

IAG results presentation

Quarter Two 2017

28th July 2017



Q2 financial summary

OPERATING PROFIT

€805m

(reported, pre-exceptional)

+€250m

(reported change)

TOTAL UNIT REVENUE

+3.7%

(constant FX)

+1.5%

(reported)
(€328m Group FX drag)
(€199m OpCo FX tailwind)

PAX UNIT REVENUE

+4.0%

(constant FX)

+1.5%

(reported)

TRAFFIC/CAPACITY

ASKs: +2.8%

(reported)

RPKs: +5.1%

(reported)

TOTAL UNIT COST

-0.6%

(constant FX)

-2.8%

(reported)
(€289m Group FX benefit)
(€172m OpCo FX headwind)

EX-FUEL UNIT COST

+3.5%

(constant FX)

-0.3%

(reported)

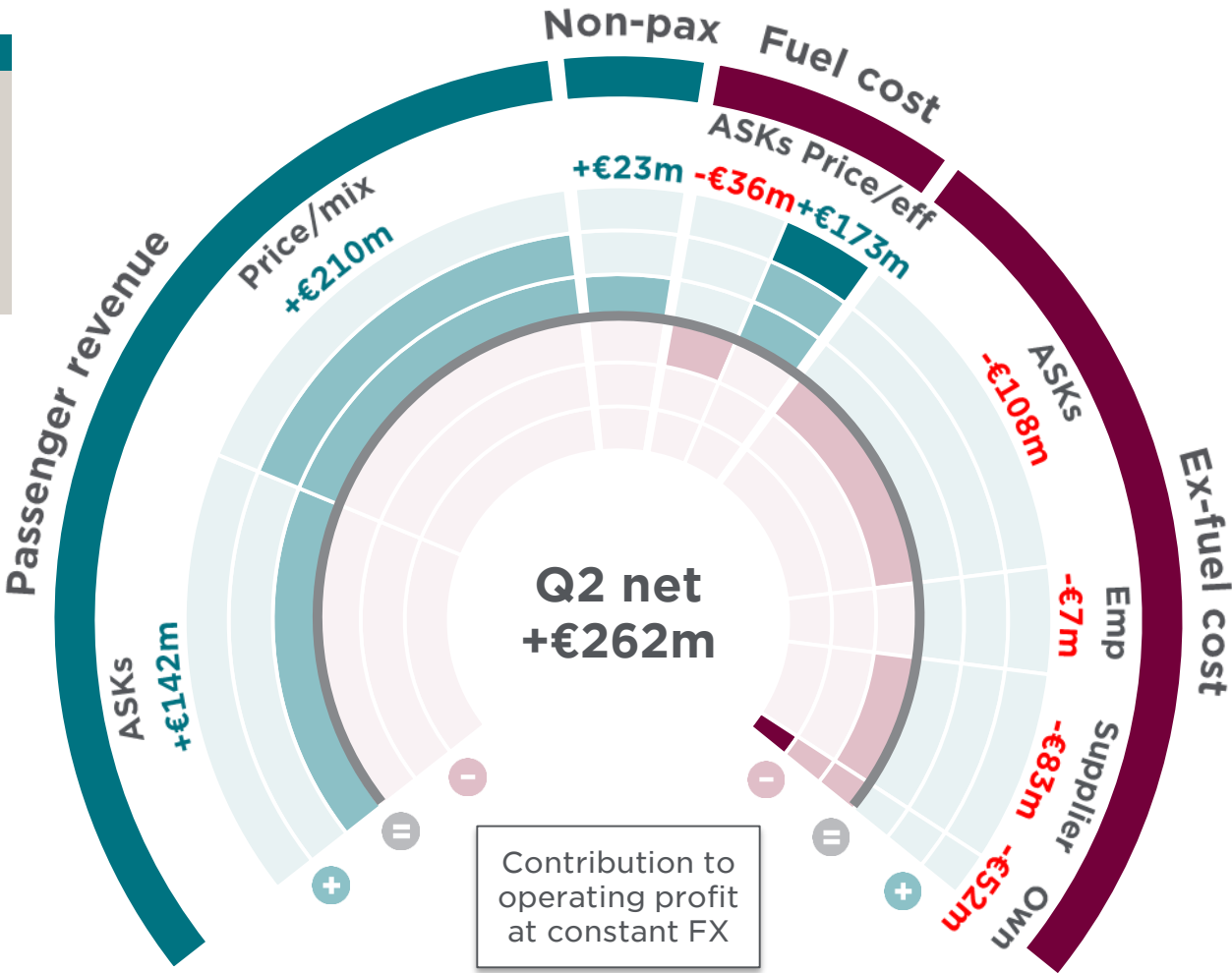
'Group FX' = drag/benefit from translation of GBP profits into EUR; 'OpCo FX' = FX headwind/tailwind at company level

Q2 operating profit drivers

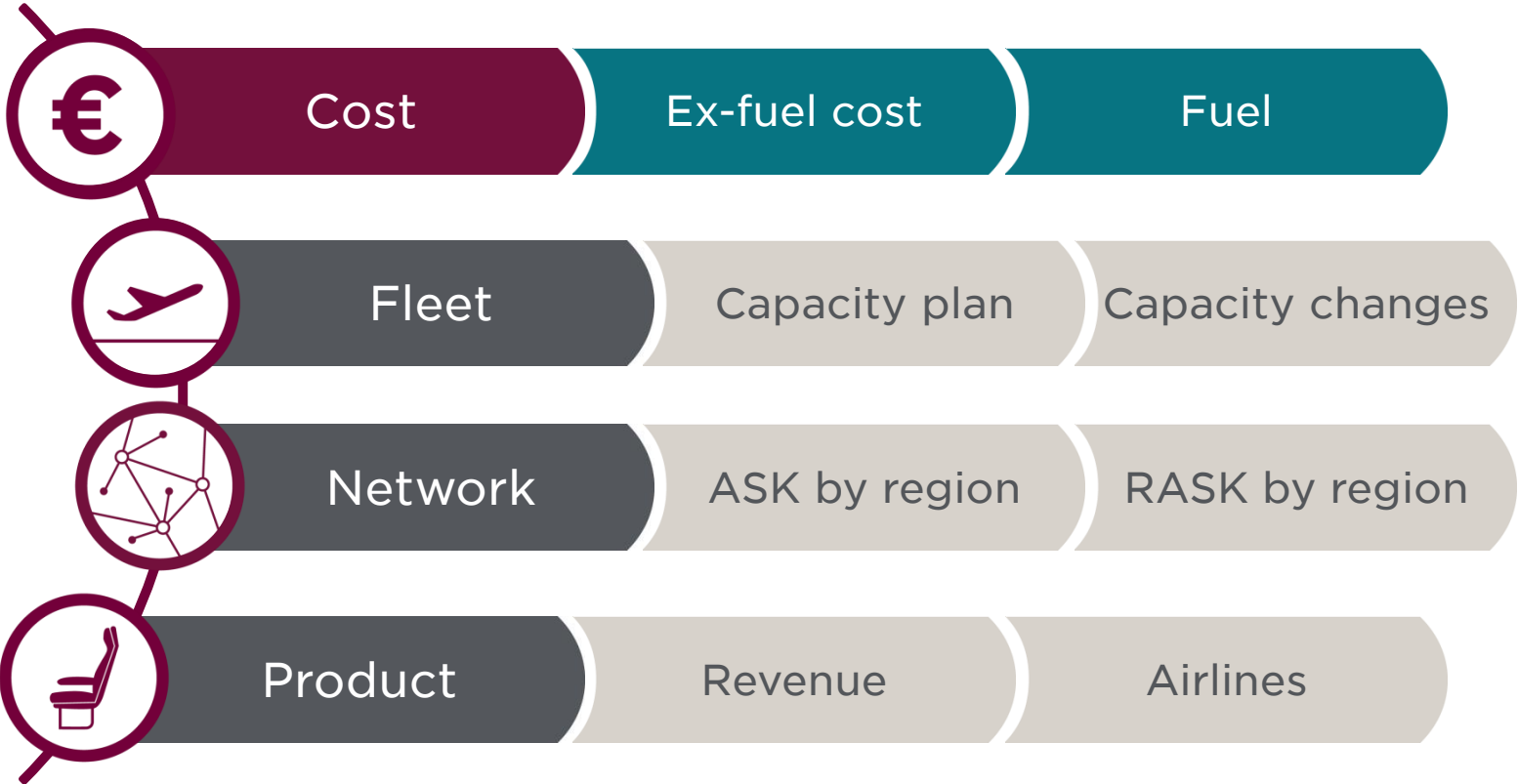
OPERATING PROFIT

€805m
(reported, pre-exceptional)

