



# **4Q23 Results**

1 March 2023





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## **Today's presenters**





## Ignacio de Colmenares

**Chairman & CEO** Ence Energía y Celulosa



## **Alfredo Avello**

**CFO and Chief Forestry Officer** Ence Energía y Celulosa

## **Results Summary**



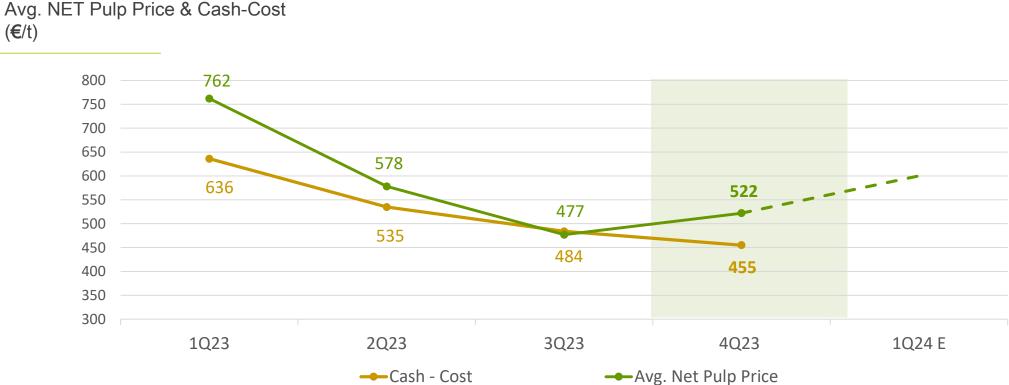
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4Q23 Operating Highlights	4Q23 Financial Results	1Q24 Outlook	Growth and Diversification Projects
<ul> <li>Pulp price recovery started in 3Q23 and continues into 1Q24 up to 1,220 GROSS USD/t (700 NET USD/ton aprox)</li> <li>Cash cost reduction continued in 4Q23, down to 455 €/t (-180 €/t vs. 1Q23)</li> <li>Pulp production improved by 15% vs. 3Q23 boosted by the strong performance of both mills</li> <li>Ence Advance pulp sales accounted for 28% of total pulp sales in 4Q23</li> <li>Acquisition of Sniace forestry assets in 4Q23</li> <li>Sustainalytics and Ecovadis confirmed our leadership in sustainability in 2023</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EBITDA turnaround in 4Q23, up to €25m, driven by the operating margin recovery in the pulp business</li> <li>€26m growth and sustainability capex in 4Q23, including Sniace Forestry Assets and Pontevedra water recovery solution</li> <li>€8m Free Cash Flow in 4Q23</li> <li>€280m net debt position (including leases) at 31 Dec. 2023 with a cash balance of €345m</li> <li>Low leverage position vs. our average cycle EBITDA</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Main pulp producers have announced further price increases of up to 1,300 GROSS USD/ton (750 NET USD/ton aprox.)</li> <li>Pulp business operating margin should continue improving</li> <li>+10 €/MWh remuneration from the operation of biomass power plants proposed for 2024</li> <li>New draft regulation for biomass power plants should align cash generation with accounting EBITDA</li> <li>The closing of the sale of the remaining 3 PV projects is scheduled for 2024</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ence Advance pulp sales continue gaining market share. Aim: to reach 50% by 2028</li> <li>Navia's project for the production of up to 125,000 tons of Fluff pulp is on track. Commissioning expected in 4Q25.</li> <li>Advancing with the engineering to boost the efficiency and flexibility of Pontevedra biomill</li> <li>6 biomethane plants now in their engineering and permitting phase</li> <li>Final bidder in 5 contracts to provide renewable thermal energy</li> <li>Advancing with the engineering to capture the biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> released by our activities</li> </ul>

## 1. 4Q23 Operating Highlights

## Pulp price recovery started in 4Q23 and continues into 1Q24 180 cash cost reduction achieved during 2023, down to 455 €/t in 4Q23





(€/t)

Continued cash cost reduction in 4Q23, favoured by a higher fixed cost dilution leveraged on a strong production

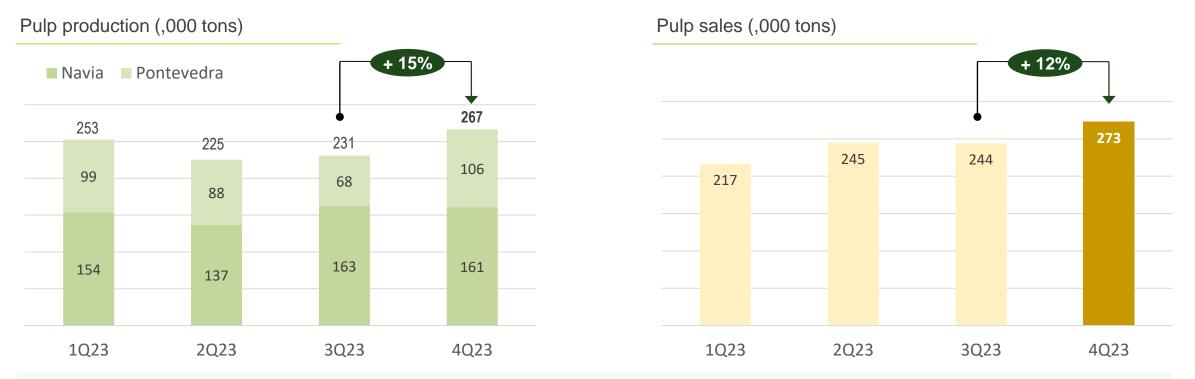
European pulp prices currently at 1,220 GROSS USD/ton (equivalent to NET 700 USD/ton approx.)

Main pulp producers have announced a further price increase of up to 1,300 GROSS USD/ton (equivalent to NET 750 USD/ton approx.)

