha, trustee of Codespa, 2018, an international NGO that promotes entrepreneurship in underdeveloped countries, a member of the Circle of Orellana, a not-for-profit foundation that aims to promote female talent, a member of the global Executive Committee and Circle of CEOs of DCH and member of the Generation Foundation.				
MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA	Holds a bachelor's degree from CEU San Pablo University in Madrid and an MBA from the Open University, UK. An executive expert with a long professional career in the technology field working in multinational environments with a special dedication to technological innovation and organisational efficiency. She has worked at IBM Corporation for more than 25 years, for 12 of which he has had senior responsibilities in Europe and globally, with Executive Vice-President of IBM Global Digital Sales Services, Cloud and Security based in New York being his last executive responsibility until 2016. She was General Manager in Spain of the company Insa (currently ViewNext) and Softinsa in Portugal for 5 years, an entity specialised in the development of applications and infrastructure services. She has been a member of the Management Committee of IBM Spain and Portugal, IBM Southwest Europe and Insa, leading IBM Global Committees for management and transformation in strategic, commercial and internal process optimisation areas worldwide. She is currently President of the Trust of the "Foundation Caja de Extremadura" (Liberbank), an independent director of Amadeus and a member of its audit committee.				

Total number of independent directors	5
% out of the total of the board	41.67



List any independent directors who receive from the company or group any amount or payment other than standard director remuneration or who maintain or have maintained during the period in question a business relationship with the company or any group company, either in their own name or as a significant shareholder, director or senior officer of an entity which maintains or has maintained this relationship.

If applicable, include a statement from the board detailing the reasons why it believes this director may carry out duties as an independent director.

Name or company name of the director	Description of the relationship	Reasoned statement
No data		

OTHER EXTERNAL DIRECTORS

Identify the other external directors and explain why these directors may not be considered proprietary or independent directors, and what their connection is with the Company, its managers or its shareholders:

Name or company name of the director	Reason	Company, director or shareholders to which this person is linked	Profile
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	Has exceeded the 12-year limit to hold the position of independent Director.	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	Mr Navarro is an industrial engineer by the Polytechnic University of Barcelona. He also has an MBA by ESADE and a Master's degree in Finances by the Texas Tech University (USA). He began his career by working for two years and a half at Texas Instruments Inc. in Dallas (USA) and Nice (France). Mr Navarro then worked for a year at Honeywell Bull Spain. In 1972 he joined Accenture (formerly Arthur Andersen) where he remained until 2001. In Accenture he held the positions of Office Managing Partner in the office in Barcelona, then Chairman for Spain, CEO for Southern Europe and CEO of the Financial Entities sector for Europe, Latin America and Africa. He was a member of the World Board for ten years, from 1990 until 2000. Mr. Navarro is currently a Director.



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Identify the other external directors and explain why these directors may not be considered proprietary or independent directors, and what their connection is with the Company, its managers or its shareholders:

Name or company name of the director	Reason	Company, director or shareholders to which this person is linked	Profile
			He is an Independent Director of Renta 4 Banco, S.A. and Jazztel PLC; Executive Vice President of the Trust of ESADE and Vice President of CEDE (Spanish Confederation of Managers and Executives). Mr Navarro also belongs to the Business Circle and the Institute of Directors and Administrators (ICA).

Total number of other external directors	1
% out of the total of the board	8.33

Indicate any changes in the status of each director that may have occurred during the year:

Name or company name of the director	Date of change	Prior category	Current category
No data			

C.1.4 Complete the following table with the information on the number of female directors over the past 4 years and their category:

	Number of female board members			% of total directors of each category			egory	
	Financial year: 2021	Financial year: 2020	Financial year 2019	2018	Financial year: 2021	Financial year: 2020	Financial year 2019	2018
Executive					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proprietary					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Independent	4	3	3	2	80.00	75.00	75.00	40.00
Other External Female Directors					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	4	3	3	2	33.33	25.00	25.00	14.29



C.1.5	Indicate whether the company has diversity policies in place for its Board of Directors with regards to age
	gender, disability, education or work experience, among other matters. Small and medium businesses, as
	described by the Auditing Law, should at least report about the policy they have established to ensure
	gender diversity.

[]	Yes
[]	No
[√]	Partial policies

If this is the case, describe the diversity policies, their targets, measures and the way they have been implemented and their outcome in the fiscal year. Also indicate the specific measures taken by the Board of Directors and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee to ensure a balanced and diverse ratio of directors.

Should the company not have a diversity policy in place, explain the reasons for it.

Description of policies, targets, measures and way they have been implemented, as well as their outcome.

In accordance with the provisions of Article 33.2 of the Articles of Association, Article 9.3 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors (the "Board Regulations") stipulates that "the Board of Directors shall ensure that the procedures for the selection of its members favour diversity in terms of matters related to age, gender, different abilities, knowledge, training or professional experience, and do not suffer from any implicit bias that could imply any discrimination and, in particular, that they facilitate the appointment of female directors in such a number that enables a balance representation of men and women in the Company, always in support of the interests of the Company". The Board of Directors has entrusted this function to the Appointments and Remuneration Committee ("ARC") as described in Article 32.3(g) of the Board Regulations, where it indicates, among other functions assigned to the ARC, that it should "Ensure that the director appointment procedures do not discriminate in terms of gender diversity, set a representation target for the least represented gender and prepare guidelines on how to reach such target".

Throughout the 2021 financial year, the ARC, in application of the diversity policies, has analysed possible candidates for female directors of the Company for the near future. Likewise, and in application of said policies, the General Shareholders' Meeting, at the proposal of the ARC and after a report from the ARC and the Board, agreed to the re-election of Ms. Inés Juste Bellosillo as independent director of the Company. Similarly, the Board of Directors, at the proposal of the ARC and after previous reports from it, agreed to the appointments, by cooptation, of Pilar García Ceballos- Zúñiga and Ms. María del Pino Velázquez Medina as independent directors of the Company.

C.1.6 Explain any measures that may have been agreed by the appointments committee to prevent any implicit bias in selection procedures to hinder the selection of female board members, and for the company to deliberately strive to include women who meet the professional profile sought among the candidates and that will enable a balanced ratio of men and women. Also indicate whether these measures include encouraging the company to have a significant number of senior female managers:

Explanation of the measures

Article 9.3 of the Board Regulations provides that the Board must ensure that the procedures for the selection of its members favour diversity with respect to matters such as age, gender, different abilities or knowledge, training and professional experience, and do not suffer from implicit biases that could imply any discrimination and, in particular, that they facilitate the appointment of female Directors in a number that allows a balanced presence of women and men in the Company, all in the best interests of the Company. In this regard, the Board has entrusted the ARC with the responsibility of ensuring that director selection procedures do not discriminate on the basis of age and gender diversity, establishing a representation target for the under-represented sex; and to prepare guidelines on how to achieve this target in accordance with the provisions of article 32.3.g) of the Board Regulations.

In turn, Article 32 of the Board Regulations and, in order to avoid any implicit bias in the procedures for selecting the members of the Board of Directors that might hinder and/or prevent the selection of Female Directors, provides that the ARC shall: (i) Evaluate the skills, knowledge and experience required by the Board of Directors, defining, as a consequence, the functions and skills required by the candidates to fill each vacancy and evaluating the time and dedication required to properly perform their duties.



Any Director may request that the ARC consider potential candidates to fill Director vacancies, if it deems them suitable; and (ii) Ensure that director selection procedures do not discriminate on the basis of age and gender diversity by establishing a representation target for the underrepresented sex, and develop guidance on how to achieve this target.

The ARC has aimed to, by establishing the goals and basic principles applied to the director selection process and a series of conditions that the candidates must meet, in line with the director Selection Policy:

- (i) Encourage diversity and integration of knowledge, experience and gender.
- (ii) Reach a suitable balance on the Board of Directors that will enrich the decision-making and contribute plural points of view to the debates on the matters under its domain; and
- (iii) The proposals for appointment and re-appointment of directors must be based on a prior analysis of the needs of the Board. As a result, the ARC prepared the proposed Policy for the Selection of Directors based on the principles of diversity and balance in the composition of the Board of Directors, which was approved by the Board of Directors. In application of this policy, the ARC, throughout the 2021 financial year, carried out the evaluation procedure for the renewal of Ms. Inés Justo Bellosillo as independent director of the Company, as well as the evaluations for the appointments of Ms. Pilar García Ceballos- Zúñiga and Ms. María del Pino Velázquez Medina, as independent female directors, in order to maintain the diversity of the Board of Directors, concluding, both in re-election and appointments by co-option, of the aforementioned female directors in 2021.

When, despite the measures adopted, there are few or no female directors or leadership positions, explain the reasons:

Explanation of the reasons

In order to continue applying the best corporate governance practices pursued by the Company and, in particular, those relating to gender diversity within the Board of Directors, the ARC has focused, throughout the 2021 financial year, on the application of these policies by proceeding to the study and analysis of different female candidates in order to increase the percentage of female representation on the Board, as well as proposing (i) to the General Shareholders' Meeting (and approved by this same body) the renewal of Ms. Inés Juste Bellosillo as an independent director of the Company; and (ii) to the Board of Directors (and approved by this same body) the appointments by co-optation of Ms. Pilar García Ceballos-Zúñiga and of Ms. María del Pino Velázquez Medina. As it could not be otherwise, the Company will continue working along these lines, promoting diversity on the Board of Directors and prohibiting the existence of discrimination or bias in the selection procedure for directors, especially those related to the gender of the potential candidate. The foregoing only makes it easier for the composition of the Company's Board to be even more in line with the trends, best practices and guidelines of good corporate governance. Likewise, the Company continues to apply gender diversity policies within its internal structure, increasing the participation of women in the Company's management positions.

C.1.7 Explain the conclusions of the appointments committee on the verification of compliance with the policy aimed at favouring an appropriate composition of the board of directors.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee established the basic principles and/or guidelines on which the policy for the appointment of directors should be based, contained in the Policy for the Selection of Directors which was approved by the Board of Directors. Said Policy, based on the principles of diversity and balance in the composition of the Company's Board of Directors, is expressly aimed at favouring diversity and integration of knowledge, experience and gender, seeking to facilitate the appointment of female directors in a number that allows a balanced presence of women and men in the Company, all in the best interests of the Company.

The members of the ARC issued a positive report on the Company's corporate governance policies, which expressly foresees that the Board should ensure that the member selection procedures should foster diversity of gender, experience and knowledge, and be free of any implicit bias that may lead to discrimination and, in particular should facilitate the appointment of female directors.

In accordance with the above, the activity of the ARC has focused particularly on the application of these policies, proposing in 2021 (i) the renewal of Ms. Inés Juste Bellosillo as independent director of the Company to the General Shareholders' Meeting, which approved it in April, as well as (ii) the appointments, by cooptation, of Ms. Pilar García Ceballos-Zúñiga and Ms. María del Pino Velázquez Medina, as independent directors of the Company, to the Board of Directors, which were approved in November and September, respectively.

C.1.8 Explain any reasons for which proprietary directors have been appointed at the behest of shareholders accounting for less than 3% of share capital:

Name or company name of the shareholder	Justification
No data	



Provide details of any rejections of formal requests for board representation from shareholders whose shareholding is equal to or greater than that of other shareholders who have successfully requested the appointment of proprietary directors. If so, explain why these requests have not been granted:

- [] Yes [√] No
- C.1.9 Indicate, if any, the powers and authorities delegated by the Board of Directors, including those related to the possibility of issuing or repurchasing shares, to Board Members or Board Committees:

Name or company name of the director or committee	Brief description
JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	All the powers granted to the Board of Directors, except those that cannot be delegated by Law or the Company Bylaws.

C.1.10 Identify any Board members working as managing directors, representatives of managing directors or executives at other companies that are part of the listed company's group:

Name or company name of the director	Group company name	Position	Has executive duties?
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 SOCIEDAD AGENTE DE BOLSA S.A.	CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 CORREDORES DE BOLSA S.A.	BOARD MEMBER	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 GLOBAL FIDUCIARIA, S.A.	MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BOARD	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 GLOBAL FIDUCIARIA, S.A.	MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BOARD	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 PENSIONES S.G.F.P S.A	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 CORPORATE, S.A.	CHAIRMAN - CEO	YES
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT SGEIC, S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	Sociedad Operadora de la Plataforma IW S.L.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	Renta 4 Digital Assets, S.L.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	Renta 4 Corporate, S.A.	DIRECTOR	NO



Name or company name of the director	Group company name	Position	Has executive duties?
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	Corporación Financiera Renta 4 SCR S.A.	CHAIRMAN	YES
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA RENTA 4 SCR	DIRECTOR	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 LERIDA	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR	YES
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	Renta 4 Digital Assets, S.L.	MEMBER	NO
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	Sociedad Operadora de la Plataforma IW S.L.	MEMBER	NO

C.1.11 List any director or administrator positions held by directors or representatives of directors who are members of the board of directors of the company in other entities, whether or not they are listed companies:

Identification of the director or representative	Company name of listed or non-listed entity	Position
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	OTAGO INV. SICAV	DIRECTOR
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CABITO INV. SLU	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2020 SA	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 SA	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	GRUPO ECOENER SA	DIRECTOR
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CACEREÑA OBRAS Y PROY SL	CEO
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CACEREÑA DE PARKING SL	CEO
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	INVERCYSEX SL	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR
MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	CONTRATAS Y SERV. EXTREME	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR
MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIO 2021	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	JUSTE FARMA SLU	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	JUSTESA IMAGEN SAU	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	JUSTE SAQF	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	JUSTE INTERNATIONAL SAS	DIRECTOR
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	STELLARIA SA	CEO
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	PHILYRA SA	CEO
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	PHILYRA INMUEBLES ALFA SL	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	BLUE HEALTHCARE SL	DIRECTOR
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	NEXTRET SL	DIRECTOR



Company name of listed or non-listed entity	Position
REAL ESTATE VALUE RECOVER	DIRECTOR
ORANGE ESPAGNE SA	DIRECTOR
ACENTRA RENOVATION SL	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
NUCONTRASU SL	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
DREI MARVEL SL	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
TROPOSPHERE SL	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
AUDITORIUM PRIVATUM S.L.	CEO - MANAGING DIRECTOR
IGE-6, S.L	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR
INMOSIMANCAS, S.L.	JOINT ADMINISTRATOR
FUNDACION GONZALEZ ENCISO	CHAIRMAN
PRIVILEGIA SDAD. AGE. SECUR.	SOLE ADMINISTRATOR
	entity REAL ESTATE VALUE RECOVER ORANGE ESPAGNE SA ACENTRA RENOVATION SL NUCONTRASU SL DREI MARVEL SL TROPOSPHERE SL KURSAAL 2000 S.L. AUDITORIUM PRIVATUM S.L. IGE-6, S.L INMOSIMANCAS, S.L. FUNDACION GONZALEZ ENCISO

Indicate, if applicable, any other remunerated activities of the directors or representatives of the directors, whatever their nature, other than those indicated in the table above.