+€250m
(reported change)



Q2 results



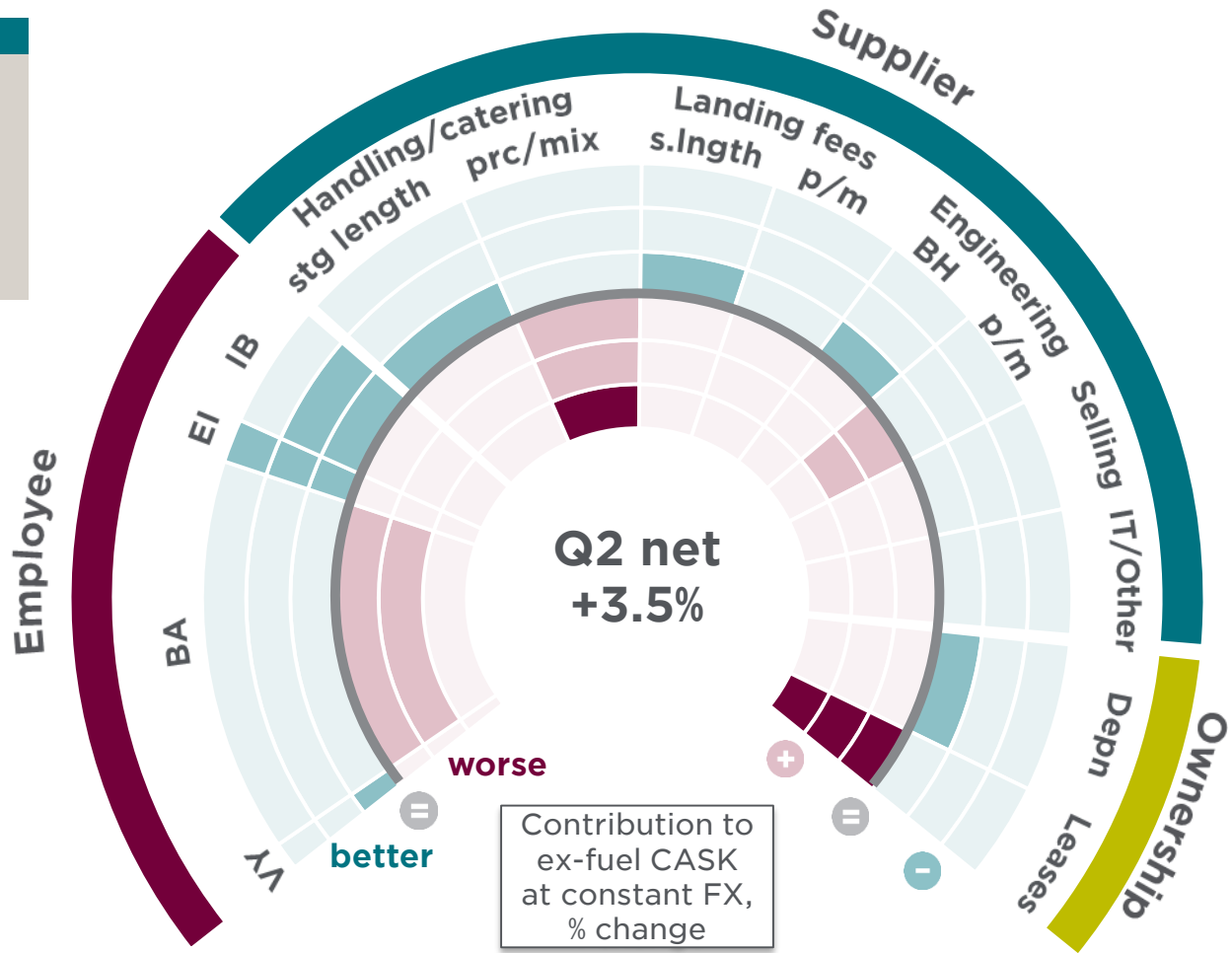
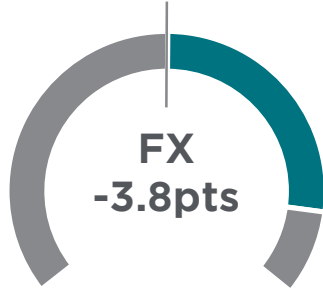
Q2 ex-fuel unit cost: €65m disruption impact



EX-FUEL UNIT COST

+3.5%
(constant FX)

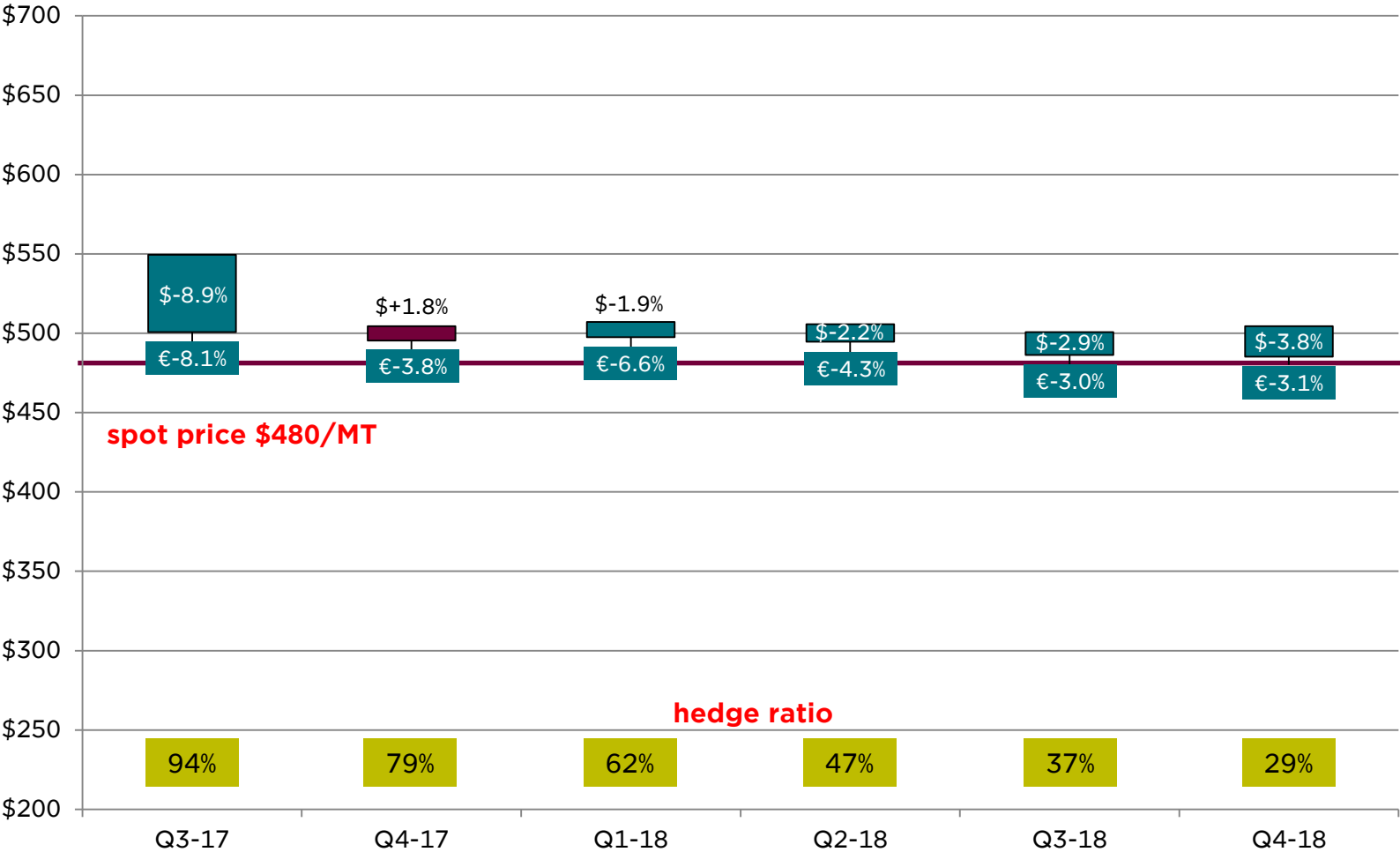
-0.3%
(reported)