## Pulp production improved by 15% vs. 3Q23

Boosted by the strong performance of both mills





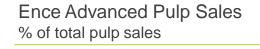
- Production at Navia reached its highest ever annual level in 2023: 614,000 tons.
- Our innovative solution to recycle the water from our internal effluent and from the local WWTM is already installed at Pontevedra.
  - ✓ The environmental permit to recycle our internal effluent was received in 1Q24.
  - The concession and the environmental permit to recycle the waste water from the local WWTM are expected in the coming quarters.
- Annual maintenance shutdowns at both bio-mills were undertaken in 2Q23. Next annual maintenance shutdowns are scheduled for 2Q24 at Navia and 3Q24 at Pontevedra

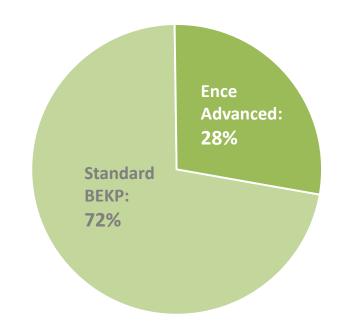




- ✓ Aiming to replace softwood pulp
- Targeting customers with high sustainability standards
- Minimizing the energy consumption during the refining process
- ✓ First unbleached hardwood pulp in the market
- ✓ Certified CO<sup>2</sup> footprint during the product life cycle
- Increases tissue softness
- Low wet-expansion cellulose suitable for decor paper applications
- ✓ Narrow range of porosity
- Used as a plastic alternative in packaging for the food & beverage industry
- ✓ Low porosity material

+ Others such as a photocell , l high white , l softcell and a porocell





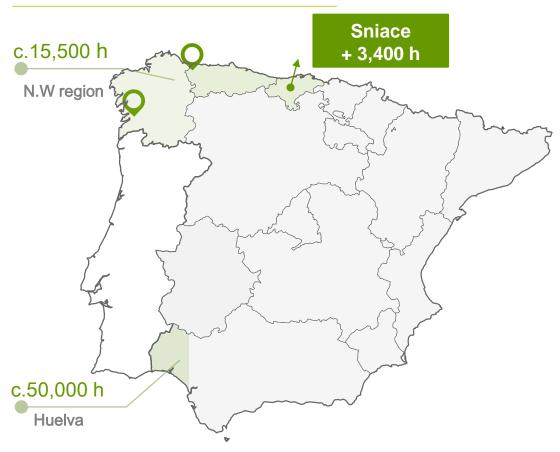
We expect Ence Advanced pulp sales to reach c.50% of our pulp production by 2028 (>500,000 t)

## Acquisition of Sniace forestry assets in 4Q23

Reinforcing our position as the largest private forest manager in Spain



#### Ence eucalyptus plantations Hectares



#### Annual production and book value 2023:

- ✓ Annual production: > 0,3 million m³/year
- ✓ Book value: €155m (€88m land + €67m standing timber)

#### Sustainability certification and biodiversity 2023:

- ✓ 84% of the forest land is certified
- ✓ 22% of hectares are dedicated to preserving ecosystems

#### Carbon sink:

 $\checkmark$  Our plantations annually remove >600.000 t of CO<sub>2</sub> from the atmosphere

#### Innovation:

- ✓ Pioneers in the clonal reproduction of eucalyptus globulus
- Advanced Plant Material Improvement Program to adapt to future climate change and local plague conditions
- ✓ 3 Eucalyptus nurseries in Spain and 12 million improved clones and seedlings produced annually.

# **ENCE: industry leader in sustainability** 2023 Highlights













## **Financial turnaround in 4Q23**

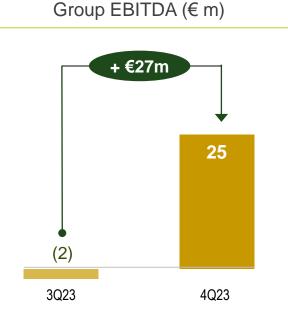
Driven by the operating margin recovery in the pulp business





+ €30m consolidated revenue growth vs. 3Q23

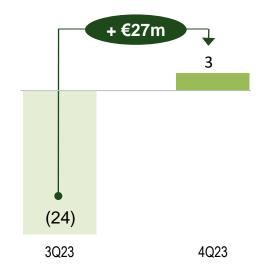
- +€34m in the Pulp business
- €4m in the Renewables business



+ €27m consolidated EBITDA growth vs. 3Q23

- + €25m in the Pulp business
- + €2m in the Renewable business





+ €27m Attributable Net Income growth vs. 3Q23

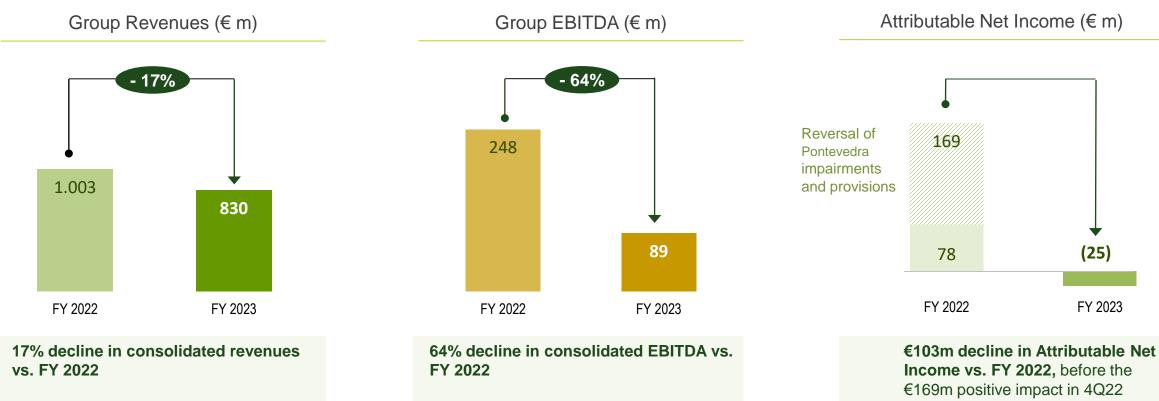
- + €25m in the Pulp business
- + €2m in the Renewable business, including consolidation adjustments.