Identification of the director or representative	Other remunerated activities	
MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	Chief executive officer at MARY KAY COSMETICS ESP.SA	
MR RAFAEL NAVAS LANCHAS	Legal representative at FUNDACION OBRA SOCIAL ABOGACIA	
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	Joint and several administrator in INVERSIONES VIZCOBO SL	

C.1.12	Indicate and, explain where appropriate, whether the company has established rules on the maximum
	amount of company boards the company's directors may sit on, identifying, if any, where these rules are
	established:

[]	Yes
[√]	No

C.1.13 Specify the amounts of the following items regarding the global remuneration of the Board of Directors:

Remuneration accrued by the Board of Directors during the fiscal year (thousands of euros)	
Amounts accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with vested economic rights(thousands of euros)	
Amounts accumulated by current directors for long-term savings systems with non-consolidated economic rights(thousands of euros)	



Amounts accumulated by former directors through long-term savings systems (thousands of euros)		

C.1.14 List any members of the senior management who are not also executive directors and state the total remuneration accrued by them during the year:

Name or company name	Position(s)
MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	CHAIRMAN/GENERAL MANAGER OF RENTA 4 S.V., S.A.

Number of women in senior management	
Percentage over the total number of members of senior management	
Total remuneration of senior executives (thousands of euros)	195

C.1.15 Indicate whether any amendments have been made to the Board regulations during the fiscal year:

[] Yes [√] No

C.1.16 Indicate the procedures for the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of directors. Give details of the competent bodies, the formalities to be fulfilled and the criteria to be used in each of the procedures.

The appointment of the Directors corresponds to the Meeting, without prejudice to the right of proportional representation that corresponds to the shareholders in the terms stipulated in the Spanish Corporate Law. In this sense, if vacancies arise during the period for which the Directors were appointed, the Board may, by means of co-option, appoint the persons who are to occupy them until the first Meeting is held, unless the Meeting has already been called, in which case the Board may appoint a Director until the next Meeting after the one called is held.

The proposals to appoint, ratify or re-elect Directors should refer to people who are known for their integrity, solvency, technical skills and experience and will be approved by the Board upon the proposal made by the ARC for Independent Directors or upon the proposal of the Board, based on the ARC's report, for all other Directors. In any case, the proposal or the report made by the ARC should assign the new Director to one of the director classes foreseen in the Company's Board Regulations. Proposals must be accompanied by a supporting report from the Board that assesses the competence, experience and merits of the proposed candidates, which will be attached to the minutes of the General Meeting or the Board meeting. When the Board diverges from the ARC's proposals, it must provide its reasons for the decision and these must be included in the minutes.

The directors shall meet the legal requirements established for directors and shall be subject to their duties as such.

From the moment the call is announced and until the General Meeting takes place, the Company the following minimum details on the persons proposed to be appointed, ratified or re-elected as members of the Board should remain published on the Company's website: identity, curriculum vitae, and director class they belong to, as well as the proposal and reports mentioned above.

Persons who hold representation or management positions or functions in other credit entities or a significant stake in their share capital may not be appointed as directors unless expressly authorised by the Board.

Once a year, the Board will assess (i) its performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the Coordinating Director's, Managing Director's and CEO's performance of their roles based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board, based on the ARC's report and (v) the performance and contribution made by the Directors, with special focus on the heads of the different Board Committees, based on the reports produced by the Committees. For such purposes, the Chairman will organise and coordinate the assessment of the Board with the Chairmen/Chairwomen of the Committees.

The Directors will remain in office for four years unless the General Meeting agrees to remove them or they resign from the position and they may be re-elected more than once for four-year terms.

The Directors will leave their position when, at the end of the term they were appointed for, the General Meeting is held or the time set to hold the General Meeting that is to agree the previous year's financial statements has passed, or when so agreed by the General Meeting by virtue of the powers granted by Law or the Company Bylaws.



The ARC may propose the removal of independent Directors before the end of the statutory term for which they were appointed, if the ARC deems that there are reasonable grounds to do so. In particular, there will be reasonable grounds for removal when the Director fails to carry out the duties attached to his/her position or when he/she is under whichever circumstances described in Article 9.2.a of the Board Regulations that prevent his/her appointment as independent Director when the Director takes on a new position or new duties that prevent him/her from devoting the necessary time to carry out his/her role as Director.

The removal of directors may also be proposed as a result of public buy-outs, mergers or other similar corporate transactions implying a change in the structure of the Company's capital, where such changes in the Board structure are due to the proportionality criterion in the Board Regulations.

C.1.17 Explain to what extent the annual evaluation of the Board has prompted significant changes in its internal organisation and the procedures applicable to its activities:

Description of changes

There have been no changes as the result of the self-assessment was satisfactory.

Describe the assessment procedure and the areas assessed by the Board of Directors with the support, if any, of an external consultant, regarding the performance and composition of the Board and its committees and any other area or aspect that has been assessed.

Description of the assessment procedure and areas assessed

The Board of Directors has assessed its composition and competencies, the performance and composition of its Committees and the performance of the Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and Secretary of the Company by sending all directors the relevant assessment questionnaires regarding the Board of Directors, Appointments and Remuneration Committee ('ARC') and the Audit and Control Committee ('ACC').

Once the answers were received, the ARC prepared the related reports assessing the Board of Directors, Chairman, CEO, Lead Director and the Secretary of the Board. In addition, the ARC prepared a report assessing its own composition, competencies and performance. The ACC also prepared a report assessing its own composition, competences and performance.

Subsequent to the evaluation, the Board of Directors approved the assessment reports for the Board and its committees, the Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and Secretary, finding that:

- (i) The Board of Directors has an appropriate composition and effectively takes on and exercises the powers and competences granted to it by the Articles of Association and the regulations of the Board of Directors, always acting in the Company's interest and to maximise the Company's economic value;
- (ii) The ARC and the ACC each have an appropriate composition and effectively take on and exercise the powers granted to them by the current regulations and the Company's different corporate texts; and
- (iii) The Chairman, CEO, Independent Lead Director and the Secretary of the Board have effectively and diligently discharged their duties.
 - C.1.18 Detail, as appropriate, for the years in which the assessment was supported by an external consultant, any business dealings that the consultant or any company in its group have with the Company or any company in its group.

Throughout the 2019 financial year and with respect to the previous 2018 financial year, the Company was assisted by an external expert, Mr. Salvador Montejo Velilla. The latter also assisted the Company in the assessment of the 2021 financial year.

C.1.19 Indicate the cases in which the directors must resign.

Pursuant to Article 12.2 of the Board Regulations, 'The Directors shall hand in their resignation in the following cases:

- a) At the age of 80.
- b) When they leave the job, position or function linked to their appointment as executive directors.
- c) In the case of proprietary Directors, when the shareholder who proposed the appointment transfers their entire shake in the Company or reduces it to an extent that entails the reduction of the number of its proprietary Directors.



- d) When subject to one of the cases of incompatibility or bans foreseen by Law, the Company Bylaws or herein.
- e) When the Board itself so requests by a majority of at least two thirds of its members, for having breached its obligations as a director, following a proposal or report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.

f) When, in view of any situation affecting them, whether or not related to their performance in the Company itself, the credit and reputation of the Company may be jeopardised, informing the Board and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of the proceedings.

In the event that the Board of Directors has been informed, or has otherwise become aware, of any of the situations referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Board shall examine the case as soon as possible and, in view of the specific circumstances, shall decide, following a report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee, whether or not to adopt any measure. A reasoned account of such circumstances shall be included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report, unless there are special circumstances that justify not to, which must be recorded in the minutes.

- g) When the Director has received a serious caution from the Audit and Control Committee.
- h) At the end of, for whichever reasonable grounds, the contractual or organic relationship with the Company's shareholders that had given rise to the Director's appointment'.

C.1.20	Are qualified ma	ajorities other th	nan those	prescribed b	y law requi	red for any	type of	decision?
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- [] Yes
- [√] No

If applicable, describe the differences.

- C.1.21 State whether there are any specific requirements, apart from those relating to the directors, to be appointed Chairman of the Board of Directors:
- [] Yes
- [√] No
- C.1.22 Indicate whether the Bylaws or the board regulations set any age limit for directors:
- [√] Yes
- [] No

	Age limit
Chairman	80
CEO	80
Director	80

- C.1.23 Indicate whether the Bylaws or the Board regulations set a limited term of office or other stricter requirements for independent directors other than those established by the regulations:
- [] Yes
- [√] No
- C.1.24 Indicate whether the Bylaws or Board regulations stipulate specific rules to delegate votes on the Board of Directors to other directors, the procedures thereof and, in particular, the maximum number of proxy votes a director may hold. Also indicate whether there is any limit as to the categories in which it is possible to delegate votes, beyond the limits provided in Law. If so, give brief details.

Proxy voting is provided for in Article 38.2 of the Articles of Association, which establishes that: '[...] all Directors may be represented by another Director.



The representation shall be granted specifically for the meeting of the Board of Directors in question and may be communicated by any of the means provided for in section 2 of the preceding article. Non-executive directors may only be represented by another non-executive director'.

As regards the means by which proxies must be communicated, Article 37.2 of the Articles of Association states that: 'The meetings of the Board of Directors shall be called by letter, fax, telegram, email or any other means, and shall be authorised with the signature of the Chairman or the Secretary or Vice Secretary by order of the Chairman. The meeting shall be called in due time to ensure that the Directors are notified at least three days before the meeting date, except for emergency meetings that may be called to be held immediately. This will not apply to those cases where the Regulations of the Board of Directors require a specific time to call a meeting. The call shall always include, unless reasonably justified, the Agenda for the meeting and shall attach, where appropriate, any information deemed necessary', including the procedure to appoint a proxy, which shall be in writing and specifically for each meeting.

C.1.25 Indicate the number of board meetings held during the fiscal year. Also state, if applicable, the number of occasions on which the Board met without its Chairman in attendance. Attendance shall also include proxies appointed with specific instructions.

Number of board meetings	14
Number of Board meetings without Chairman's attendance	0

Indicate the number of meetings held by the Independent Lead Director with the other directors without the attendance, in person or by proxy, of an executive Director:

Number of meetings	5
--------------------	---

Indicate the number of meetings of the various board committees held during the year:

Number of meetings of the AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	11
Number of meetings of the APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	5

C.1.26 Indicate the number of meetings held by the Board of Directors during the fiscal year and the attendance data of its members:

Number of meetings where at least 80% of directors attended in person	14
% of attendance in person out of the total votes during the fiscal year	100.00
Number of meetings where all the directors attended in person or by proxy with precise instructions	14
% of votes cast with attendance in person, or by proxy with precise instructions, out of the total votes during the fiscal year	100.00

C.1.27	Indicate whether the consolidated and individual annual financial statements submitted to the
	Board for their preparation are certified beforehand:

[]	Yes
[√]	No



Identify, where applicable, the person(s) who certified the Company's individual and consolidated annual financial statements to be prepared by the Board:

C.1.28 Explain the mechanisms, if any, established by the Board of Directors to ensure that the financial statements that the Board of Directors submits to the General Shareholders' Meeting are drawn up in accordance with accounting regulations.

The Audit and Control Committee analyses the quarterly, half-yearly and yearly financial statements and holds regular meetings with the External Auditor reviewing, where necessary, any changes in the accountancy criteria that would affect the financial statements, ensuring that there are no qualifications by the Auditor and that the Board of Directors prepares the statements without qualifications. In compliance with Article 31 and 37 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the Audit and Control Committee is in charge of reviewing the Company's financial statements, enforcing compliance with legal requirements and correctly applying the standard accountancy principles, as well as providing information on the proposals made by the management to change accounting principles and criteria.

C.1.27	is the secretary to the	bodia a directory	
	Yes No		

If the secretary is not a director complete the following table:

C 1 79 Is the secretary to the hoard a director?

Name or company name of the secretary	Representative
MR PEDRO ALBERTO RAMON Y CAJAL AGÜERAS	

C.1.30 Indicate the specific methods established by the company to protect the independence of the external auditors, as well as the methods, if any, employed to protect the independence of the financial analysis, of investment banks and of credit rating agencies, including how the legal provisions have been effectively implemented.

In accordance with Article 31.3.b) of the Board Regulations, the Audit and Control Committee is the body in charge of ensuring the External Auditors' independence by establishing, inter alia, the duty, as regards the external auditor, to:

- (i) Present before the Board of Directors, to then be put forward to the General Meeting of Shareholders, the proposals to select, appoint, re-elect or replace the external auditor, as well as the terms of his/her contract, the scope of the auditor's professional office and the revocation or renewal of his/her appointment;
- (ii) Regularly gather information from the external auditor about the audit plan and protect their independence -ensuring that the compensation given to the external auditor for their work does not compromise the quality of their work or their independence- and about matters that may threaten their independence and the results of the audit, to be examined by the Committee, and any other information related to the accounts audit. It should also receive information and exchange communications with the external auditor as outlined by legislation on accounts audits and the auditing regulations, and it should check that the senior management takes into account the auditor's recommendations;
- (iii) Once a year, the Committee must receive from the external auditors the declaration of their independence in relation to the Company or companies directly or indirectly related to it, and information concerning additional services of any kind that have been provided and the fees received by the external auditor or by persons or companies related to it, in accordance with the provisions of the audit legislation and, for such purposes, ensure that the Company reports any changes of auditor to the CNMV alongside a statement on the possible existence of disagreements with the outgoing auditor and, if any, with the contents. Should the external auditor resign, the Committee will examine the circumstances surrounding this decision;
- (iv) Every year issue, prior to the issue of the auditors' report, a report expressing an opinion on the independence of the auditors. Such report should always include the assessment of the provision of the additional services referred to above, considered separately or jointly, other than the legal audit and connected to the independence system or with the audit regulations, ensuring that the Company and the external auditor observe the current regulations on providing non-audit services, the limits on the auditor's business concentration and, in general all other rules on auditor independence;
- (v) Encourage the Company's auditor to take on the auditing of the companies that, if any, make up the group; and
- (vi) Ensure that the external auditor annually holds a meeting with the full Board of Directors to report on the work done and the evolution of the Company's accounting and risk situation.

