

# Prosegur Compañía de Seguridad and Subsidiaries

# Interim quarterly financial information

Interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2024

Free translation for the original in Spanish language version. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails).



# Table of contents

I.	Profit/loss from January to March 2024	3
II.	Performance in the period	4
Inte	erim financial statements (January – March 2024)	5
1.	Performance of the business	5
2.	Significant events and transactions	8
3.	Consolidated financial information	9
4.	Alternative Performance Measures	14



# I. Profit/loss from January to March 2024

Million of euros			
CONSOLIDATED RESULTS	2023	2024	% Var.
Sales	1,070.9	1,126.5	5.2%
EBITDA Margin	<b>117.4</b> 11.0%	<b>112.4</b> <i>10.0%</i>	-4.3%
Depreciation and amortisation  Adjusted EBITA  Margin	(43.9) <b>73.6</b> 6.9%	(52.3) <b>60.1</b> 5.3%	19.1% -18.3%
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets <b>EBIT</b> Margin	(8.8) <b>64.8</b> 6.0%	(9.0) <b>51.1</b> <i>4.5%</i>	2.4% -21.1%
Financial Results Profit/ (loss) before tax Margin	(29.5) <b>35.3</b> 3.3%	(12.7) <b>38.4</b> 3.4%	-56.8% 8.7%
Taxes Net Result	(19.7) <b>15.7</b>	(18.6) <b>19.9</b>	-5.6% 26.7%
Non-controlling interests  Consolidated net profit/(loss)  Margin	2.9 <b>12.7</b> 1.2%	3.1 <b>16.8</b> 1.5%	4.1% 32.0%
Earnings per share (Euros per share)	0.0	0.0	33.4%



# II. Performance in the period

Turnover increased by 5.2% compared to 2023, with 45.3% corresponding to pure organic growth, a drop of 1.7% in the joint effect of inorganic growth and divestments made by Prosegur, while the joint effect of the exchange rate and the result of applying IAS 29 and IAS 21.42 has meant a negative impact of 38.3%.

The adjusted EBITA decreased by 18.3% compared to financial year 2023, reaching EUR 60.1 million, with a margin on sales of 5.3%.

The consolidated net profit/loss reached EUR 16.8 million, representing a 32.0% increase with respect to 2023.



## Interim financial statements (January – March 2024)

### 1. Performance of the business

Details of the business performance of the main consolidated income statement items for the period January-March 2024 and their comparison for the period January-March 2023 is detailed below:

#### a) Sales

Prosegur sales during the period from January to March 2024 totalled EUR 1,126.5 million, compared to EUR 1,070.9 million during the same period in 2023. This implies an increase of 5.2%, corresponding to a 45.3% jump in pure organic growth, a 1.7% decrease in overall inorganic growth due to the acquisitions and divestments made by Prosegur in 2023, while the joint effect of the exchange rate and the result of applying IAS 29 and IAS 21.42 resulted in a decrease of 38.3%.

Inorganic growth is mainly related to the acquisitions made in Germany and Spain during 2023. All acquisitions begun to form part of the consolidation scope as of the same month of their acquisition.

The divestments made by Prosegur in 2023 are related to the transaction in Australia in which the Prosegur Group merged its Cash business in that country with Armaguard Group, the Group's main competitor. As from September 2023, Prosegur holds 35% of the net assets of the new separate vehicle resulting from the merger of Prosegur's and Armaguard's businesses. Accordingly, sales of the 35% of the Cash business in Australia owned by Prosegur were now recorded under investments in associates.



The table below shows the breakdown of Prosegur's sales by business line:

Million of euros			
Sales	Р	rosegur Tota	al
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>% Var.</u>
Security	521.3	585.1	12.2%
% of total	48.7%	51.9%	
Cibersecurity	3.4	3.2	-6.0%
% of total	0.3%	0.3%	
Cash	477.0	470.5	-1.4%
% of total	44.5%	41.8%	
AVOS	23.6	19.2	-18.6%
% of total	2.2%	1.7%	
Alarms	45.6	48.5	6.4%
% of total	4.3%	4.3%	
Total sales	1,070.9	1,126.5	5.2%

In regard to the distribution of sales by business line, during the period from January to March 2024, Security sales have reached EUR 585.1 million with an increase of 12.2% over the same period the previous year. This growth was driven by the increased commercial production in most of the geographical areas where Prosegur operates, coupled with an optimal price pass-through policy.