Fuel scenario: detailed modelling in appendix



Jet fuel price (\$/MT)



spot price \$480/MT

hedge ratio

Key:

Effective blended price post fuel and FX hedging current year

fuel price headwind



Effective blended price post fuel and FX hedging previous year

fuel price tailwind

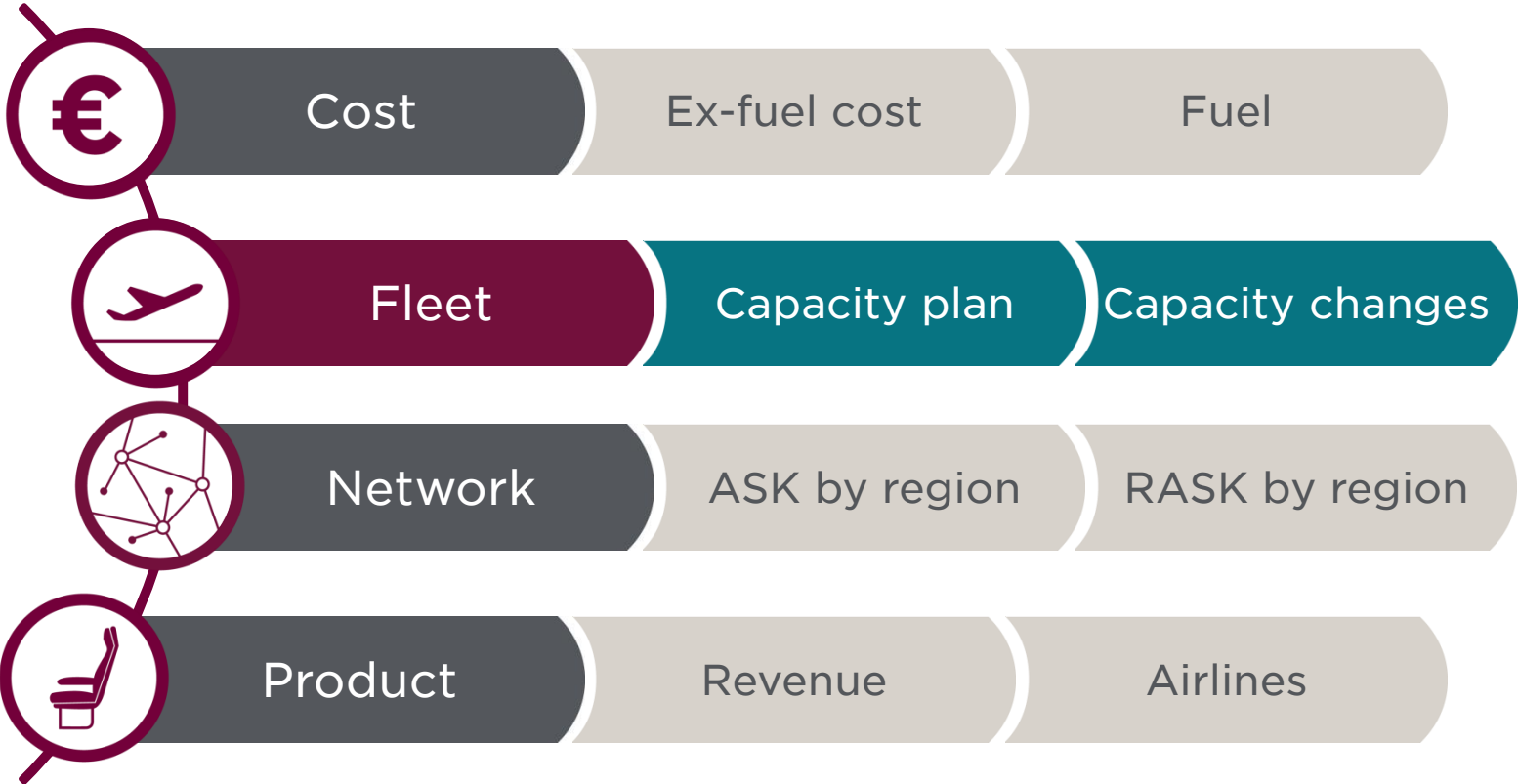


Effective blended price post fuel and FX hedging current year

FX sensitivity in 2017 fuel bill:
EURUSD
±10% = ±2% fuel cost at current hedging

2017 fuel bill scenario - €4.5bn (at \$480/MT and 1.12\$/€)