In practice, in 2021, the ACC performed all the duties outlined and with the due diligence required to keep the external auditor's independence.



[]

[√]

Yes

No

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appropriate, identify the incoming and outgoing auditors:

C.1.31 Indicate whether the company changed its external auditors during the fiscal year. Where

Explain any disagreements with the outgoing auditor and the reasons for the same:

	Yes					
[] [√]	No					
C.1.32	Indicate whether the a so, state the amount of of the auditing fees bill	f fees received for su	ch work and the p			
[√] []	Yes No					
		Company	Group companies	Total		
Amount of no	on-audit work (thousands of euros)	63	3	66		
	on-audit work/Amount of it work (as a %)	39.62	2.94	25.29		
C.1.33	Indicate whether the a any qualifications. Indic of the General Meeting	cate the reasons give	en by the Chairman	n of the audit con		
[] [√]	Yes No					
C.1.34 Indicate the number of consecutive years that the current audit firm has been auditing the Company's individual and/or consolidated annual financial statements. Likewise, indicate for how many years the current firm has been auditing the annual financial statements as a percentage of the total number of years over which the financial statements have been audited:						
					Individual	Consolidated
	Nui	mber of consecutive ye	ars		5	5
					Individual	Consolidated
Number of	years audited by the curre	ent audit firm/number o been audited (as a %)	•	y or its group has	14,30	14,30



C.1.35	Indicate whether there is a procedure for the directors to be able to receive the necessary
	information to prepare for meetings of the management bodies sufficiently in advance, and if so,
	give details:

[√] Yes [] No

Detail of the procedure

The Directors' right to information regarding the meetings of the Board of Directors is provided for in Article 22 of the Board Regulations. Directors have the duty to request and the right to obtain from the Company any information they need to fulfil their Board responsibilities. In this respect, Directors may obtain information on any aspect of the Company and its subsidiaries and may examine their books, records, documents and any other records of corporate operations and inspect all their facilities. They may also communicate with the Company's senior officers. Likewise, Directors are entitled to receive regular information on the movements in the shareholding and on the opinions that significant shareholders, investors and rating agencies have of the Company and its group.

So as to not disturb the Company's ordinary management, all rights to information will be exercised through the Chairman of the Board of Directors who will address the Directors' requests and will provide them with the information directly or with suitable contacts at the relevant company level.

The Chairman, in collaboration with the Secretary, will ensure that the Directors have all the information required sufficiently in advance to deliberate and adopt resolutions for the matters on the agenda.

Based on Article 37 of the Company Bylaws, the call for the Board of Directors meeting shall attach all information required for such meeting.

C.1.36 Indicate whether the company has established rules that oblige directors to inform and, where appropriate, resign when situations arise that affect them, whether or not related to their actions in the company that could damage the credit and reputation of the company:

[√] Yes [] No

Explain

As described in the Board Regulations, in Article 12, "1. The directors shall leave their position when, at the end of the term they were appointed for, the General Meeting is held or the time set to hold the General Meeting for agreeing the previous year's financial statements has elapsed, or when so agreed by the General Meeting by virtue of the powers granted by Law or the Company Bylaws', in which case they shall resign.

a) At the age of 80.

b) When they leave the job, position or function linked to their appointment as executive directors.

In the case of proprietary Directors, when the shareholder who proposed the appointment transfers their entire shake in the Company or reduces it to an extent that entails the reduction of the number of its proprietary Directors.

- c) When subject to one of the cases of incompatibility or bans foreseen by Law or Board Regulations.
- d) When the Board itself so requests by a majority of at least two thirds of its members, for having breached its obligations as a director, following a proposal or report from the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.
- e) When, in view of any situation affecting them, whether or not related to their performance in the Company itself, the credit and reputation of the Company may be jeopardised, informing, in all cases, the Board and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of such proceedings [...].
- f) When the Director has received a serious caution from the Audit and Control Committee.
- g) At the end, for whichever reasonable grounds, of the contractual or organic relationship with the Company's shareholder that had given rise to the Director's appointment.

Likewise, article 21 of the Board Regulations sets forth that directors shall inform the Company: 'Of any legal, administrative or other proceedings lodged against the Director that, due to their relevance or nature, could have a serious impact on the Company's reputation. In particular, all Directors should inform the Company, through the Chairman, if they are charged, put on trial or subject to an order to proceed to a hearing for any of the offences detailed in Article 213 of the revised text of the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law. In such event, the Board shall examine the case as soon as possible and shall make the decisions it deems convenient in the Company's interest'.



C.1.37	Indicate, unless there have been special circumstances that have been recorded in the minutes,
	whether the board has been informed or has otherwise become aware of any situation affecting a
	director, whether or not related to their performance in the company itself, that could damage the
	credit and reputation of the company:

[]	Yes
[\[1 \]	No

C.1.38 Detail any significant agreements entered into by the company which will come into force, are amended or terminated in the event of a change of control of the company following a takeover bid and the effects thereof.

None.

C.1.39 Identify, separately when referring to directors and aggregated when referring to all other cases and provide detailed information on agreements between the company and its officers, executives and employees that provide for indemnities or guarantee or golden parachute clauses when they resign or are wrongfully dismissed or if the contractual relationship ends due to a takeover or another kind of transaction.

Number of beneficiaries	5
Type of beneficiary	Description of the agreement
Chairman (Mr. Juan Carlos Ureta Domingo), CEO (Mr. Juan Luis López García), the Director and General Manager (Mr. Jesús Sánchez-Quiñones Gonzalez), Regional Director (Mr. Santiago Gonzalez Enciso); Member of the Management Committee, Chairman of Renta 4 Gestora SGIIC SA and Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP SA (Mr. Antonio Fernández Vera)	In the event their dismissal is declared to be unfair, the Chairman, the CEO, the Director and General Manager and the Territory Manager would be entitled to receive compensation equivalent to the legal compensation provided for unfair dismissal under the ordinary employment laws. On the other hand, the member of the Management Committee, Chairman of Renta 4 Gestora SGIIC and Renta 4 Pensiones EGFP, S.A, is entitled to, in the event of their dismissal is declared to be unfair, to compensation equivalent to the compensation provided for unfair dismissal under the ordinary employment laws.

Indicate whether, beyond the assumptions foreseen by the regulations, these agreements must be reported to and/or authorised by the governing bodies of the company or its group. If this is the case, specify the procedures, assumptions foreseen and nature of the bodies in charge of their approval or their communication:

	Board of Directors	General Meeting
Body which authorises the clauses	\checkmark	
	Yes	No
Is the General Meeting informed of the clauses?		√



C.2. Board Committees

C.2.1 Give details of all board committees, their members and the proportion of executive, proprietary, independent and other external directors that form them:

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE				
Name	Position	Category		
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	MEMBER	Independent		
FUNDACION OBRA SOCIAL DE LA ABOGACIA ESPAÑOLA	MEMBER	Proprietary		
MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	CHAIRMAN	Independent		

% of executive directors	0.00
% of proprietary directors	33.33
% of independent directors	66.67
% of other external directors	0.00

Explain the functions, including any added functions that are not legally foreseen, if any, conferred to this Committee and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and operation. For each of these functions, indicate the more relevant actions during the fiscal year and how it effectively carried out each of the functions conferred to it by Law or Bylaws or other corporate agreements.

A. Composition. It is composed of at least 3 Directors who will be appointed by the Board of Directors at the proposal of its Chairman, chosen from among its non-executive members, and at least two of them should be independent. The Committee will appoint, from among its members, the Chairman, who will always be an Independent Director and will be replaced every 4 years, without prejudice to his/her continuity or re-election as a member of the Committee. Furthermore, the Committee will appoint its Secretary and, where appropriate, a Vice President. Likewise, all members of the Audit and Control Committee should have the necessary knowledge, professional experience and devotion to carry out the functions they are entrusted with.

B. Competences. The Committee's functions are set forth in Article 42 of the Company Bylaws and Article 31 of the Board Regulations.

C. Workings. The Committee will meet at least once every quarter and, in any case, every time it is called by its Chairman or at the request of the Chairman of the Board of Directors. The conclusions drawn from each meeting will be included in the minutes that will be reported at the Board meeting. Any members of the management team, Company employees or auditors requested to do so will be obliged to attend the Committee meetings and to collaborate and provide the information they have.

- Acted as a communication channel between the Board and the external auditor, assessing the results of each audit.
- Authorising KPMG Abogados, S.L. to provide professional advice in preparing and filing the appropriate 1042-S forms for the financial year 2021.
- Issued, prior to the auditors' report, a report on whether the independence of the auditors or audit firms was jeopardised.
- Approve the Internal Audit Action Plan.
- Supervise the effectiveness of the Company's internal control, internal audit and risk management systems, having adapted the Company's Operational Risk and Reputational Risk Policy, and discuss with the auditor any significant weaknesses detected in the internal control system.
- Overseeing compliance with the rules of the internal codes of conduct and ESG.
- Approve, for submission to the Board, the External Expert's Report on the Prevention of Money Laundering, the Annual Report and Report on the degree of effective compliance with the internal control rules and procedures implemented, the half-yearly Report of the CII Depositary Unit, and the reports on conflicts of interest, Prudential Relevance and Capital Self-Assessment, among others.
- Oversaw the reporting and submission of regulatory financial information, in particular the separate and consolidated financial statements.
- Reported on the annual corporate governance report.
- Evaluated its own performance within the framework of the self-assessment of the performance of the Board of Directors and its internal Committees.



- Reporting, where appropriate, on related-party transactions to be approved by the general meeting or the board of directors and supervising the internal procedure established by the Company for those transactions whose approval has been delegated.

Identify the directors who are members of the audit committee appointed with regard to his or her knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing or both, and indicate the date when the Chairman of the committee was appointed as such.

Names of directors with experience	MR. JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA /FUNDACION OBRA SOCIAL DE LA ABOGACIA ESPAÑOLA/ MS. INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO		
Date the Chairman was appointed as such	25/11/2021		

APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE				
Name Position		Category		
MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	MEMBER	Other External		
MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	MEMBER	Independent		
MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	CHAIRMAN	Independent		

% of executive directors	0.00
% of proprietary directors	0.00
% of independent directors	66.67
% of other external directors	33.33

Explain the functions, including any added functions that are not legally foreseen, if any, conferred to this Committee and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and operation. For each of these functions, indicate the more relevant actions during the fiscal year and how it effectively carried out each of the functions conferred to it by Law or Bylaws or other corporate agreements.

- A. Composition. It is made up of at least 3 members who should all be non-executive Directors -at least a third of them should be independent Directors- who will leave their position once they stop being Directors or when agreed by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors will appoint its Chairman from among its members, always an independent Director, and its Secretary.
- B. Competences. The Committee's functions are set forth in Article 32 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors.
- C. Workings. The Committee will meet as frequently as necessary to carry out its functions. It should also meet when called by its Chairman, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and at least once every quarter. The Appointments and Remuneration Committee will be validly called to order when the majority of its members is present. The Committee will have access to all the information and documentation required to perform its duties. The conclusions drawn in each meeting will be registered in the minutes ledger that will be signed by the Chairman and the Secretary.
- Ensured that the remuneration policy established by the Company was observed.
- Directed the process of evaluating its own performance, the performance of the board and the discharge of duties by the chairman, secretary, lead independent director and CEO, and reported to the board on the findings reached.
- Proposed the 2019 Remuneration Policy to the Board.
- Proposed the contents of the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration to the Board.
- Proposing to the Board the reelection of Ms. Inés Juste Bellosillo.
- Proposing to the Board the co-opted appointments of Ms. Pilar Garcia-Ceballos Zúñiga and Ms. María del Pino Vázquez Medina.



Likewise, and in accordance with the health crisis situation caused by and derived from Covid-19, the ARC was informed of the measures adopted and the means made available to employees by the Company for their safety at work.

C.2.2 Fill in the following table with the information on the number of female directors sitting on the Board Committees at the end of the last four years:

	Number of female board members							
	Financial year: 2021		Financial year: 2020		Financial year 2019		2018	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	1	33.3 3	1	33.33	0	0.00	0	0.00
APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	2	66.67	2	66.67	2	66.67	1	33.3 3

C.2.3 Indicate, where applicable, the existence of regulations governing the Board Committees, where they can be accessed, and any amendments thereto during the fiscal year. Also state whether any voluntary annual reports have been produced on the activities of each committee.

