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US ROADSHOW PRESENTATION

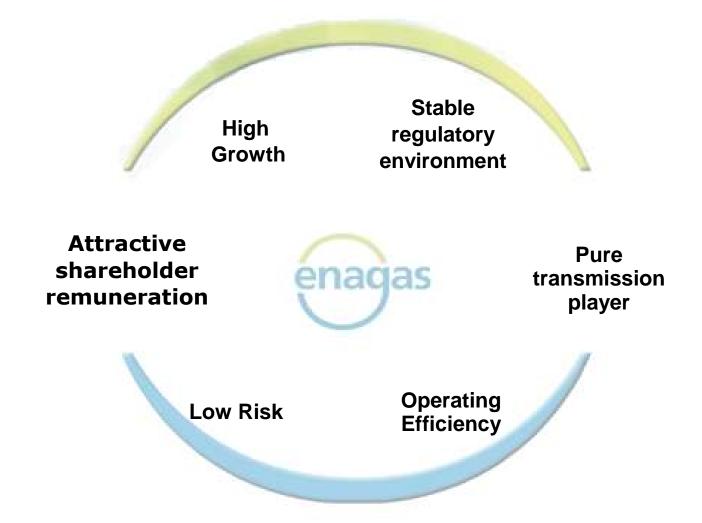
May 2005

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- Commitments announced and delivered
- 2005 and beyond
- Regulatory developments
- 1Q 2005 Results
- Conclusions