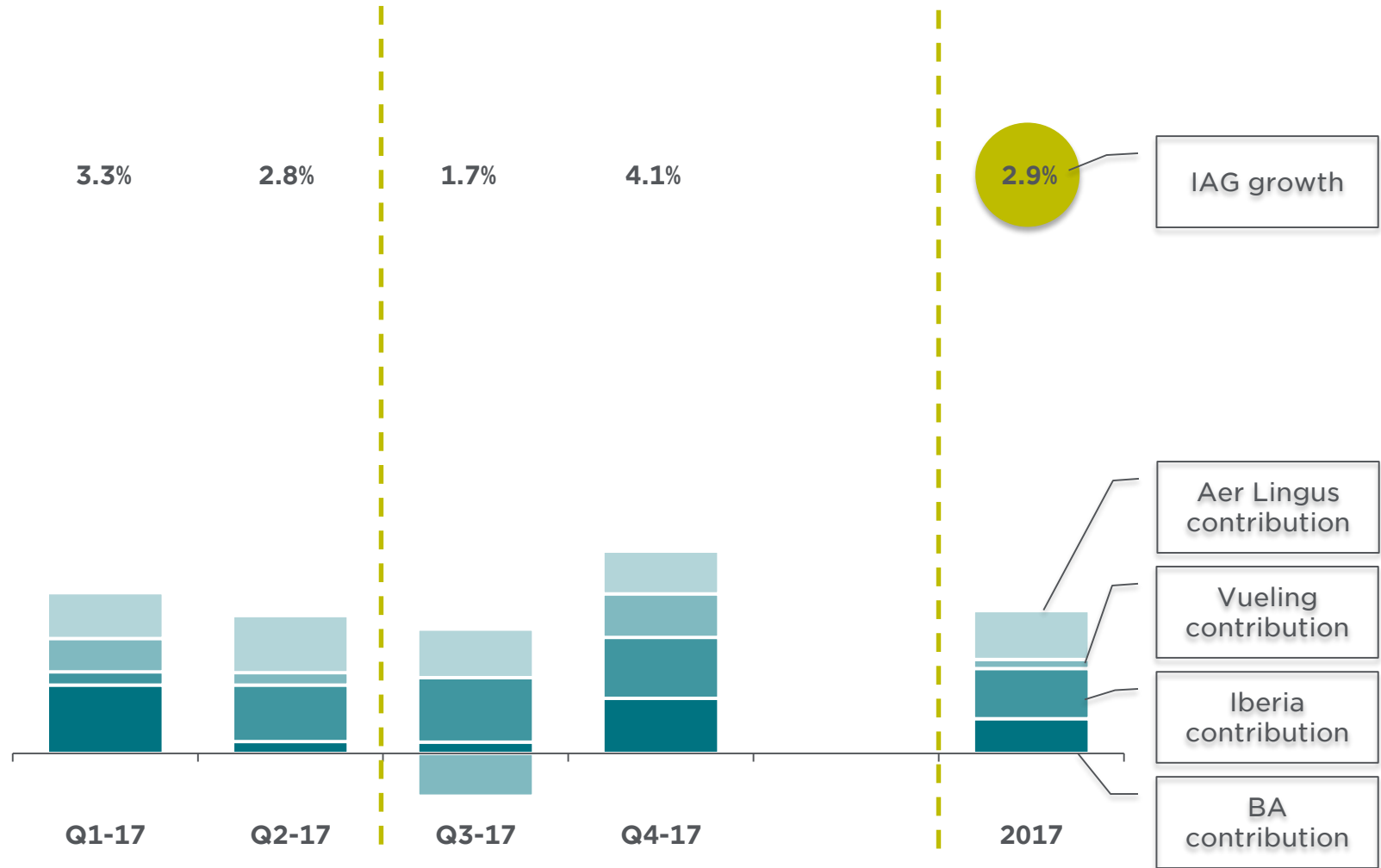
Q2 results



2017 capacity growth and contributions



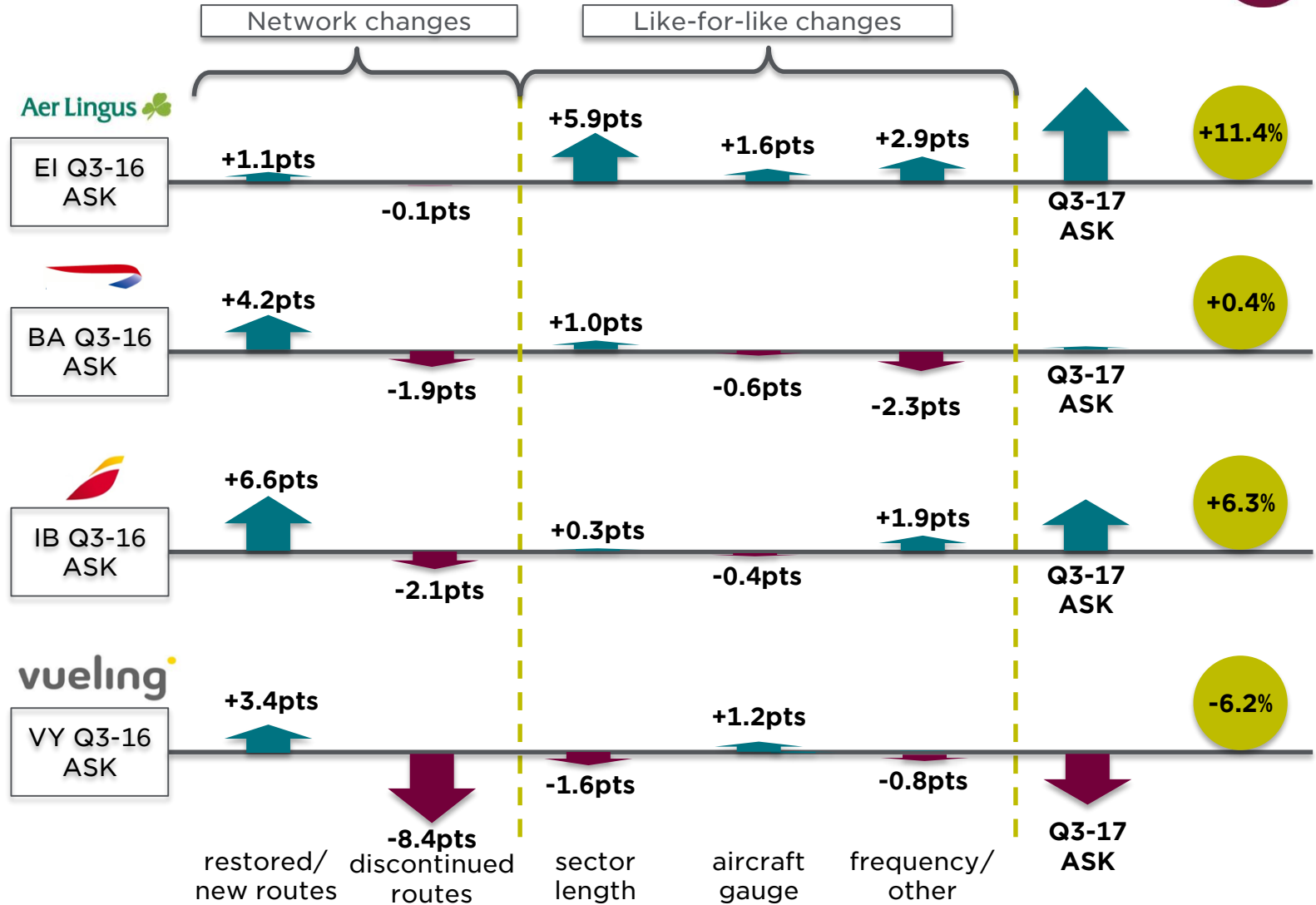
- **Aer Lingus:** Q3-17 and FY2017 capacity planned to be +11.4% and +12.5% respectively
- **Vueling:** Q3-17 and FY2017 capacity planned to be -6.2% and +1.6% respectively
- **Iberia:** Q3-17 and FY2017 capacity planned to be +6.3% and +4.9% respectively
- **BA:** Q3-17 and FY2017 capacity planned to be +0.4% and +1.2% respectively