APPOINTMENTS AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The ARC is governed by Article 42 bis in the Company Bylaws and by Article 32 of the Board Regulations. Both corporate texts are available on the Company's website.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to its duty to comply with Article 28 of the Board Regulations, which includes Recommendation 36 of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies after its review of June 2020 approved by the Board of the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV), assesses once a year (i) its own performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the performance of the roles of Board Chairman, Lead Director and Managing Director of the company based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iii) the functioning and composition of it Committees, based on the report submitted by these, and (iv) the diversity in the composition and competencies of the Board of Directors and the performance and contribution of each Board Member, paying special attention to the heads of the different committees of the Board based on the report submitted by the ARC

In this respect, each Board Committee has prepared a report on its own performance to help the Board assess their performance during the year. Both reports are available, together with all the documentation related to the General Meeting, on the Company's corporate website. These reports also include the main activities of each of the Committees.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE

The Audit and Control Committee is governed by Article 42 in the Company Bylaws and by Article 31 of the Board Regulations. Both corporate texts are available on the Company's website.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to its duty as per Article 28 of the Board Regulations that includes Recommendation 36 of the Code of Good Governance of Listed companies after its review of June 2020 approved by the Board of the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV), assesses once a year (i) its own performance and the quality of its work, (ii) the performance of the roles of the Company's Board Chairman and Managing Director based on the ARC's report, (iii) the performance and composition of its Committees, based on their reports, (iv) the diversity in the composition and competences of the Board of Directors, based on the ARC's report and (v) the performance and contribution made by the Directors, with special focus on the heads of the different Board Committees, based on the reports produced by the ARC.

In this respect, each Board Committee has prepared a report on its own performance to help the Board assess their performance during the year. Both reports are available, together with all the documentation related to the General Meeting, on the Company's corporate website. These reports also include the main activities of each of the Committees.



D. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND INTRACOMPANY TRANSACTIONS

D.1. Explain, if applicable, the procedure and competent bodies for the approval of related-party and intra-group transactions, indicating the criteria and general internal rules of the entity that regulate the abstention obligations of the affected directors or shareholders and detailing the internal reporting and periodic control procedures established by the company in relation to those related-party transactions whose approval has been delegated by the board of directors.

Pursuant to Article 5 in the Board Regulations, the Board of Directors shall be in charge of 'adopting agreements on all kinds of matters that are not assigned to the General Meeting by Law or the Articles of Association, and shall have full powers to manage, run and represent the Company in court or otherwise. Notwithstanding this, the Board shall fundamentally focus its activity on the supervision and control of the Company's running and ordinary management entrusted to the executive Directors and senior management, and shall consider any matters that are especially relevant to the Company or that are deemed necessary for the appropriate performance of the aforementioned general supervisory function'.

- 2. In any case, the following matters that may not be delegated will be reserved to the Board of Directors meeting: [...] t) The approval, with a prior positive report from the Audit and Control Committee, of the operations that the Company may run with Directors, under the Spanish Limited Liability Companies Law, or with Shareholders who own, individually or jointly with others, a significant stake, including shareholders represented on the Company's Board of Directors or with persons related to them. The Directors affected or representing or related to the affected shareholders should refrain from taking part in the deliberation and vote of the resolution in question.
- [...]
 3. The competences mentioned in the section above may be carried out, in an emergency, by the Executive Committee or, if appropriate, by the CEO, to the extent permitted by Law, to then be ratified at the Board meeting.
- 4. The Board of Directors will develop its functions with a common purpose and independent judgement, providing the same treatment to all shareholders who are in the same position, in the Company's interest, which will not prevent the consideration of all other legal, public or private interests, that converge in the course of all business operations, and especially the interests of the employees. 'In this context, it shall be understood as a corporate interest, as the achievement of a profitable and sustainable business in the long term that shall promote its continuity and maximise the Company's financial value'.
- D2. List individually any transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out between the company or its subsidiaries and shareholders holding 10% or more of the voting rights or represented on the company's board of directors, indicating the competent body for their approval and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. In the case of board competence, indicate whether the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a majority of the independent directors voting against it:

	Name or company name of the shareholder or of any of their subsidiary companies	% of ownership	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(:	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS , S.A.	5.04	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	857	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(;	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS , S.A.	5.04	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	5	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO



	Name or company name of the shareholder or of any of their subsidiary companies	% of ownership	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(3)	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS , S.A.	5.04	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	662	COUNCIL - BOARD		YES
(4)	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	5.59	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	687	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(5)	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	5.59	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	6	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(6)	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	5.59	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	735	COUNCIL - BOARD		YES
(7)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	755	RISK COMMITTEE		NO
(8)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	317	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(9)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	17	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(10)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	1	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(11)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	810	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(12)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	2,085	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(13)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	0.57	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	74	COUNCIL - BOARD		YES
(14)	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	2.69	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	2,288	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(15)	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	2.69	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	302	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(16)	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	2.69	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	352	COUNCIL - BOARD		YES
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	Name or company name of the shareholder or of any of their subsidiary companies	% of ownership	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(17)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	2.31	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	7,300	BOARD		YES
(18)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	2.31	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	1,491	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(19)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	2.31	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	59	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(20)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	2.31	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	7,300	BOARD		YES
(21)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	2.31	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	304	COUNCIL - BOARD		YES
(22)	MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	0.21	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	18	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(23)	MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	0.21	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	27	COUNCIL - BOARD		YES
(24)	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	6.88	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	1,498	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(25)	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	6.88	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	23	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(26)	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	6.88	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	904	COUNCIL - BOARD		YES



	Name or company name of the shareholder or of	Type of relationship	Type of transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
	any of their subsidiary companies		
(3)	CONTRATAS Y SERVICIOS EXTREMEÑOS, S.A.	Corporate	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(4)	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	Contractual	OTHERS
(5)	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	Contractual	SERVICES PROVIDED
(6)	GLOBAL PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS SL	Corporate	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(7)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	Contractual	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS
(8)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	Contractual	OTHERS
(9)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	Contractual	INTERESTS PAID
(10)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	Contractual	SERVICES PROVIDED
(11)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	Contractual	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN
(12)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	Contractual	GUARANTEES RECEIVED
(13)	98 FUTUR 2000, S.L.	Corporate	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(14)	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	Contractual	OTHERS
(15)	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	Contractual	SERVICES PROVIDED
(16)	LORA DE INVERSIONES S.L.	Corporate	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(17)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	Contractual	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS
(18)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	Contractual	OTHERS
(19)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	Contractual	INTERESTS PAID
(20)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	Contractual	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN
(21)	MOBEL LINEA S.L.	Corporate	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(22)	MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	Contractual	OTHERS
(23)	MR. OSCAR BALCELLS CURT	Corporate	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(24)	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	Contractual	OTHERS
(25)	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	Contractual	SERVICES RECEIVED



	Name or company name of the shareholder or of any of their subsidiary companies	Type of relationship	Type of transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(26)	MUTUALIDAD GENERAL DE LA ABOGACIA	Corporate	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED

D.3. List individually the transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter, carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with the company's directors or managers, including any transactions carried out with entities that the director or administrator controls or jointly controls, and indicating the competent body for their approval and whether any shareholder or director affected abstained. In the case of board competence, indicate whether the proposed resolution has been approved by the board without a majority of the independent directors voting against it:

	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(1)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	473	BOARD		YES
(2)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	7	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(3)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	700	BOARD		YES
(4)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	1,298	BOARD		NO
(5)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	184	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(6)	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	2	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(7)	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	4	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(8)	MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	87	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(9)	MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	100	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(10)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	RENTA 4 SOCIEDAD DE VALORES S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	12	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(11)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	50	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(12)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	2	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(13)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	RENTA 4 SOCIEDAD DE VALORES S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	12	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(14)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA-JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	5	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body ENTITY'S USUAL	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(15)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	37	LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(16)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	22	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(17)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	131	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(18)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	802	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(19)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	58	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(20)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	3,922	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(21)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	63	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(22)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	1	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(23)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	42	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
,	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	42	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	1	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled entities or entities under their control set	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(26)	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	56	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(27)	MR PEDRO FERRERAS DIEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	25	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(28)	MR PEDRO FERRERAS DIEZ	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	30	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(29)	MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	5	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(30)	MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	7	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(31)	MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	2	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(32)	MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	7	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(33)	MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	4	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES
(34)	MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	2	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
	MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	2	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO
(36)	MRS SARAH MARIE HARMON	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CONTRACTUAL	2	ENTITY'S USUAL LINE OF BUSINESS		NO



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Name or company name of the company or the subsidiary company	Link	Amount (thousands of euros)	Approving body	Identification of the significant shareholder or director who abstained from voting	The proposal to the board, if any, has been approved by the board without a majority of independent directors voting against it
(37)	MRS SARAH MARIE HARMON	RENTA 4 BANCO S.A.	CORPORATE	1	BOARD OF DIRECTORS - GENERAL MEETING		YES

	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(1)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS
(2)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	INTERESTS PAID
(3)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN
(4)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	GUARANTEES RECEIVED
(5)	MR SANTIAGO GONZALEZ ENCISO	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(6)	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	OTHERS
(7)	MR EDUARDO CHACON LOPEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(8)	MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	OTHERS



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
	MR JESÚS SANCHEZ- QUIÑONES GONZALEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(10)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS
(11)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	OTHERS
(12)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	INTERESTS PAID
(13)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN
(14)	MR JOSÉ IGNACIO GARCÍA- JUNCEDA FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(15)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	OTHERS
(16)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	SERVICES PROVIDED



	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(1/)	MR JOSE RAMON RUBIO LAPORTA	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(18)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	OTHERS
(19)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	SERVICES PROVIDED
(20)	MR JUAN CARLOS URETA DOMINGO	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(21)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	OTHERS
(ノノ)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	SERVICES PROVIDED
(23)	MR JUAN LUIS LOPEZ GARCIA	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(24)	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	OTHERS
	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	SERVICES PROVIDED
	MR PEDRO ANGEL NAVARRO MARTINEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(27)	MR PEDRO FERRERAS DIEZ	OTHERS
(28)	MR PEDRO FERRERAS DIEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED

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	Name or company name of the directors or managers or of their controlled or jointly controlled entities	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(29)	MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	OTHERS
(30)	MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	SERVICES PROVIDED
1 (31	MRS GEMMA AZNAR CORNEJO	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
(32)	JUSTE BELLOSILLO	OTHERS
	MRS INES JUSTE BELLOSILLO	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED
	MS. MARÍA DEL PINO VELÁZQUEZ MEDINA	OTHERS
(35)	MS. PILAR GARCÍA CEBALLOS- ZUÑIGA	OTHERS
(36)	MRS SARAH MARIE HARMON	OTHERS
(37)	MRS SARAH MARIE HARMON	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED



D4. Report on an individual basis on intra-group transactions that are significant due to their amount or are relevant due to their subject matter carried out by the company with its parent company or with other entities belonging to the parent company's group, including the listed company's own subsidiaries, unless no other related party of the listed company has an interest in such subsidiaries or such subsidiaries are wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the listed company.

In any case, all intracompany operations with companies established in countries or jurisdictions considered as a safe haven must be reported:

Corporate name of the company in the group	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT S.G.E.I.C. S.A.	STAKE METHOD	2,276
KOBUS PARTNERS MANAGEMENT S.G.E.I.C. S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	1,247

D.5. List individually any transactions that are significant due to their amount or relevant due to their subject matter carried out by the company or its subsidiaries with other related parties in accordance with the International Accounting Standards adopted by the EU, which have not been reported under the previous headings.

Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ DE MIGUEL	OTHERS	66
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ DE MIGUEL	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	100
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ DE MIGUEL	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	396
MATILDE FERNÁNDEZ DE MIGUEL	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	116
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	292



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTERESTS PAID	2
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	882
SANTIAGO GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	26
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	292
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTERESTS PAID	2
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	882
MARÍA GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	26
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	292
CRISTINA GONZALEZ-	OTHERS	1



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
ENCISO FERNANDEZ		
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	INTERESTS PAID	2
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	882
CRISTINA GONZALEZ- ENCISO FERNANDEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	26
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- E NCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	303
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- E NCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OTHERS	4
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- E NCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTERESTS PAID	2
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- E NCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	331
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- E NCISO FERNÁNDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	882
IGNACIO GONZÁLEZ- E NCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	26



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	292
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	INTERESTS PAID	2
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	320
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	882
MATILDE GONZÁLEZ- ENCISO FERNÁNDEZ	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	26
MATILDE ESTADES SECO	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	319
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	163
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	OTHERS	97
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	INTERESTS PAID	1
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	170
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	396
MATILDE URETA ESTADES	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	10
JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	130
JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	OTHERS	11
JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	INTERESTS PAID	1



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	170
JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	422
JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	11
JUAN CARLOS URETA ESTADES	SERVICES PROVIDED	1
INÉS ASUNCIÓN URETA ESTADES	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	9
INÉS ASUNCIÓN URETA ESTADES	FINANCING AGREEMENTS: LOANS	162
INÉS ASUNCIÓN URETA ESTADES	INTERESTS PAID	1
INÉS ASUNCIÓN URETA ESTADES	OBLIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN	170
INÉS ASUNCIÓN URETA ESTADES	GUARANTEES RECEIVED	451
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2020 S.A.	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	112
SURIKOMI S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	16
SURIKOMI S.A.	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	409
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	OTHERS	6
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	SERVICES PROVIDED	21
CARTERA DE DIRECTIVOS 2011 S.A.	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	8
INVERCYSEX S.L.	OTHER BONDS	4
INVERCYSEX S.L.	LEASES	25
INVERCYSEX S.L.	INTERESTS PAID	8
I.G.E. 6, S.L.	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	84
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	OTHERS	118



Company name of the related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousands of euros)
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	25
KURSAAL 2000 S.L.	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	13
AVILUGAM S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	314
AVILUGAM S.L.	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	9
SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES	SERVICES PROVIDED	357
SOCIEDAD VASCO MADRILEÑA DE INVERSIONES	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	547
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	OTHERS	4
INDUMENTA PUERI S.L.	SERVICES PROVIDED	12
FUNDACIÓN GONZÁLEZ ENCISO	DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTED/RECEIVED	146

D.6. State the mechanisms established to detect, determine and resolve any conflicts of interest between the company and/or the group, directors, managers, significant shareholders or other associated parties.

The Board Regulations establishes in Article 17 that there is a conflict of interest in situations where the Company's or its Group's interest clashes, directly or indirectly, with the Director's personal interest, when the matter affects him/her or a person related to him/her.

The following are persons related to the individual Director: a) spouse or persons with a marriage-like relationship; b) the ancestors, descendants and siblings of the director or his/her spouse (or person with a marriage-like relationship); c) Spouses of the ancestors, descendants or siblings; d) Companies in which, itself or through a third party, fall into one of the situations described in Article 42.1 of the Spanish Commercial Code.