Cybersecurity sales have decreased by 6.0% to EUR 3.2 million.

Cash sales have decreased by 1.4% to EUR 470.5 million, due mainly to the calendar effect (4 fewer business days than last year). In turn sales of the 35% of the Cash business in Australia owned by Prosegur are now recorded under investments in associates in the first quarter of 2024.

Alarm sales increased by 6.4%, reaching EUR 48.5 million.

AVOS sales have decreased by 18.6% to EUR 19.2 million.



#### b) Operating profit/loss

The adjusted EBITA for the first quarter of 2024 amounted to EUR 60.1 million, a decrease of 18.3% on the same period in 2023 when the figure was EUR 73.6 million. This is due to the calendar effect's impact on the Cash business (4 fewer business days than last year), as well as the impact of foreign exchange, restructuring costs at the Australian operation and growth in the Forex business.

The adjusted EBITA margin on sales in the period from January to March 2023 was 6.9%, compared to 5.3% in 2024.

#### c) Finance profit/loss

The net finance expenses of Prosegur in the period from January to March 2024 have reached EUR 12.7 million compared to EUR 29.5 million in the same period in 2023, which translates into a decrease of EUR 16.8 million. The main changes in finance expenses were as follows:

- The net finance expenses from interest payments in the period from January to March 2024 were EUR 18.4 million, compared to EUR 9,5 million in 2023, representing an increase of EUR 8.9 million. This increase was driven primarily by: i) increased debt drawn down for investments in growing New Products; ii) higher financing costs in the period; and iii) lower finance income in 2024 due to remunerated surpluses.
- Net finance income from exchange differences came to EUR 5.7 million in the period from January to March 2024, compared to EUR 20.0 million in 2023, representing an increased income of EUR 25.7 million. This improvement was due mainly to the reduction of intra-group liabilities denominated in foreign currency that increased in 2023 as a result of currency depreciation at certain subsidiaries.

#### d) Net profit/loss

Net consolidated profit/loss in the period from January to March 2024 was EUR 16.8 million, compared to EUR 12.7 million for the same period in 2023, an increase of 32.0%, due to lower finance expenses and a more favourable tax rate for the Group.

The effective tax rate was 48.3% in the first quarter of 2024, compared to 55.7% in the first quarter of 2023, a decrease of 7.4 percentage points.



## 2. Significant events and transactions

### Significant events

Result of the partial takeover bid for Prosegur Compañía de Seguridad S.A. submitted by Gubel S.L.

The voluntary and partial takeover bid filed by Gubel S.L. for a maximum of 81,754,030 shares in Prosegur Compañía de Seguridad S.A., representing 15% of its share capital, was accepted for 71,128,791 shares, representing 13.23% of the share capital of Prosegur Compañía de Seguridad S.A.



## 3. Consolidated financial information

The consolidated financial information has been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) applicable at 31 March 2024. Such accounting standards have been applied both to financial years 2024 and 2023.

The treatment of Argentina as a hyperinflationary economy should be taken into account in order to understand the consolidated financial statements. The financial statements of the Argentine subsidiaries whose functional currency is the Argentine peso have been re-stated in terms of the current unit of measurement at the closing date of March 2024 and December 2023 before being included in the consolidated financial statements.