Q3-17 capacity growth drivers by airline

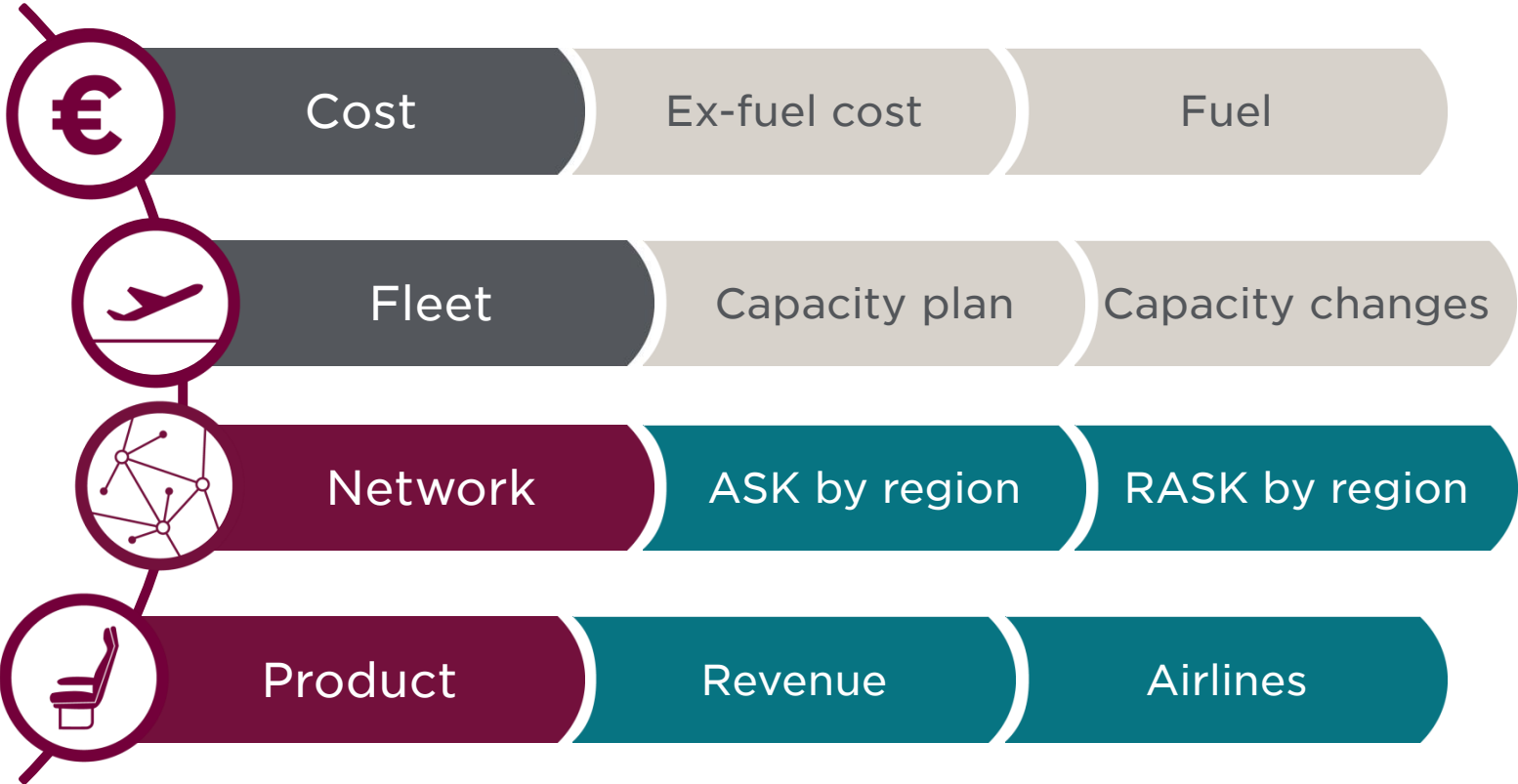


- New routes for EI driven by Miami
- New BA routes include: Santiago de Chile, Oakland, Fort Lauderdale
- IB restored/new routes driven by LEVEL routes, Tokyo, and Johannesburg
- New routes for VY focussed on Amsterdam
- BA frequency change driven by Philadelphia, BOS and Rio de Janeiro
- IB frequency change driven by Mexico City

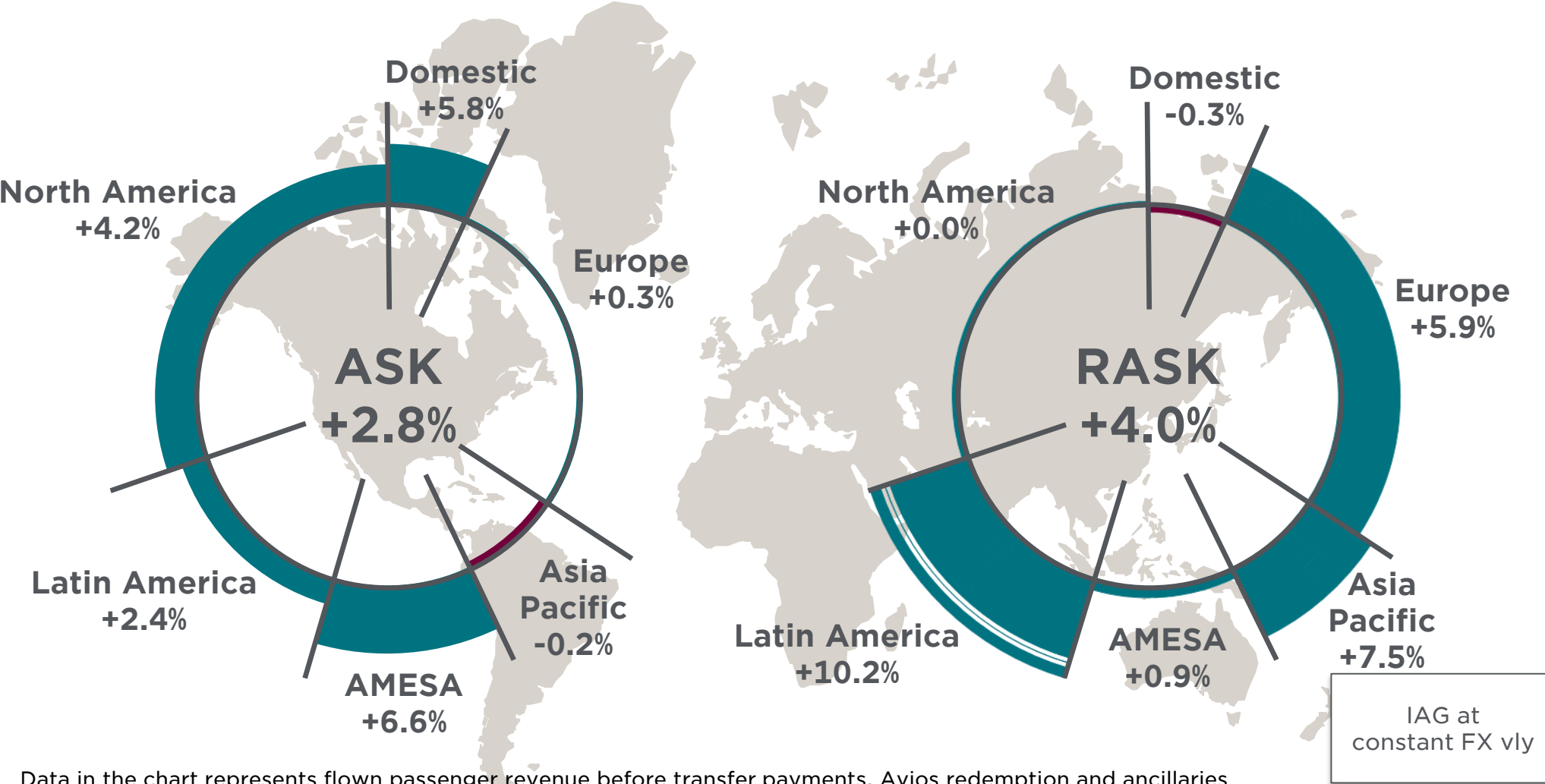


New routes are routes that were not operated for the whole period last year

Q2 results



Q2 capacity and passenger unit revenue change



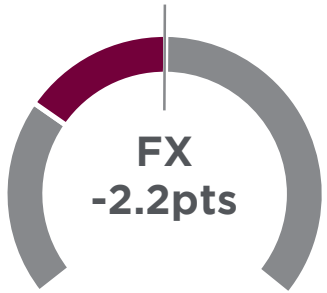
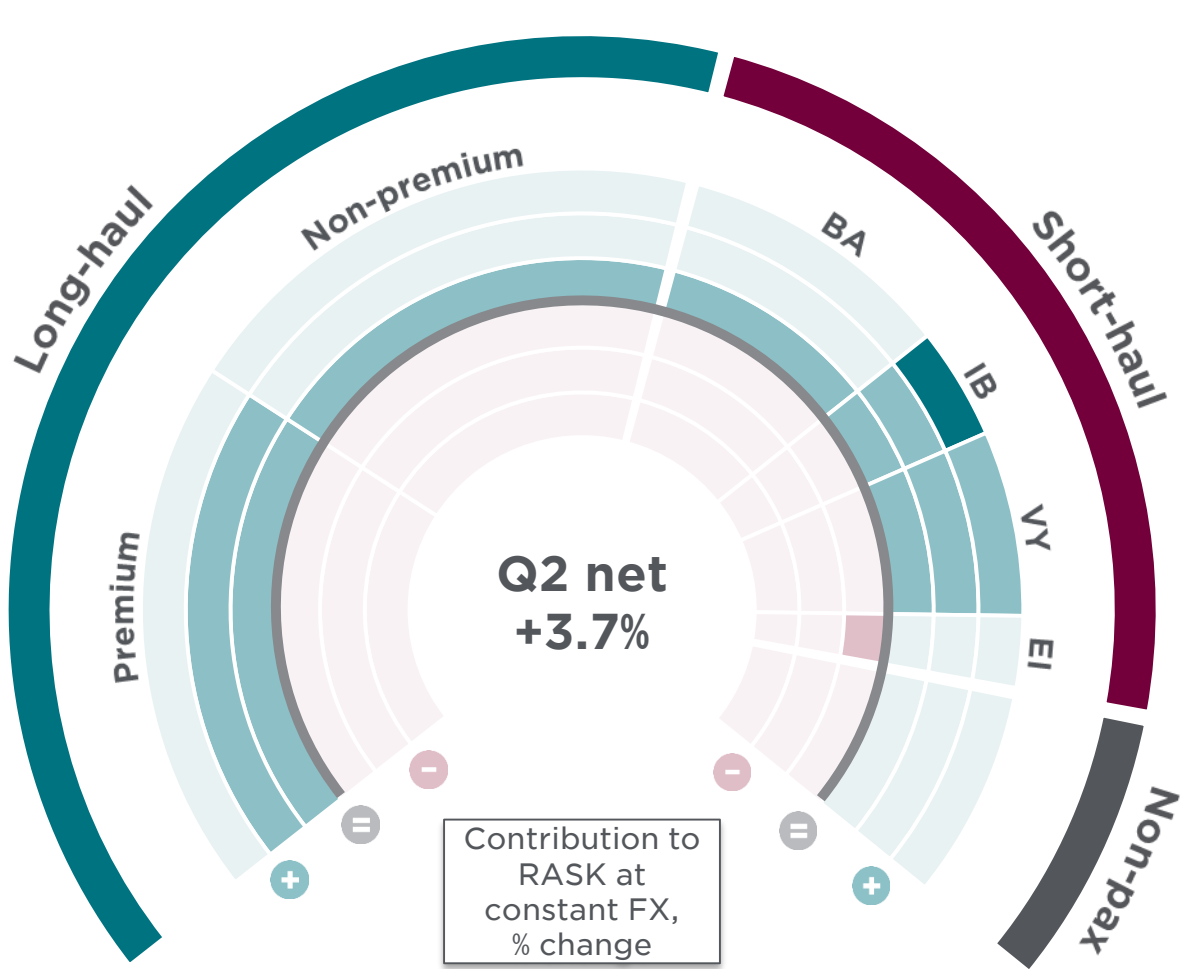
Q2 products: strong long-haul premium