Situations of conflict of interest will be governed by the following rules: a) Disclosure: the Director will inform all other Directors and, if appropriate, the Board, through the Chairman or the Secretary, of any conflict of interest pertaining the Director or his/her related persons; b) Abstention: the Director may not carry out any professional or commercial transactions, whether directly or indirectly, with the Company unless he/she has first disclosed the conflict of interest and the Board has approved the transaction. The Director will refrain from attending and taking part in the deliberation and vote for such matters. Regarding proprietary Directors, these must refrain from taking part in the vote for matters that could entail a conflict of interest between the shareholders they represent and the Company; c) Transparency: Disclose in the annual report and in the Annual Corporate Governance Report of any conflicts of interest. The Internal Conduct Regulations (ICR) governs conflicts of interest in Articles 21, 22 and 23. In this regard, there will be a conflict of interest between the Company and one of its clients or between two of the Company's clients when, in a given situation, the Company may gain a benefit, provided that there is also a potential correlative damage to the client, or when the client could gain a profit or avoid a loss and there is the chance that another client will suffer a loss as a result.

To identify these situations, it shall be determined whether the Company, a reporting party to the ICC ('Reporting Party to ICC') or another person directly or indirectly related to such person through a position of control, falls into any of the following situations: a) The Company or the relevant person may gain a financial benefit or avoid a financial loss at the client's expense; b) Has an interest in the outcome of the service provided or the transaction executed at the client's expense, other than the client's own interest; c) Has financial or other incentives to favour the interests of third-party clients, to the detriment of the interests of the client in question; d) The professional activity is identical to the client's; e) Receives, or is due to receive, an incentive from a third party based on the service provided to the client, in cash, goods or services, other than the usual fee or compensation for the service in question.

The Company may determine other conflicts of interest in which the Persons subject to ICR may be involved on account of family, financial, professional or other links



All employees and Subject Persons shall inform the Company, through the ICC Monitoring Body, of any personal or family, economic or any other type of the ICR Monitoring Body, of any personal or family situation, economic or otherwise, that may constitute a conflict between such person and those of a client of the Company or of the Company itself.

There will be a conflict of interest when the Person subject to ICR, or a person or entity who is a relative or is closely related to such person, falls into one of the following cases: a) Is a member of the Board of Directors or senior management of a company whose business purpose is the same as the Company's; b) Significant stake in companies whose business purpose is the same as the Company's; c) Significant stake or another type of personal interest in a client of the Company.

Persons subject to ICR will refrain from taking part in preparations and in the decision or vote, and will inform the people who will be taking the relevant decision. Furthermore, they will inform portfolio management clients of any conflicts that may arise in the course of their activity. When in doubt on the existence of a conflict of interests, Persons subject to ICR are required to inform about this to the Body in charge of ensuring compliance with the ICR, as well as the specific circumstances of the operation to allow the Body to determine the appropriate steps.

The resolution of conflicts shall always be carried out under the following principles: 1. The legitimate interests of clients shall in all cases be the priority to consider, without prejudice to the due respect for the integrity of the market. Efforts shall be made to minimise conflicts between clients and between the Company and its clients. 3. The interests of the Company shall not take precedence over those of the clients in transactions with identical characteristics.

4. No client should be privileged when there is a conflict between several clients. 5. They will not multiply transactions unnecessarily and without benefit to the client.

D.7.	Indicate whether the company is controlled by another entity within the meaning of Article 42 of the
	Commercial Code, whether listed or not, and whether it has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business
	relations with that entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or engages in
	activities related to those of any of them.

[]	Yes
[√]	No



E. RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

El. Describe the scope of the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System in place at the company, including tax risks:

The different risks involved in the operations conducted by the Renta 4 Group are managed under the principle of prudence to preserve its solvency level, profitability, efficiency and appropriate liquidity. Renta 4 Group has an ongoing management and control system for the risks taken in its business, expanding to all the companies in the Group, as well as all the areas or business units, with special focus on those that are more sensitive to the risks inherent in the business.

E.2. Identify the bodies responsible for preparing and implementing the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System, including tax risks:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Description of its functions:

- Approval of the risk control and management policy, including tax risks, identifying the main risks faced by the Company and implementing, supervising and monitoring the internal information and control systems.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE

Description of its functions:

- Supervise the efficiency of the Company's internal control, the risk management systems, including tax risks, the management of internal audit services that ensure the good performance of the internal information and control systems, especially related to the reporting processes in terms of accuracy and filing the regulated financial information on the Company and its group, check compliance with the regulatory requirements, the appropriate limits on the scope of consolidation and the right use of the accounting criteria, reporting this to the Board of Directors. The person in charge of the internal audit is required to present before the Committee his/her guidance and work planning for their approval and make sure that the activity is fundamentally focused on the material risks faced by the Company and directly inform the Committee of any incidents that may arise in its course, as well as present the Committee with a report on its activities at the end of each fiscal year. Furthermore, the Audit and Control Committee will discuss with the Auditor any material weaknesses identified in the internal control system during the audit.
- Supervise the procedure followed to prepare and file the regulatory financial and non-financial information and the internal risk management and control systems related to the Company's significant risks for them to be identified (operational, technological, financial, legal or reputational), managed and reported appropriately, setting the risk level tolerated by the Company, the measures needed to minimise the impact of the risks identified, and determine the control and information systems to be used to control and manage them, ensure the independence and efficiency of the internal auditing unit, propose the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit service, and the budget of such service, receive regular information on its activities and check that the senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations in the reports.
- Supervise the development of the functions assigned to the area in charge of preventing money laundering and know the reports and proposals presented in this regard.

INTERNAL AUDIT

Description of its functions:

- Revise the procedures and systems established for risk control. RISK DEPARTMENT

Description of its functions:

- This body reports to the Board of Directors.
- The Risk department carries out its functions on all the entities included in the scope of consolidation of the Renta 4 Group and is in charge of monitoring the established risk control systems.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE DEPARTMENT.

Description of its functions:

- This body reports to the Board of Directors.
- The regulatory compliance department regularly identifies and appraises the risks of regulatory incompliance in the different business areas and helps manage this efficiently.
- E.3. Specify the main risks, including the financial and non-financial tax risks and, where significant, risks derived from corruption (as described in the Spanish Royal Decree 18/2017) that may jeopardise the business targets:

The Renta 4 Group consists of a group of companies devoted to providing special services for savings and investments and is independent of any other financial or industrial group. For this reason, it is particularly exposed to the progress of the financial industry as it can have a significant impact on its results.



In accordance with the above, the basic risks that may affect the Renta 4 Group are as follows:

- 1. Credit risk: Credit risk is defined as the possibility of experiencing losses when a debtor violates its contractual duties, including the counterparty risk.
- 2. Market risk: Market risk is the possibility of experiencing losses on account of adverse fluctuations in the price of the assets that make up the trading portfolio of the Renta 4 Group.
- 3. Operational risk: Operational risk refers to potential loss arising from inadequate or failed procedures, employee mistakes and internal system errors or due to external events, in particular, natural catastrophes, mistakes made by price and information suppliers or hacking into technological systems that could jeopardise the infrastructure of the Renta 4 Group.
- 4. Liquidity risk: Liquidity risk refers to, as its name indicates, a shortage of cash, usually resulting from an imbalance in cash inflows and outflows.
- 5. Regulatory risk: This risk refers to the likelihood of experiencing loss as a result of failing to adjust Renta 4 Group's policies to the regulations governing its operations, of poorly documented operations or of claims and actions against the Group.
- 6. Reputational risk: Reputational risk arises from Renta 4 Group's actions that could lead to negative publicity regarding its business practices and connections. This could entail the loss of trust in the Group and therefore impact its solvency.
- 7. Tax risk: Tax risk is the threat of a negative impact on the financial statements and/or the Renta 4 Group's reputation as a result of tax-related decisions made by the entity or the legal or tax authorities.
- 8. Technological Risks: Risks arising from a loss of Confidentiality, Integrity or Availability associated with systems or data; or from the inability to change Information and Communication Technology in a reasonable time and cost when the environment or business requirements change. This includes security risks resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, or from external events including cyber attacks or inadequate physical security.
- 9. ESG or sustainability risk: Environmental, social and governance risks that, because they are considered material, both in the short and long term, may generate economic losses or negatively impact its capital and/or liquidity. Climate change and environmental degradation can manifest in financial risks through basically two transmission channels: physical risks and transition risks. Social risks are related to labour conditions, local communities, employee health and safety and discrimination, among others. Governance risks relate to executive remuneration, respect for the rule of law, bribery and corruption, fiscal strategy, cybersecurity and money laundering, among others.
- E4. State whether the entity has risk tolerance levels, including fiscal risks.

Renta 4 Group's risk management strategy is based on implementing measures that will minimise or dilute the risks defined, setting specific limits for each business line, market and product.

The purpose of this system is to protect the Group's solvency and liquidity ensuring that the exposure to the risk is within the predefined limits and has a balanced profile.

The Renta 4 Group has a Risk Appetite Framework that establishes limits for the main risks attached to its operations.

E5. Indicate which financial and non-financial risks, including fiscal risks, have emerged during the financial year.

No risks materialised during the fiscal year.

E.6. Explain any response and supervision plans in place for the entity's main risks, including fiscal risks, as well the procedures followed by the company to ensure that the Board of Directors can respond to coming challenges.

The measures to mitigate the impact of the basic risks that may affect the Renta 4 Group are described below: 1.Credit risk: specific procedures and limits are established to avoid situations of overdraft of cash and/or securities in the intermediation and settlement of client transactions. Exceptionally, there may be certain situations where this shortage is allowed when duly authorised. These situations, in any case, are limited according to the client's credit guarantee and are monitored by the Risk Department and the Audit Unit. Renta 4 grants financing to clients through the signing of a credit agreement secured by securities, in such a way that, through the pledging of financial instruments and the continuous monitoring of their evolution, the risk assumed in the transactions granted to clients is hedged. Exposure to the credit risk in balance-sheet exposure is largely focused on cash investments (current accounts, deposits and Spanish short-term sovereign debt) all this in line with the limits on portfolio concentration set forth in the current regulations. The counterparty risk assessment with respect to credit entities is based on the credit ratings of the main agencies that provide this information, selecting those with the greatest solvency, experience and recognition on the markets. 2. Market risk: limits are established so that, at all times, in the event of variations in market prices, losses are limited to the preset maximums. The limits are set depending on the conditions of the different assets and the relevance of the risk attached to each market. The VaR (Value at Risk or maximum potential loss that a portfolio may experience under the current market conditions) is especially relevant and is factored into the risk screening systems. The Risk Department and the Audit Unit are in charge of supervising compliance with the established limits. 3. Operational risk: the Company has imposed minimum training requirements for employees, in addition to primary controls in the different workstations, so



The improvements made to computer systems contribute to tightening control and cutting down on manual processes which in turn reduces the likelihood of human error. The Risk Department and the Audits Unit are constantly monitoring and assessing the materialisation of risks derived from possible mistakes, mainly arising from brokerage operations for clients, checking that the control system works as expected. In addition, a governance model has been implemented that covers the main areas of technological risk management, and includes a control framework to monitor them for internal and external management and reporting. 4. Liquidity risk: in order to comply with all legal requirements regarding ratios and payment commitments with third parties, the residual maturities of assets and liabilities are reviewed. The monitoring and control of the liquidity risk is undertaken by the Cash and Banks Department on a daily basis working with the Finances Department and supervised by the Risk Department in the Renta 4 Group. The policy to mitigate this risk focuses on the current policy of investing in short-term, liquid assets that could be available in the event of any stress that might emerge. 5. Regulatory risk: The Renta 4 Group has a Regulatory Compliance Unit responsible for adapting procedures to regulatory requirements, as well as monitoring and controlling their correct application. 6. Reputational risk: The Renta 4 Group has established a series of regulatory compliance policies, through which it directly monitors the most significant aspects that may cause this risk to materialise: Anti-Money Laundering. • Code of conduct in the securities market (ICC). • Marketing of MIFID [II], MIFIR and PRIIPs products and regulations. • Market abuse in intermediation operations in the capital markets • Customer claims. • Criminal risk management model. - Personal data protection (GDPR) 7. Fiscal risk: this is mitigated by independent expert actions within the framework of the financial audit, fiscal opinions requested within the framework of relevant transactions and, ultimately, by interaction with the Tax Administration. 8. Technological risk: a technological risk management model has been defined based on two fundamental pillars, the governance model and the operational model. The model clearly establishes the responsibilities and competencies in technological risk management, including the main governing bodies, as well as the internal regulations and the main technological risk management processes. 9. ESG/sustainability risk: The Renta 4 Group integrates these risks into its current procedures, adopting a global approach for their identification, evaluation, monitoring and mitigation, specifically in relation to sustainable finance, incorporating ESG criteria in the product catalogue, implementing ESG advice and management preferences for clients, reporting the actions carried out, developing processes and methodology for environmental risk management and adapting favourable capital treatments to ESG-related exposures.



F. INTERNAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS IN RELATION TO INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR)

Describe the mechanisms that comprise the risk control and management systems in relation to internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) at your company.

F.l. The company's control environment.

Provide information, stating the main features, on at least the following:

F.1.1 Which bodies and/or units are responsible for (i) the existence and maintenance of a proper ICFR system; (ii) its implementation; and (iii) its supervision.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Board of Directors of Renta 4 Banco is ultimately in charge of the implementation and maintenance of an appropriate and effective ICFR which, in line with its Regulations, it entrusts to the Audit and Control Committee.