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## Consolidated FY 2023 results still affected by the price cycle change

registered in both the Pulp and the Renewable businesses





- 50% derived from the Pulp business
- 50% derived from the Renewables business

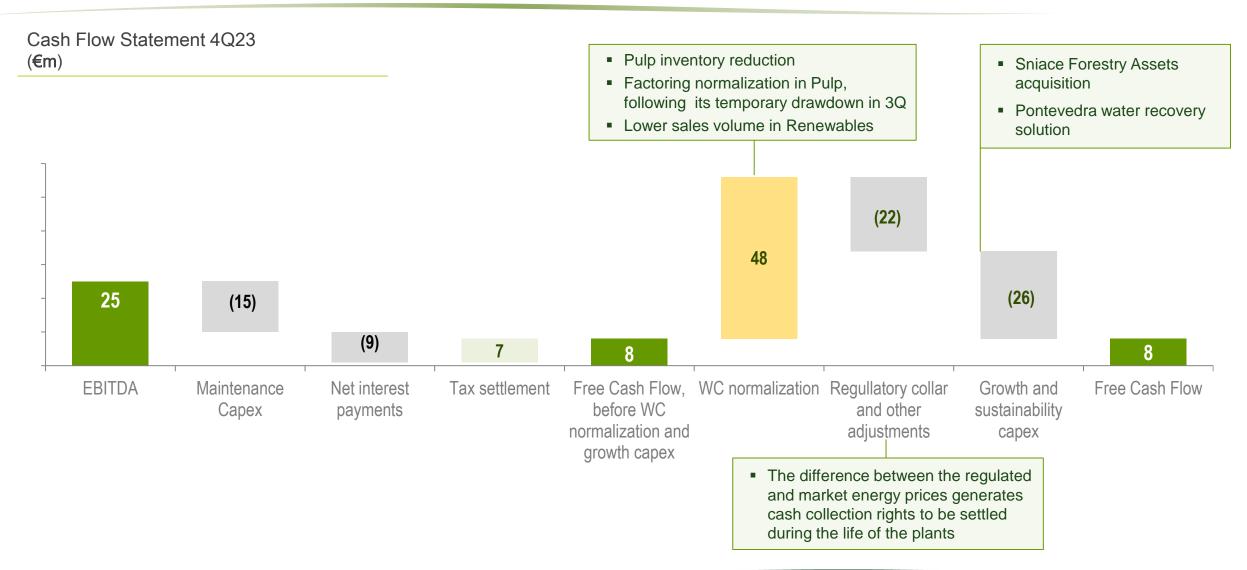
- 58% derived from the Pulp business
- 42% derived from the Renewables business

€103m decline in Attributable Net Income vs. FY 2022, before the €169m positive impact in 4Q22 resulting from the Supreme Court ruling backing the legality of the Pontevedra concession 's extension until 2073

## **Positive FCF in 4Q23**

#### WC inflow in 4Q23 following a temporary outflow registered in 3Q23

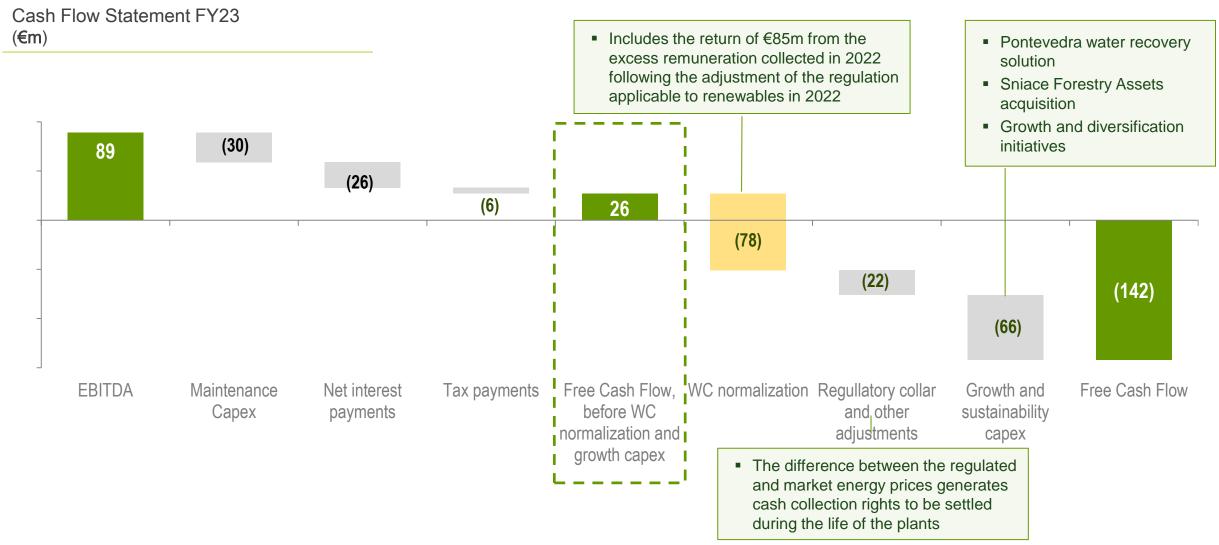




## Positive FCF in FY 2023 before WC normalization and growth capex

WC outflow in FY 2023 includes the return of €85m from the excess Ro collected in 2022