TOTAL UNIT REVENUE

+3.7%
(constant FX)

+1.5%
(reported)
(€328m Group FX drag)
(€199m OpCo FX tailwind)



Financial performance at airline level



Aer Lingus 

BRITISH AIRWAYS 

IBERIA 

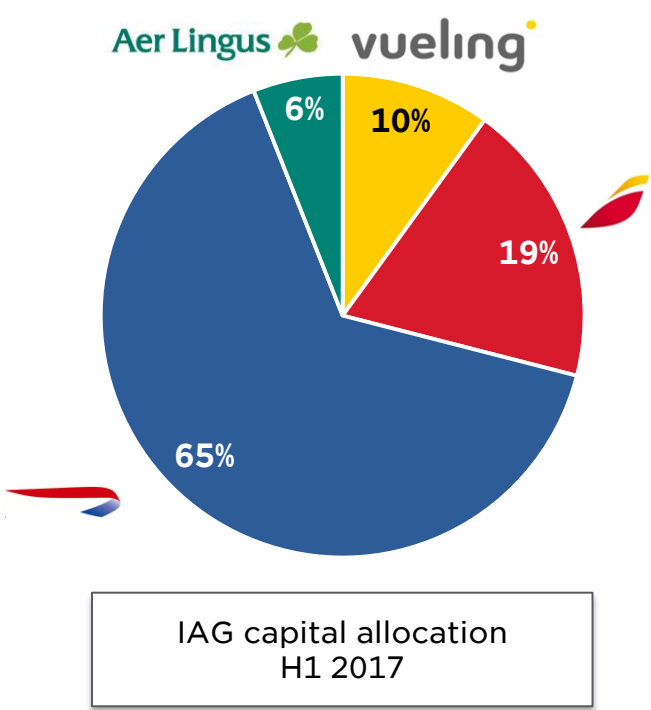
vueling 

	H1 2017 (€m)	v/y	H1 2017 (£m)	v/y	H1 2017 (€m)	v/y	H1 2017 (€m)	v/y
Revenue	839	+6.5%	5,844	+9.2%	2,283	+7.0%	902	+5.2%
Cost	780	+4.6%	5,211	+7.2%	2,199	+2.8%	908	-0.3%
Operating result	59	+17	633	+146	84	+90	-6	+48
Operating margin	7.0%	+1.7pts	10.8%	+1.7pts	3.7%	+3.9pts	-0.7%	+5.6pts
Lease adjusted margin	8.3%	+1.8pts	11.5%	+2.0pts	5.7%	+4.4pts	3.7%	+5.6pts
ASK (m)	12,161	+14.1%	88,705	+1.3%	30,697	+3.6%	15,647	+4.2%
RPK (m)	9,586	+13.9%	71,210	+1.9%	25,426	+6.7%	12,935	+6.5%
Sector length (km)	1,839	+11.1%	3,151	+1.9%	2,791	+2.6%	972	-1.9%
RASK	6.90	-6.6%	6.59	+7.9%	7.44	+3.4%	5.76	+1.0%
CASK	6.42	-8.3%	5.87	+5.8%	7.17	-0.7%	5.80	-4.4%
CASK ex-fuel	5.19	-6.8%	4.48	+7.9%	5.71	+3.0%	4.55	-0.2%
Employee cost per ASK	1.39	-9.2%	1.44	+2.5%	1.69	-4.3%	0.70	+0.6%

Aer Lingus lease adjusted margin includes an adjustment for the ownership element of wet leases. Iberia includes LEVEL

Financial target tracker: profitability trend by airline

IAG	
Op. margin: H1 2017	10.5%
Op. margin trend vly	+2.8pts
Nml. margin: last 4Qs	13.3%
RoIC: last 4Qs	15.1%



vueling	
Op. margin: H1 2017	3.7%
Op. margin trend vly	+5.6pts
Nml. margin: last 4Qs	9.5%
RoIC: last 4Qs	9.7%

vueling	
Op. margin: H1 2017	5.7%
Op. margin trend vly	+4.4pts
Nml. margin: last 4Qs	9.6%
RoIC: last 4Qs	12.0%

Notes:

Op. margin	Reported margin, lease adj.
Nml. margin	As above, adjusted for inflation, for comparability with Invested Capital
Invested Capital	Tangible fixed assets NBV, fleet inflation and leases adj.

Aer Lingus	
Op. margin: H1 2017	8.3%
Op. margin trend vly	+1.8pts
Nml. margin: last 4Qs	14.8%
RoIC: last 4Qs	22.9%

vueling	
Op. margin: H1 2017	11.5%
Op. margin trend vly	+2.0pts
Nml. margin: last 4Qs	13.4%
RoIC: last 4Qs	14.8%

Below the line

Below the line

€m	H1 2016	H1 2017
Operating profit (pre-exceptional)	710	975
Net finance income/expense	-135	-98
Realised losses on derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting and other	15	-9
Profit before remeasurements and tax (pre-exceptional)	590	868
Unrealised gains/losses on remeasurements	11	-69
Net financing credit/charge relating to pensions	8	-16
Profit before tax (pre-exceptional)	609	783
Tax	-120	-154
Profit after tax (pre-exceptional)	489	629
Fully diluted EPS (pre-exceptional) (€ cents)	22.7	28.5