Enagas key investments highlights



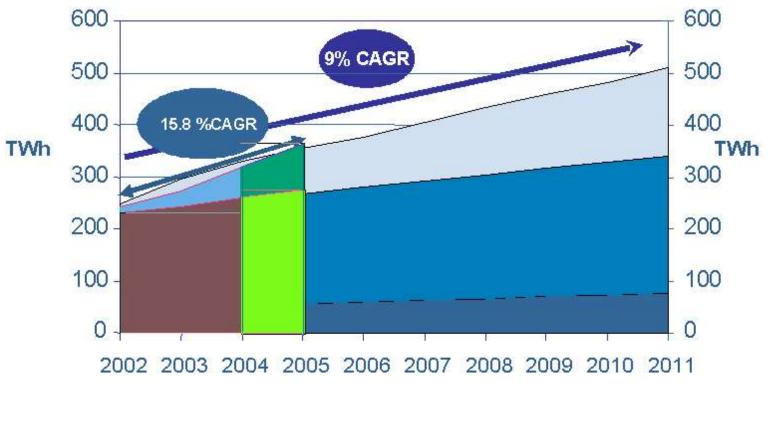
Unique mix of Low risk and high growth



1.Commitments announced and delivered



Strong gas demand growth and power generation requirements

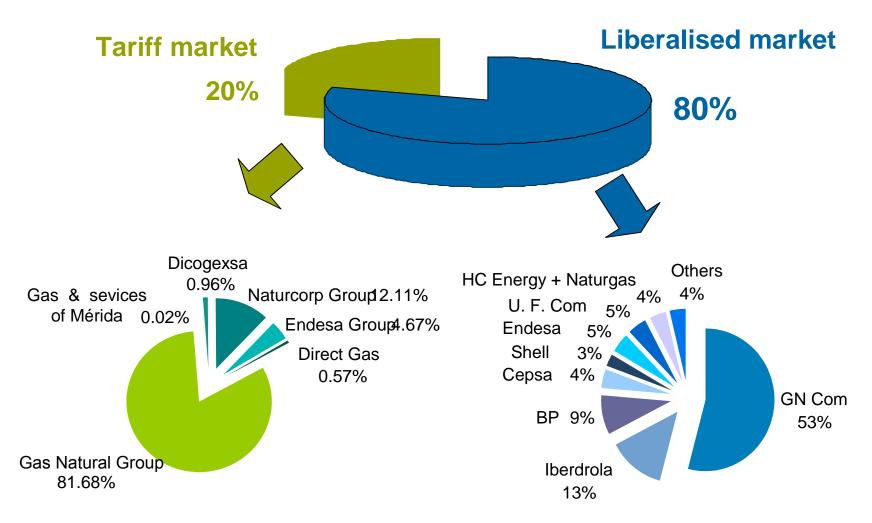


Industrial Residencial

21 CCGTS operational (13 more expected for 2005) enagas



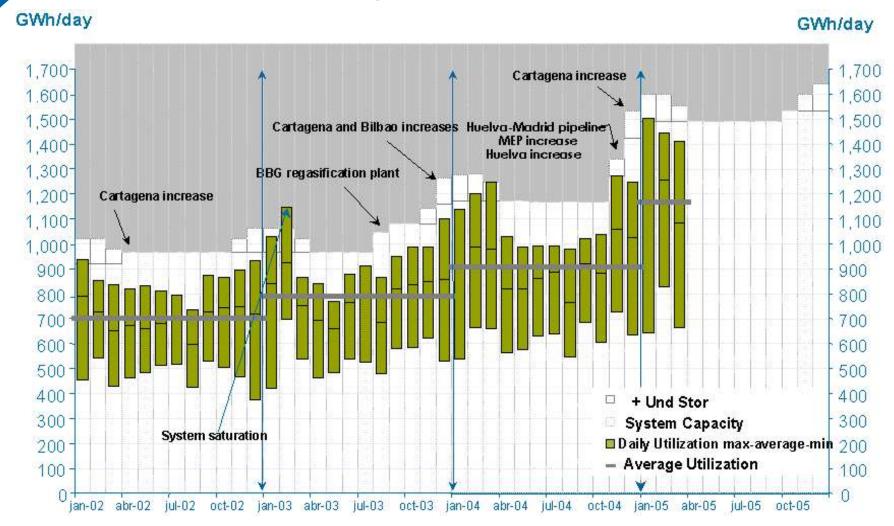
Rapid and efficient liberalization



184 contracts in the liberalised market



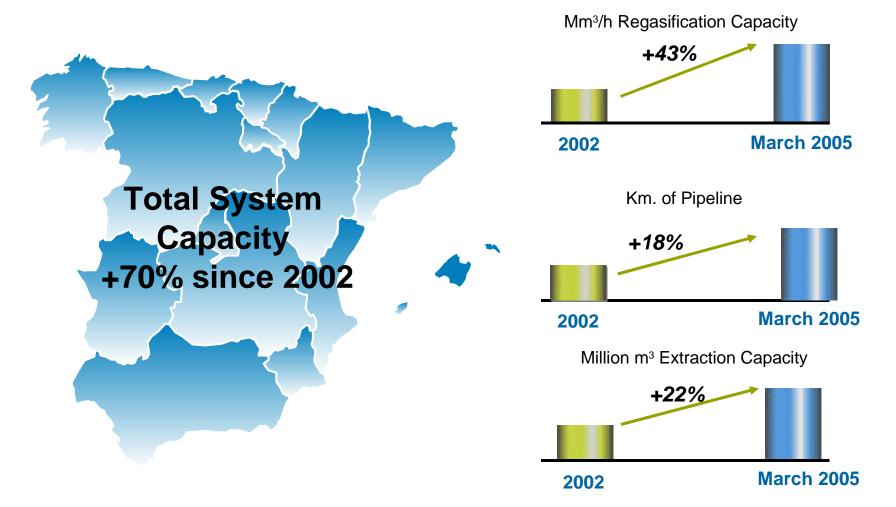
Transport system utilization



Network expansion critical



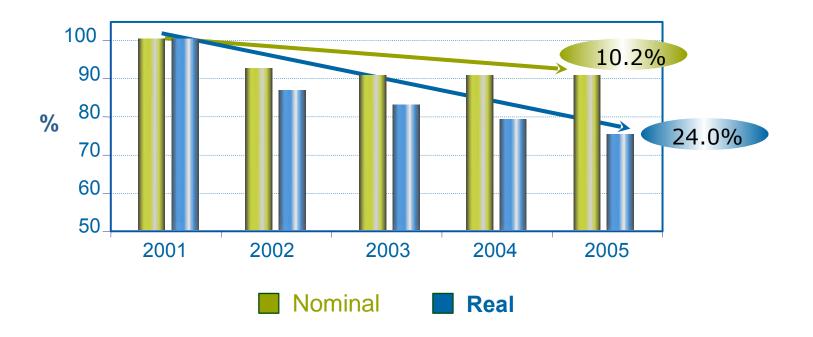
Delivering on our investment objectives



2002/04: More than 1,000 €m capex and



Significant reduction in tariffs and tolls.