Million of euros		
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET	12/31/2023	03/31/2024
Non current assets	2,570.5	2,712.2
Non current assets	2,570.5	2,712.2
Property, plant and equipment	634.4	682.6
Rights of use	129.0	150.3
Goodwill	672.6	692.5
Intangible assets	414.2	425.7
Property investment	37.5	55.3
Investments accounted for using the equity method	303.1	293.7
Non-current financial assets	229.3	254.5
Other non-current assets	150.3	157.7
Current assets	1,474.0	1,560.8
Inventories	71.9	82.4
Debtors	956.7	1,079.3
Cash, cash equivalents and other financial assets	445.4	399.1
ASSETS	4,044.5	4,273.0
Equity	717.5	869.2
Share capital	32.7	32.7
Own shares	(29.7)	(29.7)
Retained earnings and other reserves	678.4	819.8
Non-controlling interests	36.1	46.4
Non-Current Liabilities	1,995.0	2,118.5
Bank borrowings and other financial liabilities	1,555.7	1,618.0
Non-current lease liabilities	91.5	103.4
Other non-current liabilities	347.7	397.0
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Current Liabilities	1,332.0	1,285.3
Current financial liabilities	313.9	276.1
Lease liabilities	46.8	48.7
Trade and other payables	912.2	891.4
Other current liabilities	59.1	69.1
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	4,044.5	4,273.0
EGOIL I VIAN FIVAIRILEA	7,077.0	7,210.0



The main variations in the consolidated balance sheet at 31 March 2024 compared to the close of financial year 2023 are summarised as follows:

#### a) Property, plant and equipment

Investments made in property, plant and equipment during the period from January to March 2024 have amounted to EUR 39.7 million.

#### b) Goodwill

During the quarter of 2024 no goodwill impairment losses were recorded.

#### c) Other non-current assets

Changes in non-current financial assets from January-March 2024 were mainly the result of the changes in the fair value of the shares in Telefónica, S.A. received as consideration for the sale of the 50% stake in the Alarms business in Spain in 2020.

#### d) Equity

The changes in equity from January to March 2024 arose as a result of net profit in the period, the reserve for cumulative translation differences, and changes in the fair value of the equity instruments.

#### e) Net Debt

Prosegur calculates net debt as total bank borrowings (current and non-current) with credit institutions, minus cash and cash equivalents, and minus other current financial assets.

Net debt at 31 March 2024, excluding the effect of lease liabilities and including the fair value of Telefónica, S.A. shares, amounted to EUR 1,139.0 million, an increase of EUR 70.5 million on the figure at 31 December 2023 (EUR 1,068.5 million).



At 31 March 2024, the total net debt/annualised EBITDA ratio stood at 2.8 and the total net debt/shareholder equity ratio was 1.5. In both cases and in order to be comparable, this includes the debt associated with the application of IFRS 16 and the fair value of Telefónica, S.A. shares.

At 31 March 2024, financial liabilities correspond mainly to:

- Issue of uncovered bonds in April 2022 due in April 2029 for an amount of EUR 508 million (including interest).
- Issue of uncovered bonds via the subsidiary Prosegur Cash S.A., due in February 2026 for an amount of EUR 600 million (including interest).
- Syndicated financing agreement through the subsidiary Prosegur Cash, S.A. as a credit facility arranged in 2017, maturing February 2026 for the amount of EUR 185 million.
- Syndicated financing agreement as a credit facility, arranged in 2017, maturing in February 2026, for the amount of EUR 50 million.
- By means of its subsidiary in Peru, Prosegur Compañía de Seguridad, S.A. arranged a financing transaction in the amount of PEN 300 million to mature in 5 years. At 31 March 2024, drawn capital amounted to PEN 135 million (equivalent to: EUR 33.6 million).
- On 27 October 2021, Prosegur Compañía de Seguridad contracted a financing transaction with the European Investment Bank (EIB) with the aim of promoting investment in innovation, digital transformation and sustainability. The financing amounts to EUR 57.5 million with a term of 6 years. At 31 March 2024, the balance drawn down amounted to EUR 50 million.
- On 30 May 2022, Prosegur arranged a credit financing facility for EUR 100 million for a three-year term. At 31 March 2024, the balance drawn down amounted to EUR 100 million.