Balance sheet

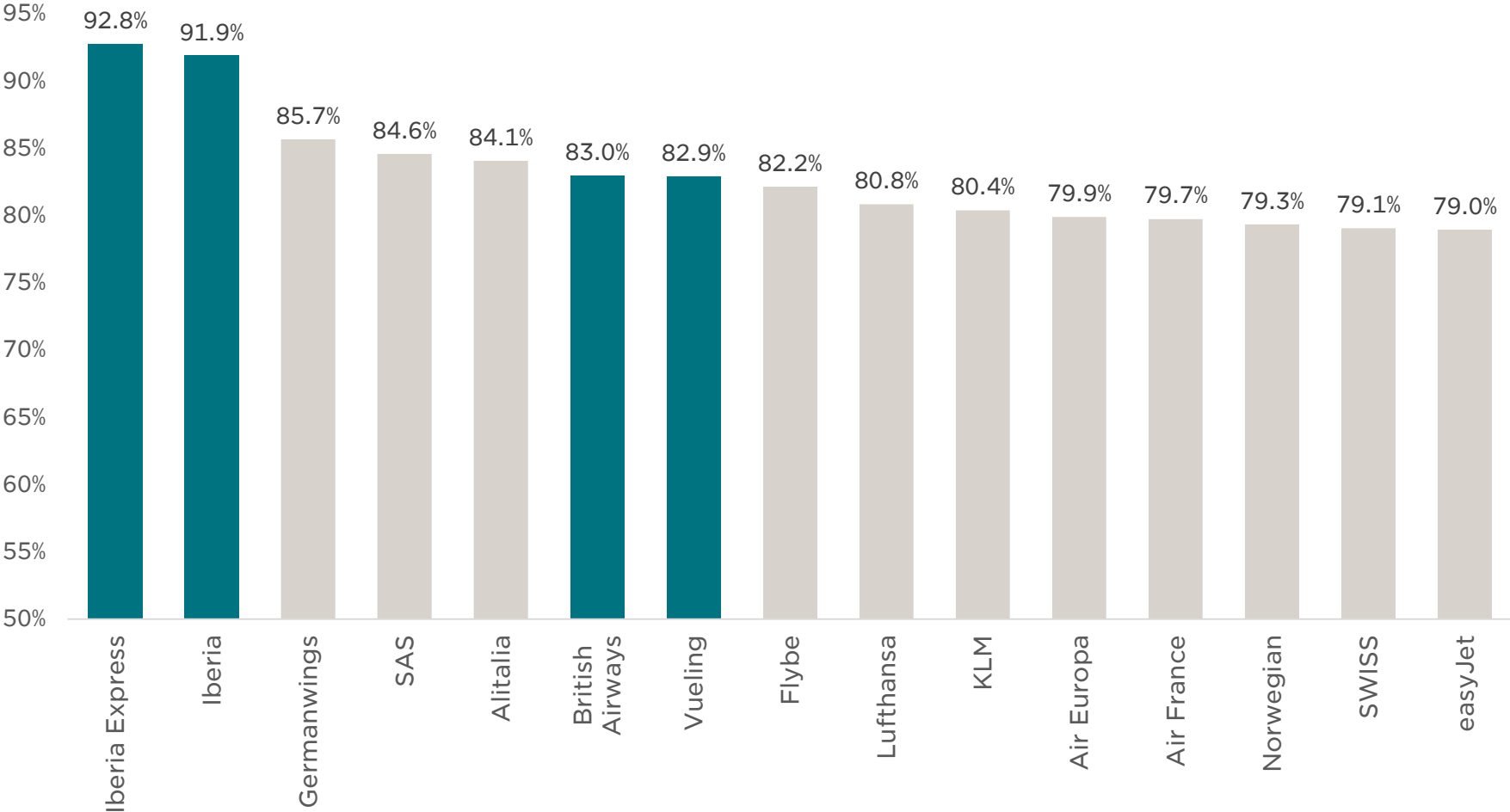
Balance sheet: continued deleveraging

€m	Dec 2016	Jun 2017
Gross debt	8,515	8,024
Cash, cash equivalents & interest bearing deposits	6,428	7,944
On balance sheet net debt	2,087	80
Aircraft lease capitalisation (x8)	6,072	6,944
Adjusted net debt	8,159	7,024
Adjusted net debt / EBITDAR	1.8x	1.4x

Business update

European airline punctuality: FlightStats

On-time arrival performance (A14): 6 months to June 2017

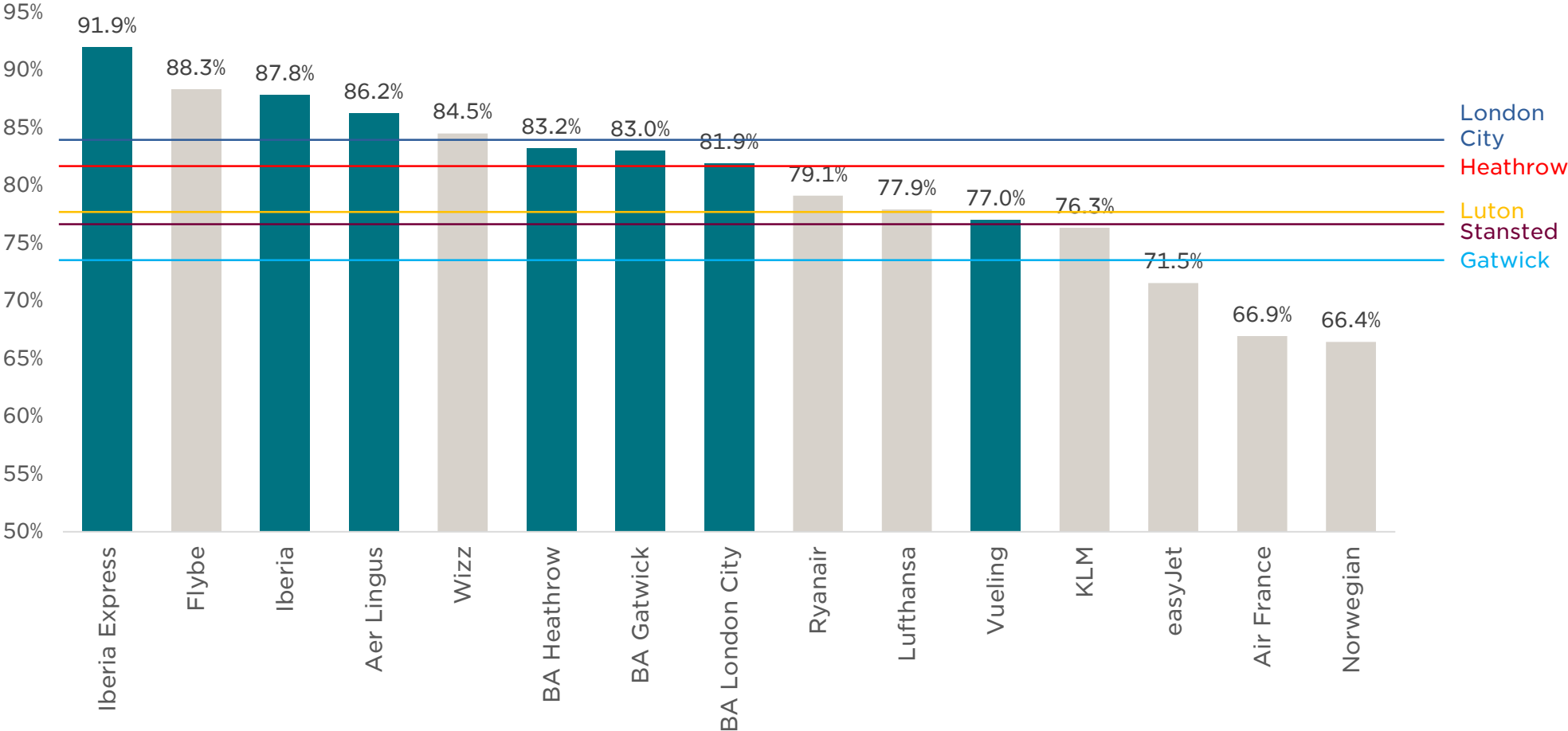


Source: flightstats.com - % of operated flights that arrived within 15 minutes of scheduled gate arrival time. Ryanair, Wizz, Aer Lingus data not reported on FlightStats



London short-haul punctuality: CAA

London short-haul on-time arrival performance (A14): 5 months to May 2017



Source: CAA - % of operated flights arriving within 15 minutes of scheduled arrival time. London airports defined as Heathrow, Gatwick, Stansted, Luton and London City