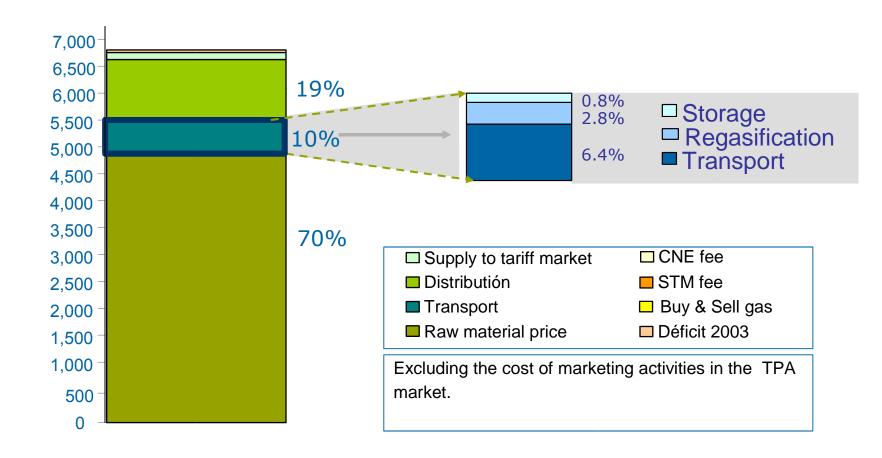


Continuous improvement in revenues, fully compatible with cheaper tolls.

Source: MINECO



Transport cost out of the total bill



Transportation cost represents a small portion of total cost of gas to end customers Note: Unitary cost of the raw material has been considered equal in all markets (TRA and tariff market) enages

Note: Unitary cost of the raw material has been considered equal in all markets (TPA and tariff market) Source: MINECO/CNE

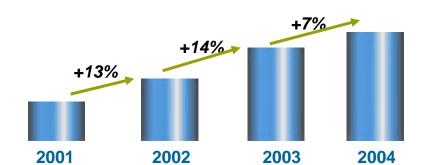
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Operating efficiency improvement

Operating expenses

GWh transported/Employee





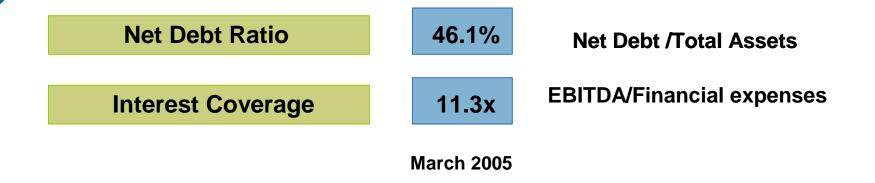
Strong growth in Asset Base with similar operating costs

Yearly efficiency improvement

Low cost compatible with high growth



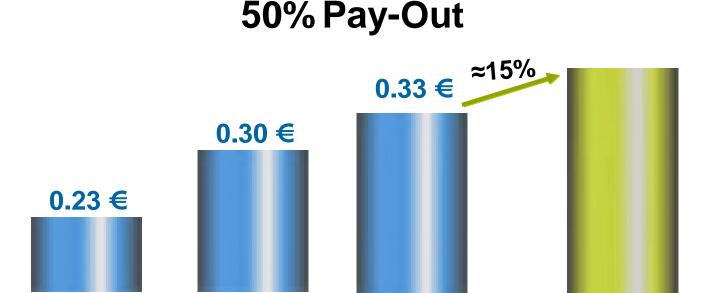
Improving capital structure



- Rating (S&P AA-, stable outlook, Moody's A2, positive outlook) confirm Enagas' position as the most secure and financially sound company in the Spanish energy sector.
- The financial strength has allowed Enagas to renegotiate better terms in its main loans during 2004.
- All financing requirements to 2006 covered: (350 million € ICO loan, 450 million € EIB loan, both long term).
- Interest-charge covered 2005-2008 at a maximum rate of 4.32% for 1,000 million €