AUDIT AND CONTROL COMMITTEE.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors of Renta 4 Banco, in their Article 31, foresee that the basic duties of the Audit and Control Committee in connection with the internal information and control systems are as follows:

- 1. Supervise the effectiveness and the management of the internal auditing services in the Company that will ensure the good performance of the internal information and control systems, especially related to the preparation processes in terms of accuracy and filing the regulated financial information on the Company and its group, checking compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate limits on the scope of consolidation and the right use of the accounting criteria, and reporting this to the Board of Directors. The person in charge of the internal audit is required to present before the Committee his/her yearly work planning and directly inform the Committee of any incidents that may arise in its course, as well as report to the Committee on its activities at the end of each fiscal year.
- 2. Supervise the procedure followed to prepare and file the regulatory financial information and the internal risk management and control systems related to the Company's significant risks for them to be identified (operational, technological, financial, legal or reputational), managed and reported appropriately, setting the risk level tolerated by the Company, the measures needed to minimise the impact of the risks identified, and determine the control and information systems to be used to control and manage them, ensure the independence and efficiency of the internal auditing unit, propose the selection, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit service, and the budget of such service, receive regular information on its activities and check that the senior management takes into account the conclusions and recommendations in the reports.
- 3. Check the Company's accounts, ensure compliance with the legal requirements and the right use of the standard accounting principles, and inform about the proposals to change the accounting principles and criteria suggested by the management.
- 4. Previously review and report to the Board of Directors about: (i) financial information that, being listed, the Company is to disclose on a regular basis, making sure that the interim statements are prepared following the same accounting criteria as the yearly statements and, for such purposes, consider if it is convenient to request a limited review from the Company's external auditor; (ii) the issue or purchase of shares in entities with a special purpose or based in countries or jurisdictions that are considered tax havens, as well as any other transaction or operation of a similar nature that, due to its complexity, could hinder the transparency of the Company's group; (iii) and of linked operations.
- 5. Receive from employees, confidentially but not anonymously, written communications on possible irregularities with a potential relevance, especially financial or accounting ones, that they may detect in the Company or its group companies.
- 6. Ensure compliance with the internal codes of conduct and the rules of corporate governance as well as the regulations on markets in the industry.
- 7. Supervise the development of the functions assigned to the area in charge of preventing money laundering and know the reports and proposals presented in this regard. Members of the Audit and Control Committee are appointed taking into account their knowledge and experience in accountancy, auditors and risk management. All its members will be external Directors and are duly kept abreast of any regulatory changes that may take place in those areas. From among its members, the Board of Directors appoints a Chairman who will be an independent Director and will remain in office for no longer than four years without prejudice to his/her continuity or re-election as a member of the Committee.

INTERNAL AUDIT.

The Group has an Internal Audit area that is subject to the control and supervision of the Audit and Control Committee. Below are some of the functions undertaken by the Internal Audit area:

- 1. Supervise compliance and the effectiveness of the internal control systems and procedures, as well as supporting the organisation in improving such systems and procedures as well as the control activities.
- 2. Ensure that all financial and management information is sufficient, accurate and reliable.
- 3. Examine the established systems to ensure compliance with the internal rules and external regulations in force, assessing their suitability and effectiveness. So as to meet its goals, this area combines in-person audits with remote audits. MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.



The functions of the Management Committee are to manage, control and monitor the Bank and the Group; to monitor, control and evaluate the business units; to establish the commercial strategy and monitor its activity; to implement the targets and the common commercial policy; to evaluate investments, transactions in the securities markets and finance structure; to analyse prices and propose intra-group rates and prices; to evaluate the Group's technological needs and make proposals for improving the system;

to coordinate the Bank with the different areas of the Group; and, lastly, to implement policies for managing subsidiaries and to monitor results. REGULATORY COMPLIANCE UNIT.

The Renta 4 Group has an independent unit in charge of the regulatory compliance that, through the right policies and procedures, detects and handles the risk of non-compliance with the organisation's duties, whether internal or external, in this respect. Furthermore, the unit reports and advises the management and employees about, and monitors compliance with, the internal rules across the organisation. The risk of non-compliance with the regulations could have an impact on the financial information.

Furthermore, the Renta 4 Group provides its clients with a Customer Service to learn, study and solve any complaints and claims they may have regarding the operations, agreements and financial services and, generally, their experience with the different entities making up the Renta 4 Group. This Customer Service is an extra control tool to detect any possible errors in the financial information after analysing the claims received.

ADMINISTRATION AND ACCOUNTANCY AREA.

The Administration and Accountancy Area of Renta 4 Banco is the area in charge of preparing and directly controlling the financial information, reporting directly to the senior management and the Board of Directors.

This area is in charge of the following tasks for the financial reporting:

- 1. Accountancy: in charge of the Bank's accountancy and ensuring compliance with the procedures set to control the quality and reliability of the information produced by the different areas in the Group.
- 2. Consolidation: in charge of the consolidation process and following up the information on subsidiaries and affiliates.
 - F.1.2 If any, especially in connection with the financial reporting process, the following elements:
 - Departments and/or mechanisms tasked with: (i) devising and reviewing the organisational structure; (ii) clearly defining the boundaries of responsibility and authority, with proper distribution of tasks and functions; and (iii) ensuring that sufficient procedures are in place to spread awareness of this across the company:

The devising and reviewing of the organisational structure as well as the drawing up of responsibilities and authority is undertaken by the Board of Directors by means of the CEO and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee (body made up of external members of the Board of Directors) with the support of the Management Committee.

The Managing Director and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee determine the assignment of tasks and functions, ensuring a suitable distribution of functions and a series of coordination systems between the different departments to ensure the efficiency of the transactions.

Code of conduct, approving body, dissemination and instruction, principles and values covered (stating whether it makes specific reference to record-keeping and financial reporting), body in charge of investigating breaches and proposing corrective or disciplinary action:

The Renta 4 Group has an Internal Code of Conduct adopted by the Board of Directors. This applies to all employees, proxies, executives, directors and representatives of the Group and it sets forth the principles and values that should govern the Group's actions. This Internal Code of Conduct sets a framework for action in the event of breach by the people subject to the Code.

Renta 4 Banco delivers this Internal Code of Conduct to all people affected by it, who in turn acknowledge its receipt and personally accept that they know, understand and accept the ICC as well as all the commitments contained therein.

The Regulatory Compliance unit is the body in charge of ensuring the appropriate distribution of this Code and its compliance. It will report to the Audit and Control Committee any non-compliances or bad practices detected and will propose the relevant disciplinary actions that should be then ratified by the appropriate governing body.

Whistleblower channel, to inform the audit committee of irregularities of a financial and accounting
nature, in addition to possible code of conduct infringements and irregular activities in the organisation,
informing, where appropriate, whether it is confidential in nature and whether it allows anonymous
communications, respecting the rights of the whistleblower and the reported party.

Any financial or accounting irregularities are reported to the Audit Committee through the Internal Auditor who attends all the Committee meetings and informs the Committee Chairman of such irregularities for them to be studied and remedied.



Furthermore, the Group has a whistleblowing channel where customers, employees and suppliers can inform of any alleged irregular conduct, non-compliance or illegal act committed in the course of the operations run by the companies making up the Renta 4 Group that could entail a criminal offence. This whistleblowing channel is confidential.

The Compliance Unit (made up of the Head of Internal Audit, the Head of Risks and the Head of Regulatory Compliance) is the body that reports to the Audit and Control Committee and receives and analyses all the complaints. It has independent power to investigate and solve each case. The Compliance Unit reports its activity in handling the claims to the Board's Audit and Control Committee.

Training programmes and regular refresher courses for personnel involved in the preparation and review of financial information and the assessment of ICFR, covering at least accounting standards, auditing, internal control and risk management:

The Group develops training schemes for the entire staff, including employees who are directly involved in the financial reporting.

These schemes include permanent updates on regulatory changes in the operations conducted by the different companies in the Group, including the knowledge of the International Rules on Financial information and the applicable regulations enforced by the Bank of Spain, CNMV and the General Directorate of Insurance.

F.2. Assessment of risks related to financial information.

Report, at least, on:

- F.2.1 The main characteristics of the process for identification of risks, including the risk of error or fraud, as follows:
- · Whether the process exists and is documented:

The Management of Renta 4 Bank is in charge of keeping an adequate internal control on the financial reporting. This internal control on the financial information is overseen by the Chairman of the Board and of the Audit and Control Committee so as to provide a reasonable level of assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information and the preparation of the disclosed consolidated financial statements of the Group that are reported under the rules in force at the time.

The main risks in the financial reporting process are:

- Errors from misapplying the accounting principles.
- Fraudulent financial information.
- Deficiencies in breaking down the information.

In order to minimise these risks in the financial reporting, the Renta 4 Group has automated practically all the accounting of the operations with clients.

With regard to the processes with a manual element in financial reporting, we have identified the risks and controls or the minimising factors related to them so as to assess, supervise and conclude, for each of these and for the financial information as a whole, that they are reasonably free of material errors.

In addition to this, we run a series of conciliations to guarantee that the accounting information matches the information provided by third parties.

The Audit and Control Committee supervises the process followed to identify the risks pertaining the financial information as part of its duties to supervise and control the financial information.

Whether the process covers all financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence, completeness, measurement, presentation, disclosure and comparability, and rights and obligations), whether it is updated and how often:

This process covers all financial information and especially focuses on identifying risks of material error based on the complexity of the transactions, the quantitative and qualitative relevance, the complexity of the calculations and the application of judgements and estimates. This process is updated depending on the change in the level of exposure to the risks inherent in the operations run by the Renta 4 Group.



The existence of a process to identify the scope of the consolidated group, considering aspects such as the possibility of complex corporate structures or special-purpose vehicles:

The scope of consolidation of the Renta 4 Group is determined by the Administration and Accounting Area in line with the criteria foreseen by the relevant regulations.

The scope of consolidation is also supervised by the internal audit unit and by the external auditors.

Whether the process takes into account other types of risks (operational, technology, financial, legal, tax, reputational, environmental risk etc.), which may affect the financial statements:

The process takes into account the main risks affecting the Renta 4 Group, including operational, technological, financial, legal, reputational and other risks.

Which of the entity's governing bodies supervises the process:

This internal control on the financial information is overseen by the Chairman of the Board and of the Audit and Control Committee so as to provide a reasonable level of assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information and the preparation of the disclosed consolidated financial statements of the Group that are reported under the rules in force at the time.

F.3. Control activities.

Specify, indicating any salient features, if it has at least:

F.3.1 Procedures to review and authorise the financial reporting and description of the ICFR to be disclosed in the securities markets, indicating the people in charge and the documents describing the work flows and controls (including those related to fraud risk) of the different types of transactions that may have a material impact on the financial statements, including the procedure for the year-end closing and the special reviewing of the relevant judgements, estimates, assessments and forecasts.

There are a series of checks in place for the transactions that could have a material impact on the financial statements.

These checks are fundamentally based on the following aspects:

- Confirmation of transactions: checks to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the transactions recorded.
- \bullet Checks based on the conciliation of relevant transactions, positions and parameters.
- · Assessment: running checks on the assessment methods, hypothesis and inputs used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments.
- Taxes: internal checks to ensure that the tax calculations are appropriate and the balances are duly posted in the financial statements with the help of the Group's external tax consultancy firm.
- Adjustments based on estimates: checks to ensure that the techniques used to prepare the estimates are based on previously disclosed and authorised judgements.
- Checks on the consolidation and other processes in the year-end closing: The checks on the consolidation include, among other measures, verifying the accounting entries posted to eliminate inter and intra-group operations and the review of the adjustments made after the year-end closing.
- Filing and breaking down the financial statements: final review of the financial statements by the Group's senior management, especially by the financial area with prior checks run by the Administration and Accounting area and the Audits Unit.



F.3.2 Internal control policies and procedures for IT systems (including access security, control of changes, system operation, continuity and separation of duties) giving support to key Company processes involved in the preparation and publication of financial information.

The Renta 4 Group keeps different levels of access security on the IT systems that support the preparation and disclosure of the financial information to guarantee the right segregation of the functions within the accounting process, and to avoid intrusions in this regard.

The IT systems are exposed to the business continuity risk that arises from possible contingencies due to failed communications, power cuts, faulty hardware or software and other unexpected events or disasters.

The Renta 4 Group has a business continuity plan in accordance with the applicable regulations and it translates into different plans to tackle the aforementioned risks.

F.3.3 Internal control policies and procedures designed to supervise the management of third-party subcontracted activities, in addition to any evaluation, calculation or appraisal tasks entrusted to independent experts that may have a material impact on the financial statements.

The Renta 4 Group does not outsource any relevant activities that would have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

F.4. Information and reporting.

Specify, indicating any salient features, if it has at least:

F.4.1 A specific function in charge of defining and maintaining accounting policies (accounting policies area or department) and resolving queries or settling disputes over their interpretation, which is in regular communication with the team in charge of operations, and a manual of accounting policies regularly updated and communicated to all the Company's operating units.

The Administration and Accounting Area is responsible for the appropriate application of the accounting rules in financial reporting. Along with preparing the accounting records, their functions are:

- Defining the Group's accounting policies and procedures.
- Analysing any given operations and/or transactions to be posted accordingly.
- Assessing the potential impacts of plans to change regulations.
- Solve any in-house doubts.

The Administration and Accounting Area is in contact with the external auditors for any doubts about the posting of operations and/or transactions.

F.4.2 Mechanisms to capture and prepare the financial information with consistent formats, to be implemented and used by all units in the Company or group, which support the main financial statements and the notes, in addition to any information provided on the ICFR.

The main computer systems used for the financial reporting by the Renta 4 Group are centralised and linked.

There are procedures and checks in place to ensure the adequate development and maintenance of such systems and their correct operation, continuity and security.



When consolidating and preparing the financial information the company uses the financial statements reported by the Group's subsidiaries as input with the predefined formats as well as any other financial information required for the accounting reconciliation and to meet the information requirements.

F.5. Supervision of system operation.

Provide information, stating the main features, on at least:

F.5.1 ICFR supervisory activities conducted by the audit committee and whether the entity has an internal audit department whose competences include supporting the committee in its oversight of the internal control system, including ICFR. Likewise, specify the scope of the ICFR assessment conducted during the year and the procedure followed by the person in charge of the assessment to report the findings, whether the entity has an action plan detailing the corrective measures, and whether their impact on the financial information has been taken into account.

The Audit and Control Committee oversees that the financial reporting runs smoothly by directly supervising the internal audit unit and the work performed by the external auditors.