## Net Debt Change in FY2023 includes €141m dividends against 2022 Results

Dividend policy based on cash flow generation and leverage limits per business

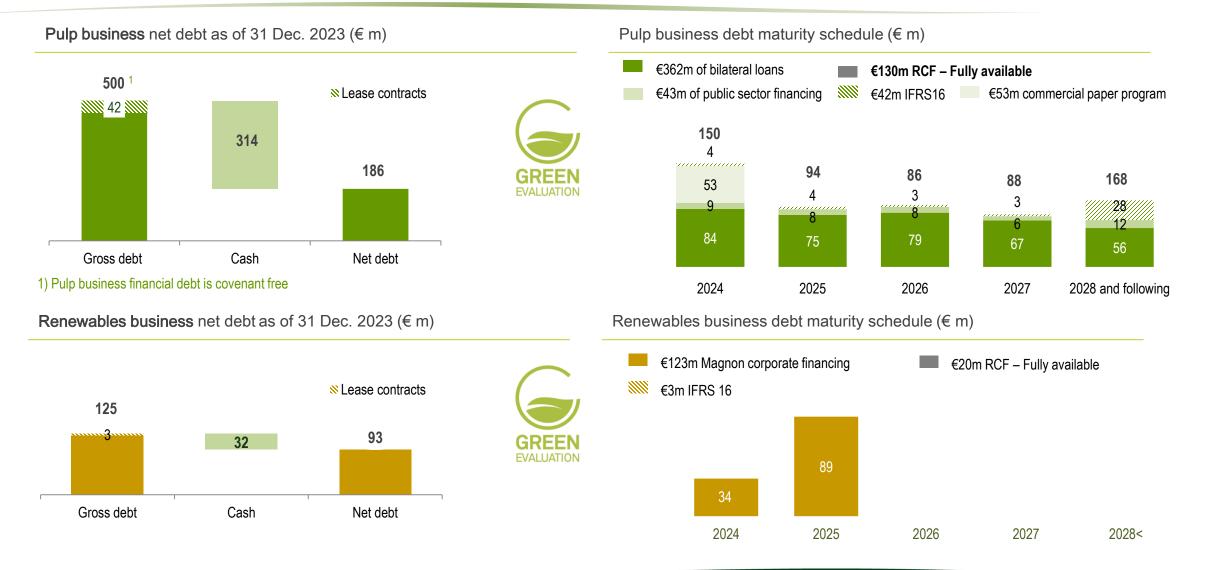


ENERGÍA & CELL

# Low leverage position vs. our average cycle EBITDA

## Solid cash balance of €345m at 31 Dec. 2023





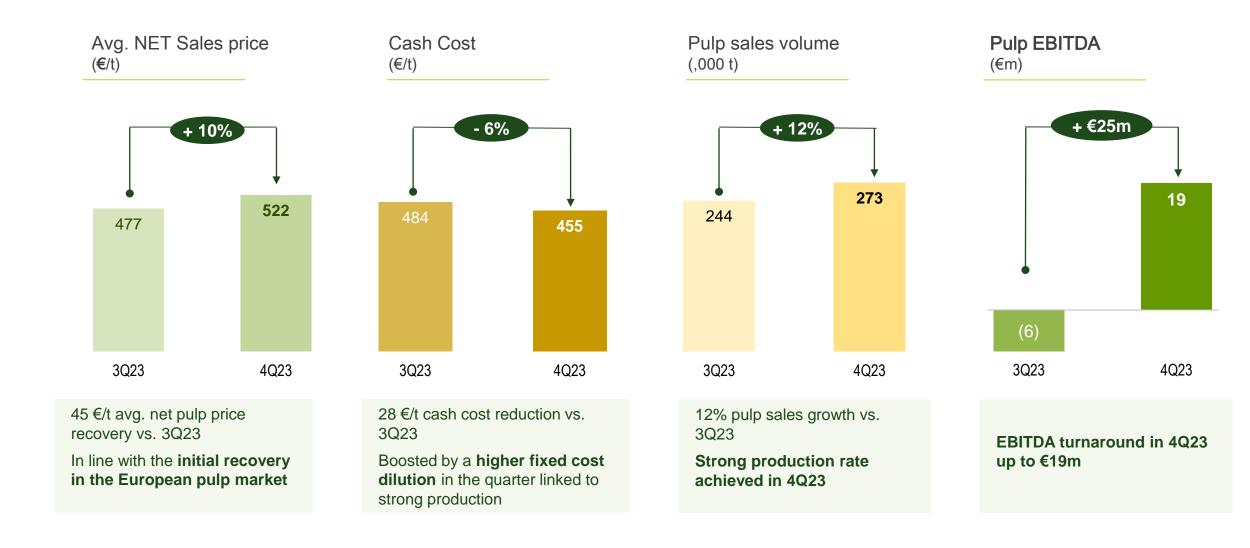


## Pulp Business

## Pulp business turnaround in 4Q23

Operating margin recovery up to 67 €/t

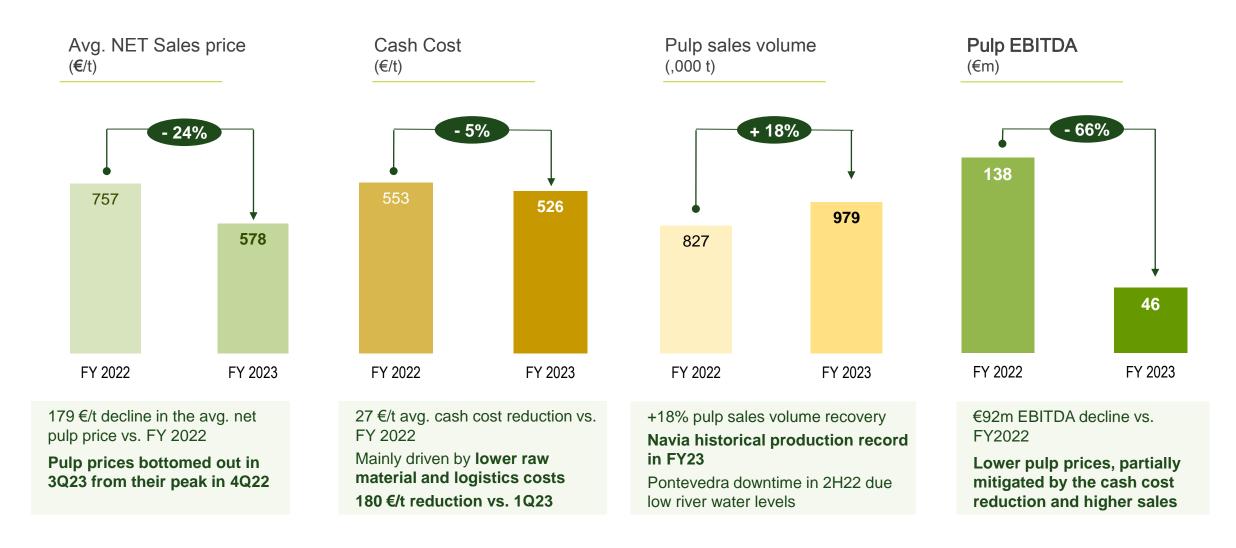




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## Pulp business results in FY 2023 still affected by the price cycle change Pulp prices bottomed out in 3Q23





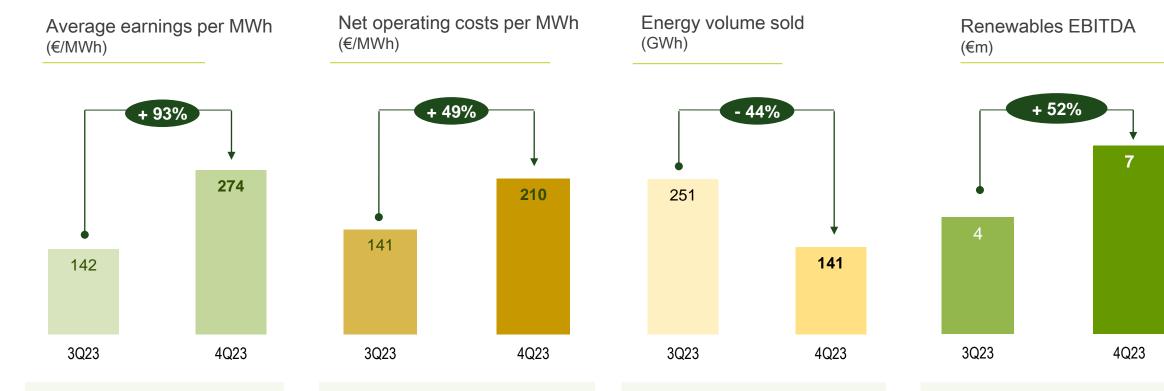
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## Renewables Business