Outlook

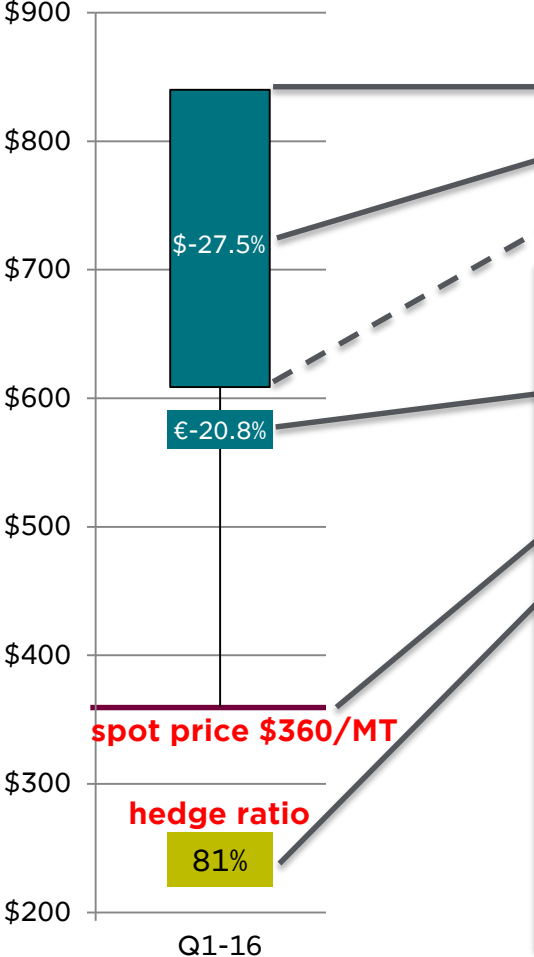
Guidance for FY2017

At current fuel prices and exchange rates, IAG expects its operating profit for 2017 to show a double-digit percentage improvement year-on-year. The Group expects second half passenger unit revenue (passenger revenue per ASK) to show an increase versus last year, at constant currency.

Appendix

Fuel modelling

Jet fuel price (\$/MT)

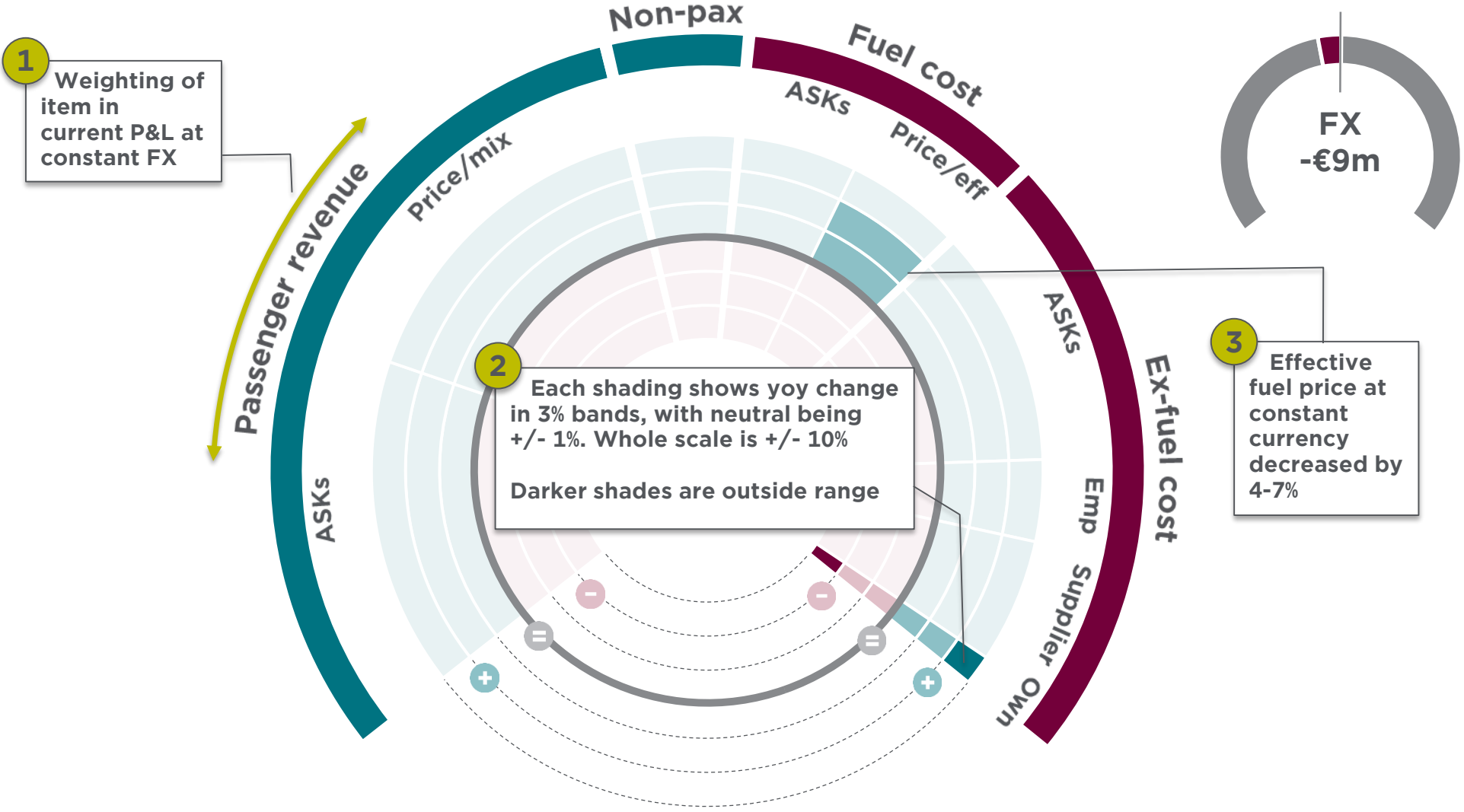


\$ 50	A	intoplane costs
\$ 840	B	Last year blended USD jet fuel price
(27.5%)	C	Latest guidance, current year USD jet fuel price benefit
\$ 609	D	calc: $D = B \times (1 + C)$ [curr yr blended USD jet fuel price]
\$ 1.10	E	Latest guidance EUR/USD scenario
€ 599	F	calc: $F = (D + A) / E$ [curr yr blended EUR jet fuel price]
(20.8%)	G	Previous EUR jet fuel price benefit
€ 756	H	calc: $H = F / (1 + G)$ [last yr implied EUR jet fuel price]
\$ 360	I	Latest guidance jet fuel spot price scenario
81%	J	Current year % hedged
\$ 667	K	calc: $K = (D - (1 - J) \times I) / J$ [implied hedge price]
\$ 400	L	Your chosen modelling assumption for jet fuel spot
\$ 617	M	calc: $M = K \times J + L \times (1 - J)$ [modelled blended USD jet fuel price]
\$ 1.15	N	Your chosen modelling assumption for EUR/USD
€ 580	O	calc: $O = (M + A) / N$ [modelled all-in EUR fuel price]
(23.4%)	P	calc: $P = O / H - 1$ [modelled all-in EUR fuel price change vly]

2016 fuel bill scenario - €4.8bn (at \$360/MT and 1.10\$/€)



Contribution heat map - how it works



Disclaimer

Certain statements included in this report are forward-looking and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements can typically be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as “expects”, “may”, “will”, “could”, “should”, “intends”, “plans”, “predicts”, “envisages” or “anticipates” and include, without limitation, any projections relating to results of operations and financial conditions of International Consolidated Airlines Group S.A. and its subsidiary undertakings from time to time (the ‘Group’), as well as plans and objectives for future operations, expected future revenues, financing plans, expected expenditures and divestments relating to the Group and discussions of the Group’s Business plan. All forward-looking statements in this report are based upon information known to the Group on the date of this report. The Group undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

It is not reasonably possible to itemise all of the many factors and specific events that could cause the forward-looking statements in this report to be incorrect or that could otherwise have a material adverse effect on the future operations or results of an airline operating in the global economy. Further information on the primary risks of the business and the risk management process of the Group is given in the Annual Report and Accounts 2016; these documents are available on www.iagshares.com.