In parallel, the Audit and Control Committee may ask for help from the employees in the different areas in the Group to gather information on the existence of weaknesses that may have a significant impact on the financial information.

The Group's senior management, based on the information received from the audit areas, both internal and external, and the information on inspection procedures followed by regulatory bodies, will assess the effectiveness of the ICFR.

F.5.2 Whether the company has a discussion procedure whereby the accounts auditor (in accordance with what is set forth in the NTAs), the internal audit staff and other experts are able to inform senior management and the audit committee or company directors of any significant weaknesses in internal control identified during the processes of review of annual financial statements or any others entrusted to them. State also whether the entity has an action plan to correct or mitigate the weaknesses found.

The Internal Audit unit informs the senior management and the Audit and Control Committee of any relevant weaknesses in the internal control identified during the year's reviews.

Furthermore, the Group's accounts auditor is in direct contact with the Group's senior management and holds regular meetings with them to obtain the information needed for his/her work and to report any weaknesses in the control detected in the course of his/her duties. Regarding the weaknesses, the external auditors provide the senior management with yearly and half-yearly reports detailing the weaknesses in the internal control found in the course of his/her duties.

The accounts auditor will also inform the Audit and Control Committee of the findings of his/her review of the Group's financial statements including any aspects that he/she may deem relevant.

The Internal Audit area regularly follows up the action plans resulting from the external auditor's recommendations and informs the Audit and Control Committee of their progress at least once a year depending on the relevance of the situation.

F.6. Other significant information.

No additional issues to be disclosed have been identified.



F.7. External auditor's report.

Report:

F.7.1 If the ICFR information supplied to the market has been reviewed by the external auditor, the corresponding report should be attached. If this is not the case, it should explain why.

The Renta 4 Group deemed that a report from the external auditor on the ICFR would be redundant, mainly because the external auditors conduct, on a half-yearly basis, an audit on the consolidated financial statements or a limited review of the summarised interim consolidated financial statements within the framework of the auditing regulations, and discusses with the Audit and Control Committee any relevant aspects or incidents.



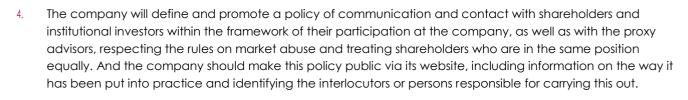
G. EXTENT TO WHICH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOLLOWED

Please indicate the extent to which the company has followed the recommendations of the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies.

explar	nation	of the reasons so the	oly with any of the recommend nat shareholders, investors and neral explanations are not acc	d the market in general h	part, include a detailed nave enough information to assess	
1.	The bylaws of listed companies should not place an upper limit on the votes that can be cast by a single shareholder, or impose other obstacles to the takeover of the company by acquiring shares on the market.					
		Complies [X].	Explain []			
2.	anot entit	That, when the listed company is controlled, within the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial Code, by another entity, whether listed or not, and has, directly or through its subsidiaries, business relations with said entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or carries out activities related to those of any of them, it should publicly disclose precisely the following:				
	a)	The respective areas of activity and any business relationships between, on the one hand, the listed company or its subsidiaries and, on the other hand, the parent company or its subsidiaries.				
b) The mechanisms in place to resolve any conflicts of interest that may				cts of interest that may a	rise.	
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
3.	During the ordinary general meeting, the chairman of the board should verbally inform shareholders in sufficient detail of the most relevant aspects of the company's corporate governance, supplementing the written information circulated in the annual corporate governance report, and in particular:					
	a)	Of the changes that have occurred since the last ordinary general meeting.				
	b)	Of the specific reasons why the company is not following certain recommendations of the Code of Corporate Governance and, if any, the alternative rules applied to this matter.				
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		

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And, without prejudice to legal obligations regarding the dissemination of inside information and other types of regulated information, the company should also have a general policy regarding the communication of economic-financial, non-financial and corporate information through the channels it deems appropriate (media, social networks or other channels) that helps to maximise the dissemination and quality of the information available to the market, investors and other stakeholders.

Complies []	Partially complies [X].	Explain []

The Board remained committed to updating, analysing and reviewing the Company's internal policies in order to adapt them, if necessary, to the amendments to the good governance recommendations approved by the CNMV in June 2020. This recommendation is complied with, although the Company is currently in the process of analysing and reviewing the policy on reporting and contacting with shareholders and institutional investors, in order to update it as necessary.

5. That the Board of Directors does not submit to the general meeting a proposal of delegation of powers to issue shares or convertible securities excluding the right to preferential purchase, for an amount above 20% of the share capital at the time of delegation.

And that when the Board of Directors approves any issue of shares or convertible securities excluding the right to preferential purchase, the Company should immediately publish on its website the reports on this exclusion as laid down in the companies' laws.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

- 6. The listed companies which produce the reports listed below, either in mandatory or voluntary form, publish them on their website with sufficient notice before the ordinary general meeting is held, although their dissemination is not mandatory:
 - a) Report on the external auditor's independence.
 - b) Reports of proceedings of the audit committees and the appointments and remuneration committee.
 - c) Audit committee report on related-party transactions.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

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7. The Company broadcasts live, via its website, the holding of general meetings of shareholders.				shareholders.		
	And that the company has mechanisms that allow the delegation and exercise of votes by telematic means and even, in the case of highly-capitalised companies and to the extent proportionate, attendance and active participation in the General Shareholders' Meeting.					
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
8.	gener cases comn meeti	ral meeting of share in which the audito nittee should clearly ng, making a sumn	ould ensure that the financial stater cholders are drawn up in accordar or has included a qualification in its y explain the audit committee's op nary of said opinion available to sh th the rest of the proposals and rep	nce with accounting re s audit report, the chai inion on its content an areholders at the time	egulations. And in those irman of the audit d scope at the general of publication of the call of	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
9.	The Company should make public on its website, permanently, the requirements and procedures it will accept prove ownership of shares, the right to attend the general meeting of shareholders and the exercise or delegat of voting rights.				and the exercise or delegation	
	And such requirements and procedures facilitate the shareholders' attendance and the exercise of their rights and are applied in a non-discriminatory manner.					
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
10.	Where any legitimate shareholder has exercised, prior to the holding of the general meeting of shareholders, the right to complete the agenda or to submit new resolution proposals, the Company:					
	a)	Immediately disseminates such additional items and new resolution proposals.				
b) Makes public the attendance card model or form of proxy or remote voting with so that the new items on the agenda and alternative resolution proposals can be terms proposed by the board of directors.						
c) Submits all these items or alternative proposals to vote and the same voting rules are applied to as those made by the board of directors, including, in particular, presumptions or inferences at direction of the vote.				-		
	d) Announces, after the general meeting of shareholders, the breakdown of the vote on such additional points or alternative proposals.				he vote on such additional	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []	



11.		e event that the Company plans to pay premiums to attend the general meeting of shareholders, it will ously establish a general policy on such premiums and this policy is stable.				
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
12.	The Board of Directors will perform its duties with unity of purpose and independent judgment, and it will treat all shareholders who are in the same position equally and guide itself by the Company's interests which are understood as achieving a profitable and sustainable long-term business, to promote the Company's continuity and maximise its economic value.					
In pursuing the Company's interests, in addition to complying with laws and faith, ethically and respecting the commonly accepted uses and good pracendeavour to reconcile the Company's interests with, where applicable, the employees, its suppliers, its customers and those of other stakeholders that mimpact of the Company's activities on the community as a whole and in the				es and good practice e applicable, the legi keholders that may b	s, the Board of Directors will timate interests of its e affected, as well as the	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
13.	The board of directors has enough members in order to implement efficient and participative proceedings, which makes it advisable that the board should have between five and fifteen members.					
		Complies [X].	Explain []			
14. That the board of directors approves a policy aimed at encouraging an appropriate composition of board of directors and that:			iate composition of the			
	a)	Is specific and veri	iable.			
	b) ensure that proposals for appointment or reappointment are based on a prior analysis of the competencies required by the board; and					
	c) promotes the diversity of knowledge, experience, age and gender. For these purposes, measures that encourage the company to have a significant number of female senior managers are considered to favour gender diversity.					
	The result of the previous analysis of the competencies required by the board of directors is registered in the committee's report justifying the appointments to be published when the general meeting of shareholders is called, in which the ratification, appointment or re-election of each director is submitted.					
		ppointments comm prate governance re	ittee will annually verify compliance port.	e with this policy and	inform thereof in the annual	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		

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15.	The proprietary directors and independent directors constitute a significant majority of the Board of Directors
	and the number of executive directors is kept to the minimum necessary, having regard to the complexity of
	the corporate group and the percentage shareholding of the executive directors in the Company's share
	capital.

And that the number of female directors should account for at least 40% of the members of the board of directors by the end of 2022 and thereafter, and not be less than 30% prior to that date.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

16. The percentage of proprietary directors over the total of non-executive directors is not higher than the proportion between the capital represented by such directors and the remainder of the Company's share capital.

This criterion may be reduced:

- a) In large-cap companies where the shareholdings legally considered significant are low.
- b) In companies where there is a diversity of shareholders represented on the board of directors and there are no links between them.

Complies [X]. Explain []

17. The number of independent directors represents at least half of all directors.

However, where the Company is not highly capitalised or where, being highly capitalised, it has a shareholder or several shareholders acting together, who control more than 30% of the share capital, the number of independent Directors should represent at least one third of the total members.

Complies [X]. Explain []

- 18. Companies should post the following director particulars on their websites, and keep them permanently updated:
 - a) Professional and biographical profile.
 - b) Other boards of directors on which they sit, whether or not these belong to listed companies, as well as other remunerated activities in which they may be involved.
 - c) The category to which the director belongs, where applicable, stating, in the case of proprietary directors, the shareholder they represent or to whom they have links.
 - d) Date when they were first appointed as a director of the company, as well as the dates of any subsequent reappointments.
 - e) Their holdings of company shares and their stock options.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []



Complies [X].

Explain []

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19.	The Annual Corporate Governance Report, with prior verification by the Appointments Committee, explains reasons for the appointment of proprietary directors at the request of shareholders whose shareholding is less than 3% of the share capital; and reasons are given why formal requests for a seat on the board from shareholders with a stake equal to or greater than that of others, at whose request proprietary directors were appointed, have not been respected.			
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
20.	 Proprietary directors tender their resignation when the shareholders they represent sell their entire shareholding. If such shareholders reduce their stakes, thereby losing some of their entitlement to proprietary directors, the latter's number should be reduced accordingly. 			
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
21.	The Board of Directors shall not propose the removal of any independent Director before the statutory period for which they were appointed, except where just cause is found by the Board of Directors following a report from the Appointments Committee. It shall be understood that there is just cause when the director takes up a new post or takes on new duties that prevent him/her from devoting the necessary time to the performance of the duties associated with the directorship, when the director fails to carry out the duties inherent to his/her poor when the director is involved in circumstances which cause him/her to lose his/her independent status in accordance with the provisions of the legislation applicable.			

The removal of independent directors from office may also be proposed as a result of public buy-outs, mergers or other similar enterprise-level transactions implying a change in the structure of the Company's capital, where such changes in the Board are due to the proportionality criterion in Recommendation 16.

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22.	Companies should establish rules obliging directors to report and, where appropriate, to resign when situations arise that affect them, whether or not related to their performance in the company itself, that could damage the credit and reputation of the company and, in particular, obliging them to inform the board of any criminal proceedings in which they are under investigation, as well as the progress of any such proceedings.					
And, having been informed or having otherwise become aware of any of the situations mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the board should examine the case as soon as possible and, in view of the partic circumstances, decide, following a report from the appointments and remuneration committee, whether not to adopt any measure, such as opening an internal investigation, requesting the resignation of the dor proposing his or her removal. And to report thereon in the annual corporate governance report, unless there are particular circumstances that justify it, which shall be recorded in the minutes. This is without prejudice to the information that the company may be required to disseminate, if appropriate, when the corresponding measures are adopted.				nd, in view of the particular tion committee, whether or the resignation of the director overnance report, unless ninutes. This is without		
	Com	plies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
23. All directors clearly express their opposition when they consider that a proposal submitted to the Directors for decision could be contrary to the Company's interests. Moreover, independent directors in particular, who are not affected by potential conflict of interest, should do the same i decisions that could be detrimental to shareholders not directly represented on the Board of Directors.			dependent directors and other ald do the same in the case of			
	director has	expressed se	erious reservations and subs		Itters with regard to which the ensuing conclusions drawn and wing recommendation.	
	This recomn director.	nendation als	so extends to the secretary	to the board of directors, eve	en if the secretary is not a	
	Com	plies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []	
24.	term of offic	ce, they shou eir opinion or	ld sufficiently explain the re	eneral meeting, a director re asons for their resignation or, al by the board, in a letter to		
	Notwithstanding the fact that all of the above is disclosed in the annual corporate governance report, to the extent that it is relevant for investors, the company should publish the resignation as soon as possible, include sufficient reference to the reasons or circumstances provided by the director.					
	Com	plies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []	



25.	to properly perform their duties.			
	And that the Board reg	ulations sets the maximum r	number of boards of which the	e directors may form part.
	Complies []	Partially complies [X].	Explain []	
regula devot	ations applied to the Company as a e sufficient time to efficiently perfo	credit entity. For this reason, the prin orm their duties and to know the Comp	Is on which the Company's directors may s ciple given by the recommendation is met. any's business and the governance rules ti e of the limits set in the regulations in this	. In other words, the directors should hat govern it and they meet its purpose
26.	eight times a year, follo	= : : :	_	out its role effectively, at least t of the year, with each directo
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
27.			minimum and quantified in the nstructions are given to proxie	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
28.	directors, about the Co	mpany's progress and such	rns about a particular proposc n concerns are not resolved wi oever expressed such concerr	thin the Board of Directors,
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
29.			rectors to obtain the advice the at the Company's expense.	ney need to carry out their
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
30.		of the knowledge required of programmes when circums		r duties, the Company will also
	Complies [X].	Explain []	Non applicable []	



31.	agreement so that directors can study or seek, in advance, the information required for its adoption.					
	Directors any decisions		n the agenda, this will re	or the approval of the Board of quire the express prior consent of es.		
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []			
32.	_	ularly informed of the movement and rating agencies have of t		d of the opinions that significant oup.		
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []			
33.	exercising the functions schedule of dates and where applicable, asse board and of the effec	ssment of the company's chie tiveness of its functioning; ensu	ne bylaws, should prepare e and coordinate regular ef executive; take respor ure that sufficient time is	are and submit to the board a arrangement of the board and, arrangement of the		
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []			
34.	the powers legally entit Chairman and Vice-Ch with investors and share	led, attribute him/her the follo	wing: chairing the Board oncerns of non-executive vs in order to form an op			
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []		
35.				ectors is aware of recommendation ode of Good Governance for listed		
	Complies [X].	Explain []				



financial.