## +52% Renewables EBITDA improvement in 4Q23

Lower generation was more than offset by higher earnings per MWh in 4Q23





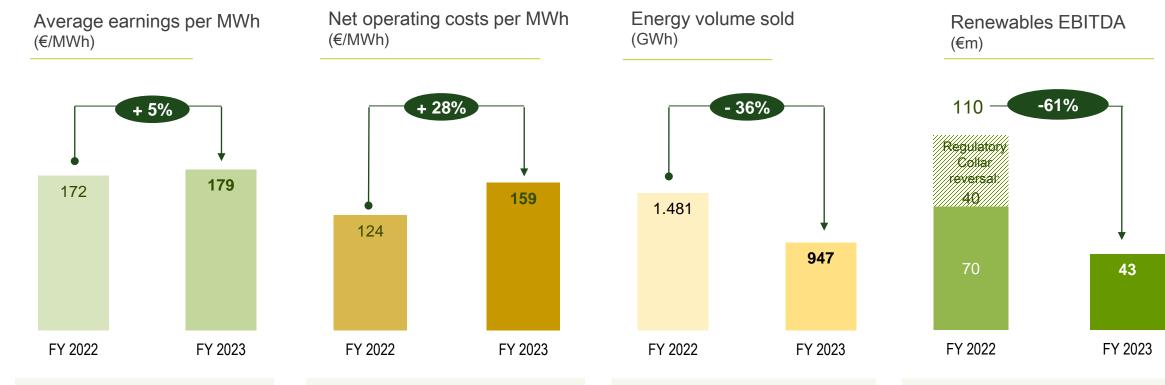
132 €/MWh higher earnings per MWh vs. 3Q23 supported by the **regulatory collar** 

Includes quarterly remuneration on investment (Ri) 69 €/MWh higher operating cost vs. 3Q23 due to the effect of a **lower fixed cost dilution**  Lower energy volume vs. 3Q23 linked to the extraordinary maintenance shutdowns undertaken at Huelva 46 MW and Ciudad Real 50 MW power plants as well as lower market prices

4Q23 EBITDA includes €2m extra costs linked to the development of new renewable businesses (biomethane and thermal energy)

## Renewables business results in FY23 affected by lower power generation

Mainly linked to extraordinary maintenance shutdowns



7 €/MWh higher earnings per MWh vs. FY 2022

Includes annual remuneration on investment (Ri)

69 €/MWh higher operating cost vs. FY 2022 mainly due to the effect of a lower fixed cost dilution due to extraordinary shutdowns at two of our plants as well as lower market prices -36% energy volume vs. FY22 linked to extraordinary shutdowns undertaken at Huelva 46 MW and Ciudad Real 50 MW power plants as well as lower market prices

FY23 EBITDA includes €4m extra costs for the development of new businesses (biomethane and thermal energy)

## PV project sales in FY 2023 contributed €27m to EBITDA

Remaining PV projects expected to be sold in 2024







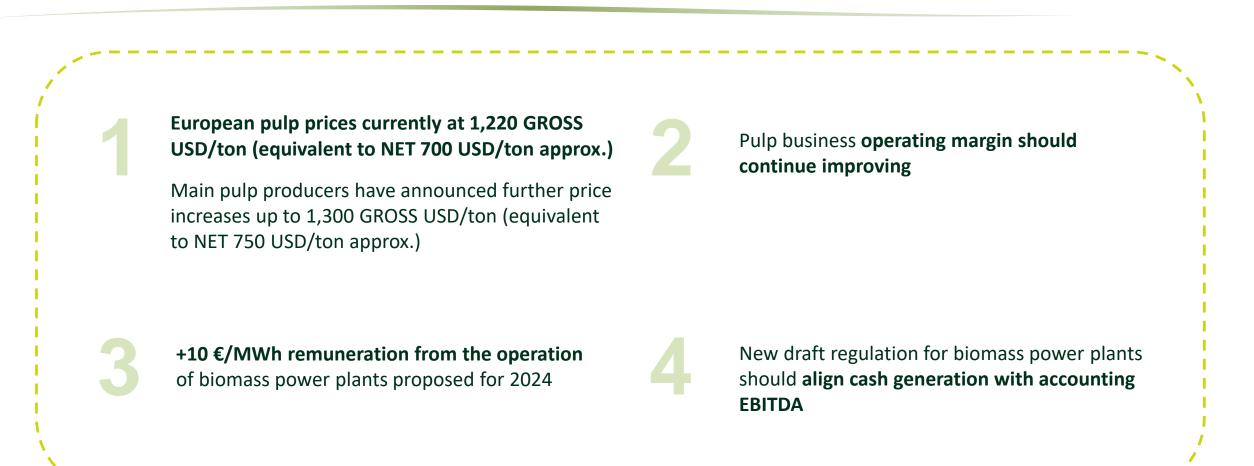


## 1Q24 Outlook



## **1Q24 Outlook**

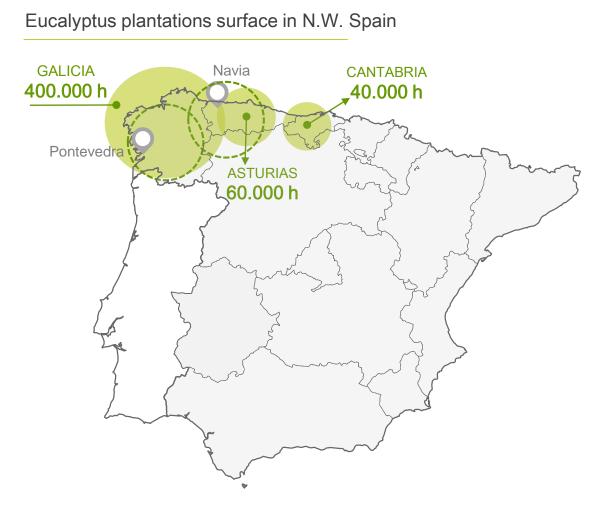






## Growth and diversification projects

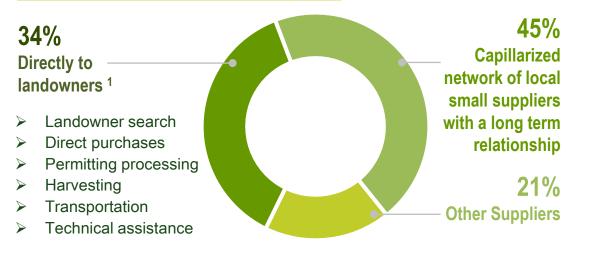
## Our unique competitive advantage: over 95% of our wood is locally sourced. We benefit from close access to eucalyptus plantations around our biomills