The following is the total net cash flow generated in the period from January to March 2024:

Million euros	
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW	03/31/2024
EBITDA	112.4
Adjustments to profit or loss	(5.6)
Income tax	(22.2)
Change in working capital	(85.6)
Interest payments	(10.0)
OPERATING CASH FLOW	(11.1)
Acquisition of Property, plant and equipment	(39.7)
Payments acquisition of subsidiaries	(26.0)
Dividend payments	(2.2)
Acquisition of treasury stock and other cash inflows/outflows	(18.6)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT / FINANCING	(86.6)
TOTAL NET CASH FLOW	(97.7)
INITIAL NET DEBT (12/31/2023)	(1,243.4)
Net (Decrease) / Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(97.7)
Exchange rate effect	(0.6)
NET DEBT AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (03/31/2024)	(1,341.6)
Financial investments	202.6
ADJUSTED NET DEBT AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (03/31/2024)	(1,139.0)



## 4. Alternative Performance Measures

In order to comply with ESMA Guidelines on APMs, Prosegur presents this additional information to aid the comparability, reliability and understanding of its financial information. The company presents its profit/loss in accordance with International Financial Accounting Standards (IFRS). However, Management considers that certain alternative performance measures provide additional useful financial information that should be taken into consideration when assessing its performance. Management also uses these APMs to make financial, operating and planning decisions, as well as to assess the Company's performance. Prosegur provides those APMs it deems appropriate and useful for users to make decisions and those it is convinced represent a true and fair view of its financial information.



APM	Definition and calculation	Purpose
Working capital	This is a finance measure that represents the operating liquidity available for the Company. Working capital is calculated as current assets less current liabilities (excluding the short-term lease liabilities) plus deferred tax assets less deferred tax liabilities less non-current provisions.	Positive working capital is necessary to ensure that the Company can continue its operations and has sufficient funds to cover matured short-term debt as well as upcoming operating expenses. Working capital management consists of the management of inventories, payables and receivables and cash.
Organic Growth	Organic growth is calculated as an increase or decrease of income between two periods adjusted by acquisitions and disinvestments and the exchange rate effect.	Organic growth provides the comparison between years of the growth of the revenue excluding the currency effect.
Inorganic Growth	The Group calculates inorganic growth for a period as the sum of the revenue of the companies acquired minus disinvestments. The income from these companies is considered inorganic for 12 months following their acquisition date.	Inorganic growth provides the growth experienced by the company through new acquisitions or divestments
Exchange rate effect	The Group calculates the exchange rate effect as the difference between the revenue for the current year less the revenue for the current year using the exchange rate of the previous year.	The exchange rate effect provides the impact of currencies on the revenue of the company.
Cash flow translation rate	The Group calculates the cash translation rate as the difference between EBITDA less the CAPEX on EBITDA.	The cash flow conversion rate provides the cash generation of the Company.
Gross Financial Debt	The Group calculates gross financial debt as all financial liabilities minus other non-bank debts corresponding to deferred payments for M&A acquisitions.	Gross financial debt reflects gross financial debt without including other non-bank debt corresponding to deferred payments for M&A acquisitions
Cash availability	The Group calculates cash availability as the sum of cash and other cash equivalents, other short-term financial assets, and any short- and long-term undrawn credit facilities.	Cash availability reflects available cash as well as potential cash available through undrawn credit facilities.
Net Financial Debt	The Group calculates financial debt as the sum of the current and non-current financial liabilities (including other payables corresponding to deferred M&A payments and financial liabilities with Group companies) minus cash and cash equivalents, minus current investments in group companies, and minus equity instruments in listed companies (included under the non-current financial assets heading).	The net debt provides the gross debt less cash in absolute terms of a company.
Adjusted EBITA	Adjusted EBITDA is calculated on the basis of the consolidated profit/loss for the period without including the profit/loss after taxes from discontinued operations, income taxes, financial income or costs, and adjusting the impairment losses on goodwill, amortisation expenses and impairment of client portfolios, trademarks and other intangible assets.	The adjusted EBITA provides an analysis of earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation, and impairment of intangible assets (except computer software).
EBITDA	EBITDA is calculated on the basis of the consolidated profit/loss for the period for a company, excluding earnings after taxes from discontinued operations, income taxes, financial income or costs, and cost of repayment or impairment of fixed assets, but including impairment of property, plant and equipment.	The purpose of the EBITDA is to obtain a fair view of what the company is earning or losing in the business itself. The EBITDA excludes variables not related to cash that may vary significantly from one company to another depending upon the accounting policies applied. Amortisation is a non-monetary variable and therefore of limited interest for investors.
Adjusted EBITA margin	The adjusted EBITA margin is calculated by dividing adjusted EBITA of the company by the total figure of revenue.	The adjusted EBITA Margin provides the profitability obtained prior to depreciation and impairment of intangible assets (except computer software) of the total revenue accrued.
Leverage ratio	The Group calculates the leverage ratio as net financial debt divided by total capital. Net financial debt is calculated as detailed above. Total capital is the sum of equity plus net financial debt.	The leverage ratio provides the weight of the net financial debt over all of the Company's own and third-party financing, shedding light on its financing structure.
Ratio of net financial debt to equity	The Group calculates the ratio of net financial debt to shareholder equity by dividing the net financial debt to shareholder equity as they appear in the Statement of Financial Position.	The ratio of net financial debt to shareholder equity offers the ratio of the Company's net financial debt to its equity.
Ratio of financial debt to EBITDA	The Company calculates the ratio of net financial debt to equity by dividing the net financial debt by Last Twelve Months EBITDA.	The ratio of net financial debt to EBITDA offers the ratio of the Company's net financial debt to its EBITDA, thus reflecting its payment capacity.