Mainly long term and fixed rate

Pay-Out policy in a high growth plan



2004

Pay out could be increased once we reach maturity enages

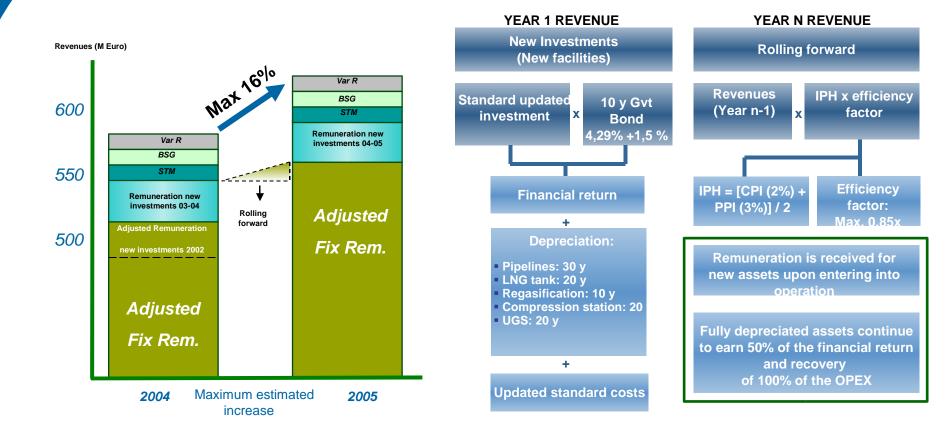
2003

2002

2005E

2. 2005 and beyond

...Driving revenue growth



System allows protection against inflation on existing assets



2005 targets

- The total estimated remuneration for Enagas in 2005 would imply a 16% maximum increase over 2004.
- Higher growth through improved efficiency. The OPEX will increase slightly over the inflation.
- EBITDA will grow in the 15-20% range.
- Capex and assets put into operation to reach levels of around 400 million.
- Net profit growth around 15%.
- Cost of debt will be around of 3.5%. The lowest cost of the sector.

Higher net profit growth in 2005

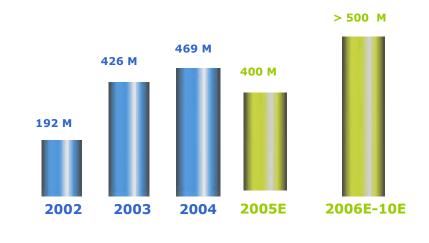
Upgraded investment plan



The process to update the 2002-2011 Mandatory Planning started in April and is expected to finish before the end of July 2005.

What is it necessary to consider?

- ✓ Growth in the Spanish gas sector above the estimates of the current Planning.
- ✓ A higher number of CCGT plants to serve during peaks of consumption.
- ✓ Provide the satisfactory functioning of the gas system and the correct security of supply.
- ✓ A higher vertebration of the system.
- ✓ Spanish infrastructure grid still require significant operational developments.
- ✓ Probable inclusion of additional investments in the category A



Annual capex

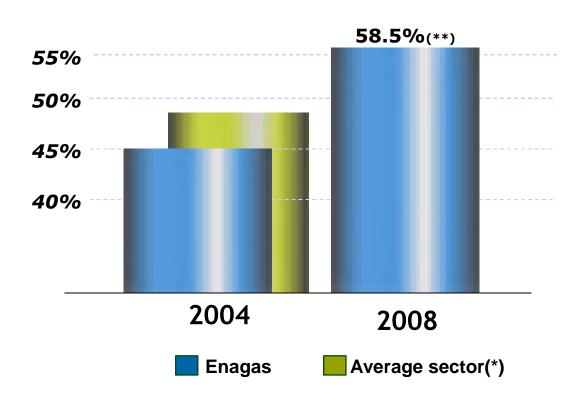
Need for network expansion



Expected revision during 2005

Financial flexibility

Net Debt/Total Assets



Peak debt/assets in 2008 still conservative.Room for further investments or dividend increases

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3. Regulatory developments

Current regulatory framework

In place since February 2002. Due to be reviewed in 2004. Expected review during 2005 to set a stable 4 years period starting Jan/2006.