Main figures (FY2023):

- ✓ 3 million m3 of wood purchased
- ✓ 96% sourced locally in Spain
- 73% of supplied wood certified
- ✓ >99% wood suppliers homologated
- ✓ <110 Km of average supply distance</p>

Supplier split (%)



## Growth and diversification projects in the Pulp business

#### Without increasing the consumption of wood



Status: On track ROCE target: >12%	Status: On track ROCE target: >12%	
ENCE ADVANCED PULP	FLUFF	BL
To develop and sell our differentiated products, with a lower environmental footprint and enhanced technical properties at a higher price	To diversify Navia's product range into Fluff pulp production for the absorbent hygienic products industry in Europe, substituting imported Fluff	To proc Pontes cardboa and rec the con
Substitution target> 500 Kt by 2028	Substitution target 125 Kt	Product
Estimated Capex 0	Estimated Capex €30m in 24-25	Expecte
	Exp. commissioning 4Q 2025	Exp. co

Status: Engineering phase ROCE target: >12%

#### LEACHED RECYCLED PULP

oduce bleached recycled pulp in As s (Galicia) using recovered oard and paper, recovered water ecovered land, without increasing onsumption of wood

Production target	+100 Kt
Expected Decision	2025
Estimated Capex	>€125m
Exp. commissioning	2027



## **Pontevedra Avanza** Project to boost the efficiency and flexibility of Pontevedra biomill





- Project to boost the efficiency and flexibility of Pontevedra biomill:
  - ✓ Reduce its cash-cost by 50 €/ton
  - Improve its flexibility to use different species of eucalyptus
  - Continue moving from standard pulp to Ence Advanced pulp products

Current Status	Engineering phase
Expected Investment Decision	4Q24
Estimated Capex	€120m in 2025 - 2030
ROCE Target	>12%

Execution of this project will be adapted and aligned to our cash flow generation throughout the pulp cycle and to our leverage policy

## **Growth and diversification projects in Renewables**

Biogas, renewable thermal energy, and green fuels



Status: 6 plants in engineering and permitting ROCE target: >12%

#### BIOGAS

Biomethane generation from the recycling of local organic waste, including the associated sustainability certificate and a high-quality organic fertilizer as a byproduct

1 TWh by 2030
50 GWh / plant
€20m / plant



Status: Final bidder in 5 contracts ROCE target: >11%

#### **RENEWABLE THERMAL ENERGY**

Development and operation of comprehensive thermal energy solutions based on biomass for industrial applications



Status: Engineering and permitting to capture biogenic CO<sub>2</sub>

#### **GREEN FUELS**

Ence Group annually produces c.6 Mn tons of biogenic  $CO_2$  which will be used to produce green e-methanol.

# Target Estimated production Estimated capex Image: Comparison of the second s

## Other growth and diversification opportunities in Renewables

Biomass Supply, ancillary services, sale of PV projects and carbon credits



#### **BIOMASS SUPPLY**

## ANCILLARY SERVICES

Biomass supply services in Iberia for a growing demand from thermal energy, biofuels and other uses

#### All our biomass power plants are enabled to provide ancillary services to the electricity system operator

#### SALE OF PV PROJECTS

140 MW sold in 2023 and 233 MW to be sold in 2024.

Another 300 MW at an earlier stage of development

#### **CARBON CREDITS**

Registering and selling CO<sub>2</sub> credits from our forestry operations

1,000 hectares already registered with Spanish Climate Change Office









## **Closing Remarks**



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# Appendix



		20	23			2022					
Figures in € m	Pulp	Renewables	Adjustments	Consolidated	Ρι	ılp	Renewables	Adjustments	Consolidated		
Total revenue	623.2	209.1	(2.7)	829.6	71	2.9	294.3	(3.8)	1,003.4		
Other income	28.9	5.2	(1.2)	32.8	20	).5	4.3	(1.2)	23.6		
Foreign exchange hedging operations results	(0.4)	-	-	(0.4)	(20	D.3)	-	-	(20.3)		
Cost of sales and change in inventories of finished produ	(361.7)	(78.6)	2.7	(437.5)	(30	7.8)	(92.7)	3.8	(396.7)		
Personnel expenses	(83.3)	(20.7)	(0.0)	(104.0)	(75	5.4)	(17.8)	-	(93.2)		
Other operating expenses	(160.5)	(72.5)	1.2	(231.7)	(19	2.2)	(78.2)	1.2	(269.2)		
EBITDA	46.2	42.6	-	88.8	13	7.7	109.8	-	247.6		
Depreciation and amortisation	(55.6)	(39.1)	1.6	(93.1)	(52	2.1)	(40.2)	0.9	(91.4)		
Depletion of forestry reserves	(8.8)	-	-	(8.8)	(7	.0)	(0.0)	-	(7.0)		
Impairment of and gains/(losses) on fixed-asset disposals	(1.0)	8.8	-	7.8	184	4.5	(41.3)	-	143.9		
Other non-ordinary operating gains/(losses)	3.7	(0.4)	-	3.3	(14	4.9)	-	-	(14.9)		
EBIT	(15.5)	11.9	1.6	(2.0)	24	8.3	28.3	1.6	278.2		
Net finance cost	(17.4)	(12.8)	-	(30.2)	(9	.9)	(16.3)	-	(26.3)		
Other finance income/(costs)	(1.0)	0.0	-	(1.0)	1	.4	0.3	-	1.6		
Profit before tax	(33.9)	(0.9)	1.6	(33.2)	23	9.8	12.2	1.6	253.6		
Income tax	6.6	5.7	(0.1)	12.1	3	.7	(8.2)	-	(4.7)		
Net Income	(27.3)	4.8	1.5	(21.1)	24	3.5	3.9	1.5	248.9		
Non-controlling interests	-	(3.7)	-	(3.7)		-	0.6	(2.3)	(1.7)		
Atributable Net Income	(27.3)	1.1	1.5	(24.7)	24	3.5	4.5	(0.8)	247.2		
Earnings per Share (EPS)	(0.11)	0.00	0.01	(0.10)	1.	00	0.02	(0.00)	1.02		