Working capital (in millions of Euros)	12.31.2023	03.31.2024
Inventories	71.9	82.4
Clients and other receivables	894.9	1,001.8
Current tax assets	61.8	77.5
Cash and cash equivalents	440.4	391.3
Other current financial assets	5.0	7.9
Deferred tax asset	150.3	157.7
Suppliers and other payables	(768.8)	(768.7)
Current tax liabilities	(129.5)	(122.7)
Current financial liabilities	(313.9)	(276.1)
Other current liabilities	(59.1)	(69.1)
Deferred tax liabilities	(99.2)	(109.6)
Provisions	(226.7)	(251.2)
Total Working Capital	27.1	121.2
Organic growth (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023	03.31.2024
Revenue current year	1,070.9	1,126.5
Less: revenue previous year	946.9	1,070.9
Less: inorganic growth	20.9	(18.7)
Exchange rate effect	(120.4)	(410.3)
Total Organic Growth	223.5	484.7
Inorganic growth (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023	03.31.2024
Cash LatAm	1.2	-
Cash Europe	19.4	3.6
Cash ROW	0.3	-
Disinvestments	-	(22.3)
Total Inorganic Growth	20.9	(18.7)
Exchange rate effect (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023	03.31.2024
Revenue current year	1,070.9	1,126.5
Less: revenue from the year underway at the exchange rate of the previous year	1,191.3	1,536.8
Exchange rate effect	(120.4)	(410.3)
	, ,	
Cash flow translation rate (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023	03.31.2024
EBITDA	117.4	112.4
CAPEX	40.6	39.7
Cash flow translation rate (EBITDA - CAPEX / EBITDA)	65%	65%
Gross financial debt (in millions of Euros)	12.31.2023	03.31.2024
Debentures and other negotiable securities	1,110.3	1,107.7
Bank borrowings	505.6	534.3
Credit accounts Gross financial debt	67.9 <b>1,683.8</b>	91.0 <b>1,733.0</b>
Cross midnoidi dest	1,000.0	1,733.0
Cash availability (in millions of Euros)	12.31.2023	03.31.2024
Cash and cash equivalents	440.4	391.3
Other current financial assets	5.0	7.9
Long-term credit availability	311.5	265.0
Short-term undrawn credit facilities	222.3	176.1
Cash availability	979.2	840.3
	0.0.2	