In general terms, the current framework has been positive for the Spanish gas market needs:

- ✓ Rapid liberalisation process.
- ✓ Tolls to access the system and tariffs for consumers have been reduced significantly to reach one of the lowest in Europe.
- ✓ It has allowed for an important increase in the capacity of the system.
- ✓Incentive for improved efficiency.

... But the framework needs some improvements in order to further develop the Spanish gas system

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Topics to review

PLANNING AND EXECUTION

- ✓ Updating of Mandatory Planning.
- ✓ Easing the process of permits and authorisation of projects.

ECONOMIC REGIME

- ✓ Improvement in current settlement procedures.
- ✓ Parameters related to the first regulatory period.
- ✓ Tariffs and tolls vs. contract duration.

SYSTEM OPERATION

- ✓ Implementation of the Network code.
- Development of the gas secondary market.

EUROPEAN REGULATION

- ✓ EU Regulation on TPA.
- 2nd Directive on gas market.
- ✓ Security of supply, although current Spanish norms more developed.

Proactive and cooperative role with regulator

4.1Q 2005 Results

1Q 2005 Results

(million euros)

(Both quarters are formulated according to IFRS)

	1Q 05	1Q 04	%
EBITDA	120.3	98.0	+22.8
EBIT	84.7	68.3	+24.0
NET INCOME	48.2	39.3	+22.6

IFRS had no impact on the Balance Sheet or the Company Income Statement.

Assets into operation: 65.2 million €

Investments: 80.3 million €

Average Cost of Debt: 3.37% -> 46.1% Net Debt ratio.

Transported gas demand: +19.6%

Results confirms development of investment plan, revenues growth and operating efficiency

5.Conclusions

Conclusions

Enagas has delivered on its promises since IPO in 2002

- Intensive investment programme and strong increase in assets put into operation.
- Optimisation of capital structure and reduction in financial costs.
- Strict control of operating expenses.
- Strong growth of the Spanish gas market.

Commitments announced and delivered

Conclusions

The Stock Market has reflected this results with a strong performance. However, we believe the investment case is still in place.

- The Regulatory Framework and the Mandatory Planning should continue to be supportive.
- The Investment plan still very intensive for many years.
- There is still room for efficiency gains.
- Strong growth in the Spanish gas market expected for more years.

High growth 2005 and beyond

Annexes

Leading spanish gas transmission company

High pressure pipeline network 4,494 miles (7,231 km)

Underground Storage Facilities
Serrablo & Gaviota



System Technical Manager



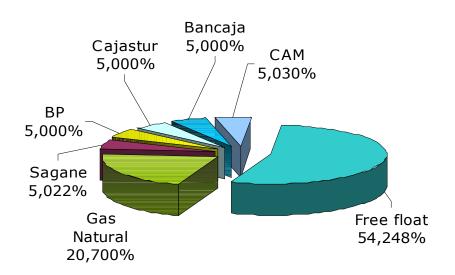


Three Regasification Plants Capacity of 3,000,000 m3/h

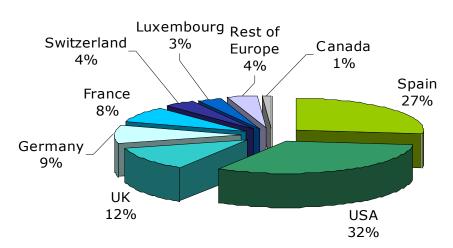


Shareholder structure

Shareholder structure



Free Float Composition

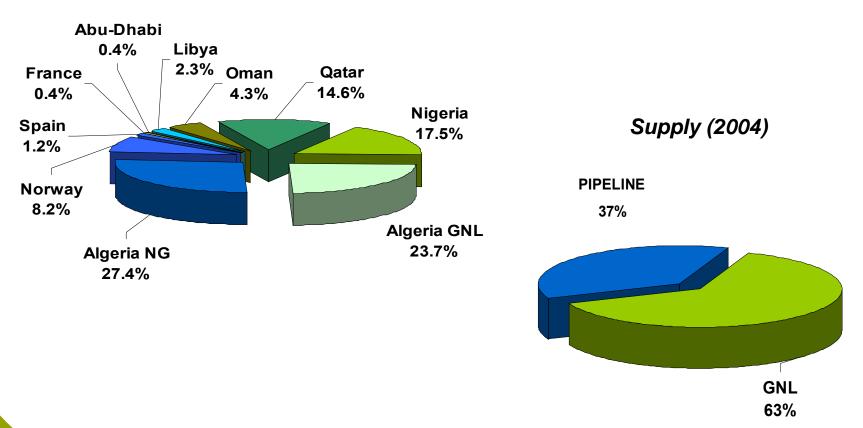


Art. 92 Law 62/2003 states a maximum 5% in the capital

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Dependence on imports and special importance of LNG