Complies [X]. Partially complies []

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36.	The complete Board of Directors should evaluate, once a year, and adopt, where applicable, an action plan to correct deficiencies identified with respect to:						
	a)	The quality and e	efficiency of operation of the b	oard of directors.			
	b)	The operations a	nd the composition of its comr	nittees.			
	c)	The diversity of B	oard membership and compet	ences.			
	d)	The performance Company.	e of the Chairman of the Board	of Directors and the C	nief Executive Officer of the		
	e)		e and contribution of each Dire	ector, paying particular	attention to those who are in		
	Direc		arious committees will be base Itter, evaluation will be based o				
		Every three years, the Board of Directors will be assisted to carry out the evaluation by an external consultant, whose independence will be verified by the Appointments Committee.					
	Business relationships that the consultant or any Company in its group have with the Company or any Company of its group should be detailed in the annual corporate governance report.						
	The process and the evaluated areas will be further described in the annual corporate governance report.						
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []			
37.			utive committee, at least two no endent; and its secretary shoul				
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]		
38.	Com		s always aware of matters dea members of the board receive		lopted by the Executive of the meetings of the Executive		
		Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]		
39.			dit committee as a whole, and I experience in accounting, au		n, should be appointed with regard ment, both financial and non-		

Explain []



	' '	tioning of the information and -executive Chairman of the B	,	,	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
41.	committee for approve and limitations on scop	al by the latter or by the board	d, report to it directly on in the ment, the results and followers.	s annual work plan to the audit ts execution, including any incid low-up of its recommendations,	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []	

Under the supervision of the audit committee, there should be a unit that assumes the internal audit function to



- 42. In addition to those as legally established, the Audit Committee is responsible for the following:
- 1. With regard to information systems and internal control:
 - a) Supervise and evaluate the preparation process and the integrity of financial and non-financial information, as well as the control and management systems for financial and non-financial risks relating to the company and, where appropriate, the group including operational, technological, legal, social, environmental, political, reputational and corruption-related risks reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate delimitation of the scope of consolidation and the correct application of accounting criteria.
 - b) Ensure the independence and effectiveness of the internal audit processes, proposing the election, appointment, re-election and removal of the head of the internal audit division in addition to proposing the budget for this service, approving or propose the approval of both orientation and operating plans of the internal audit, ensuring that their activity is focused mainly on the risks that are relevant to the Company (including those related to reputation), receiving regular information on their activities and verifying that senior management is taking into account the conclusions and recommendations of the Committee's reports.
 - c) Establish and supervise a mechanism that allows employees and other persons related to the company, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers, contractors or subcontractors, to report potentially significant irregularities, including financial and accounting irregularities, or any other type of irregularity they may notice within the company or its group. This mechanism should guarantee confidentiality and, in any case, provide for cases in which communications can be made anonymously, respecting the rights of the complainant and the accused.
 - d) To generally ensure that established internal control policies and systems are effectively implemented in practice.
- 2. With regard to the external auditor:
 - a) Examine the circumstances behind the resignation of the external auditor, should this occur.
 - b) Ensure that the remuneration for the external auditor for his or her work does not compromise his or her integrity or independence.
 - c) Ensure that the Company notifies the change of auditor to the CNMV and that this notification is accompanied by a statement citing any disagreements the Company may have had with the outgoing auditor and, if there were such disagreements, to discuss them.
 - d) Ensure that the external auditor annually holds a meeting with the full Board of Directors to report on the work done and the evolution of the Company's accounting and risk situation.
 - e) Ensure that the Company and the external auditor adhere to current regulations regarding the provision of non-audit services as well as the limits on the auditor's business concentration and, in general, the other rules on auditor independence.

Complies I	X	I. Partiall	y complies	[]	l Ex	(plain [1	



43.			nay summon any employee o he presence of any other exe		any; this includes	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
44.	Com	pany plans to carr	nould be informed of the oper y out, for analysis and prelimir counting impact, and especi	nary report to the Board o	f Directors on their economic	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []	
45.	The c	control and risk ma	nagement policy should spec	ify or determine at least:		
	a)	environmental, p		vell as those related to co	onal, technological, legal, business, rruption) that the Company faces, ff-balance sheet risks.	
	b)		l management model based of the sector regulations so p			
	c)	The level of risk th	nat the company considers ac	cceptable.		
d) The measures planned to mitigate the impact of identified risks, should they materialise.					hey materialise.	
	e)	e) The information and internal control systems to be used to control and manage the abovementioned risks, including contingent liabilities or off-balance sheet risks.				
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		
46.	Direc	ctors, there is an int	rision of the Audit Committee ernal function of risk control a npany that has expressly attrik	nd management exercise	ed by a unit or internal	
	a)		er functioning of the control are	= :		
	b)	Actively participe concerning risk n	ate in the development of a ri nanagement.	sk strategy and take part	in the important decisions	
	c)		control and risk management s e policy defined by the Board		ely mitigate the risks within the	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []		



4/.	designated by ensuring that they have the knowledge, skills and experience appropriate to the duties that the are to perform and that most of these members are independent directors.				
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
48.	_	ly-capitalized comp mittee.	panies have an Appointments	Committee and a separate Remuneration	
		Complies []	Explain []	Non applicable [X]	
49.			mittee should consult with the n matters relating to executive	company's Chairman of the Board of Directors and chief directors.	
			st that the Appointments Com /she feels that they are suitabl	mittee take into consideration potential candidates to fill e.	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
50.		duties of the remune e indicated by law,		ercised with independence and include, in addition to	
	a)	Propose to the Bo	oard of Directors the standard	conditions for senior officers' employment contracts.	
	b)	Check compliand	ce with the remuneration polic	y set by the company.	
	c)	remuneration syst	ems that include shares and half remuneration is proportioned	olied to directors and senior officers, as well as the ow they are implemented, in addition to guaranteeing I to that which is paid to other directors and senior officers	
	d) Ensure that any conflicts of interest do not interfere with the independence of the external advice given to the committee.				
	e)	•	ntion on directors' and senior o ding the annual report on dire	fficers' remuneration found in various corporate ctors' remuneration.	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
51.			mittee should consult with the ectors and senior officers.	Chairman and chief executive, especially on matters	
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	



- 52. The rules regarding the composition and proceedings of the supervisory and control committees should be listed in the Board Regulations and be consistent with those applicable to the legally mandatory committees under the foregoing recommendations, including the following:
 - a) They should be composed exclusively of non-executive directors, with a majority of independent directors.
 - b) The chairmen should be independent directors.
 - c) The board of directors should appoint the members of these committees, taking into account the knowledge, skills and experience of the directors and the responsibilities of each committee; deliberate on its proposals and reports; and, at the first plenary session of the board after their meetings, receive an account of their activity and a report on the work carried out.
 - d) The committees should seek external advice when they deem it necessary to perform their duties.

e)	Minutes of meeti			
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []

53. The supervision of compliance with the company's environmental, social and corporate governance policies and rules, as well as internal codes of conduct, should be assigned to one or more committees of the board of directors, which may be the audit committee, the appointments committee, a committee specialising in sustainability or corporate social responsibility or any other specialised committee that the board of directors, in exercise of its powers of self-organisation, has decided to create. This committee should only be made up of non-executive directors, the majority of whom should be independent, and should be specifically assigned the minimum functions indicated in the following recommendation.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []



- The minimum functions referred to in the above recommendation are as follows:
 - Supervision of compliance with corporate governance rules and the company's internal codes of conduct, also ensuring that the corporate culture is aligned with its purpose and values.
 - The supervision of the application of the general policy relating to the communication of economicb) financial, non-financial and corporate information as well as communication with shareholders and investors, proxy advisors and other stakeholders. The way in which the entity communicates and relates to small and medium-sized shareholders will also be monitored.
 - Regular assessment and review of the adequacy of the Company's corporate governance system and c) environmental and social policy, so that it may fulfil its mission of promoting its social activities and keep the legitimate interests of other stakeholders in mind.

Explain []

- Monitoring that the company's environmental and social practices are in line with the strategy and d) policy established.
- e) Supervising and evaluating relations with different stakeholders. Partially complies []

That sustainability policies in environmental and social matters identify and include at least:

- The principles, commitments, objectives and strategy with regard to shareholders, employees, a) customers, suppliers, social issues, the environment, diversity, fiscal responsibility, respect for human rights and the prevention of corruption and other illegal conduct.
- b) The methods or systems for monitoring compliance with policies, associated risks and their management.
- Non-financial risk supervision mechanisms, including those related to ethical and business conduct issues. c)
- The channels of communication, participation and dialogue with stakeholders. d)
- Responsible communication practices that prevent manipulation of information and protect e) integrity and honour.

Complies [X]. Partially complies [] Explain []

Directors' remuneration is what is necessary to attract and retain directors with a desirable profile, to compensate them for the dedication, qualifications and responsibility that the position entails, and to ensure that the amount does not interfere with the independence of non-executive directors' decisions.

Complies [X]. Explain []

Complies [X].

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57.	Executive directors are restricted to variable remuneration linked to the performance of the Company and to their personal performance, as is the remuneration in the form of shares, stock options or rights to shares or instruments that are referenced to the value of the stock and long-term savings systems such as pension plans, retirement schemes or other social security systems.				
Delivery of shares as remuneration can be contemplated for non-executive directors on condition that they hold them until they cease to be directors. The foregoing will not apply to shares that the director needs to dispose of, if appropriate, to meet the costs related to acquisition.					
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	
58. In the case of variable remuneration, remuneration policies should include precise limits and technical safeguards to ensure they reflect the professional performance of the recipients and not only the general progress of the markets or the company's activity sector or circumstances of this kind.				and not only the general	
	And i	n particular, the va	riable components of remuneration	s:	
	a)		o performance criteria that are pre ne risk taken to obtain a result.	determined and mea	surable, and these criteria
	b) Should promote the sustainability of the Company and include non-financial criteria that are suitable f creating long-term value, such as compliance with internal rules and procedures of the Company and policies for control and risk management.				
	c)	term and long-ter time that is sufficie	ured on the basis of a balance betw m objectives, to remunerate output ent to appreciate the contribution to s measuring this performance do no ts.	for continuous perfor the sustainable crec	mance over a period of artion of value, in such a
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
59.	perfo annu	rmance or other coal directors' remune	e components of remuneration shou anditions set out above have been eration report the criteria regarding e and characteristics of each varia	effectively met. The e the time required and	ntities shall include in the
	perio	d of time of the pa	nould consider the establishment of yment of a portion of the variable coccurs prior to the time of payment	omponents that enta	ils their total or partial loss in the
		Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []



60.		ration linked to company earn the external auditor's report.	ings, deductions should	be computed for any
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
61.	= :	ge of the variable remuneration		should be linked to the
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
62.		options or financial instruments directors may not transfer owne	· -	emuneration systems have been until at least three years have
	economic exposure to		ne shares for a market vo	of the transfer or exercise, a net alue equivalent to an amount of at options or other financial
	related to their acquisi	t apply to shares that the direction or, subject to the favourable deal with extraordinary situati	ole opinion of the Appoi	
	Complies [X].	Partially complies []	Explain []	Non applicable []
63.	components of remun	nts include a clause that allow eration when payment has no d on data that are subsequent	t been adjusted to the re	eturn conditions or when they
	Complies []	Partially complies []	Explain [X]	Non applicable []
	echanisms are foreseen in this reset directors' remuneration policy.	spect other than those included in the appl	icable mercantile regulations, alth	ough the content of this recommendation is include
64.	of total annual remune		until the Company has b	ed amount equivalent to two years been able to verify that the director
	payments whose accr the contractual relation		es as a result of or in con nd the company, includi	

Complies [] Partially complies [X]. Explain [] Non applicable []



Severance payments for contract termination will be an amount equal to the accrued and vested part of the annual variable remuneration, as appropriate, and regarding the deferred part, the total amount of the deferred payment, and in the event of a resignation, the accrued and vested part of the annual variable remuneration, as appropriate, in accordance with the regulations, until the date of contract termination.



H. OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST

- If you consider that there is any material aspect or principle relating to the Corporate Governance practices
 followed by your company that has not been addressed in this report and which is necessary to provide a
 more comprehensive view of the corporate governance structure and practices at the company or group,
 explain briefly.
- 2. Any other information, clarification or observation related to the above sections of this report may be included in this section insofar as they are relevant and not repetitive.

Specifically indicate whether the company is subject to corporate governance legislation from a country other than Spain and, if so, include the compulsory information to be provided when different to that required by this report.

3. Also state whether the company voluntarily subscribes to other international, sectorial or other ethical principles or standard practices. If applicable identify the code and date of adoption. In particular, it will be specified whether the Company has adhered to the Code of Good Tax Practice of 20 June 2010:

C.1.12. The Company's Board Regulations do not specify a maximum number of boards on which the Company's directors may sit but such limit is set forth in the regulations applied to the Company as a credit entity. For this reason, the principle given by the recommendation is met. In other words, the directors should devote sufficient time to efficiently perform their duties and to know the Company's business and the governance rules that govern it and they meet its purpose despite not fully observing the recommendation and all the directors are aware of the limits set in the regulations in this regard.

This annual	corporate	governance report was approved by the Company's Board of Directors at its meeting held:
	22/02/2022	
List whethe	r any direc	tors voted against or abstained from voting on the approval of this Report.
	[] [√]	Yes No