	12.31.2023	03.31.2024
Financial liabilities	1,869.6	1,894.1
Plus: Finance lease liabilities excluding subleasing	131.0	145.8
Adjusted financial liabilities (A)	2,000.6	2,039.9
Cash and cash equivalents	(440.4)	(391.3)
Less: adjusted cash and cash equivalents (B)	(440.4)	(391.3)
Total Net Financial Debt (A+B)	1,560.2	1,648.6
Less: other non-bank borrowings (C)	(185.8)	(161.1)
Less: Finance lease liabilities excluding subleasing (D)	(131.0)	(145.8)
Total Net Financial Debt (excluding other non-bank borrowings referring to deferred M&A and financial debt from lease payments) (A+B+C+D)	1,243.4	1,341.6
Minus: equity instruments of listed companies (E)	(174.9)	(202.6)
Total Net Financial Debt (excluding other non-bank borrowings referring to deferred M&A payments, financial debt from lease payments and including the value of equity instruments of listed companies) (A+B+C+D+E)	1,068.5	1,139.0
Adjusted EBITA (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023	03.31.2024
Consolidated profit/loss for the year	12.7	16.8
Non-controlling interests	2.9	3.1
Income taxes	19.7	18.6
Net financial expenses	29.5	12.7
PPE depreciation and impairment (excluding computer software)	8.8	9.0
Adjusted EBITA	73.6	60.1
FRITDA (in millions of Funce)	02 24 2022	02 24 2024
EBITDA (in millions of Euros)  Consolidated profit/loss for the year	<b>03.31.2023</b> 12.7	<b>03.31.2024</b> 16.8
Non-controlling interests	2.9	3.1
Income taxes	19.7	18.6
Net financial expenses	29.5	12.7
Total repayments and impairment (excluding impairment of plant, property and equipm	52.7	61.3
Total Topay Monte and Impairment (excitating impairment of plant, proporty and equipm	117.4	112.4
EBITDA		
EBITDA	117.4	112.4
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023	03.31.2024
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023	<b>03.31.2024</b> 60.1
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros) Adjusted EBITA	<b>03.31.2023</b> 73.6	03.31.2024
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros) Adjusted EBITA Revenue Adjusted EBITA margin	03.31.2023 73.6 1,070.9 6.9%	03.31.2024 60.1 1,126.5 5.3%
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros)  Adjusted EBITA  Revenue  Adjusted EBITA margin  Leverage ratio (in millions of Euros)	03.31.2023 73.6 1,070.9 6.9% 12.31.2023	03.31.2024 60.1 1,126.5 5.3% 03.31.2024
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros) Adjusted EBITA Revenue Adjusted EBITA margin  Leverage ratio (in millions of Euros) Net financial debt (A)	03.31.2023 73.6 1,070.9 6.9% 12.31.2023 1,068.5	03.31.2024 60.1 1,126.5 5.3% 03.31.2024 1,139.0
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros)  Adjusted EBITA Revenue  Adjusted EBITA margin  Leverage ratio (in millions of Euros)  Net financial debt (A) Plus: Lease liabilities (B)	03.31.2023 73.6 1,070.9 6.9% 12.31.2023	03.31.2024 60.1 1,126.5 5.3% 03.31.2024 1,139.0 145.8
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros)  Adjusted EBITA Revenue  Adjusted EBITA margin  Leverage ratio (in millions of Euros)  Net financial debt (A) Plus: Lease liabilities (B)  Total Net Financial Debt including lease liabilities (C=A+B)	03.31.2023 73.6 1,070.9 6.9% 12.31.2023 1,068.5 131.0 1,199.5	03.31.2024 60.1 1,126.5 5.3% 03.31.2024 1,139.0 145.8 1,284.8
Adjusted EBITA margin (in millions of Euros)  Adjusted EBITA Revenue  Adjusted EBITA margin  Leverage ratio (in millions of Euros)  Net financial debt (A) Plus: Lease liabilities (B)	03.31.2023 73.6 1,070.9 6.9% 12.31.2023 1,068.5 131.0	03.31.2024 60.1 1,126.5 5.3% 03.31.2024 1,139.0 145.8



Ratio of net financial debt to equity (in millions of Euros)	12.31.2023	03.31.2024
Equity (A)	717.5	869.2
Net financial debt including lease liabilities (B)	1,199.5	1,284.8
Ratio of net financial debt to shareholder equity (B/A)	1.7	1.5
Traile of the financial dest to dialone and equity (2,7.1)	***	
Tada of Hot Mational about to charonolade equity (E/F)	<u></u>	
Ratio of net financial debt to EBITDA (in millions of Euros)	12.31.2023	03.31.2024
		<b>03.31.2024</b> 453.9
Ratio of net financial debt to EBITDA (in millions of Euros)	12.31.2023	