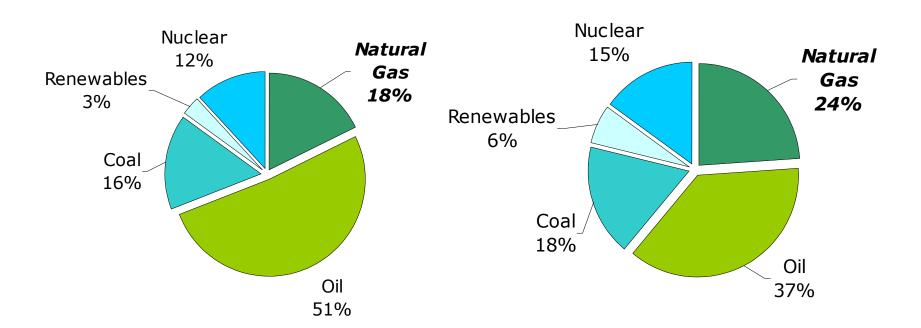
Supply Sources (2004)



Lack of internal production

Necessary convergence with European gas penetration levels





Natural gas is unrepleceable as source of power generation and therefore crucial to guarantee security of supply

Source: Sedigas 2004

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Regulatory framework developments

Ministerial Orders

Mandatory Planning

Settlement Procedure

Access to Network

Diversification and security of supply

Remuneration 04-05

NEP approved unanimously

Not an issue of political debate

Ensure an adequate return on investments

Incentive for improved efficiency

Expected revision during 2005



Main aspects of the natural gas sector in Spain

- Demand growing at a very fast pace.
- Infrastructures need further development to cover future growth and guarantee security of supply.
- The liberalisation process has progressed rapidly and in a short period of time.
- The regulatory framework, although valid, needs further improvements and be completely adapted to the European regulation.
- Tariffs and tolls have been reduced significantly and are among the lowest in Europe.

Historical Highlights

Historical highlights

(Millions in EUR)	2001	2002	2003	2004
Current Assets	423.8	511.9	423.4	483.5
Total Assets	2,754.6	2,895.7	3,093.1	3,471.8
Shareholders' Equity	1,389.1	852.4	932.3	1,017.3
Total Debt	779.6	1,256.2	1,283.8	1,426.6
Revenues	444.4	526.1	574.4	615.5
Financial income/(expense)	(40.0)	(39.4)	(31.7)	(33.0)
EBITDA	275.0	333.7	383.0	419.0
Net Income	117.8	110.1	142.0	158.1
Net Debt/EBITDA	5.04x	3.75x	3.33x	3.40x
EBITDA/Finance Charges	6.9x	8.5x	12.1x	12.7x
Net Debt/Total Assets	37.0%	43.3%	41.3%	41.1%
ROE	9.6%	13.4%	15.9%	16.2%
ROCE	5.0%	6.8%	7.5%	7.7%



Main operating highlights

GAS DEMAND TRANSPORTED (GWh)	2003	2004
Regulated Market	80,703	61,095
Liberalised Market	194,535	258,533
Total Transported Demand	275,238	319,628
REGASIFICATION ASSETS	Unid.	m³ o m³/h
LNG Tanks (number and capacity)	9	710,000 m ³
Nominal Regasification Capacity		2,700,000 m ³ /h
Cistern Loading Bays	9	
TRANSPORTATION ASSETS	Unid.	Km
Km of pipelines in operation		7,206
Compression Stations	11	
Regulating and Measuring (RMS) and	301	
Measuring Stations		
UNDERGROUND STORAGE ASSETS	Unid.	Gwh
No. of Storages Facilities Capacity	2	24,671

Disclaimer

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