## **Group Financial Review** Cash Flow Statement 2023



	2023					2022				
Figures in € m	Pulp	Renewables	Adjustments	Consolidated		Pulp	Renewables	Adjustments	Consolidated	
Consolidated profit/(loss) for the period before tax	(33.9)	(0.9)	1.6	(33.2)		239.8	12.2	1.6	253.6	
Depreciation and amortisation	64.4	39.1	(1.6)	101.9		59.0	40.3	(0.9)	98.4	
Changes in provisions and other deferred expense	5.6	2.6	-	8.2		23.4	2.1	-	25.5	
Impairment of gains/(losses) on disposals intangible assets	1.2	(8.8)	-	(7.6)		(184.5)	41.2	(0.7)	(144.0)	
Net finance result	17.7	12.8	-	30.5		8.6	16.0	-	24.6	
Energy regulation adjustment (regulatory collar)	(8.0)	(26.0)	-	(34.0)		14.5	10.4	-	25.0	
Government grants taken to income	(0.9)	(0.1)	-	(1.0)		(0.5)	(0.1)	-	(0.7)	
Adjustments to profit	80.0	19.6	(1.6)	98.0		(79.5)	109.9	(1.6)	28.8	
Inventories	25.7	(0.4)	-	25.339		(24.3)	(10.3)	-	(34.6)	
Trade and other receivables	13.9	33.9	(27.3)	20.415		8.2	0.6	11.7	20.5	
Current financial and other assets	1.8	0.0	-	1.8		2.4	(0.0)	(0.0)	2.3	
Trade and other payables	(66.1)	(86.9)	27.3	(125.617)		10.7	80.3	(11.7)	79.3	
Changes in working capital	(24.7)	(53.4)	-	(78.102)		(3.0)	70.6	-	67.6	
Interest paid	(13.0)	(13.2)	-	(26.2)		(6.3)	(17.0)	-	(23.3)	
Dividends received	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
Income tax received/(paid)	2.6	(9.2)	-	(6.6)		(13.9)	(8.6)	-	(22.6)	
Other collections/(payments)	-	-	-	-		(0.4)	-	-	(0.4)	
Other cash flows from operating activities	(10.5)	(22.4)	-	(32.8)		(20.6)	(25.7)	-	(46.3)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	10.9	(57.0)	-	(46.1)		136.7	167.0	-	303.7	
Property, plant and equipment	(76.2)	(13.6)	-	(89.8)		(41.7)	(10.1)	-	(51.8)	
Intangible assets	(5.4)	(0.6)	-	(5.9)		(2.8)	(0.3)	-	(3.1)	
Other financial assets	(4.3)	0.5	3.6	(0.3)		0.2	-	-	0.2	
Disposals	-	-	-	-		0.4	0.4	-	0.8	
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(85.8)	(13.8)	3.6	(96.0)		(43.9)	(10.0)	-	(53.9)	
Free cash flow	(75.0)	(70.8)	3.6	(142.2)		92.8	157.0	-	249.8	

## **Group Financial Review** Balance Sheet 2023



	Dec-23 Dec-22							
Figures in € m	Pulp	Renewables	Adjustments	Consolidated	Pulp	Renewables	Adjustments	Consolidated
Intangible assets	17.7	33.7	(12.1)	39.3	15.6	35.0	(12.7)	37.9
Property, plant and equipment	617.5	379.0	(7.5)	989.0	603.4	389.0	(8.5)	983.9
Biological assets	66.9	0.2	-	67.1	60.4	0.2	-	60.5
Non-current investments in Group companies	114.0	0.0	(114.0)	0.0	112.6	0.0	(112.5)	0.0
Non-current borrowings to Group companies	22.3	-	(22.3)	-	18.6	-	(18.6)	-
Deferred tax assets	38.0	27.0	3.0	68.0	30.5	19.4	3.1	53.0
Non-current financial assets	27.7	24.9	-	52.6	20.8	5.4	-	26.1
Cash reserve for debt service	-	10.0	-	10.0	-	10.0	-	10.0
Total non-current assets	904.0	474.8	(152.8)	1,226.0	861.8	459.0	(149.2)	1,171.5
Inventories	54.8	17.3	-	72.1	80.5	21.9	-	102.3
Trade and other accounts receivable	39.5	7.5	(2.0)	45.1	59.4	40.5	(29.2)	70.6
Income tax	4.8	10.1	-	15.0	6.8	1.3	-	8.0
Other current assets	3.8	0.2	-	4.0	7.5	0.4	-	7.9
Hedging derivatives	1.1	1.7	-	2.8	0.0	2.6	-	2.6
Current financial investments in Group companies	0.2	0.1	(0.3)	0.0	0.4	0.0	(0.4)	0.0
Current financial investments	2.5	0.0	-	2.5	4.2	0.0	-	4.3
Cash and cash equivalents	311.2	21.8	-	333.0	278.4	134.5	-	412.9
Total current assets	418.0	58.7	(2.3)	474.5	437.1	201.2	(29.6)	608.7
TOTAL ASSETS	1,322.0	533.5	(155.1)	1,700.5	1,298.9	660.2	(178.8)	1,780.2
Equity	552.5	227.7	(130.5)	649.6	719.8	228.9	(130.6)	818.1
Non-current borrowings	349.6	90.6	-	440.2	163.2	122.9	-	286.1
Non-current loans with Group companies and associates	-	27.1	(22.3)	4.9	-	36.4	(18.6)	17.8
Non-current derivatives	3.4	-	-	3.4	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current provisions	28.1	0.1	-	28.3	27.9	0.1	-	28.0
Other non-current liabilities	35.9	69.6	(0.0)	105.5	38.2	75.8	-	114.0
Total non-current liabilities	417.0	187.5	(22.3)	582.3	229.2	235.3	(18.6)	445.9
Current borrowings	150.3	34.7	(0.0)	185.0	83.3	27.8	-	111.1
Current derivatives	0.6	-	-	0.6	0.4	-	-	0.4
Trade and other account payable	162.8	79.7	(2.0)	240.6	226.4	164.4	(29.2)	361.6
Short-term debts with group companies	0.1	0.5	(0.3)	0.2	0.0	0.7	(0.4)	0.4
Income tax	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	-	-	0.0
Current provisions	38.8	3.4	-	42.2	39.8	3.0	-	42.8
Total current liabilities	352.5	118.3	(2.3)	468.6	349.9	196.0	(29.6)	516.2
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,322.0	533.5	(155.1)	1,700.5	1,298.9	660.2	(178.8)	1,780.3

## Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) Pg.1



Ence presents its results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, specifically IFRS. In addition, its quarterly earnings report provides certain other complementary metrics that are not defined or specified in IFRS and are used by management to track the company's performance. The alternative performance measures (APMs) used in this presentation are defined, reconciled and explained in the corresponding quarterly earnings report publicly available through the investor section of our web page www.ence.es.

#### **EBITDA**

EBITDA is a measure of operating profit before depreciation, amortisation and forest depletion charges, non-current asset impairment charges, gains or losses on non-current assets and other non-operating items that undermine the comparability of the numbers.

EBITDA is an indicator used by management to track the Group's recurring profitability over time. This metric provides an initial approximation of the cash generated by the Company's ordinary operating activities, before interest and tax payments, and is a measure that is widely used in the capital markets to compare the earnings performances of different companies.

#### OTHER NON-OPERATING ITEMS

Other non-operating items refers to ad-hoc income and expenses unrelated to the Company's ordinary business activities that render two reporting periods less comparable. CASH COST

The production cost per tonne of pulp, or cash cost, is the key measure used by management to measure and benchmark its efficiency as a pulp maker. The cash cost includes all of the costs directly related with the production and sale of pulp that impact cash flows. Therefore, it does not include asset depreciation and amortisation charges, impairment losses on non-current assets or gains or losses on their disposal, other non-operating items, finance income or costs or income tax.

The cash cost can be measured as the difference between revenue from the sale of pulp and EBITDA in the Pulp business, adjusted for the settlement of hedges, the effect of adjustments for tariff shortfall/surplus (the regulatory collar) on energy sales, forest depletion charges and the change in inventories. To calculate the cash cost, the related production costs are divided by the volume of tonnes produced, while overhead and sales and logistics costs are divided by the volume of tonnes sold.

#### OPERATING PROFIT PER TONNE OF PULP

The operating profit is a yardstick for the operating profit generated by the Pulp business without taking into account asset depreciation and amortisation charges, impairment losses on non-current assets and gains or losses on their disposal and other non-operating items, adjusted for the settlement of hedges, the effect of the regulatory collar on energy sales and forest depletion charges.

## Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) Pg.2



It provides a comparable measure of the business's profitability and is measured as the difference between the average sales price per tonne, calculated by dividing revenue from the sale of pulp by the number of tonnes sold, and the cash cost.

#### NET FINANCE COST AND OTHER FINANCIAL ITEMS

Net finance cost encompasses the various items of finance income and finance costs, while other financial items encompasses exchange differences, the change in the fair value of financial instruments and impairment losses on financial instruments and gains or losses on their disposal.

#### MAINTENANCE, EFFICIENCY, GROWTH AND SUSTAINABILITY CAPEX

ENCE provides the breakdown of the capital expenditure included in its statement of cash flows for each of its business classifying its investments into the following categories: maintenance capex, efficiency and growth capex, sustainability capex and financial investments.

Ence's technical experts classify its capital expenditure using the following criteria: Maintenance capex are recurring investments designed to maintain the capacity and productivity of the Company's assets. Efficiency and growth capex, meanwhile, are investments designed to increase those assets' capacity and productivity. Lastly, sustainability capex covers investments made to enhance quality standards, occupational health and safety and environmental performance and to prevent contamination. Financial investments correspond to payments for investments in financial assets.

The disclosure of capex cash flows broken down by area of investment facilitates oversight of execution of the published Business Plan.

#### **OPERATING CASH FLOW**

The operating cash flow coincides with the net cash from operating activities presented in the statement of cash flows. However, operating cash flow is arrived at by starting from EBITDA, whereas net cash from operating activities is arrived at by starting from profit before tax. As a result, the adjustments to profit do not coincide in the two calculations. This APM is provided to reconcile EBITDA and operating cash flow.

#### FREE CASH FLOW

Ence reports free cash flow as the sum of its net cash flows from operating activities and its net cash flows from investing activities. Free cash flow provides information about the cash generated by the Group's operating activities that is left over after its investing activities for the remuneration of shareholders and repayment of debt.

## Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) Pg.3



#### NORMALISED FREE CASH FLOW

Normalised FCF is the sum of EBITDA, the change in working capital, maintenance capex, net interest payments and income tax payments. It provides a proxy for the cash generated by the Company's operating activities before collection of proceeds from asset sales, the adjustments related with electricity sector regulations and other adjustments to profit. It represents the amount available for investments other than maintenance capex, for shareholder remuneration and for debt repayment.

#### NET DEBT / (CASH)

The borrowings recognised on the balance sheet, include bonds and other marketable securities, bank borrowings and other financial liabilities. They do not include, however, the measurement of derivatives or borrowings from Group companies and associates.

Net debt/(cash) is calculated as the difference between current and non-current borrowings on the liability side of the statement of financial position and unrestricted cash on the asset side, which includes cash and cash equivalents, the debt service cash reserve (included with non-current financial assets) and other financial investments (within current assets).

Net debt/(cash) provides a proxy for the Group's net indebtedness or liquidity and is a metric that is widely used in the capital markets to compare the financial position of different companies.

#### ROCE

ROCE stands for the return on capital employed and is used by management as a key profitability performance indicator. It is calculated by dividing EBIT for the last 12 months by average capital employed during the period, capital employed being the sum of equity and net debt. For the Pulp business, equity is calculated as the difference between consolidated equity and the equity recognised by the Renewable Energy business.

ROCE is widely used in the capital markets to measure and compare the earnings performance of different companies.





# Delivering value Delivering commitments

